



User Guide

# HVAC Drive H300

Model sizes 3-11

Universal Variable Speed AC drive for induction and permanent magnet motors

Part Number: 0479-0001-02 Issue: 2

#### **Original Instructions**

For the purposes of compliance with the EU Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC:

#### **General information**

The manufacturer accepts no liability for any consequences resulting from inappropriate, negligent or incorrect installation or adjustment of the optional operating parameters of the equipment or from mismatching the variable speed drive with the motor.

The contents of this guide are believed to be correct at the time of printing. In the interests of a commitment to a policy of continuous development and improvement, the manufacturer reserves the right to change the specification of the product or its performance, or the contents of the guide, without notice.

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#### **Drive firmware version**

This product is supplied with the latest firmware version. If this drive is to be connected to an existing system or machine, all drive firmware versions should be verified to confirm the same functionality as drives of the same model already present. This may also apply to drives returned from an Emerson Industrial Automation Service Centre or Repair Centre. If there is any doubt please contact the supplier of the product.

The firmware version of the drive can be checked by looking at Pr 00.050 {11.029}.

#### **Environmental statement**

Emerson Industrial Automation is committed to minimising the environmental impacts of its manufacturing operations and of its products throughout their life cycle. To this end, we operate an Environmental Management System (EMS) which is certified to the International Standard ISO 14001. Further information on the EMS, our Environmental Policy and other relevant information is available on request, or can be found at

http://www.emersonindustrial.com/en-EN/controltechniques/aboutus/environment/Pages/environment.aspx

The electronic variable-speed drives manufactured by Emerson Industrial Automation have the potential to save energy and (through increased machine/process efficiency) reduce raw material consumption and scrap throughout their long working lifetime. In typical applications, these positive environmental effects far outweigh the negative impacts of product manufacture and end-of-life disposal.

Nevertheless, when the products eventually reach the end of their useful life, they must not be discarded but should instead be recycled by a specialist recycler of electronic equipment. Recyclers will find the products easy to dismantle into their major component parts for efficient recycling. Many parts snap together and can be separated without the use of tools, while other parts are secured with conventional fasteners. Virtually all parts of the product are suitable for recycling.

Product packaging is of good quality and can be re-used. Large products are packed in wooden crates, while smaller products come in strong cardboard cartons which themselves have a high recycled fibre content. If not re-used, these containers can be recycled. Polythene, used on the protective film and bags for wrapping product, can be recycled in the same way. Emerson Industrial Automations' packaging strategy prefers easily-recyclable materials of low environmental impact, and regular reviews identify opportunities for improvement.

When preparing to recycle or dispose of any product or packaging, please observe local legislation and best practice.

#### **REACH** legislation

EC Regulation 1907/2006 on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and restriction of Chemicals (REACH) requires the supplier of an article to inform the recipient if it contains more than a specified proportion of any substance which is considered by the European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) to be a Substance of Very High Concern (SVHC) and is therefore listed by them as a candidate for compulsory authorisation.

For current information on how this requirement applies in relation to specific Emerson Industrial Automations' products, please approach your usual contact in the first instance. Emerson Industrial Automations' position statement can be viewed at:

www.emerson industrial.com/en-EN/control techniques/about us/environment/reach regulation/Pages/reach regulation.aspx

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Moteurs Leroy-Somer SAS. Headquarters: Bd Marcellin Leroy, CS 10015, 16915 Angoulême Cedex 9, France. Share Capital: 65 800 512 €, RCS Angoulême 338 567 258.

Issue Number: 2

Drive Firmware: 04.13.00.00 onwards

For patent and intellectual property related information please go to: www.ctpatents.info.

# How to use this guide

This user guide provides complete information for installing and operating the drive from start to finish.

The information is in logical order, taking the reader from receiving the drive through to fine tuning the performance.

#### NOTE

There are specific safety warnings throughout this guide, located in the relevant sections. In addition, Chapter 1 *Safety information* contains general safety information. It is essential that the warnings are observed and the information considered when working with or designing a system using the drive.

This map of the user guide helps to find the right sections for the task you wish to complete, but for specific information, refer to :

	Start / Familiarisation testing	System design	Programming and commissioning	Troubleshooting
1 Safety information				
2 Product information	•	•		
3 Mechanical installation		•		
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5 Getting started	•			
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## **EU Declaration of Conformity**

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SY16 3BE	France

This declaration is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer. The object of the declaration is in conformity with the relevant Union harmonization legislation. The declaration applies to the variable speed drive products shown below:

Model number	Interpretation	Nomenclature aaaa - bbc ddddde
аааа	Basic series	M100, M101, M200, M201, M300, M400, M600, M700, M701, M702, F300, H300, E200, E300, HS30, HS70, HS71, HS72, M000, RECT
bb	Frame size	01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09, 10, 11
С	Voltage rating	1 = 100 V, 2 = 200 V, 4 = 400 V, 5 = 575 V, 6 = 690 V
ddddd	Current rating	Example 01000 = 100 A
е	Drive format	A = 6P Rectifier + Inverter (internal choke), D = Inverter, E = 6P Rectifier + Inverter (external choke), T = 12P Rectifier + Inverter (external choke)

The model number may be followed by additional characters that do not affect the ratings.

The variable speed drive products listed above have been designed and manufactured in accordance with the following European harmonized standards:

EN 61800-5-1:2007	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - Part 5-1: Safety requirements - Electrical, thermal and energy
EN 61800-3: 2004+A1:2012	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - Part 3: EMC requirements and specific test methods
EN 61000-6-2:2005	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 6-2: Generic standards - Immunity for industrial environments
EN 61000-6-4: 2007+ A1:2011	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 6-4: Generic standards - Emission standard for industrial environments
EN 61000-3-2:2014	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 3-2: Limits for harmonic current emissions (equipment input current ≤16 A per phase)
EN 61000-3-3:2013	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 3-3: Limitation of voltage changes, voltage fluctuations and flicker in public, low voltage supply systems, for equipment with rated current ≤16 A per phase and not subject to conditional connection

EN 61000-3-2:2014 Applicable where input current < 16 A. No limits apply for professional equipment where input power ≥1 kW.

These products comply with the Restriction of Hazardous Substances Directive (2011/65/EU), the Low Voltage Directive (2014/35/EU) and the Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive (2014/30/EU).

(sign willing

G Williams Vice President, Technology Date: 17th March 2016

These electronic drive products are intended to be used with appropriate motors, controllers, electrical protection components and other equipment to form complete end products or systems. Compliance with safety and EMC regulations depends upon installing and configuring drives correctly, including using the specified input filters.

The drives must be installed only by professional installers who are familiar with requirements for safety and EMC. Refer to the Product Documentation. An EMC data sheet is available giving detailed information. The assembler is responsible for ensuring that the end product or system complies with all the relevant laws in the country where it is to be used.

# EU Declaration of Conformity (including 2006 Machinery Directive)

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This declaration is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer. The object of the declaration is in conformity with the relevant Union harmonization legislation. The declaration applies to the variable speed drive products shown below:

Model No.	Interpretation	Nomenclature aaaa - bbc ddddde
аааа	Basic series	M300, M400, M600, M700, M701, M702, F300, H300, E200, E300, HS30, HS70, HS71, HS72, M000, RECT
bb	Frame size	01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09, 10, 11
С	Voltage rating	1 = 100 V, 2 = 200 V, 4 = 400 V, 5 = 575 V, 6 = 690 V
ddddd	Current rating	Example 01000 = 100 A
е	Drive format	A = 6P Rectifier + Inverter (internal choke), D = Inverter, E = 6P Rectifier + Inverter (external choke), T = 12P Rectifier + Inverter (external choke)

The model number may be followed by additional characters that do not affect the ratings.

This declaration relates to these products when used as a safety component of a machine. Only the Safe Torque Off function may be used for a safety function of a machine. None of the other functions of the drive may be used to carry out a safety function.

These products fulfil all the relevant provisions of the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC and the Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive (2014/30/EU). EC type examination has been carried out by the following notified body:

TUV Rheinland Industrie Service GmbH	EC type-examination certificate numbers:
Am Grauen Stein	01/205/5270.01/14 dated 2014-11-11
D-51105 Köln	01/205/5387.01/15 dated 2015-01-29
Germany	01/205/5383.02/15 dated 2015-04-21

Notified body identification number: 0035

The harmonized standards used are shown below:

EN 61800-5-1:2007	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - Part 5-1: Safety requirements - Electrical, thermal and energy
EN 61800-5-2:2007	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - Part 5-2: Safety requirements - Functional
EN ISO 13849-1:2008	Safety of Machinery, Safety-related parts of control systems, General principles for design
EN ISO 13849-2:2008	Safety of machinery, Safety-related parts of control systems. Validation
EN 61800-3: 2004+A1:2012	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - Part 3: EMC requirements and specific test methods
EN 62061:2005	Safety of machinery, Functional safety of safety related electrical, electronic and programmable electronic control
LN 02001.2003	systems

Person authorised to complete the technical file:

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Conformity Engineer

Newtown, Powys, UK

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G. Williams Vice President, Technology Date: 17th March 2016 Place: Newtown, Powys, UK

#### IMPORTANT NOTICE

These electronic drive products are intended to be used with appropriate motors, controllers, electrical protection components and other equipment to form complete end products or systems. Compliance with safety and EMC regulations depends upon installing and configuring drives correctly, including using the specified input filters.

The drives must be installed only by professional installers who are familiar with requirements for safety and EMC. Refer to the Product Documentation. An EMC data sheet is available giving detailed information. The assembler is responsible for ensuring that the end product or system complies with all the relevant laws in the country where it is to be used.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

# 1 Safety information

## 1.1 Warnings, Cautions and Notes



A Warning contains information which is essential for avoiding a safety hazard.



A Caution contains information which is necessary for avoiding a risk of damage to the product or other equipment.

#### NOTE

A Note contains information which helps to ensure correct operation of the product.

## 1.2 Electrical safety - general warning

The voltages used in the drive can cause severe electrical shock and/or burns, and could be lethal. Extreme care is necessary at all times when working with or adjacent to the drive.

Specific warnings are given at the relevant places in this User Guide.

# 1.3 System design and safety of personnel

The drive is intended as a component for professional incorporation into complete equipment or a system. If installed incorrectly, the drive may present a safety hazard.

The drive uses high voltages and currents, carries a high level of stored electrical energy, and is used to control equipment which can cause injury.

Close attention is required to the electrical installation and the system design to avoid hazards either in normal operation or in the event of equipment malfunction. System design, installation, commissioning/ start-up and maintenance must be carried out by personnel who have the necessary training and experience. They must read this safety information and this User Guide carefully.

The STOP and Safe Torque Off functions of the drive do not isolate dangerous voltages from the output of the drive or from any external option unit. The supply must be disconnected by an approved electrical isolation device before gaining access to the electrical connections.

# With the sole exception of the Safe Torque Off function, none of the drive functions must be used to ensure safety of personnel, i.e. they must not be used for safety-related functions.

Careful consideration must be given to the functions of the drive which might result in a hazard, either through their intended behavior or through incorrect operation due to a fault. In any application where a malfunction of the drive or its control system could lead to or allow damage, loss or injury, a risk analysis must be carried out, and where necessary, further measures taken to reduce the risk - for example, an over-speed protection device in case of failure of the speed control, or a fail-safe mechanical brake in case of loss of motor braking.

The Safe Torque Off function may be used in a safety-related application. The system designer is responsible for ensuring that the complete system is safe and designed correctly according to the relevant safety standards.

## 1.4 Environmental limits

Instructions in this User Guide regarding transport, storage, installation and use of the drive must be complied with, including the specified environmental limits. Drives must not be subjected to excessive physical force.

## 1.5 Access

Drive access must be restricted to authorized personnel only. Safety regulations which apply at the place of use must be complied with.

## 1.6 Fire protection

The drive enclosure is not classified as a fire enclosure. A separate fire enclosure must be provided. For further information, refer to section 3.2.5 *Fire protection* on page 23.

## 1.7 Compliance with regulations

The installer is responsible for complying with all relevant regulations, such as national wiring regulations, accident prevention regulations and electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) regulations. Particular attention must be given to the cross-sectional areas of conductors, the selection of fuses or other protection, and protective ground (earth) connections.

This User Guide contains instruction for achieving compliance with specific EMC standards.

Within the European Union, all machinery in which this product is used must comply with the following directives:

2006/42/EC Safety of machinery.

2014/30/EU: Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive.

## 1.8 Motor

Ensure the motor is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Ensure the motor shaft is not exposed.

Standard squirrel cage induction motors are designed for single speed operation. If it is intended to use the capability of the drive to run a motor at speeds above its designed maximum, it is strongly recommended that the manufacturer is consulted first.

Low speeds may cause the motor to overheat because the cooling fan becomes less effective. The motor should be installed with a protection thermistor. If necessary, an electric forced vent fan should be used.

The values of the motor parameters set in the drive affect the protection of the motor. The default values in the drive should not be relied upon.

It is essential that the correct value is entered in Pr 00.020 motor rated current. This affects the thermal protection of the motor.

## 1.9 Adjusting parameters

Some parameters have a profound effect on the operation of the drive. They must not be altered without careful consideration of the impact on the controlled system. Measures must be taken to prevent unwanted changes due to error or tampering.

## 1.10 Electrical installation

#### 1.10.1 Electric shock risk

The voltages present in the following locations can cause severe electric shock and may be lethal:

AC supply cables and connections

Output cables and connections

Many internal parts of the drive, and external option units

Unless otherwise indicated, control terminals are single insulated and must not be touched.

#### 1.10.2 Stored charge

The drive contains capacitors that remain charged to a potentially lethal voltage after the AC supply has been disconnected. If the drive has been energized, the AC supply must be isolated at least ten minutes before work may continue.

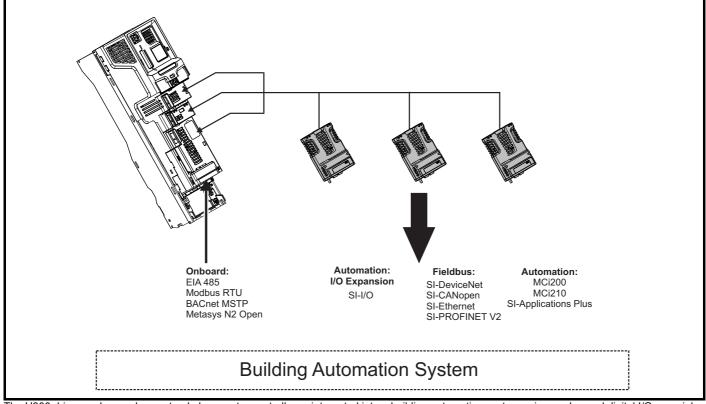
Safety         Product         Mechanical         Electrical         Getting         Basic         Running the motor         Optimization		Building Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 2 Product information

## 2.1 AC drive for fans, pumps and compressors

The H300 is a high performance open loop AC drive specifically designed for use in building automation / Commercial HVAC/R applications. Figure 2-1 below indicates the key product features including built in connectivity to building automation systems. Each drive is equipped with three identical option slots for I/O and communications expansion.

#### Figure 2-1 Features



The H300 drive can be used as a stand alone motor controller or integrated into a building automation system using analog and digital I/O or serial communications. The base drive incorporates a EIA-485 serial communications port that is selectable between Modbus RTU, BACnet MSTP or Metasys N2 Open.

DeviceNet, CANopen, Ethernet and PROFIBUS connectivity is achieved with the addition of plug-in option modules

#### Key features:

- Universal high performance drive for induction and sensorless permanent magnet motors.
- Onboard IEC 61131-3 programmable automation
- Dual integrated form C relay outputs
- NV Media Card for parameter copying and data storage
- EIA-485 serial communications interface
- Single channel Safe Torque Off (STO) input

#### Fire mode

Fire Mode is a configurable override function that is used to alter the operation of the drive based upon external inputs, typically a discrete digital input from a Building Management Fire Protection system.



#### Fire Mode - Important Warning

When Fire Mode is active the motor overload and thermal protection are disabled, as well as a number of drive protection functions. Fire Mode is provided for use only in emergency situations where the safety risk from disabling protection is less than the risk from the drive tripping - typically in smoke extraction operation to permit evacuation of a building. The use of Fire Mode itself causes a risk of fire from overloading of the motor or drive, so it must only be used after careful consideration of the balance of risks.

Care must be taken to prevent inadvertent activation or de-activation of Fire Mode. Fire Mode is indicated by a flashing display text warning "Fire mode active".

Care must be taken to ensure that parameters Pr **01.053** or Pr **01.054** are not inadvertently re-allocated to different inputs or variables. It should be noted that, by default, Pr **01.054** is controlled from digital input 4 and or Pr **08.024** can re-allocate this digital input to another parameter. These parameters are at access level 2 in order to minimize the risk of inadvertent or unauthorized changes. It is recommended that User Security be applied to further reduce the risk (see section 5.9.1 *User Security Level / Access Level* on page 116). These parameters may also be changed via serial communications so adequate precautions should be taken if this functionality is utilized.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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#### Real time clock

An internal real time clock is available which is used for the timer functions and trip log.

#### **Timer functions**

• Two timers are available to switch an output on a routine basis.

#### Sleep / Wake mode

Sleep / wake mode stops and starts the motor during periods of low demand to improve system efficiency.

#### **Advanced Process PID**

Two PIDs are available which can operate independently or combine to provide more complex functionality.

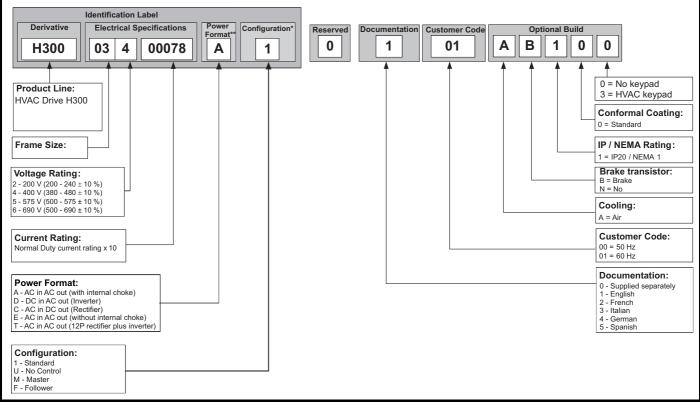
RTD's

 A PT1000 RTD temperature sensor input is available which can directly provide an analog input without a transducer for control of fans and pumps.

### 2.2 Model number

The way in which the model numbers for the HVAC Drive H300 range are formed is illustrated below:

#### Figure 2-2 Model number



\* Only shown on Frame 9 and above identification label.

\*\* For further information on the D, C or T power format models, please refer to the Modular Installation Guide

#### NOTE

For simplicity, a Frame 9 drive with no internal choke (i.e. model 09xxxxxE) is referred to as a Frame 9E and a Frame 9 drive with an internal choke (i.e. model 09xxxxxA) is referred to as a Frame 9A. Any reference to Frame 9 is applicable to both sizes 9E and 9A. All Frame 10 and 11 drives are supplied with no internal choke.

	Ĩ		Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
--	---	--	---------------------	----------------------------	----------------------------	-----------------	---------------------	----------------------	--------------	----------------------------	------------------------	------------------------	----------------	-------------	------------------------

## 2.3 Ratings

### Normal Duty

The H300 is optimzed for applications which use Self ventilated (TENV/TEFC) induction motors and require a low overload capability, and full torque at low speeds is not required (e.g. fans, pumps).

Self ventilated (TENV/TEFC) induction motors require increased protection against overload due to the reduced cooling effect of the fan at low speed. To provide the correct level of protection the l<sup>2</sup>t software operates at a level which is speed dependent. This is illustrated in the graph below.

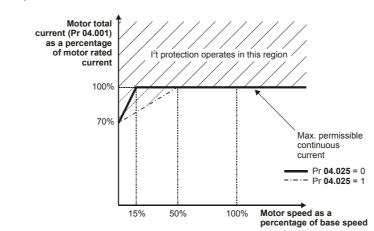
#### NOTE

The speed at which the low speed protection takes effect can be changed by the setting of *Low Speed Thermal Protection Mode* (04.025). The protection starts when the motor speed is below 15 % of base speed when Pr 04.025 = 0 (default) and below 50 % when Pr 04.025 = 1.

#### Operation of motor I<sup>2</sup>t protection

Motor I<sup>2</sup>t protection is fixed as shown below and is compatible with:

Self ventilated (TENV/TEFC) induction motors



The continuous current ratings given are for maximum 40 °C (104 °F), 1000 m altitude and 3 kHz switching frequency. Derating is required for higher switching frequencies, ambient temperature >40 °C (104 °F) and high altitude. For further information, refer to Chapter 12 *Technical data* on page 257.

#### Table 2-1 200 V drive ratings (200 V to 240 V ±10 %)

			Normal Du	ty	
Мос	del	Maximum continuous output current	Nominal power at 230 V	Motor power at 230 V	Peak current
		Α	kW	hp	Α
	03200066	6.6	1.1	1.5	7.2
Frame size 3	03200080	8	1.5	2	8.8
Frame Size 5	03200110	11	2.2	3	12.1
	03200127	12.7	3	3	13.9
Frame size 4	04200180	18	4	5	19.8
Frame Size 4	04200250	25	5.5	7.5	27.5
Frame size 5	05200300	30	7.5	10	33
Frame size 6	06200500	50	11	15	55
Frame Size 6	06200580	58	15	20	63.8
	07200750	75	18.5	25	82.5
Frame size 7	07200940	94	22	30	103.4
	07201170	117	30	40	128.7
Frame size 8	08201490	149	37	50	163.9
Figline Size o	08201800	180	45	60	198
Frame size 9	09202160	216	55	75	237.6
Frame size 9	09202660	266	75	100	292.6
Frame size 10	10203250	325	90	125	357.5
Frame Size 10	10203600	360	110	150	396

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
					•								

#### Table 2-2 $\,$ 400 V drive ratings (380 V to 480 V ±10 %) $\,$

			Normal D	ıty	
Mode	el	Maximum continuous output current	Nominal power at 400 V	Motor power at 460 V	Peak current
		А	kW	hp	A
	03400034	3.4	1.1	1.5	3.7
	03400045	4.5	1.5	2.0	4.9
Frame size 3	03400062	6.2	2.2	3.0	6.8
Fidille Size 5	03400077	7.7	3.0	5.0	8.4
	03400104	10.4	4.0	5.0	11.4
	03400123	12.3	5.5	7.5	13.5
Frame size 4	04400185	18.5	7.5	10.0	20.3
Fidilie Size 4	04400240	24.0	11.0	15.0	26.4
Frame size 5	05400300	30.0	15.0	20.0	33.0
	06400380	38.0	18.5	25.0	41.8
Frame size 6	06400480	48.0	22.0	30.0	52.8
	06400630	63.0	30.0	40.0	69.3
	07400790	79	37	50	86.9
Frame size 7	07400940	94	45	60	103.4
	07401120	112	55	75	123.2
Frame size 8	08401550	155	75	100	170.5
Frame Size o	08401840	184	90	125	202.4
Frame size 9	09402210	221	110	150	243.1
Frame Size 9	09402660	266*	132	200	292.6
Frame size 10	10403200	320	160	250	352
Frame size 10	10403610	361	200	300	397.1
	11404370	437	225	350	480.7
Frame size 11	11404870	487*	250	400	535.7
	11405070	507*	280	450	557.7

\* These ratings are for 2 kHz switching frequency. For ratings at 3 kHz switching frequency refer to Chapter 12.1.1 Power and current ratings (Derating for switching frequency and temperature) on page 257.

information installation installation started parameters motor deal Operation Automation parameters data		fety mation	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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#### Table 2-3 575 V drive ratings (500 V to 575 V ±10 %)

			Normal Dut	ty	
Мо	odel	Maximum continuous output current	Nominal power at 575 V	Motor power at 575 V	Peak current
		Α	kW	hp	Α
	05500039	3.9	2.2	3	4.3
Frame size 5	05500061	6.1	4	5	6.7
	05500100	10	5.5	7.5	11
	06500120	12	7.5	10	13.2
	06500170	17	11	15	18.7
Frame size 6	06500220	22	15	20	24.2
Fiame Size 6	06500270	27	18.5	25	29.7
	06500340	34	22	30	37.4
	06500430	43	30	40	47.3
Frame size 7	07500530	53	45	50	58.3
Fidille Size /	07500730	73	55	60	80.3
Frame size 8	08500860	86	75	75	94.6
Fidille Size o	08501080	108	90	100	118.8
Frame size 9	09501250	125	110	125	137.5
Fidille Size 9	09501500	150	110	150	165
Frame size 10	10502000	200	150	200	220
	11502480	248	185	250	272.8
Frame size 11	11502880	288*	225	300	316.8
	11503150	315*	250	350	346.5

\* These ratings are for 2 kHz switching frequency. For ratings at 3 kHz switching frequency refer to Chapter 12.1.1 Power and current ratings (Derating for switching frequency and temperature) on page 257.

#### Table 2-4 690 V drive ratings (500 V to 690 V ±10 %)

			Normal Dut	ty	
N	lodel	Maximum continuous output current	Nominal power at 690 V	Motor power at 690 V	Peak current
		Α	kW	hp	Α
	07600230	23	18.5	25	25.3
	07600300	30	22	30	33
Frame size 7	07600360	36	30	40	39.6
Frame Size /	07600460	46	37	50	50.6
	07600520	52	45	60	57.2
	07600730	73	55	75	80.3
Frame size 8	08600860	86	75	100	94.6
Frame Size o	08601080	108	90	125	118.8
Frame size 9	09601250	125	110	150	137.5
Frame size 9	09601550	155	132	175	170.5
Frame size 10	10601720	172	160	200	189.2
Fighte Size 10	10601970	197	185	250	216.7
	11602250	225	200	250	247.5
Frame size 11	11602750	275*	250	300	302.5
	11603050	305*	280	400	335.5

\* These ratings are for 2 kHz switching frequency. For ratings at 3 kHz switching frequency refer to Chapter 12.1.1 Power and current ratings (Derating for switching frequency and temperature) on page 257.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

#### 2.3.1 Typical short term overload limits

The maximum percentage overload limit changes depending on the selected motor. Variations in motor rated current, motor power factor and motor leakage inductance all result in changes in the maximum possible overload. The exact value for a specific motor can be calculated using the equations detailed in Menu 4 in the *Parameter Reference Guide*.

Typical values are shown in the table below for RFC (RFC-A or RFC-S) and open loop (OL) modes:

#### Table 2-5 Typical overload limits

Operating mode	RFC from cold	RFC from 100 %	Open loop from cold	Open loop from 100 %
Overload with motor rated current = drive rated current	110 % for 165 s	110 % for 9 s	110 % for 165 s	110 % for 9 s

Generally the drive rated current is higher than the matching motor rated current allowing a higher level of overload than the default setting. The time allowed in the overload region is proportionally reduced at very low output frequency on some drive ratings.

#### NOTE

The maximum overload level which can be attained is independent of the speed.

#### 2.4 Operating modes

The drive is designed to operate in any of the following modes:

Open loop mode

Open loop vector mode Fixed V/F mode (V/Hz) Quadratic V/F mode (V/Hz)

RFC - A

Without position feedback sensor (Sensorless)

RFC - S

Without position feedback sensor (Sensorless)

#### 2.4.1 Open loop mode

The drive applies power to the motor at frequencies varied by the user. The motor speed is a result of the output frequency of the drive and slip due to the mechanical load. The drive can improve the speed control of the motor by applying slip compensation. The performance at low speed depends on whether V/F mode or open loop vector mode is selected.

#### Open loop vector mode

The voltage applied to the motor is directly proportional to the frequency except at low speed where the drive uses motor parameters to apply the correct voltage to keep the flux constant under varying load conditions.

Typically 100 % torque is available down to 1 Hz for a 50 Hz motor.

#### Fixed V/F mode

The voltage applied to the motor is directly proportional to the frequency except at low speed where a voltage boost is provided which is set by the user. This mode can be used for multi-motor applications.

Typically 100 % torque is available down to 4 Hz for a 50 Hz motor.

#### Quadratic V/F mode

The voltage applied to the motor is directly proportional to the square of the frequency except at low speed where a voltage boost is provided which is set by the user. This mode can be used for running fan or pump applications with quadratic load characteristics or for multi-motor applications. This mode is not suitable for applications requiring a high starting torque.

#### 2.4.2 RFC-A Sensorless

Rotor Flux Control for Asynchronous (induction) motors (RFC-A) encompasses closed loop vector control without a position feedback device.

Sensorless mode provides closed loop control without the need for position feedback by using current, voltages and key operating motor parameters to estimate the motor speed. It can eliminate instability traditionally associated with open loop control such as operating large motors with light loads at low frequencies.

#### 2.4.3 RFC- S Sensorless

Rotor Flux Control for Synchronous (permanent magnet brushless) motors (RFC-S) provides closed loop control without a position feedback device. For use with permanent magnet brushless motors without a feedback device installed.

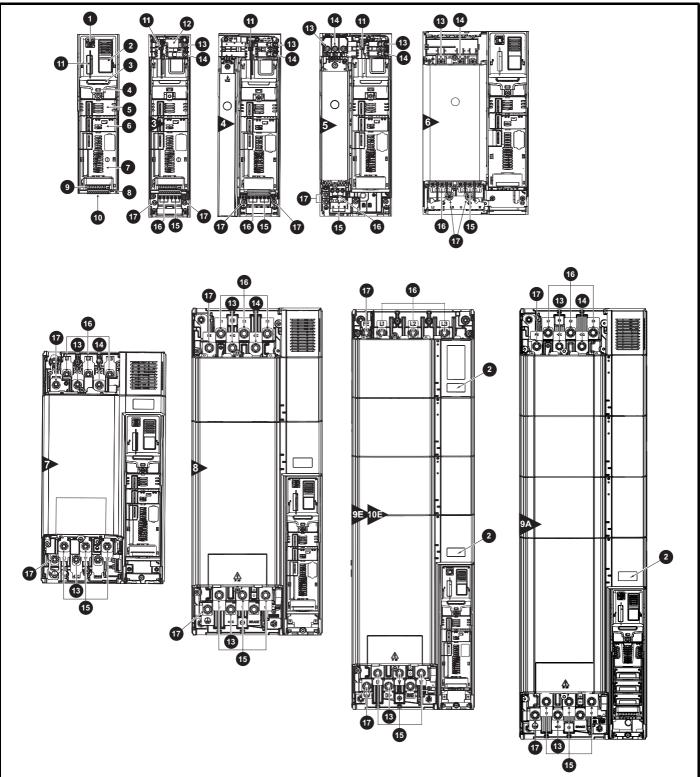
Flux control is not required because the motor is self excited by the permanent magnets which form part of the rotor.

Full torque is available all the way down to zero speed, with salient motors.

tion information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
							Uptimization	, Optimization	, Optimization	, Optimization	Gotimization	Diagnostics

## 2.5 Drive features

Figure 2-3 Features of the drive (size 3 to 10)



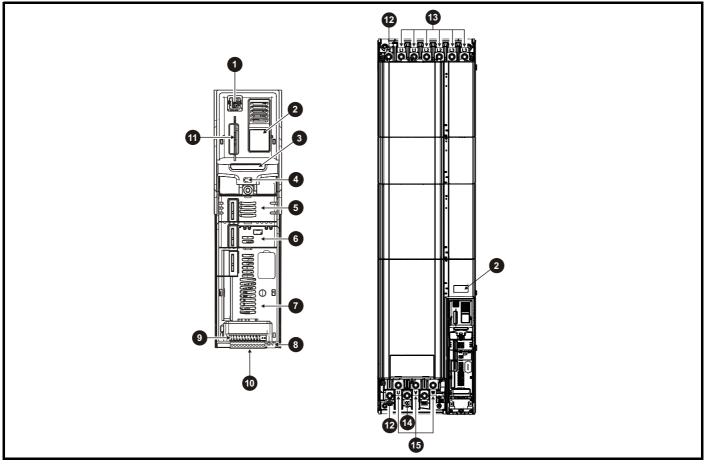
#### Key

- 1. Keypad connection
- 2. Rating label
- 3. Identification label
- 4. Status LED
- 5. Option module slot 1
- 6. Option module slot 27. Option module slot 3
- 8. Relay connections
- 9. Control connections
- 10. Communications port

- 11. NV media card slot
- 12. Internal EMC filter
- 13. DC bus +
- 14. DC bus -15. Motor connections
- 16. AC supply connections
- 17. Ground connections

	l	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Figure 2-4 Features of the drive (size 11E)



#### Key

- 1. Keypad connection
- 2. Rating label

4. Status LED

- 3. Identification label
- 7. Option module slot 3
   8. Relay connections
- \* Common AC supply connections are internally linked on the 11E 6 pulse drive.

5. Option module slot 1

6. Option module slot 2

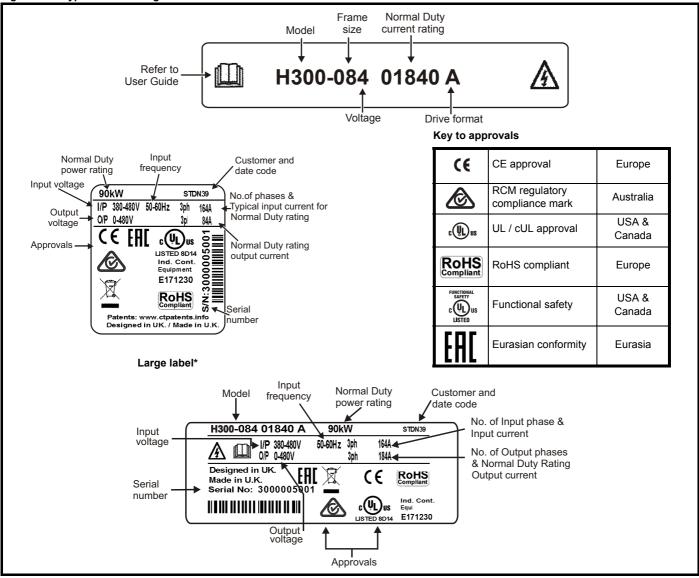
- 9. Control connections
- 10. Communications port
- 11. NV media card slot
- 12. Ground connections
- 13. AC supply connections\*
- 14. DC bus +
- 15. Motor connections

		Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 2.6 Nameplate description

See Figure 2-3 for location of rating labels.

Figure 2-5 Typical drive rating labels



\* This label is only applicable to Size 7 and above.

Refer to Figure 2-2 *Model number* on page 11 for further information relating to the labels.

#### NOTE

#### Date code format

The date code is split into two sections: a letter followed by a number. The letter indicates the year, and the number indicates the week number (within the year) in which the drive was built. The letters go in alphabetical order, starting with A in 1991 (B in 1992, C in 1993 etc).

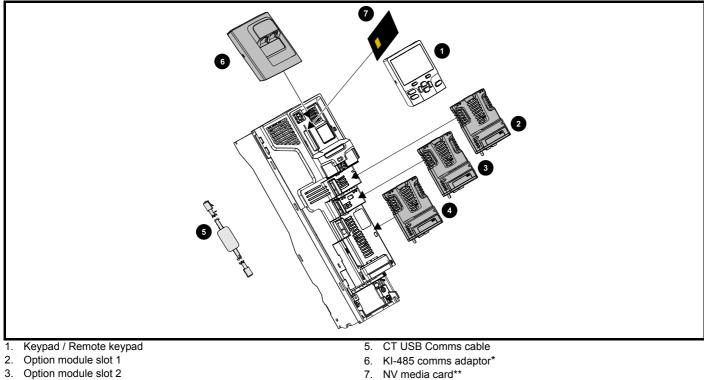
#### Example:

A date code of Y28 would correspond to week 28 of year 2015.

	l	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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#### 2.7 Options

#### Figure 2-6 Options available with the drive



4. Option module slot 3

\* A KI-485 Adaptor is required for remote LCD keypad operation and connection to HVAC Drive Connect.

\*\* For further information refer to section 9 NV Media Card Operation on page 165

$\bigcirc$	Be aware of possible live terminals when inserting or removing the NV media card.
WARNING	

All standard option modules are color-coded in order to make identification easy. All modules have an identification label on top of the module. Standard option modules can be installed to any of the available option slots on the drive. The following tables shows the color-code key and gives further details on their function.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting		Running the	Optimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	•	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	3	information

Туре	Option module	Color	Name	Further Details
		N/A	KI-485 Adaptor	<b>485 Comms Adaptor</b> 485 Comms adaptor provides EIA-485 communication interface. This adaptor supports 115 k Baud, node addresses between 1 to 16 and 8 1 NP M serial mode.
	ALL	Purple	SI-PROFIBUS	<b>Profibus option</b> PROFIBUS adapter for communications with the drive
Fieldbus		Medium Grey	SI-DeviceNet	<b>DeviceNet option</b> DeviceNet adapter for communications with the drive
Fieldbus		Light Grey	SI-CANopen	CANopen option CANopen adapter for communications with the drive
		Beige	SI-Ethernet	External Ethernet module that supports EtherNet/IP, Modbus TCP/IP and RTMoE. The module can be used to provide high speed drive access, global connectivity and integration with IT network technologies, such as wireless networking
		Yellow Green	SI-PROFINET V2	<b>PROFINET V2 option</b> PROFINET V2 adapter for communications with the drive
Automation (I/O expansion)	and the second sec	Orange	SI-1/O	Extended I/O Increases the I/O capability by adding the following combinations: • Digital I/O • Digital Inputs • Analog Inputs (differential or single ended) • Analog Output • Relays
		Moss Green	MCi200	Machine Control Studio Compatible Applications Processor 2nd processor for running pre-defined and/or customer created application software.
Automation (Applications)		Moss Green	MCi210	Machine Control Studio Compatible Applications Processor (with Ethernet communications) 2nd processor for running pre-defined and/or customer created application software with Ethernet communications.
		Black	SI-Applications Plus	SyPTPro Compatible Applications Processor (with CTNet) 2nd processor for running pre-defined and/or customer created application software with CTNet support (can only be used on Slot 3).

Table 2-7 Keypad identification

Туре	Keypad	Name	Further Details
Keypad		KI-HOA Keypad RTC	LCD keypad option Keypad with a LCD display and Hand / Off / Auto buttons and RTC
nojpaŭ		HOA Remote keypad	<b>Remote LCD keypad option</b> Remotely mounted keypad with an LCD display, Hand / Off / Auto buttons and real time clock

Table 2-8 Additional options

Туре	Option	Name	Further Details
Pook up		SD Card Adaptor	SD Card Adaptor Allows the drive to use an SD card for drive back-up
Back-up		SMARTCARD	SMARTCARD Used for parameter back-up with the drive

 afety mation	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
					P								

## 2.8 Items supplied with the drive

The drive is supplied with a copy of the *Getting Started Guide*, a safety information booklet, the Certificate of Quality and an accessory kit box including the items shown in Table 2-9.

Description	Size 3	Size 4	Size 5	Size 6	Size 7	Size 8
Control connectors 1 to 9 and 21 to 29			( <b>1</b> )	x1 x1		
Relay connector				x1 x1		
24 V power supply connector					x 1	
Grounding bracket				x 1		
Surface mounting brackets	<u>ور ه م م</u> ر ب x 2	<u>وَ</u> مَنْ مَنْ مَنْ مَنْ مَنْ مَنْ مَنْ مَنْ	x 2	<u>په د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د</u>	x 2	x 2
Grounding clamp				× 1		
DC terminal cover grommets		×2				
Terminal nuts				() M6 x 11		
Supply and motor connector	Æ	x 1	x1 x1			
Finger guard grommets			x 3	x2		

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#### Table 2-10Parts supplied with the drive (size 9A, 9E, 10E and 11E)

Description	Size 9A / 9E	Size 10E	Size 11E
Control connectors 1 to 9 and 21 to 29		x1 x1	
Relay connector		x1 x1	
24 V power supply connectors		x1 x1	
Grounding bracket		x 1	
Surface mounting brackets	<u>~</u>	2	x 2
			x 1

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the		NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

## 3 Mechanical installation

This chapter describes how to use all mechanical details to install the drive. The drive is intended to be installed in an enclosure. Key features of this chapter include:

- Through-hole mounting
- High IP as standard or through-panel mounting
- Enclosure sizing and layout
- Option module installing
- Terminal location and torque settings

#### 3.1 Safety information



#### Follow the instructions

The mechanical and electrical installation instructions must be adhered to. Any questions or doubt should be referred to the supplier of the equipment. It is the responsibility of the owner or user to ensure that the installation of the drive and any external option unit, and the way in which they are operated and maintained, comply with the requirements of the Health and Safety at Work Act in the United Kingdom or applicable legislation and regulations and codes of practice in the country in which the equipment is used.



#### Competence of the installer

The drive must be installed by professional assemblers who are familiar with the requirements for safety and EMC. The assembler is responsible for ensuring that the end product or system complies with all the relevant laws in the country where it is to be used.



#### Enclosure

The drive is intended to be mounted in an enclosure which prevents access except by trained and authorized personnel, and which prevents the ingress of contamination. It is designed for use in an environment classified as pollution degree 2 in accordance with IEC 60664-1. This means that only dry, non-conducting contamination is acceptable.

## 3.2 Planning the installation

The following considerations must be made when planning the installation:

#### 3.2.1 Access

Access must be restricted to authorized personnel only. Safety regulations which apply at the place of use must be complied with.

The IP (Ingress Protection) rating of the drive is installation dependent. For further information, refer to section 3.9 *Enclosing standard drive for high environmental protection* on page 51.

#### 3.2.2 Environmental protection

The drive must be protected from:

- Moisture, including dripping water or spraying water and condensation. An anti-condensation heater may be required, which must be switched off when the drive is running.
- · Contamination with electrically conductive material
- Contamination with any form of dust which may restrict the fan, or impair airflow over various components
- Temperature beyond the specified operating and storage ranges
- Corrosive gasses

#### NOTE

During installation it is recommended that the vents on the drive are covered to prevent debris (e.g. wire off-cuts) from entering the drive.

#### 3.2.3 Cooling

The heat produced by the drive must be removed without its specified operating temperature being exceeded. Note that a sealed enclosure gives much reduced cooling compared with a ventilated one, and may need to be larger and/or use internal air circulating fans.

For further information, refer to section 3.6 *Enclosure for standard drives* on page 47.

#### 3.2.4 Electrical safety

The installation must be safe under normal and fault conditions. Electrical installation instructions are given in Chapter 4 *Electrical installation on page 74*.

#### 3.2.5 Fire protection

The drive enclosure is not classified as a fire enclosure. A separate fire enclosure must be provided.

For installation in the USA, a NEMA 12 enclosure is suitable.

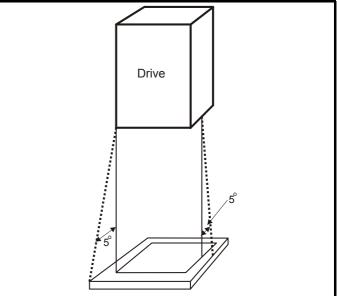
For installation outside the USA, the following (based on IEC 62109-1, standard for PV inverters) is recommended.

Enclosure can be metal and/or polymeric, polymer must meet requirements which can be summarized for larger enclosures as using materials meeting at least UL 94 class 5VB at the point of minimum thickness.

Air filter assemblies to be at least class V-2.

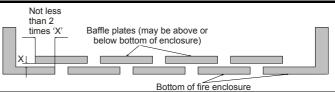
The location and size of the bottom shall cover the area shown in Figure 3-1. Any part of the side which is within the area traced out by the  $5^{\circ}$  angle is also considered to be part of the bottom of the fire enclosure.

#### Figure 3-1 Fire enclosure bottom layout



The bottom, including the part of the side considered to be part of the bottom, must be designed to prevent escape of burning material - either by having no openings or by having a baffle construction. This means that openings for cables etc. must be sealed with materials meeting the 5VB requirement, or else have a baffle above. See Figure 3-2 for acceptable baffle construction. This does not apply for mounting in an enclosed electrical operating area (restricted access) with concrete floor.

#### Figure 3-2 Fire enclosure baffle construction



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

#### 3.2.6 Electromagnetic compatibility

Variable speed drives are powerful electronic circuits which can cause electromagnetic interference if not installed correctly with careful attention to the layout of the wiring.

Some simple routine precautions can prevent disturbance to typical industrial control equipment.

If it is necessary to meet strict emission limits, or if it is known that electromagnetically sensitive equipment is located nearby, then full precautions must be observed. In-built into the drive, is an internal EMC filter, which reduces emissions under certain conditions. If these conditions are exceeded, then the use of an external EMC filter may be required at the drive inputs, which must be located very close to the drives. Space must be made available for the filters and allowance made for carefully segregated wiring. Both levels of precautions are covered in section 4.11 *EMC* (*Electromagnetic compatibility*) on page 95.

#### 3.2.7 Hazardous areas

The drive must not be located in a classified hazardous area unless it is installed in an approved enclosure and the installation is certified.

#### 3.3 Terminal cover removal



#### Isolation device

The AC and / or DC power supply must be disconnected from the drive using an approved isolation device before any cover is removed from the drive or before any servicing work is performed.



#### Stored charge

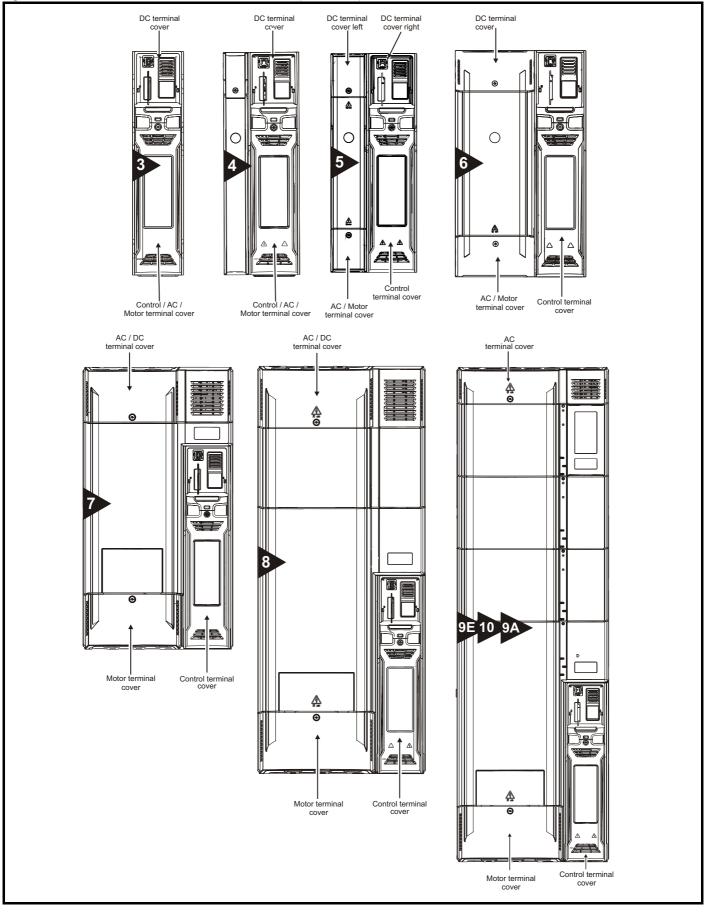
The drive contains capacitors that remain charged to a potentially lethal voltage after the AC and / or DC power supply has been disconnected. If the drive has been energized, the power supply must be isolated at least ten minutes before work may continue.

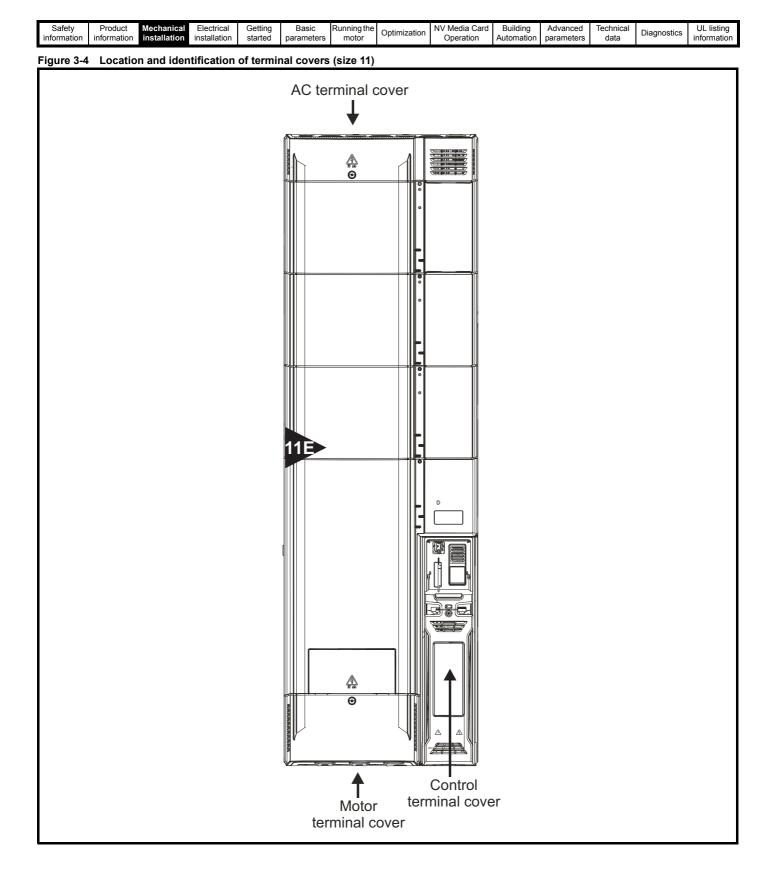
Normally, the capacitors are discharged by an internal resistor. Under certain, unusual fault conditions, it is possible that the capacitors may fail to discharge, or be prevented from being discharged by a voltage applied to the output terminals. If the drive has failed in a manner that causes the display to go blank immediately, it is possible the capacitors will not be discharged. In this case, consult Control Techniques or their authorized distributor.



#### 3.3.1 Removing the terminal covers

Figure 3-3 Location and identification of terminal covers (size 3 to 10)



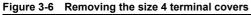


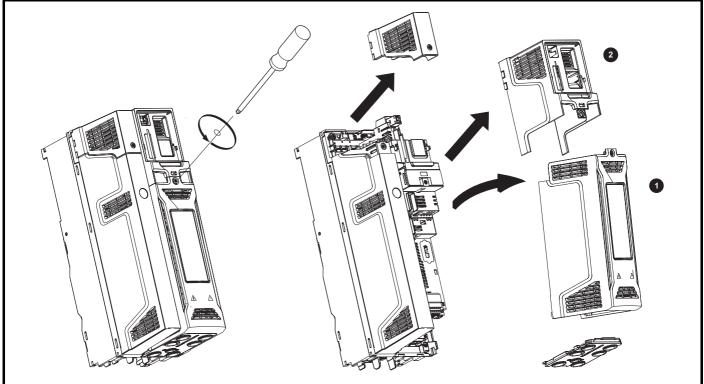
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Figure 3-	5 Remov	ing the size	e 3 termin	al cover	s								

1. Control / AC / Motor terminal cover

#### 2. DC cover

On size 3 drives, the Control / AC / Motor terminal cover must be removed before removal of the DC / Terminal cover. When replacing the terminal covers, the screws should be tightened to a maximum torque of 1 N m (0.7 lb ft).

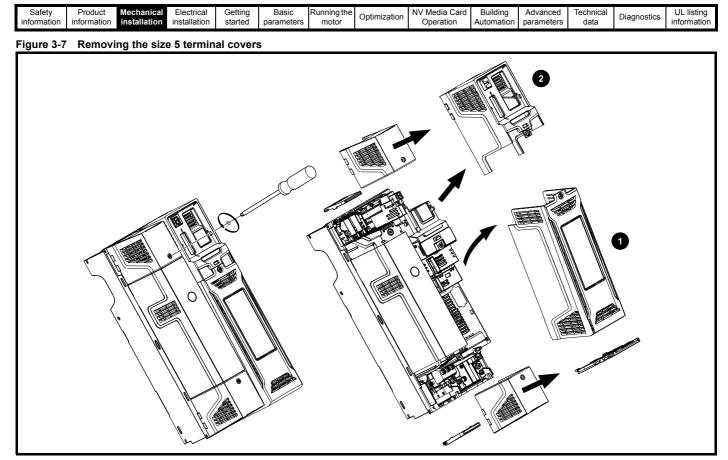




1. Control / AC / Motor terminal cover

#### 2. DC cover

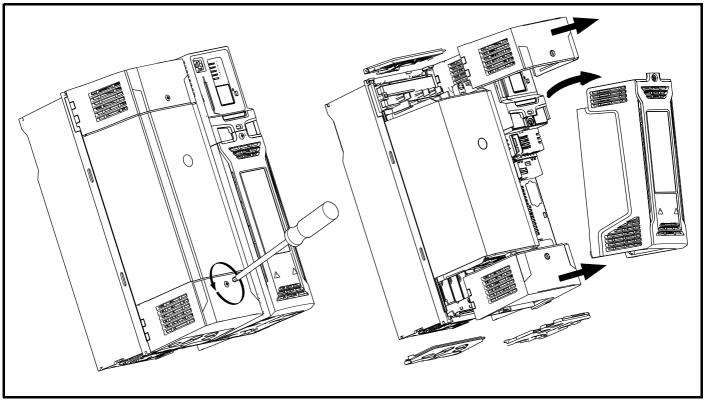
On size 4 drives, the Control / AC / Motor terminal cover must be removed before removal of the DC / Terminal cover. When replacing the terminal covers, the screws should be tightened to a maximum torque of 1 N m (0.7 lb ft).



- 1. Control terminal cover
- 2. DC cover

On size 5 drives, the Control terminal cover must be removed before removal of the DC / Terminal cover right. When replacing the terminal covers, the screws should be tightened to a maximum torque of 1 N m (0.7 lb ft).

Figure 3-8 Removing the size 6 terminal covers

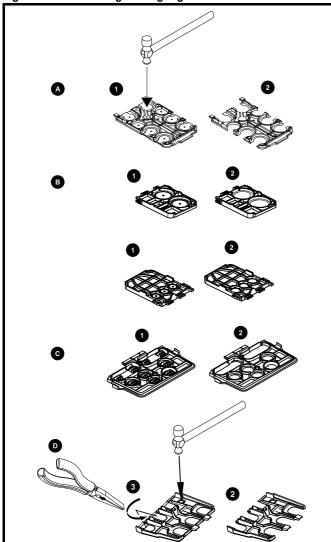


Safety Product Mechanical Ele information information installation inst		Basic Running the rameters motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Figure 3-9 Removing the size 7 t	to 11 terminal cov	ers (size 7 show	n)						

When replacing the terminal covers, the screws should be tightened to a maximum torque of 1 N m (0.7 lb ft).

## 3.3.2 Removing the finger-guard and DC terminal cover break-outs

Figure 3-10 Removing the finger-guard break-outs



A: All sizes. B: Size 5 only. C: Size 6 only. D: Size 7 to 10.

Place finger-guard on a flat solid surface and hit relevant break-outs with hammer as shown (1). Continue until all required break-outs are removed (2). Remove any flash / sharp edges once the break-outs are removed.

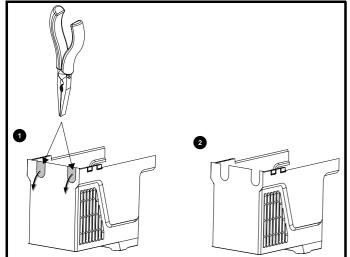
Grommet kits are available for size 7 to 10 finger guards. For size 8 to 10, two versions are available allowing for either single or double cable entries.

Drive size	Quantity of kits	Part number	Picture
Size 7 - Kit of 8 x single entry grommets	1	3470-0086	۲ ا
Size 8 - Kit of 8 x single entry grommets	1	3470-0089	
Size 8 - Kit of 8 x double entry grommets	1	3470-0090	
Size 9 and 10 - Kit of 8 x double entry grommets	1	3470-0107	
Size 11 - kit of 8 x double entry grommets	2	3470-0107	

#### Table 3-1 Grommet kits

		Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	5	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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#### Figure 3-11 Removing the size 3 and 4 DC terminal cover break-outs



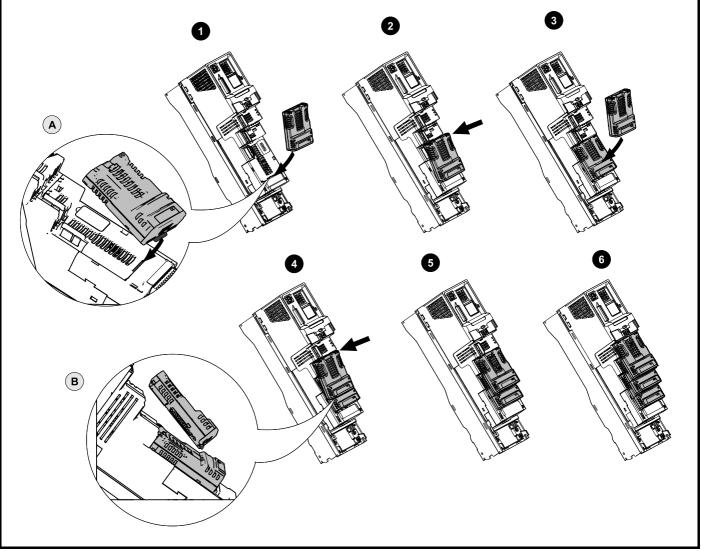
Grasp the DC terminal cover break-outs with pliers as shown (1) and pull down in the direction shown to remove. Continue until all required breakouts are removed (2). Remove any flash / sharp edges once the breakouts are removed. Use the DC terminal cover grommets supplied in the accessory box (Table 2-9 on page 21) to maintain the seal at the top of the drive.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the		NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical		UL listing
		installation		started	parameters	motor	Optimization		Automation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information
										•			

## 3.4 Installing / removing option modules and keypads

Power down the drive before installing / removing the option module. Failure to do so may result in damage to the product.

#### Figure 3-12 Installation of a standard option module



#### Installing the first option module

#### NOTE

Option module slots must be used in the following order: slot 3, slot 2 and slot 1 (refer to Figure 2-3 *Features of the drive (size 3 to 10)* on page 16 for slot numbers).

- Move the option module in direction shown (1).
- Align and insert the option module tab in to the slot provided (2), this is highlighted in the detailed view (A).
- Press down on the option module until it clicks into place.

#### Installing the second option module

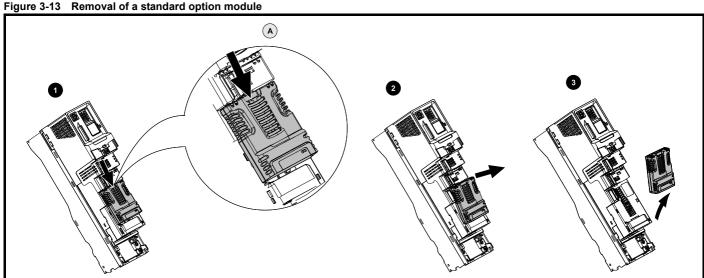
- Move the option module in direction shown (3).
- Align and insert the option module tab in to the slot provided on the already installed option module (4), this is highlighted in the detailed view (B).
- Press down on the option module until it clicks into place. Image (5) shows two option modules fully installed.

#### Installing the third option module

#### Repeat the above process.

The drive has the facility for all three option module slots to be used at the same time, image (6) shows the three option modules installed.

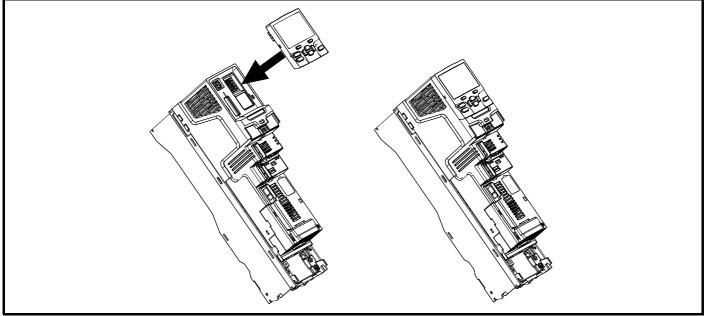
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	5	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information



Press down on the tab (1) to release the option module from the drive housing, the tab is highlighted in the detailed view (A).

- Tilt the option module towards you as shown (2).
- Totally remove the option module in direction shown (3).

#### Figure 3-14 Installation and removal of the KI-Keypad



To install, align the keypad and press gently in the direction shown until it clicks into position.

To remove, reverse the installation instructions.

#### NOTE

The keypad can be installed / removed while the drive is powered up and running a motor, providing that the drive is not operating in keypad mode.

Optimization			5		Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	5			Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 3.5 Dimensions and mounting methods

The drive can be either surface or through-panel mounted using the appropriate brackets. The following drawings show the dimensions of the drive and mounting holes for each method to allow a back plate to be prepared.

The Through-panel mounting kit is not supplied with the drive and can be purchased separately, below are the relevant part numbers:

Size	CT part number
3	3470-0053
4	3470-0056
5	3470-0067
6	3470-0055
7	3470-0079
8	3470-0083
9A	3470-0119
9E/10E	3470-0105
11E	3470-0126



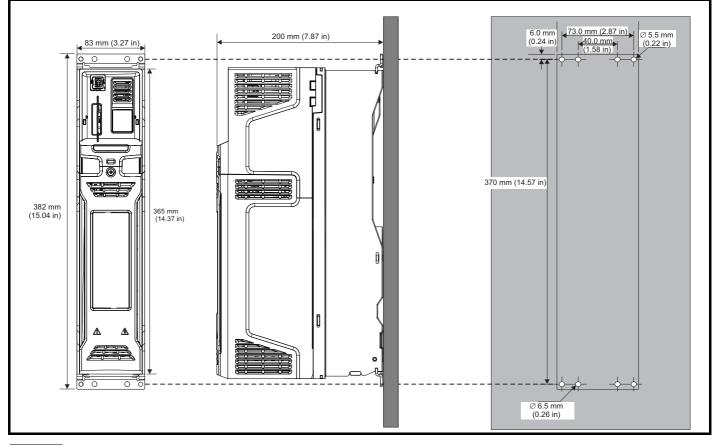
If the drive has been used at high load levels for a period of time, the heatsink can reach temperatures in excess of 70 °C (158 °F). Human contact with the heatsink should be prevented.



Many of the drives in this product range weigh in excess of 15 kg (33 lb). Use appropriate safeguards when lifting these models. A full list of drive weights can be found in section 12.1.19 *Weights* on page 269.

#### 3.5.1 Surface mounting

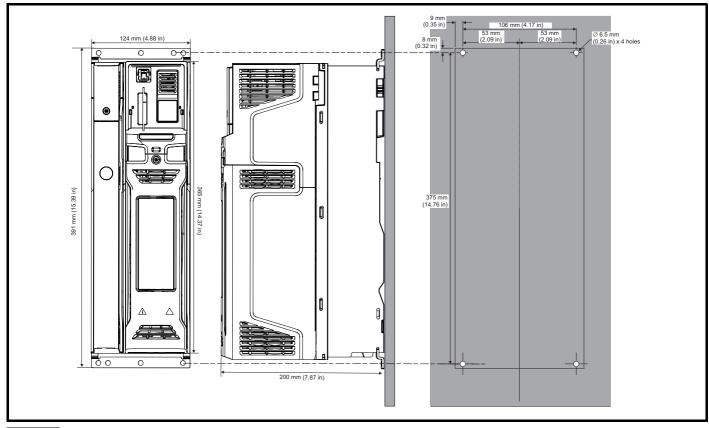
#### Figure 3-15 Surface mounting the size 3 drive



#### NOTE

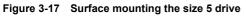
Each mounting bracket contains 4 mounting holes, the outer holes (5.5 mm) x 2 should be used for mounting the drive to the backplate as this allows the heatsink fan to be replaced without removing the drive from the backplate. The inner holes (6.5 mm) x 2 are used for Unidrive SP size 1 retrofit applications. See Table 3-2 for further information.

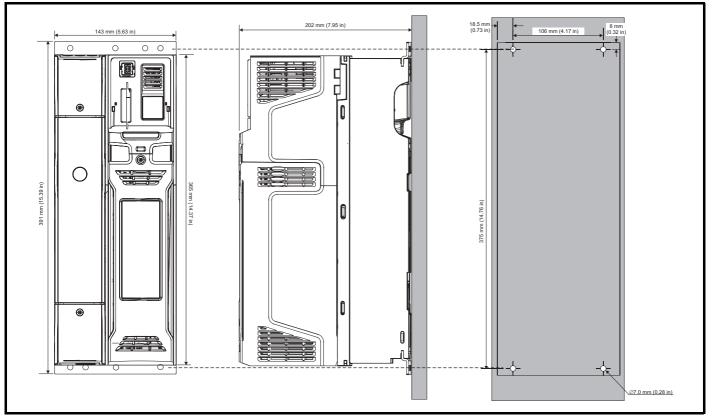




#### NOTE

The outer holes in the mounting bracket are to be used for surface mounting. See Table 3-2 for further information.

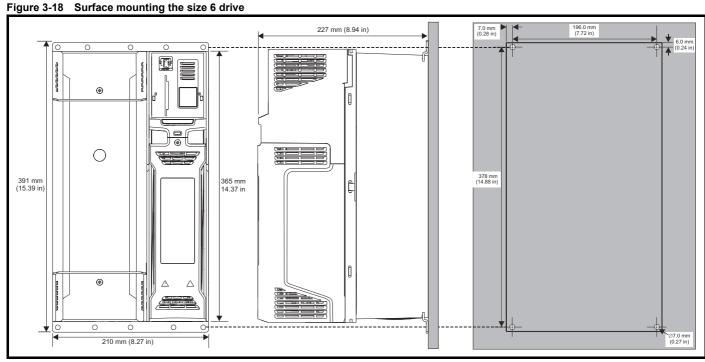




#### NOTE

The outer holes in the mounting bracket are to be used for surface mounting. See Table 3-2 for further information.

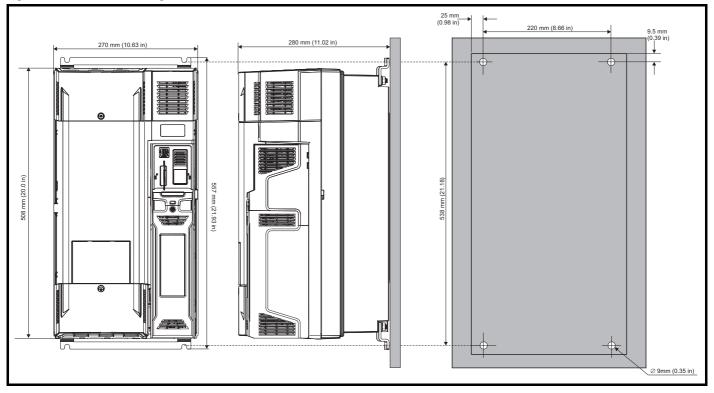


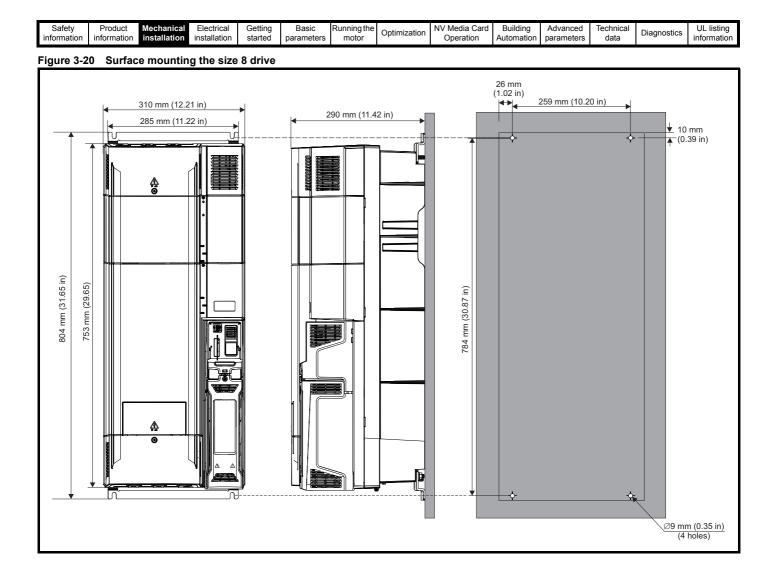


#### NOTE

The outer holes in the mounting bracket are to be used for surface mounting. See Table 3-2 for further information.

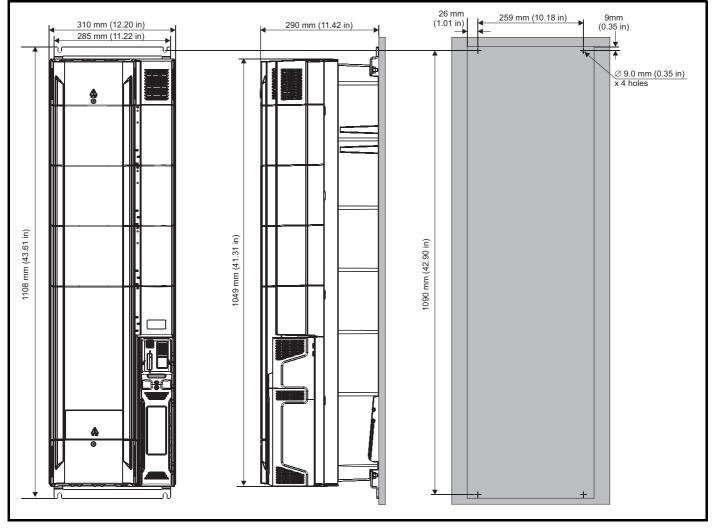
#### Figure 3-19 Surface mounting the size 7 drive

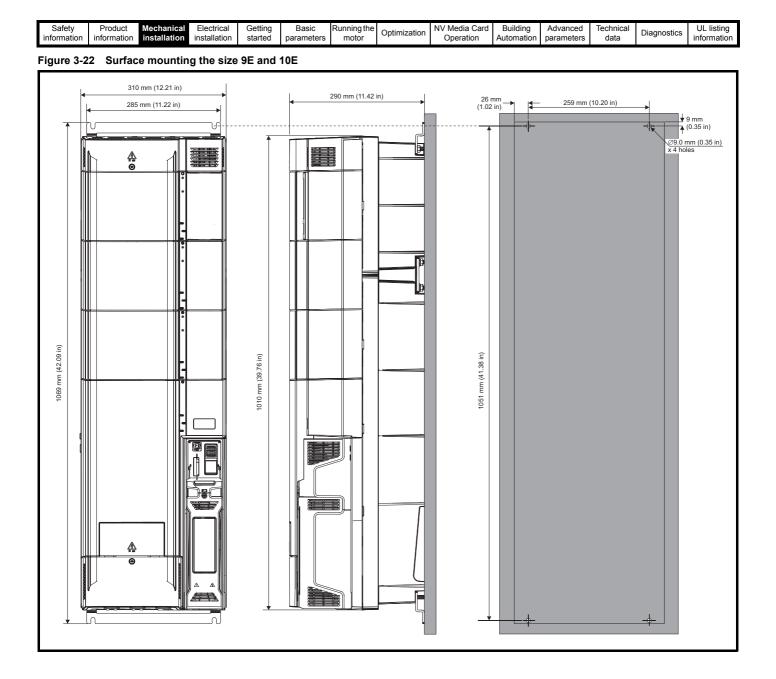




	Safe informa	· ·	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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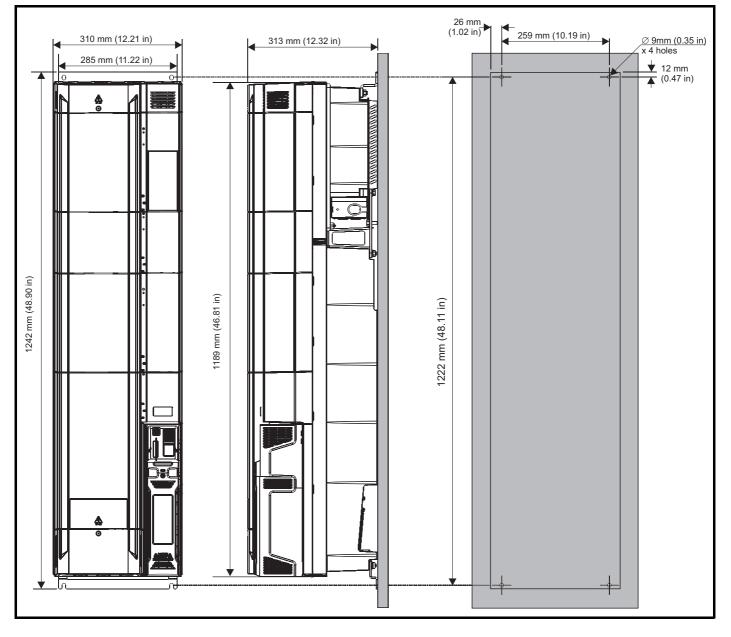
## Figure 3-21 Surface mounting the size 9A







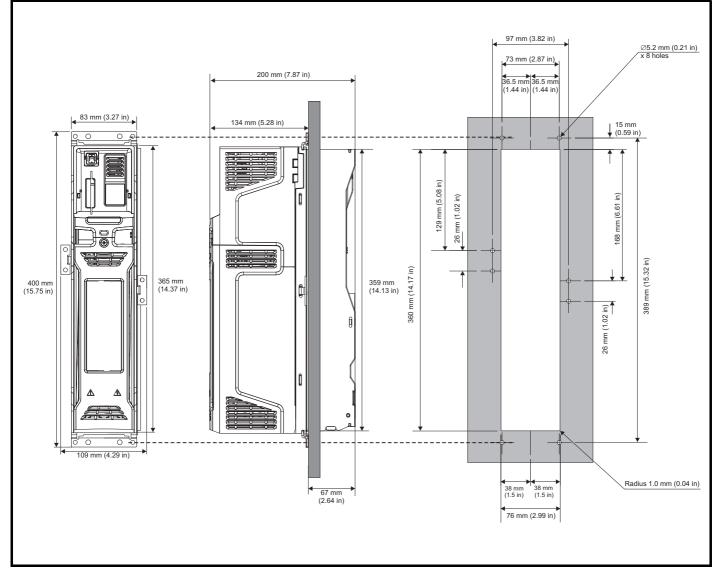
## Figure 3-23 Surface mounting the size 11E



		Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 3.5.2 Through-panel mounting

Figure 3-24 Through-panel mounting the size 3 drive



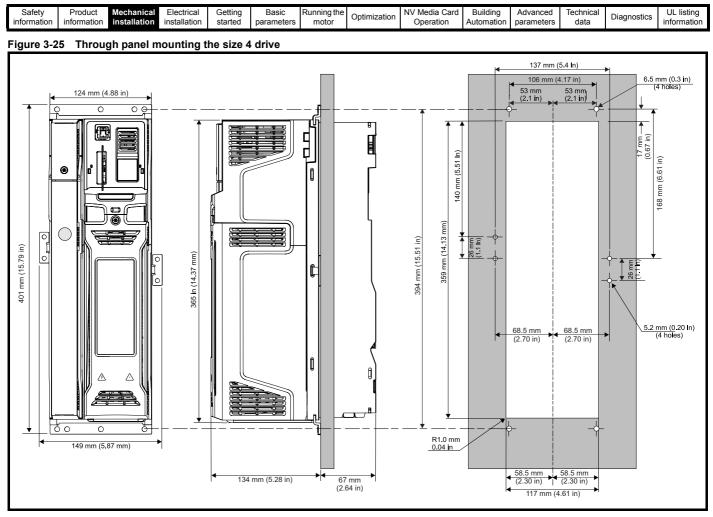
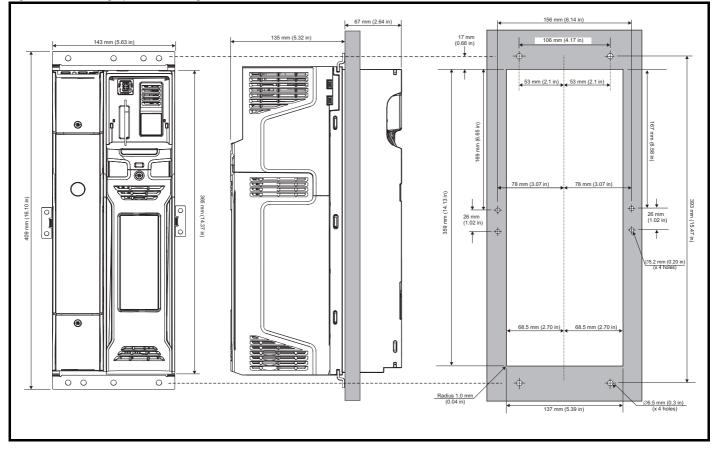


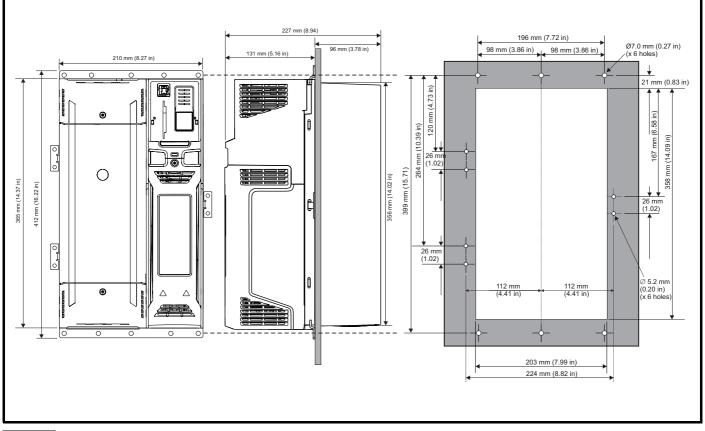
Figure 3-26 Through panel mounting the size 5 drive



HVAC Drive H300 Issue Number: 2

information information installation installation started parameters motor Optimization Operation Automation parameters data	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started		Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation		Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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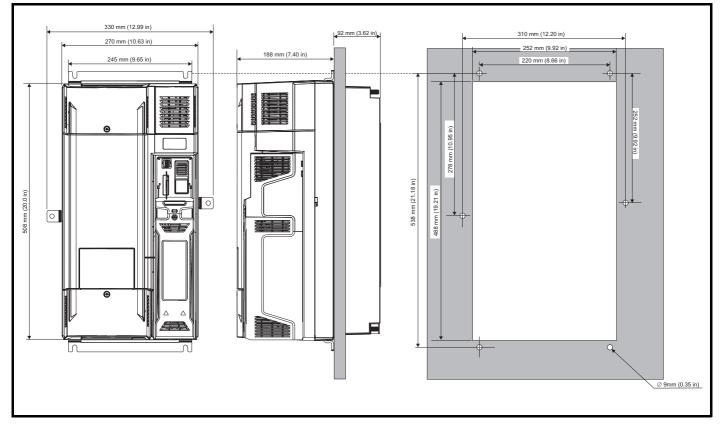
## Figure 3-27 Through panel mounting the size 6 drive



## NOTE

The outer holes plus the hole located in the center of the bracket are to be used for through panel mounting.

### Figure 3-28 Through panel mounting the size 7 drive



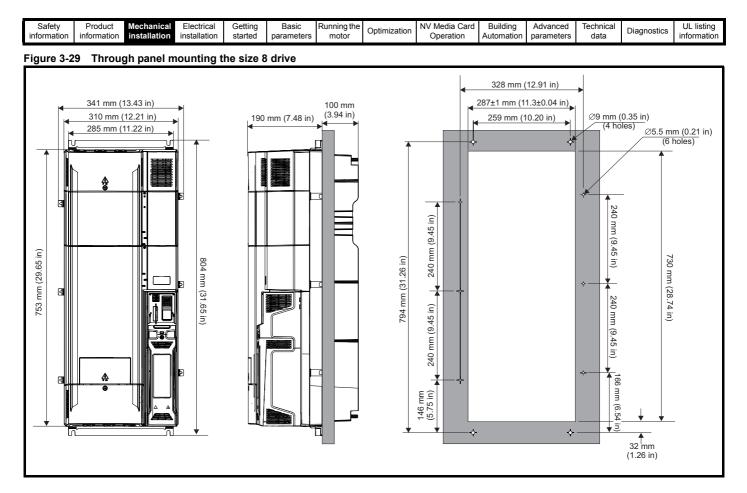
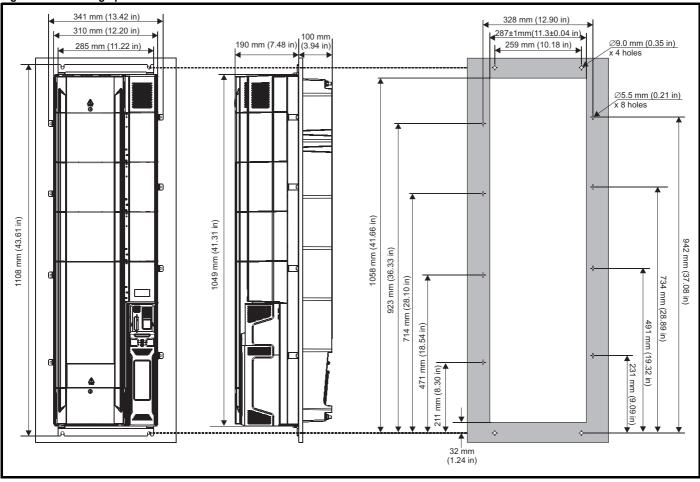
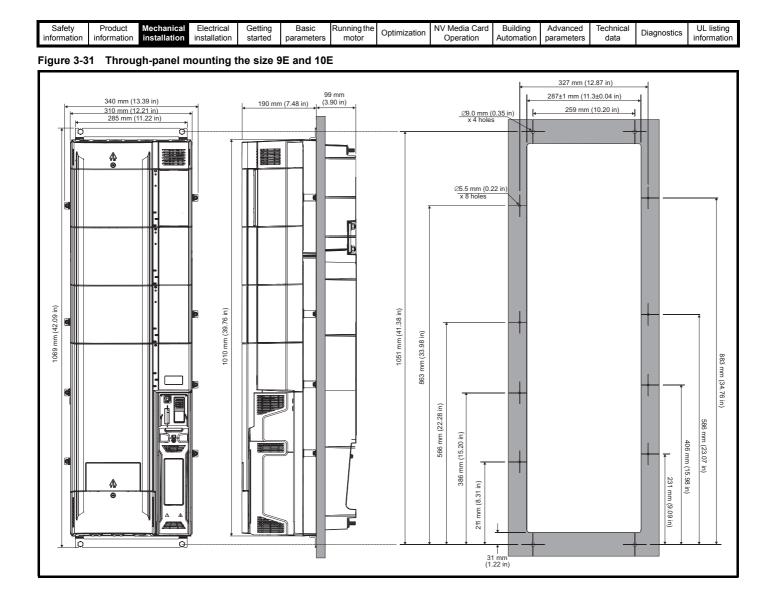


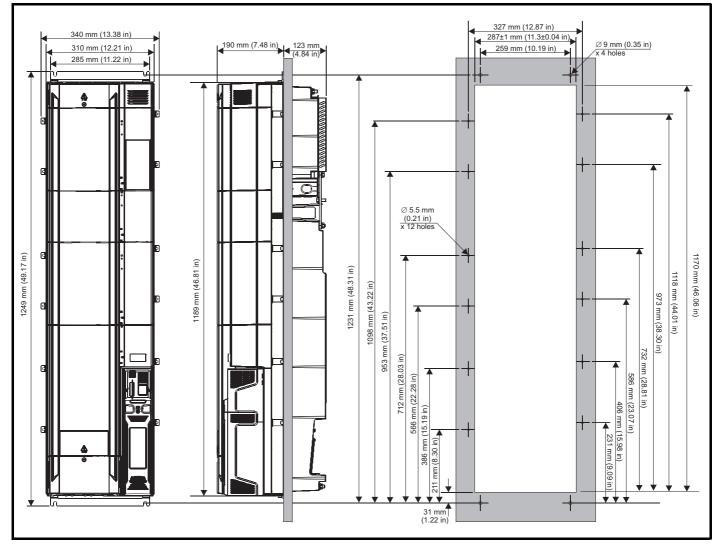
Figure 3-30 Through panel mount detail for size 9A





Safety F information inf	Product nformation	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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#### Figure 3-32 Through panel mounting the size 11E



0.61				0	<b>D</b> .				D 111		<b>T</b> 1 1 1		111 12 12
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information
internation	internation	ottaination	motanation	0101100	parametere	motor		opolation	/ latornation	paramotoro	000		internation

## 3.5.3 Mounting brackets

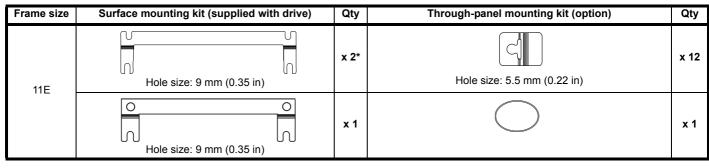
Table 3-2 Mounting brackets

Frame size	Surface mounting kit (supplied with drive)	Qty	Through-panel mounting kit (option)	Qty
3		x 2*	Hole size: 5.2 mm (0.21 in)	x 2
	Outer hole size: 5.2 mm (0.20 in) Centre hole / slot size: 6.2 mm (0.24 in)		$\bigcirc$	x 1
4		x 2*	Hole size: 5.2 mm (0.21 in)	x 2
	Hole size: 6.5 mm (0.26 in)			x 1
5		x 2*		x 2
	Hole size: 6.5 mm (0.26 in)		Hole size: 5.2 mm (0.21 in)	x 1
6		x 2*	Hole size: 5.2 mm (0.21 in)	x 3
	Hole size: 6.5 mm (0.26 in)			x 1
7		x 2*	Hole size: 9 mm (0.35 in)	x 2
	Hole size: 9 mm (0.35 in)		$\bigcirc$	x 1
8		x 2*	Hole size: 5.5 mm (0.22 in)	x 6
	Hole size: 9 mm (0.35 in)		$\bigcirc$	x 1
9A, 9E and 10E		x 2*	Hole size: 5.5 mm (0.22 in)	x 8
	Hole size: 9 mm (0.35 in)			x 1

\* Surface mounting brackets are also used when through-panel mounting.

Safety         Product         Mechanical         Electrical         Getting         Basic         Running the motor         Optimization         NV Media Card         Building         Advanced         Technical         Diagnostics         UL listi
---

Table 3-3 Mounting brackets (size 11)

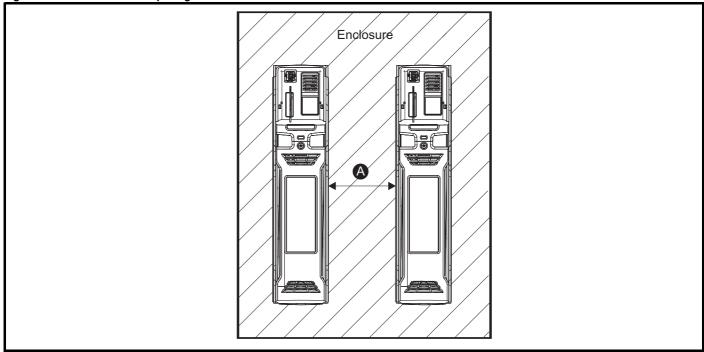


\* Surface mounting brackets are also used when through-panel mounting.

## 3.6 Enclosure for standard drives

#### 3.6.1 Recommended spacing between the drives

### Figure 3-33 Recommended spacing between the drives



#### Table 3-4 Spacing required between the drives (without high IP bung)

Drive Size	Spac	ing (A)
Drive Size	40°C	50°C*
3	0 mm (	(0.00 in)
4	0 mm (	(0.00 in)
5	0 mm (0.00 in)	30 mm (1.18 in)
6	0 mm (	(0.00 in)
7	30 mm	(1.18 in)
8	30 mm	(1.18 in)
9A / 9E	60 mm	(2.37 in)
10E / 11E		(2.57 11)

\* 50°C derating applies, refer to Table 12-3 Maximum permissible continuous output current @ 50 °C (122 °F) on page 260.

#### NOTE

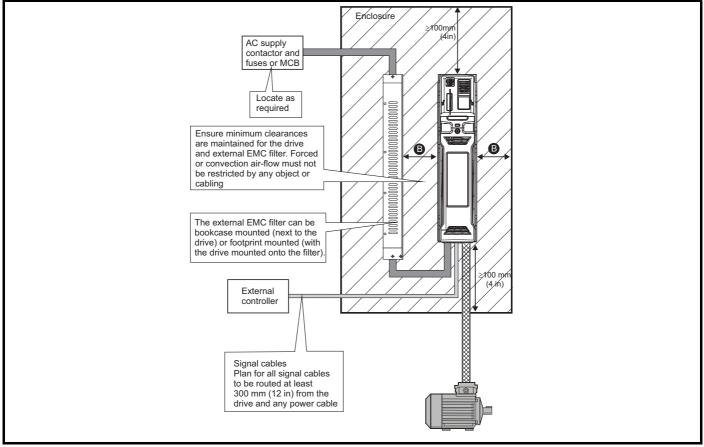
When through-panel mounted, ideally drives should be spaced 45 mm (1.77 in) to maximize panel stiffness.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting		Running the	Optimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	•	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Ũ	information

## 3.6.2 Enclosure layout

Please observe the clearances in the diagram below taking into account any appropriate notes for other devices / auxiliary equipment when planning the installation.

#### Figure 3-34 Enclosure layout (size 3 to 8)



#### NOTE

For EMC compliance:

- 1. When using an external EMC filter, one filter is required for each drive.
- 2. Power cabling must be at least 100 mm (4 in) from the drive in all directions

#### Table 3-5 Spacing required between drive / enclosure and drive / EMC filter (size 3 to 8)

Drive Size	Spacing (B)
3	0 mm (0.00 in)
4	
5	
6	30 mm (1.18 in)
7	
8	

#### NOTE

Drive sizes 3 to 5 can be tile mounted where limited mounting space is available. The tile mounting kit is not supplied with the drive, it can be purchased separately.

	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## Figure 3-35 Enclosure layout (size 9 to 11)

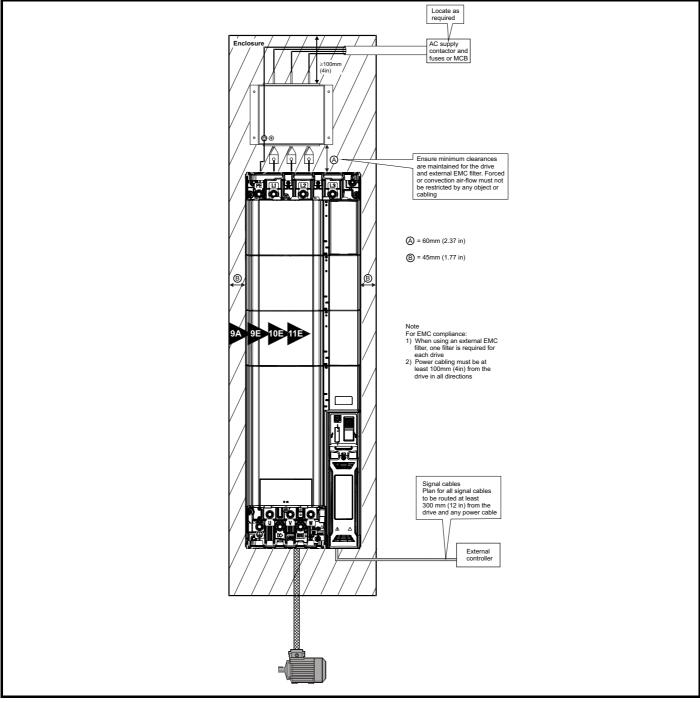


 Table 3-6
 Spacing required between drive / enclosure and drive (size 9 to 11)

Drive Size	Spacing (B)
9A/9E	45 mm (1.77 in)
10E/11E	

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
-----------------------	------------------------	----------------------------	----------------------------	--------------------	---------------------	----------------------	--------------	----------------------------	------------------------	---------------------	-------------------	-------------	------------------------

#### 3.6.3 Enclosure sizing

- 1. Add the dissipation figures from section 12.1.2 *Power dissipation* on page 262 for each drive that is to be installed in the enclosure.
- If an external EMC filter is to be used with each drive, add the dissipation figures from section 12.2.1 *EMC filter ratings* on page 282 for each external EMC filter that is to be installed in the enclosure.
- If the braking resistor is to be mounted inside the enclosure, add the average power figures from for each braking resistor that is to be installed in the enclosure.
- 4. Calculate the total heat dissipation (in Watts) of any other equipment to be installed in the enclosure.
- 5. Add the heat dissipation figures obtained above. This gives a figure in Watts for the total heat that will be dissipated inside the enclosure.

#### Calculating the size of a sealed enclosure

The enclosure transfers internally generated heat into the surrounding air by natural convection (or external forced air flow); the greater the surface area of the enclosure walls, the better is the dissipation capability. Only the surfaces of the enclosure that are unobstructed (not in contact with a wall or floor) can dissipate heat.

Calculate the minimum required unobstructed surface area  $\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{e}}$  for the enclosure from:

$$\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{e}} = \frac{\mathbf{P}}{\mathbf{k}(\mathbf{T}_{int} - \mathbf{T}_{ext})}$$

Where:

- $A_e$  Unobstructed surface area in m<sup>2</sup> (1 m<sup>2</sup> = 10.9 ft<sup>2</sup>)
- T<sub>ext</sub> Maximum expected temperature in <sup>o</sup>C *outside* the enclosure
- T<sub>int</sub> Maximum permissible temperature in <sup>o</sup>C *inside* the enclosure
- P Power in Watts dissipated by *all* heat sources in the enclosure
- k Heat transmission coefficient of the enclosure material in W/m<sup>2</sup>/°C

#### Example

To calculate the size of an enclosure for the following:

- Two drives operating at the Normal Duty rating
- External EMC filter for each drive
- Braking resistors are to be mounted outside the enclosure
- Maximum ambient temperature inside the enclosure: 40°C
- Maximum ambient temperature outside the enclosure: 30°C

For example, if the power dissipation from each drive is 187 W and the power dissipation from each external EMC filter is 9.2 W.

Total dissipation: 2 x (187 + 9.2) =392.4 W

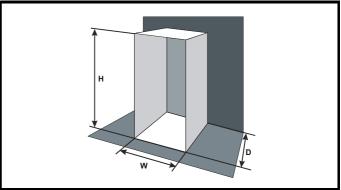
#### NOTE

Power dissipation for the drives and the external EMC filters can be obtained from Chapter 12 *Technical data* on page 257.

The enclosure is to be made from painted 2 mm (0.079 in) sheet steel having a heat transmission coefficient of 5.5  $W/m^{2/o}C$ . Only the top, front, and two sides of the enclosure are free to dissipate heat.

The value of  $5.5 \text{ W/m}^{2/\circ}\text{C}$  can generally be used with a sheet steel enclosure (exact values can be obtained by the supplier of the material). If in any doubt, allow for a greater margin in the temperature rise.

Figure 3-36 Enclosure having front, sides and top panels free to dissipate heat



Insert the following values:

**T**<sub>int</sub> 40 °C **T**<sub>ext</sub> 30 °C **k** 5.5

**P** 392.4 W

The minimum required heat conducting area is then:

$$\mathsf{A}_{\mathsf{e}} = \frac{392.4}{5.5(40-30)}$$

Estimate two of the enclosure dimensions - the height (H) and depth (D), for instance. Calculate the width (W) from:

$$W = \frac{A_e - 2HD}{H + D}$$

Inserting H = 2m and D = 0.6 m, obtain the minimum width:

$$W = \frac{7.135 - (2 \times 2 \times 0.6)}{2 + 0.6}$$

=1.821 m (71.7 in)

If the enclosure is too large for the space available, it can be made smaller only by attending to one or all of the following:

- Using a lower PWM switching frequency to reduce the dissipation in the drives
- Reducing the ambient temperature outside the enclosure, and/or applying forced-air cooling to the outside of the enclosure
- Reducing the number of drives in the enclosure
- Removing other heat-generating equipment

### Calculating the air-flow in a ventilated enclosure

The dimensions of the enclosure are required only for accommodating the equipment. The equipment is cooled by the forced air flow.

Calculate the minimum required volume of ventilating air from:

$$V = \frac{3kP}{T_{int} - T_{ext}}$$

Where:

- T<sub>ext</sub> Maximum expected temperature in °C *outside* the enclosure
- T<sub>int</sub> Maximum permissible temperature in °C *inside* the enclosure
- P Power in Watts dissipated by *all* heat sources in the enclosure

k Ratio of 
$$\frac{P_o}{P_1}$$

Where:

 $\mathbf{P_0}$  is the air pressure at sea level

 ${\bf P_I}$  is the air pressure at the installation Typically use a factor of 1.2 to 1.3, to allow also for pressure-drops in dirty air-filters.

Uptimization	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started		Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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#### Example

To calculate the size of an enclosure for the following:

- · Three drives operating at the Normal Duty rating
- External EMC filter for each drive
- Braking resistors are to be mounted outside the enclosure
- Maximum ambient temperature inside the enclosure: 40 °C
- Maximum ambient temperature outside the enclosure: 30 °C

For example, dissipation of each drive: 101 W and dissipation of each external EMC filter: 6.9 W (max).

Total dissipation: 3 x (101 + 6.9) = 323.7 W

 $\begin{array}{cc} \mbox{Insert the following values:} \\ T_{int} & 40 \ ^{\circ}\mbox{C} \\ T_{ext} & 30 \ ^{\circ}\mbox{C} \end{array}$ 

k 1.3 P 323.7 W

Then:

```
V = \frac{3 \times 1.3 \times 323.7}{40 - 30}
```

= 126.2 m<sup>3</sup>/hr (74.5 ft<sup>3</sup> /min) (1 m<sup>3</sup>/ hr = 0.59 ft<sup>3</sup>/min)

# 3.7 Enclosure design and drive ambient temperature

Drive derating is required for operation in high ambient temperatures

Totally enclosing or through panel mounting the drive in either a sealed cabinet (no airflow) or in a well ventilated cabinet makes a significant difference on drive cooling.

The chosen method affects the ambient temperature value ( $T_{rate}$ ) which should be used for any necessary derating to ensure sufficient cooling for the whole of the drive.

The ambient temperature for the four different combinations is defined below:

- 1. Totally enclosed with no air flow (<2 m/s) over the drive  $T_{rate} = T_{int} + 5 \ ^{\circ}C$
- 2. Totally enclosed with air flow (>2 m/s) over the drive  $T_{rate} = T_{int}$
- 3. Through panel mounted with no airflow (<2 m/s) over the drive  $T_{rate}$  = the greater of  $T_{ext}$  +5 °C, or  $T_{int}$
- 4. Through panel mounted with air flow (>2 m/s) over the drive T<sub>rate</sub> = the greater of T<sub>ext</sub> or T<sub>int</sub>

Where:

- $T_{ext}$  = Temperature outside the cabinet
- T<sub>int</sub> = Temperature inside the cabinet
- T<sub>rate</sub> = Temperature used to select current rating from tables in Chapter 12 *Technical data* on page 257.

## 3.8 Heatsink fan operation

The drive is ventilated by an internal heatsink mounted fan. The fan housing forms a baffle plate, channelling the air through the heatsink chamber. Thus, regardless of mounting method (surface mounting or through-panel mounting), the installing of additional baffle plates is not required.

Ensure the minimum clearances around the drive are maintained to allow air to flow freely.

The heatsink fan on all sizes is a variable speed fan. The drive controls the speed at which the fan runs based on the temperature of the heatsink and the drive's thermal model system. The maximum speed at which the fan operates can be limited in Pr **06.045**. This could incur an output current derating. Refer to section 3.13.2 *Size 3 to 5 heatsink fan removal procedure* on page 67 for information on fan removal. Size 6 to 11 are also installed with a variable speed fan to ventilate the capacitor bank.

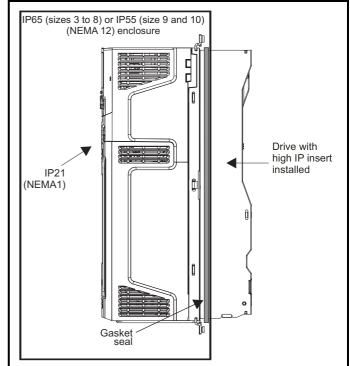
# 3.9 Enclosing standard drive for high environmental protection

An explanation of environmental protection rating is provided in section 12.1.9  $\it IP$  /  $\it UL$  Rating .

The standard drive is rated to IP20 pollution degree 2 (dry, nonconductive contamination only) (NEMA 1). However, it is possible to configure the drive to achieve IP65 rating (sizes 3 to 8) or IP55 (size 9, 10 and 11) (NEMA 12) at the rear of the heatsink for through-panel mounting (some current derating is required). Refer to section 12.1.1 *Power and current ratings (Derating for switching frequency and temperature*) on page 257.

This allows the front of the drive, along with various switchgear, to be housed in a high IP enclosure with the heatsink protruding through the panel to the external environment. Thus, the majority of the heat generated by the drive is dissipated outside the enclosure maintaining a reduced temperature inside the enclosure. This also relies on a good seal being made between the heatsink and the rear of the enclosure using the gaskets provided.

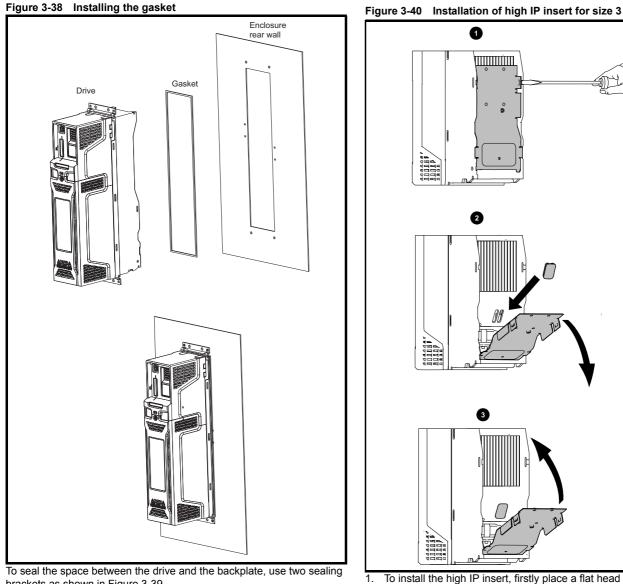
#### Figure 3-37 Example of IP65 (sizes 3 to 8) or IP55 (size 9 and 10) (NEMA 12) through-panel layout



The main gasket should be installed as shown in Figure 3-38.

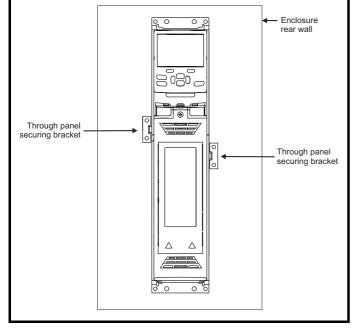
On drive sizes 3, 4 and 5, in order to achieve the high IP rating at the rear of the heatsink it is necessary to seal a heatsink vent by installing the high IP insert as shown in Figure 3-40, Figure 3-41 and Figure 3-42.

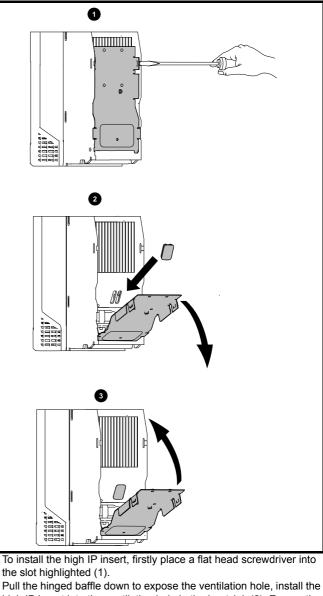




To seal the space between the drive and the backplate, use two sealing brackets as shown in Figure 3-39.

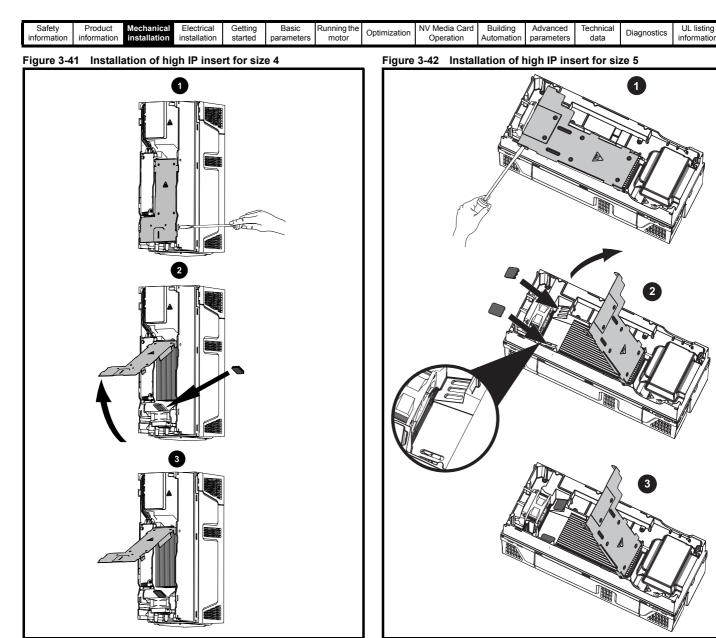
## Figure 3-39 Through panel mounting





- 2. high IP insert into the ventilation hole in the heatsink (2). Ensure the high IP insert is securely installed by firmly pressing it into place (3).
- 3. Close the hinged baffle as shown (1).
- To remove the high IP insert, reverse the above instructions.

The guidelines in Table 3-7 should be followed.



- 1. To install the high IP insert, firstly place a flat head screwdriver into the slot highlighted (1).
- 2. Pull the hinged baffle up to expose the ventilation hole, install the high IP insert into the ventilation hole in the heatsink (2).
- 3. Ensure the high IP insert is securely installed by firmly pressing it into place (3).
- 4. Close the hinged baffle as shown (1).

To remove the high IP insert, reverse the above instructions.

The guidelines in Table 3-7 should be followed.

- 1. To install the high IP insert, firstly place a flat head screwdriver into the slot highlighted (1).
- 2. Pull the hinged baffle up to expose the ventilation holes, install the high IP inserts into the ventilation holes in the heatsink (2).
- 3. Ensure the high IP inserts are securely installed by firmly pressing them into place (3).
- 4. Close the hinged baffle as shown (1).
- To remove the high IP insert, reverse the above instructions.

The guidelines in Table 3-7 should be followed.

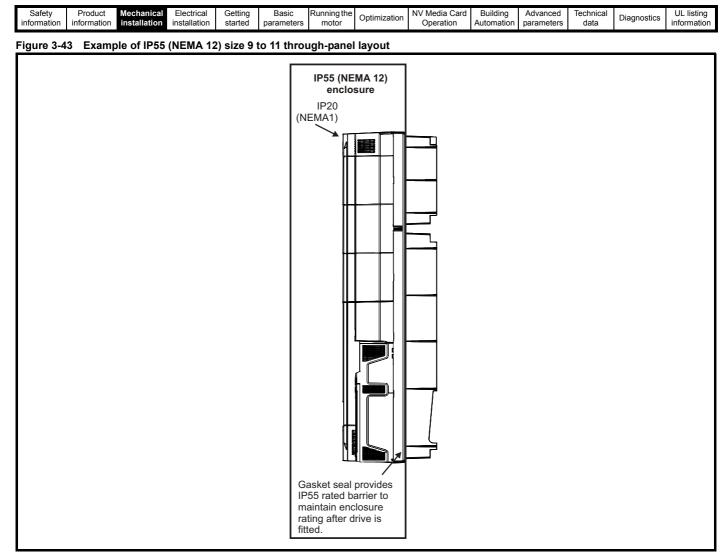
#### Table 3-7 Environment considerations

Environment	High IP insert	Comments
Clean	Not installed	
Dry, dusty (non-conductive)	Installed	Regular cleaning
Dry, dusty (conductive)	Installed	recommended
IP65 compliance	Installed	

#### NOTE

A current derating must be applied to the drive if the high IP insert is installed. Derating information is provided in section 12.1.1 *Power and current ratings (Derating for switching frequency and temperature)* on page 257.

Failure to do so may result in nuisance tripping.

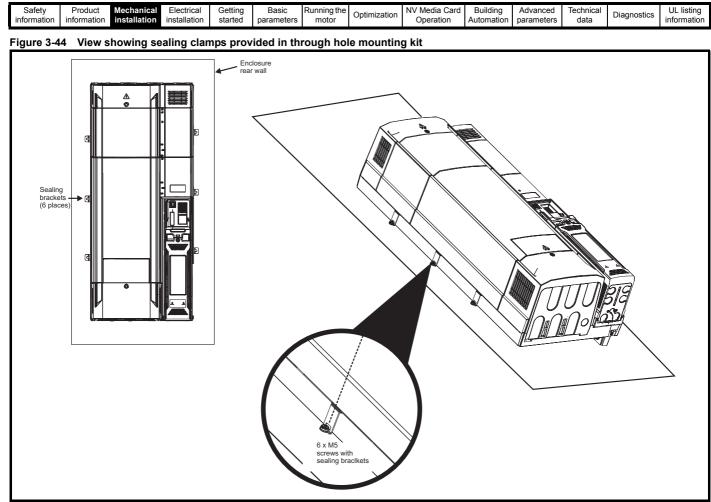


The main gasket should be installed as shown in Figure 3-38. Any screws / bolts that are used for mounting should be installed with M8 flat nylon washers to maintain a seal around the screw hole.

See Figure 3-44 on page 55, sealing clamps are supplied in the through panel mounting kit to aid compression of the gasket.

#### NOTE

The heatsink fans have conformal coated PCBs and have sealant at cable entry points. Dripping, splashing or sprayed water can impede the operation of the fan, therefore if the environment is such that the fan may be subjected to more than occasional dripping or sprayed water while operational, then suitable drip protection covers should be employed.



## NOTE

For detailed information regarding IP55 (NEMA 12) Through Panel Mounting see Figure 3-30 *Through panel mount detail for size 9A* on page 43, Figure 3-31 *Through-panel mounting the size 9E and 10E* on page 44 and Figure 3-32 *Through panel mounting the size 11E* on page 45.

#### NOTE

When designing an IP65 or IP55 enclosure, consideration should be made to the dissipation from the front of the drive.

Table 3-8	Power losses	from the from	nt of the drive w	hen through-panel	mounted
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Frame size	Power loss
3	≤ 50 W
4	≤ 75 W
5	≤ 100 W
6	≤ 100 W
7	≤ 204 W
8	≤ 347 W
9A/9E/10E/11E	≤ 480 W

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
					•					•			

# 3.10 External EMC filter

The external EMCfilter details for each drive rating are provided in the table below.

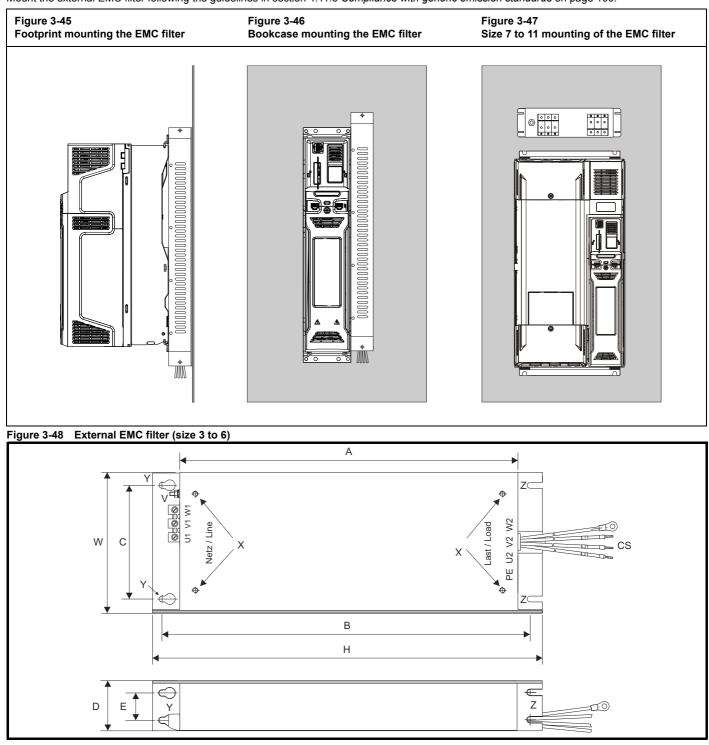
## Table 3-9 External EMC filter data

Model	CT part number	We	ight
Model	CT part number	kg	lb
200 V			
03200066 to 03200127	4200-3230	1.9	4.20
04200180 to 04200250	4200-0272	4.0	8.82
05200300	4200-0312	5.5	12.13
06200500 to 06200580	4200-2300	6.5	14.3
07200750 to 07201170	4200-1132	6	13.2
08201490 to 08201800	4200-1972	9.6	21.1
09202160 to 09202660 (9A)	4200-3021	11	24.3
09202160 to 09202660 (9E)	4200-4460	12	26.5
10203250 to 10203600	4200-4460	12	26.5
400 V			
03400034 to 03400123	4200-3480	2.0	4.40
04400185 to 04400240	4200-0252	4.1	9.04
05400300	4200-0402	5.5	12.13
06400380 to 06400630	4200-4800	6.7	14.8
07400790 to 07401120	4200-1132	6	13.2
08401550 to 08401840	4200-1972	9.6	21.1
09402210 to 09402660 (9A)	4200-3021	11	24.25
09402210 to 09402660 (9E)	4200-4460	12	26.5
10403200 to 10403610	4200-4460	12	26.5
11404370 to 11405070	4200-0400	14.7	32.41
575 V			
05500039 to 05500100	4200-0122	5.5	12.13
06500120 to 06500430	4200-3690	7.0	15.4
07500530 to 07500730	4200-0672	6.2	13.7
08500860 to 08501080	4200-1662	9.4	20.7
09501250 to 09501500 (9A)	4200-1660	5.2	11.46
09501250 to 09501500 (9E)	4200-2210	10.3	22.7
10502000	4200-2210	10.3	22.7
11502480 to 11503150	4200-0690	16.75	36.9
690 V			
07600230 to 07600730	4200-0672	6	13.2
08600860 to 08601080	4200-1662	9.4	20.7
09601250 to 09601550 (9A)	4200-1660	5.2	11.5
09601250 to 09601550 (9E)	4200-2210	10.3	22.7
10601720 to 10601970	4200-2210	10.3	22.7
11602250 to 11603050	4200-0690	16.75	36.9

Safety information         Product information         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor         Optimization         NV Media Card Operation         Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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The external EMC filters for sizes 0 to 6 can be footprint mounted or bookcase mounted as shown in Figure 3-45 and Figure 3-46. The external EMC filters for sizes 7 to 11, are designed to be mounted above the drive as shown in Figure 3-47.

Mount the external EMC filter following the guidelines in section 4.11.6 Compliance with generic emission standards on page 100.



V: Ground stud

X: Threaded holes for footprint mounting of the drive

Z: Bookcase mounting slot diameter.

CS: Cable size

Y: Footprint mounting hole diameter

## Table 3-10 Size 3 external EMC filter dimensions

CT part number	Α	В	С	D	E	н	w	۷	X	Y	z	CS
4200-3230	384 mm	414 mm	56 mm	41 mm		426 mm	83 mm	M5	M5	5.5 mm	5.5 mm	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
4200-3480	(15.12 in)	(16.30 in)	(2.21 in)	(1.61 in)		(16.77 in)	(3.27 in)	NIS	NIS	(0.22 in)	(0.22 in)	(14 AWG)

Diagnostics	UL listing information
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#### Table 3-11 Size 4 external EMC filter dimensions

CT part number	Α	В	С	D	E	н	w	v	Х	Y	z	CS
4200-0272	395 mm	425 mm	100 mm	60 mm	33 mm	437 mm	123 mm	M6	M6	6.5 mm	6.5 mm	6 mm <sup>2</sup>
4200-0252	(15.55 in)	(16.73 in)	(3.94 in)	(2.36 in)	(1.30 in)	(17.2 in)	(4.84 in)	IVIO	IVIO	(0.26 in)	(0.26 in)	(10 AWG)

#### Table 3-12 Size 5 external EMC filter dimensions

CT part number	Α	В	С	D	E	Н	w	v	х	Y	Z	CS
4200-0312 4200-0402	395 mm	425 mm	106 mm	60 mm	33 mm	437 mm	143 mm			6.5 mm	6.5 mm	10 mm <sup>2</sup> (8 AWG)
4200-0122	(15.55 in)	(16.73 in)	(4.17 in)	(2.36 in)	(1.30 in)	(17.2 in)	(5.63 in)	Mb	M6 M6	(0.26 in)	(0.26 in)	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (14 AWG)

#### Table 3-13 Size 6 external EMC filter dimensions

CT part number	Α	В	С	D	E	н	w	v	X	Y	Z	CS
4200-2300	392 mm	420 mm	180 mm	60 mm	33 mm	434 mm	210 mm			6.5 mm	6.5 mm	10
4200-4800	(15.43 in)	(16.54 in)	(7.09 in)	(2.36 in)	(1.30 in)	(17.09 in)	(8.27 in)	M6	M6	(0.26 in)	(0.26 in)	16 mm <sup>2</sup> (6 AWG)
4200-3690	()	(1010111)	(1.00)	()	(1.00)	(	(0.21)			(0.20)	(0.20)	(0 AWO)

## Figure 3-49 External EMC filter (size 7 to 8)

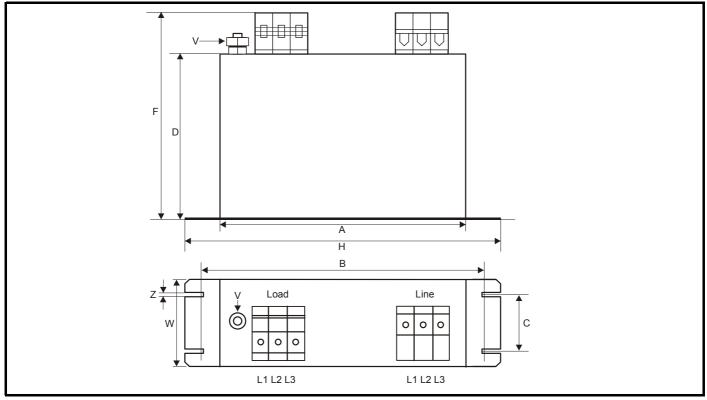


Table 3-14 Size 7 external EMC filter dimensions

CT part number	Α	В	С	D	E	F	н	w	v	х	Y	z
4200-1132	240 mm	255 mm	55 mm	150 mm		205 mm	270 mm	90 mm	M10			6.5 mm
4200-0672	(9.45 in)	(10.04 in)	(2.17 in)	(5.90 in)		(8.07 in)	(10.63 in)	(3.54 in)	MITO			(0.26 in)

Table 3-15 Size 8 external EMC filter dimensions

CT part number	Α	В	С	D	E	F	н	w	v	х	Y	z
4200-1972	260 mm	275 mm	85 mm	170 mm		249mm	300 mm	120 mm	M10			6.5 mm
4200-1662	(10.24in)	(10.83 in)	(3.35 in)	(6.69 in)		(9.79 in)	(11.81 in)	(4.72 in)	WITO			(0.26 in)

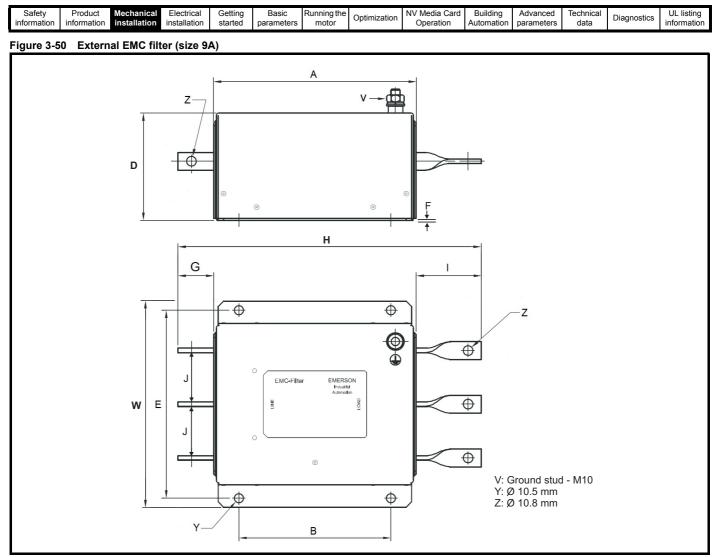


Table 3-16 Size 9A external EMC filter dimensions

CT part number	Α	В	D	E	F	G	н	I	J	w
4200-3021	220 mm	170 mm	120 mm	210 mm	2 mm	40 mm	339 mm	73 mm	60 mm	230 mm
	(8.66 in)	(6.70 in)	(4.72 in)	(8.27 in)	(0.08 in)	(1.57 in)	(13.34)	(2.87 in)	(2.36 in)	(9.06 in)
4200-1660	280 mm	180 mm	105 mm	225 mm	2 mm	40 mm	360 mm	73 mm	60 mm	245 mm
	(11.02 in)	(7.09 in)	(4.13 in)	(8.86 in)	(0.08 in)	(1.57 in)	(14.17 in)	(2.87 in)	(2.36 in)	(9.65 in)

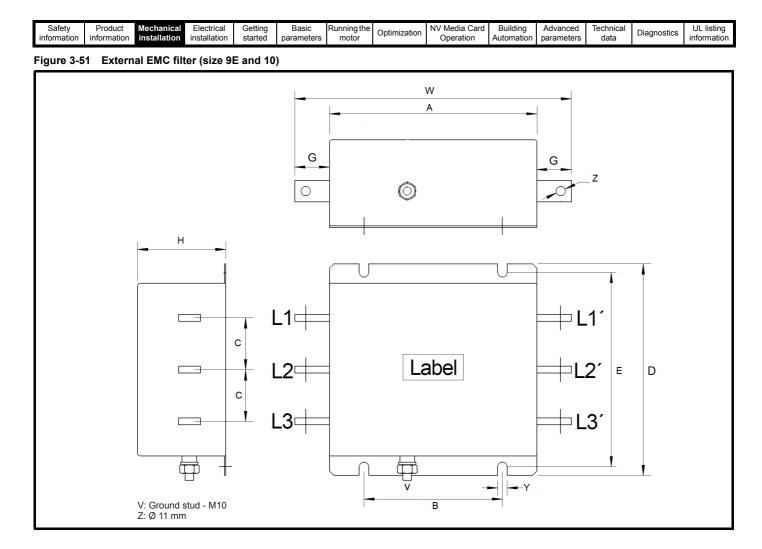
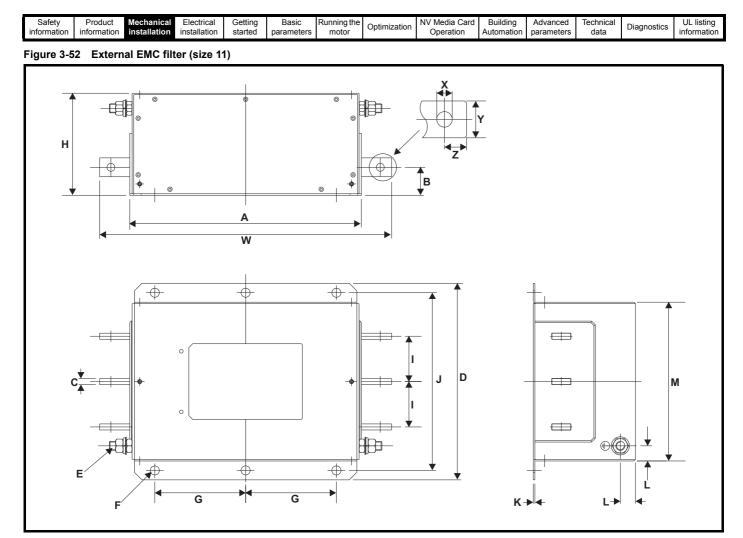


Table 3-17 Size 9E and 10E external EMC filter dimensions

CT part number	Α	В	С	D	E	G	Н	w	Y
4200-4460	280 mm	180 mm	57 mm	245 mm	225 mm	40 mm	105 mm	360 mm	11 mm
4200-2210	(11.02)	(7.09)	(2.24 mm)	(9.65 in)	(8.86 in)	(1.57 in)	(4.13 in)	(14.7 in)	(0.43 in)

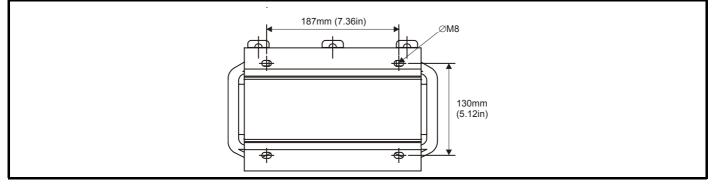


CT part number	Α	В	с	D	E	F	G	н	I	J	к	L	М	х	Y	z	w
4200-0400	306 mm	37 mm	8 mm	260 mm	M12	12 mm	120 mm	135 mm	60 mm	235 mm	2 mm	20 mm	210 mm	10.5 mm	25 mm	15 mm	386 mm
4200-0690	(12.05 in)	(1.46 in)	(0.32 in)	(10.2 in)	IVI 12	(0.47 in)	(4.72 in)	(5.32 in)	(2.36 in)	(9.25 in)	(0.08 in)	(0.79 in)	(8.27 in)	(0.41 in)	(0.98 in)	(0.59 in)	(15.20 in)

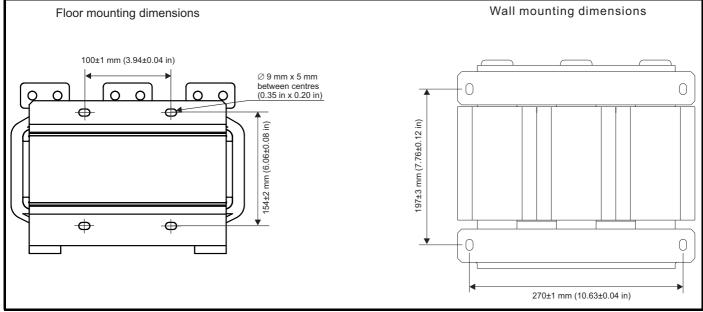
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the		NV Media Card	Buildina	Advanced	Technical		UL listina
							Optimization					Diagnostics	
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	opunization	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Diagnoodoo	information
	mormation	inotanation	motanation	0101100	parametere			oporation	,	parametere	aata		monuation

3.11 Line reactor mounting dimensions for size 9E,10E and 11E

## Figure 3-53 Input line reactor (INLX0X) for size 9 and 10



#### Figure 3-54 Input line reactor (INLX0X) for size 11

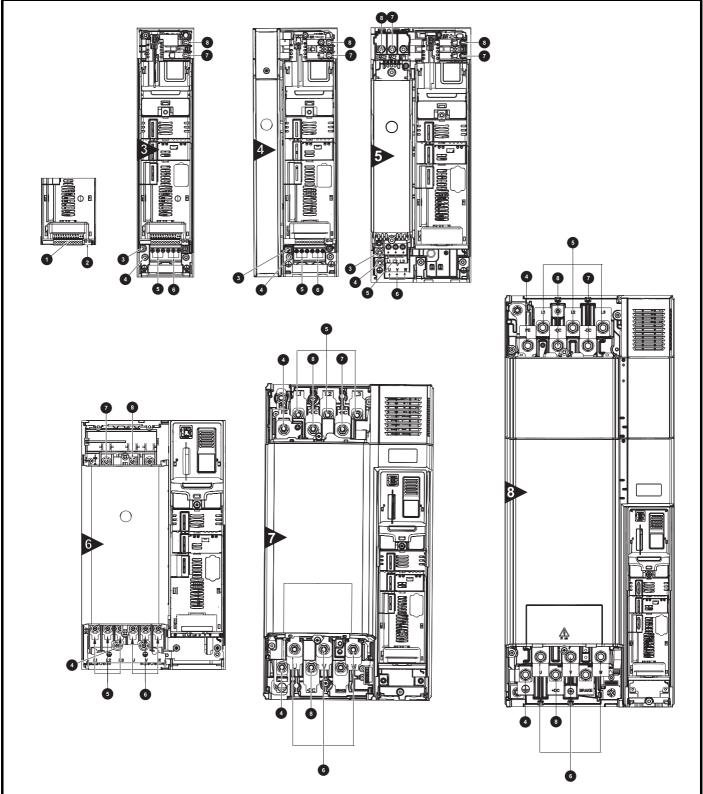


For overall dimensions and other details, refer to Chapter 4.2.3 Drive model and input line reactor on page 81.



#### 3.12 **Electrical terminals**

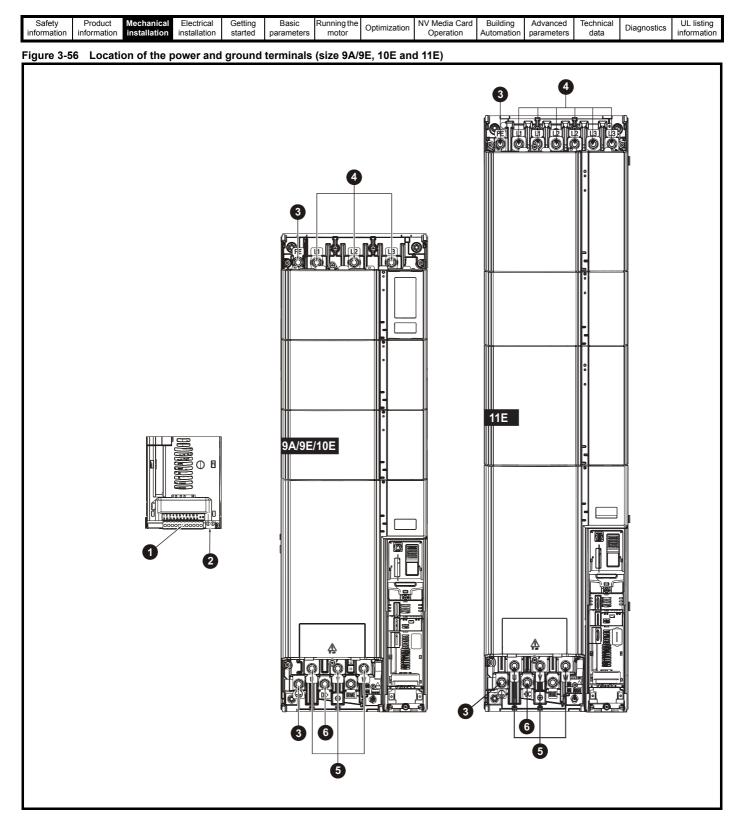
**3.12.1** Location of the power and ground terminals Figure 3-55 Locations of the power and ground terminals (size 3 to 8)



## Key

- 1. Control terminals
- 2. Relay terminals
- 3. Additional ground connection
- 4. Ground connections
- 5. AC power terminals
- 6. Motor terminals

7. DC bus -8. DC bus +



#### Key

- 1. Control terminals
- 2. Relay terminals

- 3. Ground connections
- 4. AC power terminals

- 5. Motor terminals
- 6. DC bus +

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
					•								

## 3.12.2 Terminal sizes and torque settings



To avoid a fire hazard and maintain validity of the UL listing, adhere to the specified tightening torques for the power and ground terminals. Refer to the following tables.

#### Table 3-19 Drive power terminal data

H300 frame	AC and mot	or terminals	DC and	braking	Ground	terminal
size	Recommended	Maximum	Recommended	Maximum	Recommended	Maximum
3 and 4	Plug-in ter	minal block	Т20 То	rx (M4)	T20 Torx (M4) / M	4 Nut (7 mm AF)
5 anu 4	0.7 N m (0.5 lb ft)	0.8 N m (0.6 lb ft)	2.0 N m (1.4 lb ft)	2.5 N m (1.8 lb ft)	2.0 N m (1.4 lb ft)	2.5 N m (1.8 lb ft)
5	Plug-in ter	minal block	T20 Torx (M4) / M	4 Nut (7 mm AF)	M5 Nut (8	3 mm AF)
0	1.5 N m (1.1 lb ft)	1.8 N m (1.3 lb ft)	1.5 N m (1.1 lb ft)	2.5 N m (1.8 lb ft)	2.0 N m (1.4 lb ft)	5.0 N m (3.7 lb ft)
6	M6 Nut (1	0 mm AF)	M6 Nut (1	0 mm AF)	M6 Nut (1	0 mm AF)
0	6.0 N m(4.4 lb ft)	8.0 N m (6.0 lb ft)	6.0 N m(4.4 lb ft)	8.0 N m (6.0 lb ft)	6.0 N m(4.4 lb ft)	8.0 N m (6.0 lb ft)
7	M8 Nut (1	3 mm AF)	M8 Nut (1	3 mm AF)	M8 Nut (1	3 mm AF)
	12 N m (8.8 lb ft)	14 N m (10.0 lb ft)	12 N m (8.8 lb ft)	14 N m (10.0 lb ft)	12 N m (8.8 lb ft)	14 N m (10.0 lb ft)
8 to 11	M10 Nut (	17 mm AF)	M10 Nut (*	17 mm AF)	M10 Nut (	17 mm AF)
01011	15 N m (11.1 lb ft)	20 N m (14.8 lb ft)	15 N m (11.1 lb ft)	20 N m (14.8 lb ft)	15 N m (11.1 lb ft)	20 N m (14.8 lb ft)

#### Table 3-20 Drive control and relay terminal data

Model	Connection type	Torque setting
All	Plug-in terminal block	0.5 N m (0.4 lb ft)

## Table 3-21 Plug-in terminal block maximum cable sizes

Model size	Terminal block description	Max cable size
All	11 way control connectors	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (16 AWG)
711	2 way relay connector	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (12 AWG)
3	6 way AC power connector	6 mm <sup>2</sup> (10 AWG)
4		
5	3 way AC power connector	8 mm <sup>2</sup> (8 AWG)
	3 way motor connector	0.1111 (07.11.0)
6		
7	2 way low voltage power	
8	24 V supply connector	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (16 AWG)
9A/9E		
10E/11E	1	

#### Table 3-22 External EMC filter terminal data

CT part		Power connections			und ctions	
number	Bar hole diameter	Max cable size	Max torque	Ground stud size	Max torque	
4200-1132		50 mm <sup>2</sup>	8.0 N m			
4200-0672		(1/0 AWG)	(6.0lb ft)	M10	18 N m	
4200-1972		95 mm <sup>2</sup>	20 N m	WITO	(13.3 lb ft)	
4200-1662		(3/0 AWG)	(14.8 lb ft)			
4200-0122			2.3 N m (1.7 lb ft)			
4200-0252		16 mm <sup>2</sup>		M6	4.8 N m	
4200-0272		(6 AWG)	1.8 N m	IVIO	(2.8 lb ft)	
4200-0312	N/A		(1.4 lb ft)			
4200-0402						
4200-3230		4 mm <sup>2</sup> (12 AWG)	0.8 N m (0.59 lb ft)	M5	3.0 N m	
4200-3480		4 mm <sup>2</sup> (12 AWG)	0.8 N m (0.59 lb ft)	M5	(2.2 lb ft)	
4200-2300		16 mm <sup>2</sup>	2.3 N m		4.8 N m	
4200-4800		16 mm <sup>-</sup> (6 AWG)	2.3 N m (1.70 lb ft)	M6	4.8 N m (2.8 lb ft)	
4200-3690		(0 ANG)	(1.1010101)		(2.0 10 10)	
4200-3021	10.8 mm					
4200-4460	11 mm			M10	18 N m	
4200-1660	10.8 mm	N/A	30 N m	IVI I U	(13.3 lb ft)	
4200-2210	11 mm	11/7	(22.1 lb ft)			
4200-0400	10.5 mm			M12	25 N m	
4200-0690	10.5 mm			IVI I Z	(18.4 lb ft)	

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
					•			•		•			

## 3.13 Routine maintenance

The drive should be installed in a cool, clean, well ventilated location. Contact of moisture and dust with the drive should be prevented.

Regular checks of the following should be carried out to ensure drive / installation reliability are maximized:

Environment	
Ambient temperature	Ensure the enclosure temperature remains at or below maximum specified
Dust	Ensure the drive remains dust free – check that the heatsink and drive fan are not gathering dust. The lifetime of the fan is reduced in dusty environments.
Moisture	Ensure the drive enclosure shows no signs of condensation
Enclosure	
Enclosure door filters	Ensure filters are not blocked and that air is free to flow
Electrical	
Screw connections	Ensure all screw terminals remain tight
Crimp terminals	Ensure all crimp terminals remains tight – check for any discoloration which could indicate overheating
Cables	Check all cables for signs of damage

#### 3.13.1 Real time clock battery replacement

The keypads with the real time clock feature contain a battery to ensure the clock works when the drive is powered down. The battery has a long life time but if the battery needs to be replaced or removed, follow the instructions below.

Low battery voltage is indicated by 📋 low battery symbol on the keypad display.

#### Figure 3-57 Keypad (rear view)

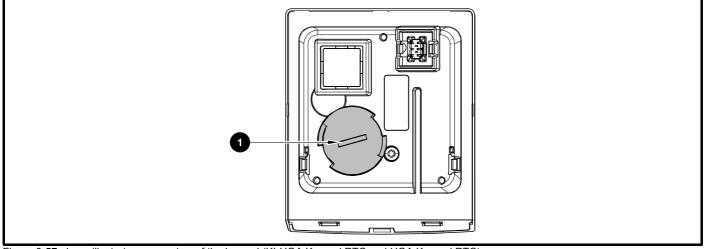


Figure 3-57 above illustrates a rear view of the keypad (KI-HOA Keypad RTC and HOA Keypad RTC).

- 1. To remove the battery cover insert a flat head screwdriver into the slot as shown (1), push and turn anti-clockwise until the battery cover is released.
- 2. Replace the battery (the battery type is: CR2032).
- 3. Reverse point 1 above to replace battery cover.

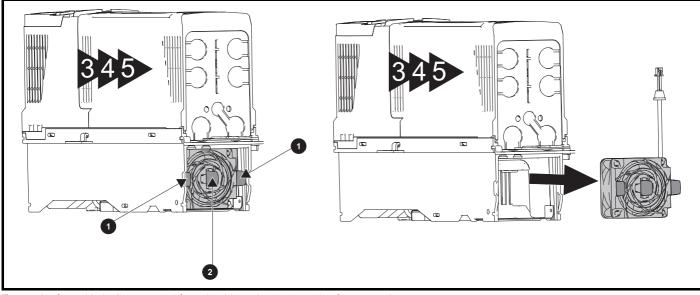
### NOTE

Ensure the battery is disposed of correctly.

information installation data Diagnostics information assessed as Diagnostics	Safety information	Product Mechanical information installation	3	Basic Running the parameters motor	e Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 3.13.2 Size 3 to 5 heatsink fan removal procedure

Figure 3-58 Removal of the size 3, 4 and 5 heatsink fan (size 3 shown)



Ensure the fan cable is disconnected from the drive prior to attempting fan removal.

- 1. Press the two tabs inwards to release the fan from the drive frame.
- 2. Using the central fan tab, withdraw the fan assembly from the drive housing.

Replace the fan by reversing the above instructions.

#### NOTE

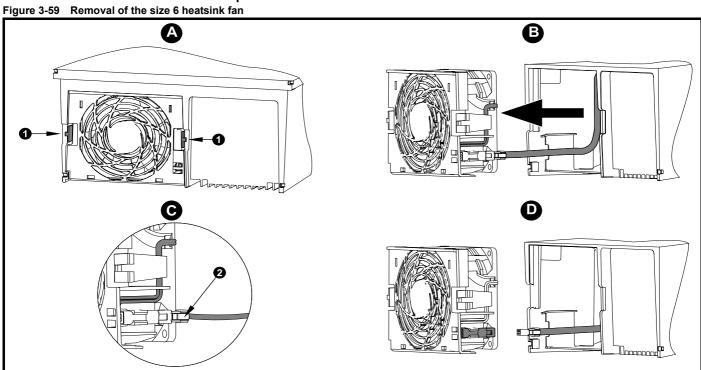
If the drive is surface mounted using the outer holes on the mounting bracket, then the heatsink fan can be replaced without removing the drive from the backplate.

#### Table 3-23 Size 3 to 5 heatsink fan part numbers

Model	Heatsink fan part number
Size 3	3251-0029
Size 4	3251-0245
Size 5	3251-0245

Safety information         Product information         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor         Optimization	NV Media Card Building Advanced parameters data Diagnostics UL listing information
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# 3.13.3 Size 6 heatsink fan removal procedure



A: Press the tabs (1) inwards to release the fan assembly from the underside of the drive.

**B**: Use the tabs (1) to withdraw the fan by pulling it away from the drive.

C: Depress and hold the locking release on the fan cable lead as shown (2).

D: With the locking release depressed (2), take hold of the fan supply cable and carefully pull to separate the connectors.

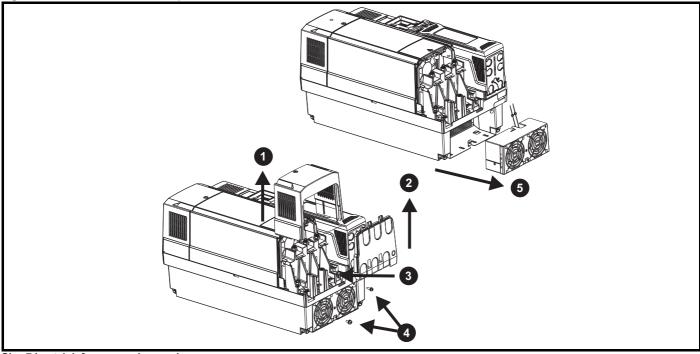
#### Table 3-24 Size 6 heatsink fan part number

Model	Heatsink fan part number
Size 6	3251-0030

		Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 3.13.4 Size 7 heatsink fan replacement

Figure 3-60 Size 7 heatsink fan replacement



## Size 7 heatsink fan removal procedure

1) Remove terminal cover

2) Remove finger guard

3) Disconnect fan cables from drive (making a note of the order) and push grommets down prior to attempting fan removal

4) Remove the mounting screws using a T20 and T25 torque driver

5) Withdraw fan housing from the drive

After fan(s) have been replaced, reverse the above steps to refit.

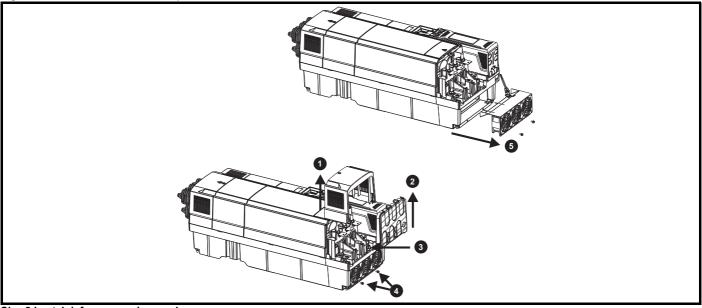
## Table 3-25 Size 7 heatsink fan part number

Drive model	Heatsink fan part number
Size 7	3251-8247

Safety information         Product information         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor         Optimization         NV Media Card Operation         Building Automation         Advanced parameters	Diadnostics	UL listing information
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## 3.13.5 Size 8 heatsink fan replacement

## Figure 3-61 Size 8 heatsink fan replacement



## Size 8 heatsink fan removal procedure

1) Remove terminal cover

2) Remove finger guard

3) Disconnect fan cables from drive (making a note of the order) and push grommet down prior to attempting fan removal

- 4) Remove the mounting screws using a T20 torque driver
- 5) Withdraw fan housing from the drive

After fan(s) have been replaced, reverse the above steps to refit.

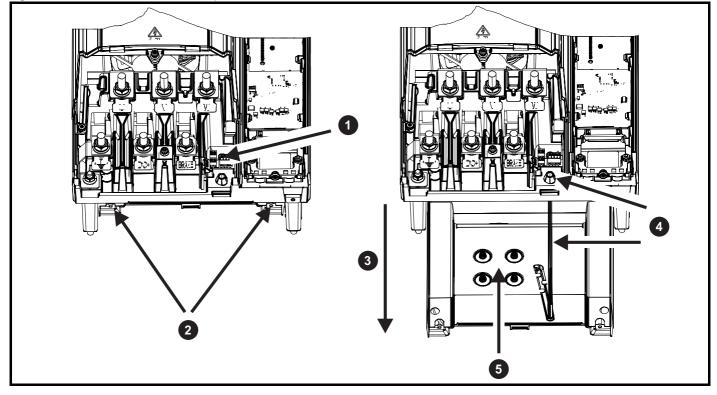
#### Table 3-26 Size 8 heatsink fan part number

Drive model	Heatsink fan part number
Size 8	3251-8240

Safety information         Product         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor         Optimization         NV Media Cal Operation	d Building Advanced Automation parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics UL lis	nation
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# 3.13.6 Size 9 to 11 heatsink fan replacement

Figure 3-62 Size 9 to 11 Heatsink fan replacement



#### Heatsink fan removal procedure

1) Using a flat screwdriver remove the fan wires from the fan connector (making a note of the order).

2) Using a T20 Torque driver remove the two screws that retain the heatsink fan housing

3) Withdraw the heatsink fan housing from the drive in the direction shown

4) Pull the fan cable through the fan cable gland

5) Using a T20 Torque driver remove the four screws that retain the fan in the housing

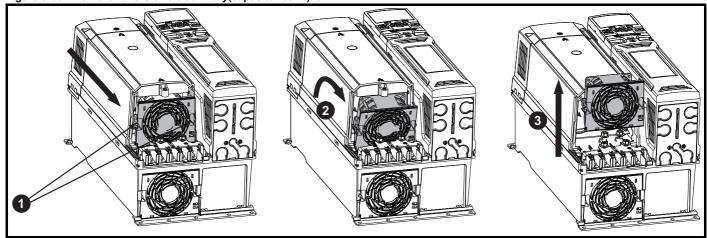
After fan has been replaced, reverse the above steps to refit.

#### Table 3-27 Heatsink fan part number

Drive model	Heatsink fan part number
Size 9 to 11	3251-1750

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Discretion	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

#### 3.13.7 Size 6 auxiliary (capacitor bank) fan replacement Figure 3-63 Removal of the size 6 auxiliary(capacitor bank) fan



• Press the tabs (1) inwards to release the fan assembly from the drive mid cover.

• Use the tabs (1) to withdraw the fan from the drive by pulling the fan assembly forward and tilting it at a slight angle (2).

- Pull the fan assembly up and away from the drive (3).
- Depress and hold the locking release on the fan cable lead.
- With the locking release depressed, take hold of the fan supply cable and carefully pull to separate the connectors.

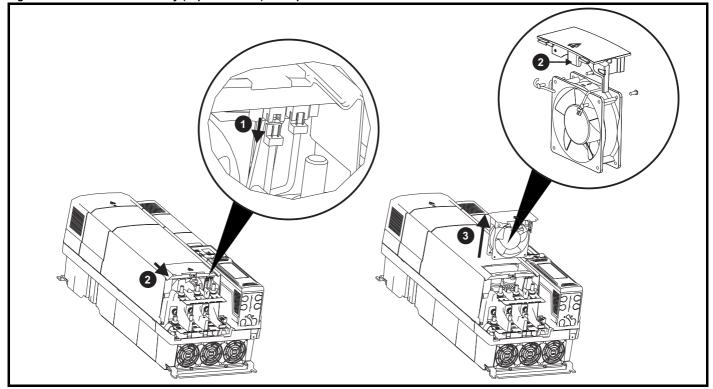
Replace the fan by reversing the above instructions.

#### Table 3-28 Size 6 auxiliary fan part number

Model	Auxiliary fan part number
Size 6	3251-0030

information installation installation installation installation information operation Automation parameters data	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 3.13.8 Size 7 to 11 auxiliary (capacitor bank) fan replacement Figure 3-64 Size 7 to 11 auxiliary (capacitor bank) fan replacement



# Size 7 to 11 auxiliary fan removal procedure

- 1) Disconnect the fan wiring connector shown
- 2) Slide fan housing in the direction shown using tongue shown in enlarged diagram of fan
- 3) Withdraw fan housing from the drive

After fan has been replaced, reverse the above steps to refit.

# Table 3-29 Size 7 to 11 Auxiliary (capactitor bank) fan part numbers

Drive model	Auxiliary (capacitor bank fan part number
Size 7	3251-0041
Size 8	3251-2249
Size 9, 10 and 11 (575V and 690V)	3251-0042
Size 11 (400V)	3251-1202

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the		NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

# 4 Electrical installation

Many cable management features have been incorporated into the product and accessories, this chapter shows how to optimize them. Key features include:

- Safe Torque Off function
- Internal EMC filter
- EMC compliance with shielding / grounding accessories
- Product rating, fusing and cabling information

# WARNING

# Electric shock risk

The voltages present in the following locations can cause severe electric shock and may be lethal:

AC supply cables and connections

- DC cables and connections
- Output cables and connections
- Many internal parts of the drive, and external option units Unless otherwise indicated, control terminals are single insulated and must not be touched.



# Isolation device

The AC and / or DC power supply must be disconnected from the drive using an approved isolation device before any cover is removed from the drive or before any servicing work is performed.



## STOP function

The STOP function does not remove dangerous voltages from the drive, the motor or any external option units.



## Safe Torque Off function

The Safe Torque Off function does not remove dangerous voltages from the drive, the motor or any external option units.



## Stored charge

The drive contains capacitors that remain charged to a potentially lethal voltage after the AC and / or DC power supply has been disconnected. If the drive has been energized, the AC and / or DC power supply must be isolated at least ten minutes before work may continue. Normally, the capacitors are discharged by an internal resistor. Under certain, unusual fault conditions, it is possible that the capacitors may fail to discharge, or be prevented from being discharged by a voltage applied to the output terminals. If the drive has failed in a manner that causes the display to go blank immediately, it is possible the capacitors will not be discharged. In this case, consult Control Techniques or their authorized distributor.



## Equipment supplied by plug and socket

Special attention must be given if the drive is installed in equipment which is connected to the AC supply by a plug and socket. The AC supply terminals of the drive are connected to the internal capacitors through rectifier diodes which are not intended to give safety isolation. If the plug terminals can be touched when the plug is disconnected from the socket, a means of automatically isolating the plug from the drive must be used (e.g. a latching relay).



# Permanent magnet motors

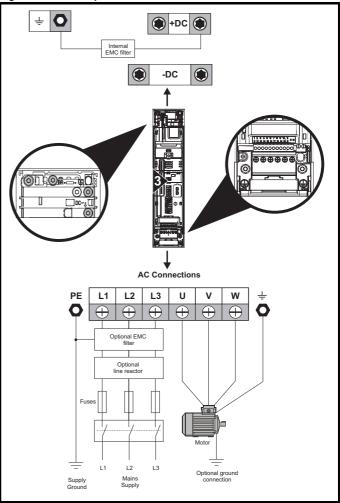
Permanent magnet motors generate electrical power if they are rotated, even when the supply to the drive is disconnected. If that happens then the drive will become energized through its motor terminals.

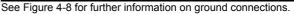
If the motor load is capable of rotating the motor when the supply is disconnected, then the motor must be isolated from the drive before gaining access to any live parts.

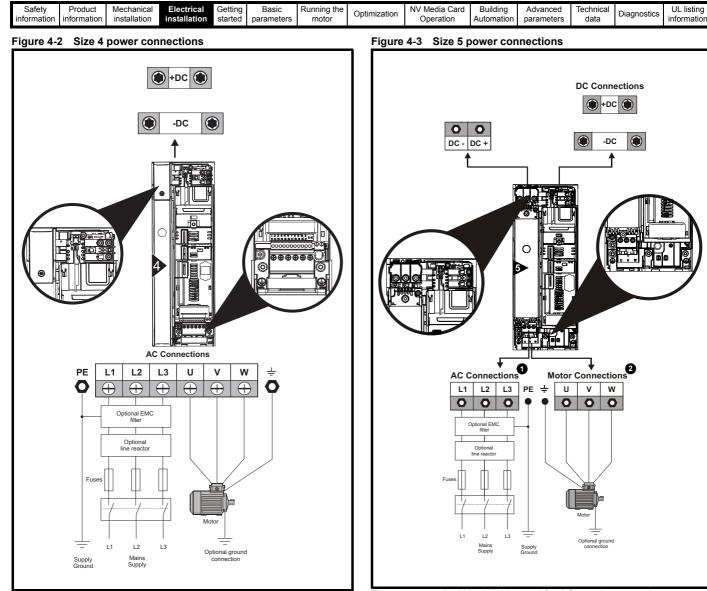
# 4.1 Power connections

# 4.1.1 AC and DC connections

Figure 4-1 Size 3 power connections

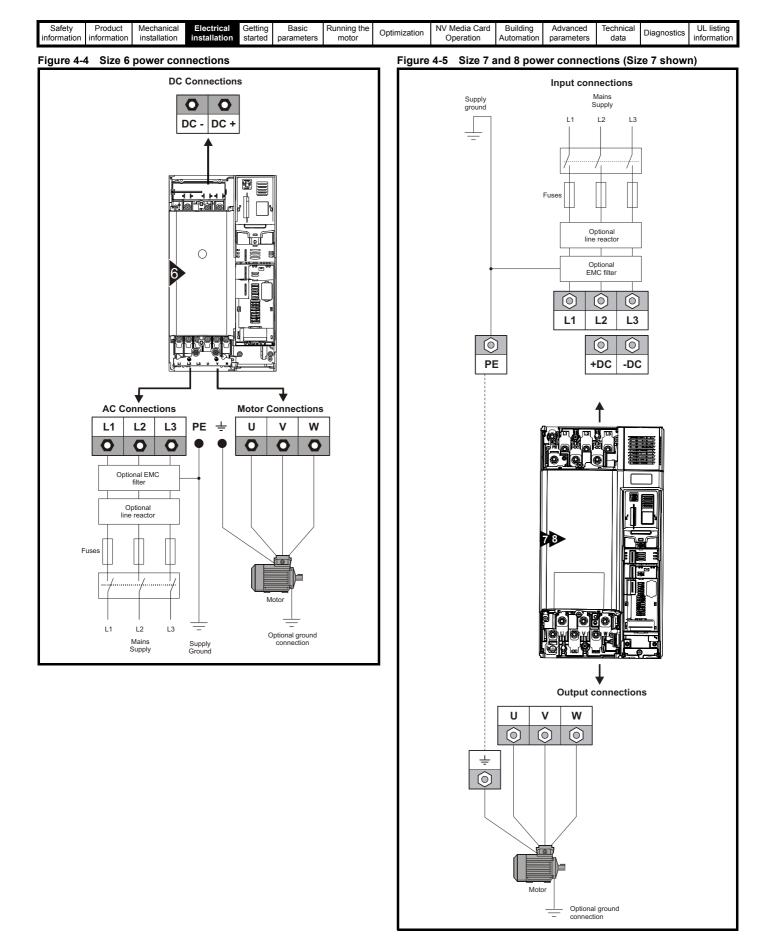


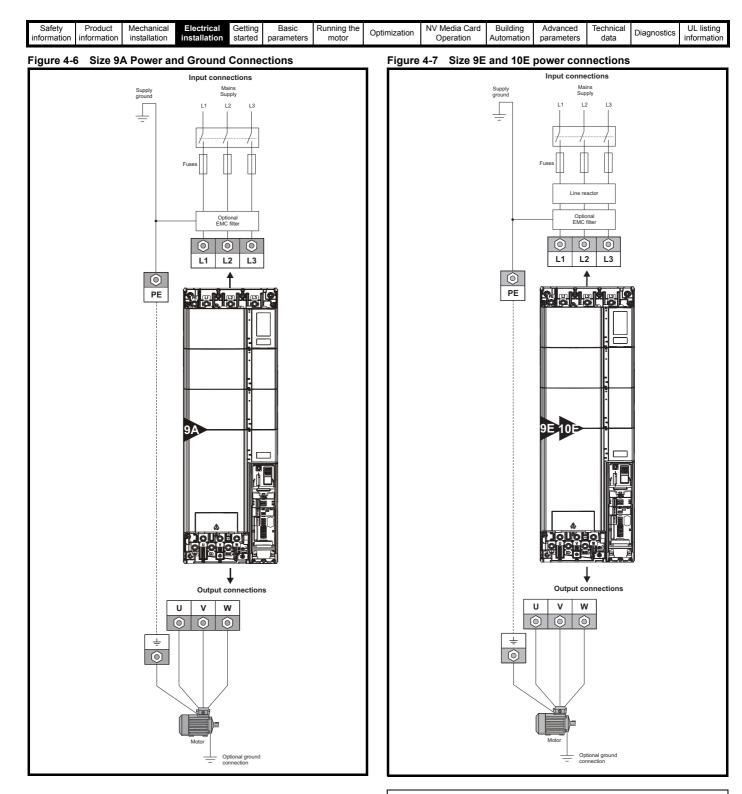




See Figure 4-8 for further information regarding ground connections.

The upper terminal block (1) is used for AC supply connection. The lower terminal block (2) is used for Motor connection. See Figure 4-9 for further information on ground connections.







A separate line reactor (INLXXX) of at least the value shown in Table 4-13 and Table on page 81 must be used with size 9E, 10E and 11E. Failure to provide sufficient reactance warning could damage or reduce the service life of the drive.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

# 4.1.2 Ground connections



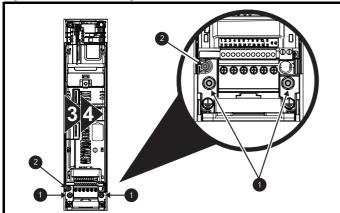
Electrochemical corrosion of grounding terminals Ensure that grounding terminals are protected against

corrosion i.e. as could be caused by condensation.

# Size 3 and 4

On sizes 3 and 4, the supply and motor ground connections are made using the M4 studs located either side of the drive near the plug-in power connector. Refer to Figure 4-8 for additional ground connection.

# Figure 4-8 Size 3 and 4 ground connections

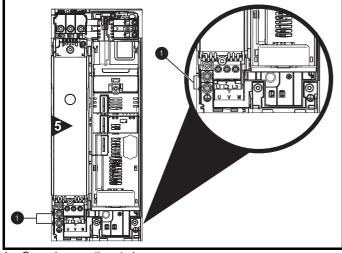


- 1. Ground connection studs.
- 2. Additional ground connection.

# Size 5

On size 5, the supply and motor ground connections are made using the M5 studs located near the plug-in power connector. Refer to Figure 4-9 for additional ground connection.

# Figure 4-9 Size 5 ground connections

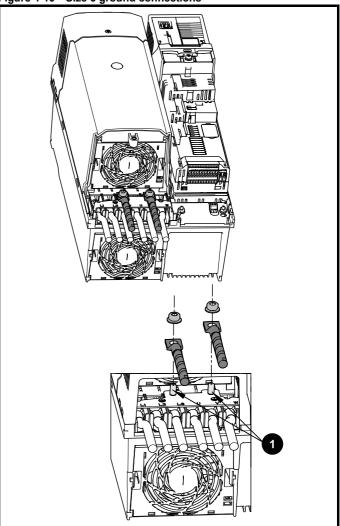


Ground connection studs.

# Size 6

On a size 6, the supply and motor ground connections are made using the M6 studs located above the supply and motor terminals. Refer to Figure 4-10 below.

# Figure 4-10 Size 6 ground connections



1. Ground connection studs

Safety         Product         Mechanical         Electrical         Getting         Basic         Running the motor         Optimization         NV Media Card         Building         Advanced         Technical         Diagnostics         UL listin
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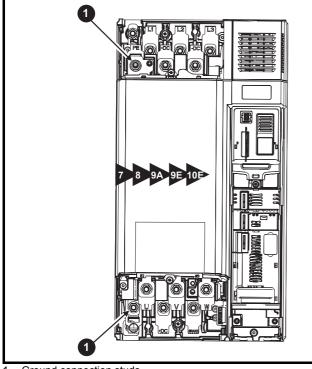
# Size 7

On size 7, the supply and motor ground connections are made using the M8 studs located by the supply and motor connection terminals.

# Size 8 to 10

On size 8 to 10, the supply and motor ground connections are made using the M10 studs located by the supply and motor connection terminals.

#### Figure 4-11 Size 7 to 10 ground connections



1. Ground connection studs.

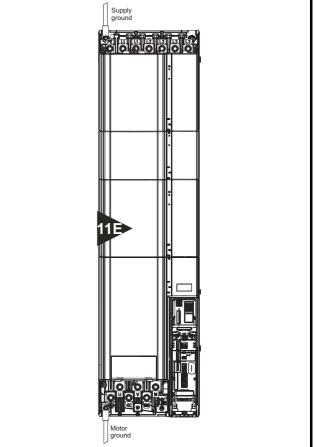


The ground loop impedance must conform to the requirements of local safety regulations.

The drive must be grounded by a connection capable of carrying the prospective fault current until the protective device (fuse, etc.) disconnects the AC supply.

The ground connections must be inspected and tested at appropriate intervals.

# Figure 4-12 Size 11E ground connections



# Table 4-1 Protective ground cable ratings

Input phase conductor size	Minimum ground conductor size
≤ 10 mm <sup>2</sup>	Either 10 mm <sup>2</sup> or two conductors of the same cross-sectional area as the input phase conductor (an additional ground connection is provided on sizes 3, 4 and 5 for this purpose).
> 10 mm <sup>2</sup> and $\leq$ 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	The same cross-sectional area as the input phase conductor
> 16 mm <sup>2</sup> and $\leq$ 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	16 mm <sup>2</sup>
> 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	Half of the cross-sectional area of the input phase conductor

# 4.2 AC supply requirements

Voltage:

200 V drive:	200 V to 240 V ±10 %
400 V drive:	380 V to 480 V ±10 %
575 V drive:	500 V to 575 V ±10 %
690 V drive:	500 V to 690 V ±10 %

Number of phases: 3

Maximum supply imbalance: 2 % negative phase sequence (equivalent to 3 % voltage imbalance between phases).

Frequency range: 45 to 66 Hz

For UL compliance only, the maximum supply symmetrical fault current must be limited to 100 kA  $\,$ 

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 4.2.1 Supply types

All drives are suitable for use on any supply type i.e TN-S, TN-C-S, TT and IT.

- Supplies with voltage up to 600 V may have grounding at any potential, i.e. neutral, centre or corner ("grounded delta")
- · Supplies with voltage above 600 V may not have corner grounding

Drives are suitable for use on supplies of installation category III and lower, according to IEC60664-1. This means they may be connected permanently to the supply at its origin in a building, but for outdoor installation additional over-voltage suppression (transient voltage surge suppression) must be provided to reduce category IV to category III.



# Operation with IT (ungrounded) supplies:

Special attention is required when using internal or external EMC filters with ungrounded supplies, because in the event of a ground (earth) fault in the motor circuit the drive may not trip and the filter could be over-stressed. In this case, either the filter must not be used (removed) or additional independent motor ground fault protection must be provided.

For instructions on removal, refer to section 4.11.2 Internal EMC filter on page 97. For details of ground fault protection contact the supplier of the drive.

A ground fault in the supply has no effect in any case. If the motor must continue to run with a ground fault in its own circuit then an input isolating transformer must be provided and if an EMC filter is required it must be located in the primary circuit.

Unusual hazards can occur on ungrounded supplies with more than one source, for example on ships. Contact the supplier of the drive for more information.

# 4.2.2 Supplies requiring line reactors

Input line reactors reduce the risk of damage to the drive resulting from poor phase balance or severe disturbances on the supply network.

Where line reactors are to be used, reactance values of approximately 2 % are recommended. Higher values may be used if necessary, but may result in a loss of drive output (reduced torque at high speed) because of the voltage drop.

For all drive ratings, 2 % line reactors permit drives to be used with a supply unbalance of up to 3.5 % negative phase sequence (equivalent to 5% voltage imbalance between phases).

Severe disturbances may be caused by the following factors, for example:

- · Power factor correction equipment connected close to the drive.
- · Large DC drives having no or inadequate line reactors connected to the supply.
- Across the line (DOL) started motor(s) connected to the supply such that when any of these motors are started, the voltage dip exceeds 20 %.

Such disturbances may cause excessive peak currents to flow in the input power circuit of the drive. This may cause nuisance tripping, or in extreme cases, failure of the drive.

Drives of low power rating may also be susceptible to disturbance when connected to supplies with a high rated capacity.

Line reactors are particularly recommended for use with the following drive models when one of the above factors exists, or when the supply capacity exceeds 175 kVA:

03200066, 03200080, 03200110, 03200127,

# 03400034, 03400045, 03400062, 03400077

Model sizes 03400104 to 10601970 have an internal DC choke and model sizes 08201160 to 07600730 have internal AC line chokes so they do not require AC line reactors except for cases of excessive phase unbalance or extreme supply conditions. Drive sizes 9E and 10E do not have internal input line reactors hence an external input line reactor must be used. For more information refer to Section 4.2.3 *Drive model and input line reactor* When required, each drive must have its own reactor(s). Three individual reactors or a single three-phase reactor should be used.

## **Reactor current ratings**

The current rating of the line reactors should be as follows:

Continuous current rating:

Not less than the continuous input current rating of the drive

Repetitive peak current rating:

Not less than twice the continuous input current rating of the drive



A separate line reactor (INLXXX) of at least the value shown in Table 4-2 and Table 4-3 must be used with size 9E, 10E and 11E. Failure to provide sufficient reactance could damage or reduce the service life of the drive.

Uladnostics	Uptimization Diagnostics	Optimization	5.0						
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# 4.2.3 Drive model and input line reactor

 Table 4-2
 Drive model and line reactor part number

Size	Drive model	Inductor model	Line reactor part number
	03200066, 03200080	INL 2001	4401-0143
	03200110, 03200127	INL 2002	4401-0144
3	03400034, 03400045	INL 4001	4401-0148
5	03400062	INL 4002	4401-0149
	03400077, 03400104	INL 4011	4401-0234
	03400123	INL 4003	4401-0151
	04200180	INL 2002	4401-0144
4	04200250	INL 2003	4401-0145
-	04400185	INL 4004	4401-0152
	04400240	INL 4005	4401-0153
	05200300	INL 2008	4401-0226
	05400300	INL 4013	4401-0236
5	05500039	INL 5007	4401-0242
	05500061	INL 5008	4401-0243
	05500100	INL 5009	4401-0244
	06200500	INL 2004	4401-0146
	06200580	INL 2005	4401-0147
	06400380	INL 4006	4401-0154
	06400480	INL 4007	4401-0155
	06400630	INL 4008	4401-0156
6	06500120	INL 5001	4401-0157
	06500170	INL 5002	4401-0158
	06500220	INL 5003	4401-0159
	06500270	INL 5004	4401-0160
	06500340	INL 5005	4401-0161
	06500430	INL 5006	4401-0223
	07200750	INL 2009	4401-0227
	07200940	INL 2010	4401-0228
	07201170	INL 2011	4401-0229
	07400790	INL 4014	4401-0237
	07400940	INL 4015	4401-0238
	07401120	INL 4016	4401-0239
	07500530	INL 5006	4401-0223
7	07500730	INL 5010	4401-0245
	07600230	INL 6001	4401-0248
	07600300	INL 6002	4401-0249
	07600360	INL 6003	4401-0250
	07600460	INL 6004	4401-0251
	07600520	INL 6005	4401-0252
	07600730	INL 6006	4401-0253
	08201490	INL 2012	4401-0230
	08201800	INL 2013	4401-0231
	08401550	INL 4017	4401-0240
	08401840	INL 4017	4401-0241
8	08500860	INL 5011	4401-0246
	08501080	INL 5012	4401-0247
	08600860	INL 6007	4401-0254
	08601080	INL 6008	4401-0255
	09202160, 09202660, 09402210, 09402660	INL 401	4401-0181
9E	09501250, 09501500, 09601720, 09601970	INL 401	4401-0181
	10203250, 10203600, 10403200, 10403610	INL 402	4401-0183
10E	10203250, 10203600, 10403200, 10403610	INL 402	4401-0182
11	11404370	INL 403L**	4401-0274
11E	11404370, 11404870, 11405070	INL 403*	4401-0259

\* Natural cooling.

\*\* May represent a more economic solution when operating below 420 A.

				_									
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

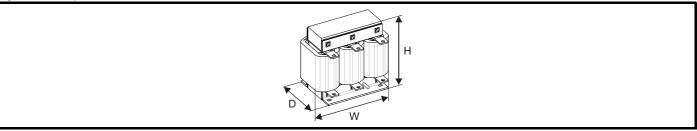
# Table 4-3 Input line reactor ratings (2%)

Part number	Model	Current	Inductance	Overall width (W)	Overall depth (D)	Overall height (H)	Weight	Max ambient temp	Min airflow	Maximum losses
		Α	μΗ	mm	mm	mm	kg	°C	m/s	w
4401-0143	INL 2001	13.5	790	156	70	125	1.8	50	0	42
4401-0144	INL 2002	20.6	480	156	80	125	2.4	50	0	43
4401-0145	INL 2003	26.8	320	156	80	125	2.5	50	0	48
4401-0148	INL 4001	6.6	2940	80	75	130	1.3	50	0	31
4401-0149	INL 4002	9.1	1620	156	70	125	1.8	50	0	42
4401-0234	INL 4011	13	1120	156	80	125	2.5	50	0	46
4401-0151	INL 4003	15.8	1050	156	80	125	2.6	50	0	47
4401-0152	INL 4004	18.7	790	156	60	145	3.5	50	0	62
4401-0153	INL 4005	24.3	610	156	75	145	4.9	50	0	59
4401-0226	INL 2008	32	260	156	60	145	3.30	50	0	64
4401-0146	INL 2004	48.8	170	156	75	145	4.8	50	0	59
4401-0147	INL 2005	56.6	150	156	120	130	4.9	50	0	58
4401-0236	INL 4013	32	480	156	75	145	4.9	50	0	63
4401-0154	INL 4006	36.5	400	206	140	200	8	50	0	78
4401-0155	INL 4007	46.2	320	206	140	200	9	50	0	84
4401-0156	INL 4008	60.6	240	255	125	195	11	50	0	104
4401-0242	INL 5007	4.3	492	80	75	130	1.4	50	0	35
4401-0243	INL 5008	6.8	311	156	70	125	1.8	50	0	39
4401-0244	INL 5009	11.4	1890	156	60	145	3.2	50	0	60
4401-0157	INL 5001	13.2	1600	156	60	145	3.5	50	0	60
4401-0158	INL 5002	18.7	1130	156	75	145	4.9	50	0	59
4401-0159	INL 5003	24.3	870	206	95	200	6	50	0	73
4401-0160	INL 5004	29.4	720	206	130	200	7.4	50	0	77
4401-0161	INL 5005	37.1	570	230	130	210	11	50	0	108
4401-0223	INL 5006	47	480	255	130	210	12.5	50	0	122
4401-0227	INL 2009	67	130	206	130	160	6.9	50	0	90
4401-0228	INL 2010	88	100	206	140	160	9	50	0	97
4401-0229	INL 2011	105	80	200	140	160	9.5	50	0	90
4401-0230	INL 2012	137	62	254	130	195	12.5	50	0	143
4401-0231	INL 2013	166	51	254	150	195	14	50	0	137
4401-0237	INL 4014	74	200	254	130	195	12	50	0	129
4401-0238	INL 4015	88	170	254	150	195	14	50	0	120
4401-0239	INL 4016	105	140	254	150	195	14	50	0	139
4401-0240	INL 4017	155	95	290	160	205	20	50	0	182
4401-0241	INL 4018	177	83	290	170	205	22	50	0	200
4401-0245	INL 5010	67	340	290	150	205	18	50	0	139
4401-0246	INL 5011	88	250	290	170	205	22	50	0	147
4401-0247	INL 5012	105	200	290	180	200	25	50	0	167
4401-0248	INL 6001	20	1270	206	95	200	5.8	50	0	71
4401-0249	INL 6002	26	980	200	130	200	7.4	50	0	80
4401-0250	INL 6002	32	880	200	130	200	10	50	0	84
4401-0251	INL 6003	39	650	200	140	200	10	50	0	123
4401-0252	INL 6005	45	580	254	130	210	12.5	50	0	123
4401-0253	INL 6005	43 67	410	290	150	210	12.5	50	0	124
4401-0254	INL 6007	88	300	290	170	205	22	50	0	123
4401-0255	INL 6007	105	240	290	170	205	22	50	0	204
4401-0255	INL 0008	245	63	290	190	225	32	50	0	148
4401-0181	INL 401 INL 402	370	44	240	200	225	32	50	1	205
4401-0182	INL 402 INL 601	145	178	240	190	225	30	50	1	88
4401-0183	INL 601 INL 602	202	178	240	200	225	36	50	1	00 116
4401-0184	INL 002 INL 401	202	63	240	190	225	30	50	1	148
4401-0181	INL 401 INL 402									
4401-0182	INL 402 INL 403L*	339 420	44 30	276 300	200 216	225 264	36 57	50	1	205 289
	INL 403L" INL403*					264	57 57	40	0	
4401-0259		557	30	300	216		57	40	0	330
4401-0183	INL 601	145	178	240	190	225	33	50	1	88
4401-0184	INL 602	192	133	276	200	225	36	50	1	116
4401-0261	INL 603*	331	93	300	216	264	58	40	0	320

\* Natural cooling.

	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# Figure 4-13 Input line reactor dimensions



# 4.2.4 Input inductor calculation

To calculate the inductance required (at **Y**%), use the following equation:

$$L = \frac{Y}{100} \times \frac{V}{\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{1}{2\pi fI}$$

Where:

I = drive rated input current (A)

L = inductance (H)

f = supply frequency (Hz)

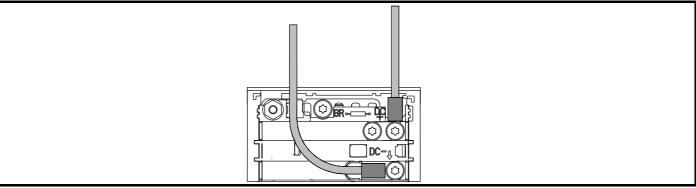
V = voltage between lines

# 4.3 Supplying the drive with DC

All drive sizes have the option to be powered from an external DC power supply. Refer to section 3.12 *Electrical terminals* on page 63 to identify the location of DC supply connections.

The DC supply connections for size 3 and 4 are located under the DC / Terminal cover. Figure 4-14 below shows DC supply connections and cable routing.

# Figure 4-14 DC supply connections (size 3 shown)



## NOTE

The Internal EMC filter and plastics have been removed from the above Figure 4-14 to demonstrate the routing of the DC cables.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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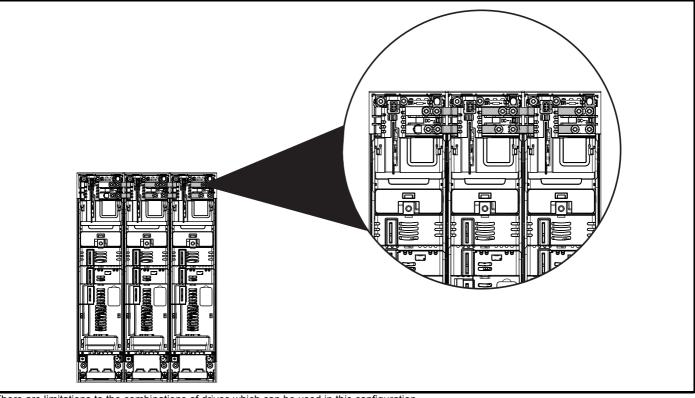
# 4.4 DC bus paralleling

DC bus paralleling using standard cable / busbars is supported by all frame sizes.

On frame sizes 3, 4, 5 and 6, terminal and enclosure design enables the DC bus of a number of drives to be connected together using pre-made busbars. The diagram below shows how the busbar links connect the DC bus of several drives together.

The connecting of the DC bus between several drives is typically used to return energy from a drive which is being overhauled by the load to a second motoring drive.

# Figure 4-15 DC bus paralleling (size 3 shown)



There are limitations to the combinations of drives which can be used in this configuration.

For application data, contact the supplier of the drive.

# NOTE

The DC bus paralleling kit is not supplied with the drive but available to order.

# Table 4-4 DC bus paralleling kit part numbers

Size	CT part number
3	3470-0048
4	3470-0061
5	3470-0068
6	3470-0063

Uladnostics		Diagnostics UL info	Diagnostics	Diagnostics	data				Optimization			atartad	Electrical			
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# 4.5 24 Vdc supply

The 24 Vdc supply connected to control terminals 1 & 2 provides the following functions:

- It can be used to supplement the drive's own internal 24 V supply when multiple option modules are being used and the current drawn by these module is greater than the drive can supply.
- It can be used as a back-up power supply to keep the control circuits of the drive powered up when the line power supply is removed. This allows any fieldbus modules, application modules, or serial communications to continue to operate.
- It can be used to commission the drive when the line power supply is not available, as the display operates correctly. However, the drive will be in the Under voltage trip state unless either line power supply or low voltage DC operation is enabled, therefore diagnostics may not be possible. (Power down save parameters are not saved when using the 24 V back-up power supply input).
- If the DC bus voltage is too low to run the main SMPS in the drive, then the 24 V supply can be used to supply all the low voltage power requirements of the drive. Low Under Voltage Threshold Select (06.067) must also be enabled for this to happen.

# NOTE

On size 6 and larger, the power 24 Vdc supply (terminals 51, 52) must be connected to enable the 24 Vdc supply to be used as a backup supply, when the line power supply is removed. If the power 24 Vdc supply is not connected none of the above mentioned functions can be used, "Waiting For Power System" will be displayed on the keypad and no drive operations are possible. The location of the power 24 Vdc can be identified from Figure 4-16 *Location of the 24 Vdc power supply connection on size* 6 on page 85.

# Table 4-5 24 Vdc Supply connections

Function	Sizes 3-5	Sizes 6-7
Supplement the drive's internal supply	Terminal 1, 2	Terminal 1, 2
Back-up supply for the control circuit	Terminal 1, 2	Terminal 1, 2 51, 52

The working voltage range of the control 24 V power supply is as follows:

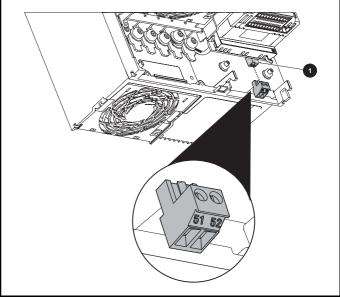
1	0V common	
2	+24 Vdc	
Nomina	operating voltage	24.0 Vdc
Minimur	n continuous operating voltage	19.2 V
Maximu	m continuous operating voltage	28.0 V
Minimur	n start up voltage	21.6 V
Maximu	m power supply requirement at 24 V	40 W
Recomm	nended fuse	3 A, 50 Vdc

Minimum and maximum voltage values include ripple and noise. Ripple and noise values must not exceed 5 %.

The working range of the 24 V power supply is as follows:

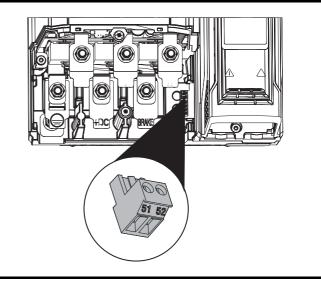
51	0V common					
52	+24 Vdc					
Size 6						
Nominal	operating voltage	24.0 Vdc				
Minimun	n continuous operating voltage	18.6 Vdc				
Maximur	n continuous operating voltage	28.0 Vdc				
Minimun	n startup voltage	18.4 Vdc				
Maximur	n power supply requirement	40 W				
Recomm	nended fuse	4 A @ 50 Vdc				
Size 7 to	o 11					
Nominal	operating voltage	24.0 Vdc				
Minimun	n continuous operating voltage	19.2 Vdc				
Maximu	n continuous operating voltage	30 Vdc (IEC),				
Maximu	in continuous operating voltage	26 Vdc (UL)				
Minimun	n startup voltage	21.6 Vdc				
Maximur	m power supply requirement	60 W				
Recomm	nended fuse	4 A @ 50 Vdc				

Figure 4-16 Location of the 24 Vdc power supply connection on size 6

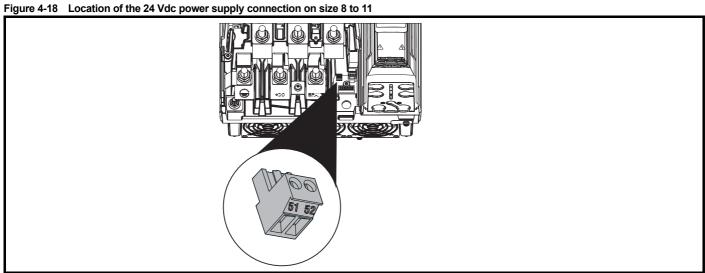


1. 24 Vdc power supply connection

# Figure 4-17 Location of the 24 Vdc power supply connection on size 7



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information



# 4.6 Low voltage operation

With the addition of a 24 Vdc power supply to supply the control circuits, the drive is able to operate from a low voltage DC supply with a range from 24 Vdc to the maximum DC volts. It is possible for the drive to go from operating on a normal line power supply voltage to operating on a much lower supply voltage without interruption.

Going from low voltage operation to normal mains operation requires the inrush current to be controlled. This may be provided externally. If not, the drive supply can be interrupted to utilise the normal soft starting method in the drive.

To fully exploit the new low voltage mode of operation, the under voltage level is now user programmable. For application data, contact the supplier of the drive.

The working voltage range of the low voltage DC power supply is as follows:

# Size 3 to 11

Minimum continuous operating voltage:	26 V
Minimum start up voltage:	32 V
Maximum over voltage trip threshold:	230 V drives: 415 V
	400 V drives: 830 V
	575 V drives: 990 V

## NOTE

Size 9E, 10E and 11E drives do not have an accessible negative DC terminal. It is recommended that 9D, 10D and 11D drives are used as an alternative when this is needed, please refer to the *Modular Installation Guide* for further details.

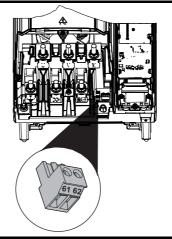
690 V drives: 1190 V

		Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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In low voltage mode only, with frame size 9 to 11, a 24 V supply needs to be provided for the heatsink fan. The fan supply should be connected to terminal 61 and 62.

61	0V common	
62	+24 Vdc heatsink fan supply	
Size 9 to	o 11	
Nominal	operating voltage	24.0 Vdc
Minimun	n continuous operating voltage	23.5 Vdc
Maximu	m continuous operating voltage	27 Vdc
Current	consumption	Size 9 to 10 (all): 6A
Recomn	nended power supply	24 V, 7 A
Recomn	nended fuse	8A fast blow

## Figure 4-19 Location of the heatsink fan supply connector on size 9 to 11



# 4.7 Heatsink fan supply

When operating on normal mains supply the heatsink fan on all drive sizes is supplied internally by the drive. When operating size 9 to 11 in low voltage mode it is necessary to connect an external 24V supply to terminal 61 and 62 if heatsink fan operation is required. Please see section 4.6 *Low voltage operation* on page 86 for more details.

# 4.8 Ratings

The input current is affected by the supply voltage and impedance.

# **Typical input current**

The values of typical input current are given to aid calculations for power flow and power loss.

The values of typical input current are stated for a balanced supply.

## Maximum continuous input current

The values of maximum continuous input current are given to aid the selection of cables and fuses. These values are stated for the worst case condition with the unusual combination of stiff supply with bad balance. The value stated for the maximum continuous input current would only be seen in one of the input phases. The current in the other two phases would be significantly lower.

The values of maximum input current are stated for a supply with a 2 % negative phase-sequence imbalance and rated at the supply fault current given in Table 4-6.

#### Table 4-6 Supply fault current used to calculate maximum input currents

Model	Symmetrical fault level (kA)
All	100



# Fuses

The AC supply to the drive must be installed with suitable protection against overload and short-circuits. Table 4-7 shows recommended fuse ratings. Failure to observe this requirement will cause risk of fire.

	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
i	nformation	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

# Table 4-7 AC Input current and fuse ratings (200 V)

	Typical	Maximum	Maximum			F	use rating		
Mariat	input	continuous	overload input		IEC			UL / USA	
Model	current	input current	current	Nominal	Maximum	Class	Nominal	Maximum	Class
	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Class	Α	Α	Class
03200066	8.2	10.4	15.8	16			20		
03200080	9.9	12.6	20.9	20	25	~	20	25	CC Lor T*
03200110	14	17	25	20	25	gG	25	25	CC, J or T*
03200127	16	20	34	25			25		
04200180	17	20	30	25	25		25	25	CC Lor T*
04200250	23	28	41	32	32	gG	30	30	CC, J or T*
05200300	24	31	52	40	40	gG	40	40	CC, J or T*
06200500	42	48	64	63	63	~	60	60	CC Lor T*
06200580	49	56	85	63	03	gG	60	60	CC, J or T*
07200750	58	67	109	80	80		80	80	
07200940	73	84	135	100	100	gG	100	100	CC, J or T*
07201170	91	105	149	125	125	-	125	125	
08201490	123	137	213	200	200	a۵	200	200	HSJ
08201800	149	166	243	200	200	gR	225	225	пој
09202160	172	205	270	250	250	aP	250	250	HSJ
09202660	228	260	319	315	315	gR	300	300	гој
10203250	277	305	421	400	400	aP	400	400	HSJ
10203600	333	361	494	450	450	gR	450	450	гој

\* These fuses are fast acting.

Table 4-8 AC Input current and fuse ratings (400 V)

	Typical	Maximum	Maximum			Fu	se rating		
Madal	input	continuous input	overload input		IEC			UL / USA	
Model	current	current	current	Nominal	Maximum	Class	Nominal	Maximum	Class
	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Class	Α	Α	Class
03400034	5	5	7						
03400045	6	7	9	10	10		10	10	
03400062	8	9	13	†		~ (			CC Lor T*
03400077	11	10	21			gG			CC, J or T*
03400104	12	13	20	20	20		20	20	
03400123	14	16	25						
04400185	17	19	30	25	25	-0	25	25	CC Las Tt
04400240	22	24	35	32	32	gG	30	30	CC, J or T*
05400300	26	29	52	40	40	gG	35	35	CC, J or T*
06400380	32	36	67				40		
06400480	41	46	80	63	63	gG	50	60	CC, J or T*
06400630	54	60	90	t			60	-	
07400790	67	74	124	100	100		80	80	
07400940	80	88	145	100	100	gG	100	100	CC, J or T*
07401120	96	105	188	125	125		125	125	
08401550	137	155	267	250	250	۳D	225	225	HSJ
08401840	164	177	303	250	250	gR	225	225	пој
09402210	211	232	306	315	315	۳D	300	300	HSJ
09402660	245	267	359	315	315	gR	350	350	пој
10403200	306	332	445	400	400	۳D	400	400	HSJ
10403610	370	397	523	450	450	gR	450	450	- noj
11404370	424	449	579	500	500				
11404870	455	492	613	500	500	gR	600	600	HSJ
11405070	502	539	752	630	630	1			

\* These fuses are fast acting.

Safety informationProduct installationMechanical installationElectrical installationGetting parametersBasic parametersRunning the motorOptimizationNV Media Card OperationBuilding parametersAdvanced data	Diagnostics UL listing information	Diagnostic	Technical data				Optimization	matar						Safety
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# Table 4-9 AC Input current and fuse ratings (575 V)

	Typical	Maximum	Maximum			Fu	se rating		
	input	continuous input	overload input		IEC			UL / USA	
Model	current	current	current	Nominal	Maximum	Class	Nominal	Maximum	01000
	Α	Α	А	Α	Α	Class	Α	Α	Class
05500039	4	4	7	10			10	10	
05500061	6	7	9	10	20	gG	10	10	CC, J or T*
05500100	9	11	15	20			20	20	
06500120	12	13	22	20			20		
06500170	17	19	33	32	40		25	30	
06500220	22	24	41	40			30		CC, J or T*
06500270	26	29	50	50		gG	35		CC, J 01 1
06500340	33	37	63	50	63		40	50	
06500430	41	47	76	63			50		
07500530	41	45	75	50	50	gG	50	50	CC, J or T*
07500730	57	62	94	80	80	y g g	80	80	00,001
08500860	74	83	121	125	125	gR	100	100	HSJ
08501080	92	104	165	160	160	yr.	150	150	1135
09501250	145	166	190	150	150	gR	150	150	HSJ
09501500	145	166	221	200	200	yr.	175	175	1135
10502000	177	197	266	250	250	gR	250	250	HSJ
11502480	240	265	327						
11502880	285	310	395	400	400	gR	400	400	HSJ
11503150	313	338	473						

\* These fuses are fast acting.

Table 4-10 AC Input current and fuse ratings (690 V)

	Typical	Maximum	Maximum			Fuse ra	ating		
Maria	input	continuous input	overload input		IEC			UL / USA	
Model	current	current	current	Nominal	Maximum	Class	Nominal	Maximum	Class
	Α	Α	Α	Α	А	Class	Α	Α	Class
07600230	18	20	32	25			25		
07600300	23	26	41	32	50		30	50	
07600360	28	31	49	40	50		35	- 50	CC, J
07600460	36	39	65	50		gG –	50	1	or T*
07600520	40	44	75	50	80		50	80	
07600730	57	62	92	80			80		
08600860	74	83	121	125	125	aP	100	100	HSJ
08601080	92	104	165	160	160	gR	150	150	- 133
09601250	124	149	194	150	150	aP	150	150	HSJ
09601550	145	171	226	200	200	gR	200	200	- 133
10601720	180	202	268	225	225	gR	250	250	HSJ
10601970	202	225	313	250	250	gR	250	250	- 1155
11602250	225	256	379						
11602750	217	302	425	400	400	gR	400	400	HSJ
11603050	298	329	465						

\* These fuses are fast acting.

# NOTE

Ensure cables used suit local wiring regulations.



The nominal cable sizes below are only a guide. The mounting and grouping of cables affects their current-carrying capacity, in some cases smaller cables may be acceptable but in other cases a larger cable is required to avoid excessive temperature or voltage drop. Refer to local wiring regulations for the correct size of cables.

Safety information         Product information         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Baseline parameter	Running the motor Optimization	NV Media Card Building Operation Automation	Advanced Technical parameters data	Diagnostics UL listing information
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Table 4-11 Cable ratings (200 V)

			Cable siz mn				Cable size (UL) AWG					
Model		Input			Output		In	put	Ou	tput		
	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum		
03200066	1.5			1.5			14		14			
03200080	1.5	4	B2	1.5	4	B2	14	10	14	10		
03200110	4	4	62	4	4	62	12	10	12	10		
03200127				4			12		12			
04200180	6	8	B2	6	8	B2	10	8	10	8		
04200250	8	0	62	8	0	62	8	0	8	0		
05200300	10	10	B2	10	10	B2	8	8	8	8		
06200500	16	25	B2	16	25	B2	4	3	4	3		
06200580	25	25	DZ	25	25	DZ	3	5	3	5		
07200750	35			35			2		2			
07200940		70	B2	55	70	B2	1	1/0	1	1/0		
07201170	70			70			1/0		1/0			
08201490	95	2 x 70	B2	95	2 x 70	B2	3/0	2 x 1	3/0	2 x 1		
08201800	2 x 70	2 × 10	52	2 x 70	2 × 10	DE	2 x 1	2.4.1	2 x 1	21		
09202160	2 x 70	2 x 185	B1	2 x 95	2 x 150	B2	2 x 2/0	2 x 500	2 x 2/0	2 x 350		
09202660	2 x 95	2 1 100		2 x 120	2 1 100	52	2 x 4/0	2 × 000	2 x 4/0	2 × 000		
10203250	2 x 120	2 x 185	B1	2 x 120	2 x 150	С	2 x 250	2 x 500	2 x 250	2 x 350		
10203600	2 x 150	2 × 100	С	2 x 120	2 × 100	<u> </u>	2 x 300	2 × 000	2 x 300	2 × 000		

# Table 4-12 Cable ratings (400 V)

			Cable size	· · ·				Cable s	ize (UL)	
			mm	2				A	NG	
Model		Input			Output		In	put	Ou	tput
	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum
03400034							18		18	
03400045	1.5			1.5			16		16	
03400062		4	B2		4	B2		10		10
03400077		4	DZ		4	DZ	14	10	14	10
03400104	2.5			2.5						
03400123							12		12	-
04400185	4	6	B2	4	6	B2	10	8	10	8
04400240	6	0	DZ	6	0	DZ	8	0	8	0
05400300	6	6	B2	6	6	B2	8	8	8	8
06400380	10			10			6		6	
06400480	16	25	B2	16	25	B2	4	3	4	3
06400630	25			25			3		3	-
07400790	35			35			1		1	
07400940	50	70	B2	50	70	B2	2	1/0	2	1/0
07401120	70			70			1/0		1/0	-
08401550	2 x 50	2 x 70	B2	2 x 50	2 x 70	B2	2 x 1	2 x 1/0	2 x 1	2 x 1/0
08401840	2 x 70	2 × 70	DZ	2 x 70	2 ~ 10	DZ	2 x 1/0	2 X 1/0	2 x 1/0	2 ~ 1/0
09402210	2 x 70	2 x 185	B1	2 x 95	2 x 150	B2	2 x 3/0	2 x 500	2 x 2/0	2 x 350
09402660	2 x 95	2 × 103		2 x 120	2 × 150	DZ	2 x 4/0	2 × 500	2 x 4/0	2 x 000
10403200	2 x 120	2 x 185	С	2 x 120	2 x 150	С	2 x 300	2 x 500	2 x 250	2 x 350
10403610	2 x 150	2 × 103	0	2 x 150	2 × 150	0	2 x 350	2 × 500	2 x 300	2 × 000
11404370				2 x 185	2 x 185		4 x	3/0		
11404870 11405070	4 x	( 95	С	2 x 240	2 x 240	С	4 x	4/0	2 x	400

Safety information         Product information         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor         Optimization	NV Media Card Building Advanced parameters data Diagnostics UL listing information
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Table 4-13 Cable ratings (575 V)

			Cable size mm				Cable size (UL) AWG					
Model		Input			Output		In	put	Output			
	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum		
05500039	0.75			0.75			16		16			
05500061	1	1.5	B2	1	1.5	B2	14	16	14	16		
05500100	1.5			1.5			14		14			
06500120	2.5			2.5			14		14			
06500170	4		В2	4			10		10			
06500220	6	25		6	25	B2	10	3	10	3		
06500270	10	25			20	БZ	8	- S	8	- S		
06500340	10			10			6		6			
06500430	16							6		6		
07500530	16	25	B2	16	25	B2	4	3	4	3		
07500730	25	25	BZ	25	25	BZ	3	5	3	5		
08500860	35	50	B2	35	50	B2	1	1	1	1		
08501080	50	50	BZ	50	50	BZ	1	I	I	I		
09501250	2 x 70	2 x 185	B2	2 x 35	2 x 150	B2	2 x 1	2 x 500	2 x 3	2 x 350		
09501500	2 X 70	2 x 185	BZ	2 x 50	2 X 150	DZ	2 X I	2 X 300	2 x 1	2 X 330		
10502000	2 x 70	2 x 185	B2	2 x 70	2 x 150	B2	2 x 2/0	2 x 500	2 x 2/0	2 x 350		
11502480	2 >	¢70		2>	k 70			2 x	3/0			
11502880	2 >	( 95	С	2 >	¢ 95	С		2 x	4/0			
11503150	2 x	120		2 x	120			2 x	250			

# Table 4-14 Cable ratings (690 V)

			Cable siz mr				Cable size (UL) AWG						
Model		Input		Output			In	put	Output				
	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum			
07600230							8		8				
07600300	10			10			6		6	3			
07600360		25	B2		25	B2	6	3	6				
07600460	16	25	62	16	25	62	4	5	4				
07600520	16						16			4		4	
07600730	25			25			3		3				
08600860	50	70	B2	50	70	B2	2	1/0	2	1/0			
08601080	70	10	52	70	10	02	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0			
09601250	2 x 50	2 x 185	B2	2 x 35	2 x 150	B2	2 x 1	2 x 500	2 x 3	2 x 350			
09601550	2 x 70	2 X 105	52	2 x 50	2 × 100	02	2 x 1/0	2 × 300	2 x 1	2 X 000			
10601720	2 x 70	2 x 185	B2	2 x 70	2 x 150	B2	2 x 2/0	2 x 500	2 x 1/0	2 x 350			
10601970	2 x 95	2 100	02	2 × 10	2 × 100	02	2 x 3/0	2 × 000	2 x 2/0	2 x 000			
11602250	2 >	k 70		2>	< 70			2 x 3	8/0				
11602750	2 \	< 95	С	2 >	( 95	С		2 x 4	/0				
11603050	27	N 90		2>	( 95			2 x 2	50				

## NOTE

PVC insulated cable should be used.

# NOTE

Cable sizes are from IEC60364-5-52:2001 table A.52.C with correction factor for  $40^{\circ}$ C ambient of 0.87 (from table A52.14) for cable installation method as specified.

## Installation class (ref: IEC60364-5-52:2001)

B1 - Separate cables in conduit.

B2 - Multicore cable in conduit.

C - Multicore cable in free air.

Cable size may be reduced if a different installation method is used, or if the ambient temperature is lower.

# NOTE

The nominal output cable sizes assume that the motor maximum current matches that of the drive. Where a motor of reduced rating is used the cable rating may be chosen to match that of the motor. To ensure that the motor and cable are protected against overload, the drive must be programmed with the correct motor rated current.

A fuse or other protection must be included in all live connections to the AC supply.

Safety information         Product         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor         Optimization	ion NV Media Card Building Advanced parameters data Diagnostics UL listing information
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# **Fuse types**

The fuse voltage rating must be suitable for the drive supply voltage.

# **Ground connections**

The drive must be connected to the system ground of the AC supply. The ground wiring must conform to local regulations and codes of practice.

# NOTE

For information on ground cable sizes, refer to Table 4-12 *Size 11E ground connections* on page 79.

# 4.8.1 Main AC supply contactor

The recommended AC supply contactor type for size 3 and 10 is AC1.

# 4.9 Output circuit and motor protection

The output circuit has fast-acting electronic short-circuit protection which limits the fault current to typically no more than five times the rated output current, and interrupts the current in approximately 20  $\mu$ s. No additional short-circuit protection devices are required.

The drive provides overload protection for the motor and its cable. For this to be effective, *Rated Current* (00.020) must be set to suit the motor.



Rated Current (00.020) must be set correctly to avoid a risk of fire in the event of motor overload.

There is also provision for the use of a motor thermistor to prevent overheating of the motor, e.g. due to loss of cooling.

# 4.9.1 Cable types and lengths

Since capacitance in the motor cable causes loading on the output of the drive, ensure the cable length does not exceed the values given in Table 4-15 to section 4-18.

Use 105 °C (221 °F) (UL 60/75 °C temp rise) PVC-insulated cable with copper conductors having a suitable voltage rating, for the following power connections:

- AC supply to external EMC filter (when used)
- AC supply (or external EMC filter) to drive
- Drive to motor
- · Drive to braking resistor

# Table 4-15 Maximum motor cable lengths (200 V drives)

		200 V N	ominal A	C supply v	voltage							
	Maxim			nissible motor cable length for each of the llowing switching frequencies								
Model	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz					
03200066			65 m (210	) ft)								
03200080		100 n	า (330 ft)			50 m	37 m					
03200110	13	0 m (425	5 ft)	100 m	75 m	(165 ft)	(120 ft)					
03200127	200 m	(660 ft)	150 m (490 ft)	(330 ft)	(245 ft)	× ,	, <i>y</i>					
04200180	200 m	(660 ft)	150 m	100 m	75 m	50 m	37 m					
04200250	200 111	(000 II)	(490 ft)	(330 ft)	(245 ft)	(165 ft)	(120 ft)					
05200300	200 m	(660 ft)	150 m (490 ft)	100 m (330 ft)	75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)	37 m (120 ft)					
06200500	200 m	(660 ft)	150 m	100 m	75 m	50 m	37 m					
06200580	200 111	(000 II)	(490 ft)	(330 ft)	(245 ft)	(165 ft)	(120 ft)					
07200750			187 m	125 m	93 m	62 m	46 m					
07200940	250 m	(820 ft)	(614 ft)	(410 ft)	93 m (305 ft)	(203 ft)	(151 ft)					
07201170			、 ,	、 ,	· · /	、 ,	, ,					
08201490	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m	125 m	93 m	62 m	46 m					
08201800		,	(614 ft)	(410 ft)	(305 ft)	(203 ft)	(151 ft)					
09202160	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m	125 m	93 m	62 m	46 m					
09202660	-	7	(614 ft)	(410 ft)	(305 ft)	(203 ft)	(151 ft)					
10203250	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m	125 m	93 m	62 m	46 m					
10203600		7	(614 ft)	(410 ft)	(305 ft)	(203 ft)	(151 ft)					

Table 4-16 Maximum motor cable lengths (400 V drives)

	4	00 V Noi	minal AC	supply v	/oltage		
Model	Maxim		lissible m				n of the
Model	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
03400034		6	5 m (210	ft)			
03400045		100 m	(330 ft)				
03400062	130 m (425		ft)		75 m	50 m	37 m
03400077			150 m	100 m	(245 ft)	(165 ft)	(120 ft)
03400104	200 m	(660 ft)	(490 ft)	(330 ft)	(21010)		
03400123			(100 11)				
04400185	200 m	(660 ft)	150 m	100 m	75 m	50 m	37 m
04400240	200 111	(000 II)	(490 ft)	(330 ft)	(245 ft)	(165 ft)	(120 ft)
05400300	200 m	(660 ft)	150 m (490 ft)	100 m (330 ft)	75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)	37 m (120 ft)
06400380	200 m (660 ft)		150 m	100 m	75 m	50 m	37 m
06400480			(490 ft)	(330 ft)	(245 ft)	(165 ft)	(120 ft)
06400630	(00	0.11)	(100 11)	(000 !!)	(= :0 :!)	(100 11)	(,
07400790			187 m	125 m	93 m	62 m	46 m
07400940	250 m	(820 ft)	(614 ft)	(410 ft)	(305 ft)	(203 ft)	(151 ft)
07401120			(******	(	(******)	(	(,
08401550	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m	125 m	93 m	62 m	46 m
08401840	200 111	(02011)	(614 ft)	(410 ft)	(305 ft)	(203 ft)	(151 ft)
09402210	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m	125 m	93 m	62 m	46 m
09402660	200	(02010)	(614 ft)	(410 ft)	(305 ft)	(203 ft)	(151 ft)
10403200	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m	125 m	93 m	62 m	46 m
10403610	200 111		(614 ft)	(410 ft)	(305 ft)	(203 ft)	(151 ft)
11404370			187 m	125 m	93 m		
11404870	250 m	(820 ft)	(614 ft)	(410 ft)	(305 ft)		
11405070							

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# Table 4-17 Maximum motor cable lengths (575 V drives)

	5	75 V Nor	ninal AC	supply v	oltage							
Model	Maxim			issible motor cable length for each of the owing switching frequencies								
Woder	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz					
05500039	200	) m	150 m	100 m	75 m	50 m	37 m					
05500061	(66)		(490 ft)	(330 ft)	(245 ft)	(165 ft)	(120 ft)					
05500100	(	,	(,	(,	< /	(,	(					
06500120												
06500170												
06500220	200		150 m	100 m	75 m	50 m	37 m					
06500270	(660 ft)		(490 ft)	(330 ft)	(245 ft)	(165 ft)	(120 ft)					
06500340												
06500430												
07500530	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m	125 m	93 m	62 m	46 m					
07500730	200 111	(02011)	(614 ft)	(410 ft)	(305 ft)	(203 ft)	(151 ft)					
08500860	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m	125 m	93 m	62 m	46 m					
08501080	200 11	(02011)	(614 ft)	(410 ft)	(305 ft)	(203 ft)	(151 ft)					
09501250	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m	125 m	93 m	62 m	46 m					
09501500	200	(020 11)	(614 ft)	(410 ft)	(305 ft)	(203 ft)	(151 ft)					
10502000	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m (614 ft)	125 m (410 ft)	93 m (305 ft)	62 m (203 ft)	46 m (151 ft)					
11502480			187 m									
11502880	250 m	(820 ft)	(614 ft)									
11503150			(2.1.14)									

# Table 4-18 Maximum motor cable lengths (690 V drives)

	690 V Nominal AC supply voltage											
Model	Maxim	-		issible motor cable length for each of the owing switching frequencies								
model	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz					
07600230												
07600300												
07600360	250	) m	187 m	125 m	93 m	62 m	46 m					
07600460	(82	0 ft)	(614 ft)	(410 ft)	(305 ft)	(203 ft)	(151 ft)					
07600520												
07600730												
08600860	250	) m	187 m	125 m	93 m	62 m	46 m					
08601080	(82	0 ft)	(614 ft)	(410 ft)	(305 ft)	(203 ft)	(151 ft)					
09601250	250	) m	187 m	125 m	93 m	62 m	46 m					
09601550	(82	O ft)	(614 ft)	(410 ft)	(305 ft)	(203 ft)	(151 ft)					
10601720	250	) m	187 m	125 m	93 m	62 m	46 m					
10601970	(82	0 ft)	(614 ft)	(410 ft)	(305 ft)	(203 ft)	(151 ft)					
11602250	250	) m	187 m									
11602750	(82)		(614 ft)									
11603050	(02)	0 11)	(2.1.1)									

# 4.9.2 High-capacitance / reduced diameter cables

The maximum cable length is reduced from that shown in Section 4.9.1 *Cable types and lengths* if high capacitance or reduced diameter motor cables are used.

Most cables have an insulating jacket between the cores and the armor or shield; these cables have a low capacitance and are recommended. Cables that do not have an insulating jacket tend to have high capacitance; if a cable of this type is used, the maximum cable length is half that quoted in the tables, (Figure 4-20 shows how to identify the two types).

# Figure 4-20 Cable construction influencing the capacitance





**Normal capacitance** *Shield or armour separated from the cores* 

High capacitance Shield or armour close to the cores

The maximum motor cable lengths specified in Section 4.9.1 *Cable types and lengths* is shielded and contains four cores. Typical capacitance for this type of cable is 130 pF/m (i.e. from one core to all others and the shield connected together).

# 4.9.3 Motor winding voltage

The PWM output voltage can adversely affect the inter-turn insulation in the motor. This is because of the high rate of change of voltage, in conjunction with the impedance of the motor cable and the distributed nature of the motor winding.

For normal operation with AC supplies up to 500 Vac and a standard motor with a good quality insulation system, there is no need for any special precautions. In case of doubt the motor supplier should be consulted. Special precautions are recommended under the following conditions, but only if the motor cable length exceeds 10 m:

- AC supply voltage exceeds 500 V
- DC supply voltage exceeds 670 V (i.e. regenerative / AFE supply)
- Operation of 400 V drive with continuous or very frequent sustained braking
- · Multiple motors connected to a single drive

For multiple motors, the precautions given in section 4.9.4 *Multiple motors* on page 93 should be followed.

For the other cases listed, it is recommended that an inverter-rated motor be used taking into account the voltage rating of the inverter. This has a reinforced insulation system intended by the manufacturer for repetitive fast-rising pulsed voltage operation.

Users of 575 V NEMA rated motors should note that the specification for inverter-rated motors given in NEMA MG1 section 31 is sufficient for motoring operation but not where the motor spends significant periods braking. In that case an insulation peak voltage rating of 2.2 kV is recommended.

If it is not practical to use an inverter-rated motor, an output choke (inductor) should be used. The recommended type is a simple iron-cored component with a reactance of about 2 %. The exact value is not critical. This operates in conjunction with the capacitance of the motor cable to increase the rise-time of the motor terminal voltage and prevent excessive electrical stress.

# 4.9.4 Multiple motors

# Open-loop only

If the drive is to control more than one motor, one of the fixed V/F modes should be selected (Pr **05.014** = Fixed or Squared). Make the motor connections as shown in Figure 4-21 and Figure 4-22. The maximum motor cable lengths specified in section 4.9.1 *Cable types and lengths* on page 92 apply to the sum of the total cable lengths from the drive to each motor.

It is recommended that each motor is connected through a protection relay since the drive cannot protect each motor individually. For  $\lambda$  connection, a sinusoidal filter or an output inductor must be connected as shown in Figure 4-22, even when the cable lengths are less than the maximum permissible. For details of inductor sizes refer to the supplier of the drive.

 Safety formation	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
					-					-			

# Figure 4-21 Preferred chain connection for multiple motors

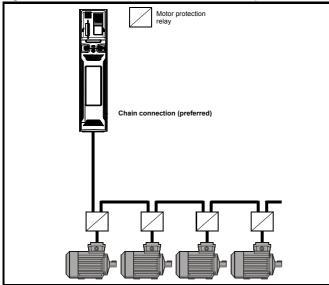
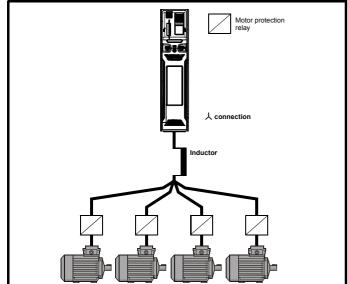


Figure 4-22 Alternative connection for multiple motors



# 4.9.5 $\downarrow / \Delta$ motor operation

The voltage rating for  $\bf A$  and  $\Delta$  connections of the motor should always be checked before attempting to run the motor.

The default setting of the motor rated voltage parameter is the same as the drive rated voltage, i.e.

- 400 V drive 400 V rated voltage
- 230 V drive 230 V rated voltage

A typical 3 phase motor would be connected in  $\clubsuit$  for 400 V operation or

 $\Delta$  for 230 V operation, however, variations on this are common e.g.

 $\bigstar$  690 V  $\Delta$  400 V.

Incorrect connection of the windings will cause severe under or over fluxing of the motor, leading to a very poor output torque or motor saturation and overheating respectively.

# 4.9.6 Output contactor



If the cable between the drive and the motor is to be interrupted by a contactor or circuit breaker, ensure that the drive is disabled before the contactor or circuit breaker is opened or closed. Severe arcing may occur if this circuit is interrupted with the motor running at high current and low speed. A contactor is sometimes required to be installed between the drive and motor for safety purposes.

The recommended motor contactor is the AC3 type.

Switching of an output contactor should only occur when the output of the drive is disabled.

Opening or closing of the contactor with the drive enabled will lead to:

- 1. OI ac trips (which cannot be reset for 10 seconds)
- 2. High levels of radio frequency noise emission
- 3. Increased contactor wear and tear

The Drive Enable terminal (T31) when opened provides a Safe Torque Off function. This can in many cases replace output contactors.

For further information see section 4.15 *Safe Torque Off (STO)* on page 108.

# 4.10 Ground leakage

The ground leakage current depends upon whether the internal EMC filter is installed or not. The drive is supplied with the filter installed. Instructions for removing the internal filter are given in section 4.11.2 *Internal EMC filter* on page 97.

# With internal filter installed:

Size 3 to 5: 28 mA\* AC at 400 V 50 Hz

30  $\mu$ A DC with a 600 V DC bus (10 M $\Omega$ )

Size 7 to 11: 56 mA\* AC at 400 V 50 Hz

18  $\mu$ A DC with a 600 V DC bus (33 M $\Omega$ )

\* Proportional to the supply voltage and frequency.

# With internal filter removed\*\*:

<1 mA

\*\*Please note that the internal filter is not removable on size 9E, 10E and 11E



When the internal filter is installed the leakage current is high. In this case a permanent fixed ground connection must be provided, or other suitable measures taken to prevent a safety hazard occurring if the connection is lost.

# 4.10.1 Use of residual current device (RCD)

There are three common types of ELCB / RCD:

- 1. AC detects AC fault currents
- 2. A detects AC and pulsating DC fault currents (provided the DC current reaches zero at least once every half cycle)
- 3. B detects AC, pulsating DC and smooth DC fault currents
  - Type AC should never be used with drives.
  - · Type A can only be used with single phase drives
  - Type B must be used with three phase drives



Only type B ELCB / RCD are suitable for use with 3 phase inverter drives.

If an external EMC filter is used, a delay of at least 50 ms should be incorporated to ensure spurious trips are not seen. The leakage current is likely to exceed the trip level if all of the phases are not energized simultaneously.

Safety information         Product information         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor         Optimization	NV Media Card         Building         Advanced         Technical         Diagnostics         UL listing           Operation         Automation         parameters         data         Diagnostics         UL listing
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# 4.11 EMC (Electromagnetic compatibility)

The requirements for EMC are divided into three levels in the following three sections:

Section 4.11.4, General requirements for all applications, to ensure reliable operation of the drive and minimise the risk of disturbing nearby equipment. The immunity standards specified in Chapter 12 *Technical data* on page 257 will be met, but no specific emission standards are applied. Note also the special requirements given in *Surge immunity of control circuits - long cables and connections outside a building* on page 103 for increased surge immunity of control circuits where control wiring is extended.

Section 4.11.5, Requirements for meeting the EMC standard for power drive systems, IEC61800-3 (EN 61800-3:2004).

Section 4.11.6, Requirements for meeting the generic emission standards for the industrial environment, IEC61000-6-4, EN 61000-6-4:2007.

The recommendations of section 4.11.4 will usually be sufficient to avoid causing disturbance to adjacent equipment of industrial quality. If particularly sensitive equipment is to be used nearby, or in a non-industrial environment, then the recommendations of section 4.11.5 or section 4.11.6 should be followed to give reduced radio-frequency emission.

In order to ensure the installation meets the various emission standards described in:

- The EMC data sheet available from the supplier of the drive
- The Declaration of Conformity at the front of this manual
- Chapter 12 Technical data on page 257

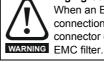
The correct external EMC filter must be used and all of the guidelines in section 4.11.4 *General requirements for EMC* on page 99 and section 4.11.6 *Compliance with generic emission standards* on page 100 must be followed.

# Table 4-19 Drive and EMC filter cross reference

Model	CT part number
200 V	
03200066 to 03200127	4200-3230
04200180 to 04200250	4200-0272
05200300	4200-0312
06200500 to 06200580	4200-2300
07200750 to 07201170	4200-1132
08201490 to 08201800	4200-1972
09202160 to 09202660 (9A)	4200-3021
09202160 to 09202660 (9E)	4200-4460
10203250 to 10203600	4200-4460
400 V	
03400034 to 03400123	4200-3480
04400185 to 04400240	4200-0252
05400300	4200-0402
06400380 to 06400630	4200-4800
07400790 to 07401120	4200-1132
08401550 to 08401840	4200-1972
09402210 to 09402660 (9A)	4200-3021
09402210 to 09402660 (9E)	4200-4460
10403200 to 10403610	4200-4460
11404370 to 11405070	4200-0400

Model	CT part number
575 V	
05500039 to 05500100	4200-0122
06500120 to 06500430	4200-3690
07500530 to 07500730	4200-0672
08500860 to 08501080	4200-1662
09501250 to 09501500 (9A)	4200-1660
09501250 to 09501500 (9E)	4200-2210
10502000	4200-2210
11502480 to 11503150	4200-0690
690 V	
07600230 to 07600730	4200-0672
08600860 to 08601080	4200-1662
09601250 to 09601550 (9A)	4200-1660
09601250 to 09601550 (9E)	4200-2210
10601720 to 10601970	4200-2210
11602250 to 11603050	4200-0690

# High ground leakage current



When an EMC filter is used, a permanent fixed ground connection must be provided which does not pass through a connector or flexible power cord. This includes the internal EMC filter

# NOTE

The installer of the drive is responsible for ensuring compliance with the EMC regulations that apply in the country in which the drive is to be used.

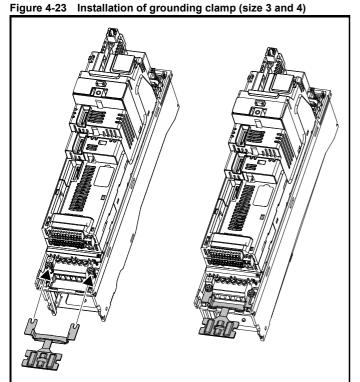
Optimization Provide Diagnostics	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started		Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 4.11.1 Grounding hardware

The drive is supplied with a grounding bracket and grounding clamp to facilitate EMC compliance. They provide a convenient method for direct grounding of cable shields without the use of "pig-tails". Cable shields can be bared and clamped to the grounding bracket using metal clips or clamps<sup>1</sup> (not supplied) or cable ties. Note that the shield must in all cases be continued through the clamp to the intended terminal on the drive, in accordance with the connection details for the specific signal.

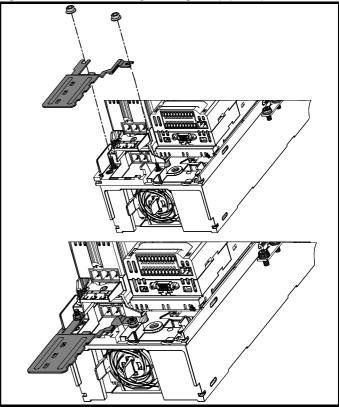
<sup>1</sup> A suitable clamp is the Phoenix DIN rail mounted SK14 cable clamp (for cables with a maximum outer diameter of 14 mm).

- See Figure 4-23, Figure 4-24 and Figure 4-25 for details on installing the grounding clamp.
- See Figure 4-26 for details on installing the grounding bracket.



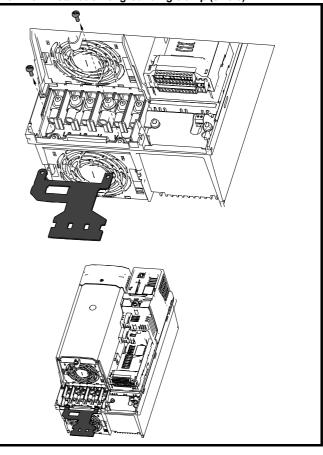
Loosen the ground connection nuts and slide the grounding clamp in the direction shown. Once in place, the ground connection nuts should be tightened with a maximum torque of 2 N m (1.47 lb ft).

Figure 4-24 Installation of grounding clamp (size 5)



Loosen the ground connection nuts and slide the grounding clamp down onto the pillars in the direction shown. Once in place, the ground connection nuts should be tightened with a maximum torque of 2 N m (1.47 lb ft).

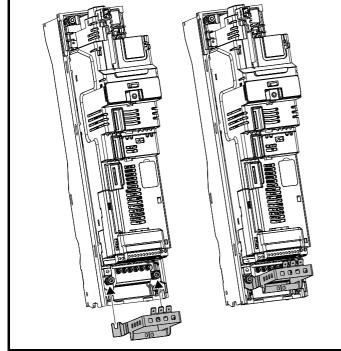
Figure 4-25 Installation of grounding clamp (size 6)



Diagnostics			lectrical Getting		Optimization		Building Automation			Diagnostics	UL listing information
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The grounding clamp is secured using the provided  $2 \times M4 \times 10$  mm fasteners. The fasteners should be tightened with the maximum torque of 2 N m (1.47 lb ft).

Figure 4-26 Installation of grounding bracket (all sizes -size 3 shown)



Loosen the ground connection nuts and slide the grounding bracket in the direction shown. Once in place, the ground connection nuts should be tightened with a maximum torque of 2 N m (1.47 lb ft).

On size 3 the grounding bracket is secured using the power ground terminal of the drive. Ensure that the supply ground connection is secure after installing / removing the grounding bracket. Failure to do so will result in the drive not being grounded.

A faston tab is located on the grounding bracket for the purpose of connecting the drive 0V to ground should the user require to do so.

# 4.11.2 Internal EMC filter

It is recommended that the internal EMC filter be kept in place unless there is a specific reason for removing it.



If the drive is used with ungrounded (IT) supplies, the internal EMC filter must be removed unless additional motor ground fault protection is installed. For instructions on removal refer to section 4.11.2.

For details of ground fault protection contact the supplier of the drive.

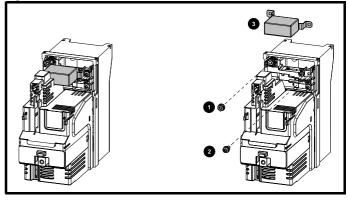
The internal EMC filter reduces radio-frequency emission into the line power supply. Where the motor cable is short, it permits the requirements of EN 61800-3:2004 to be met for the second environment - see section 4.11.5 *Compliance with EN 61800-3:2004 (standard for Power Drive Systems)* on page 100 and section

12.1.24 *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)* on page 278. For longer motor cables the filter continues to provide a useful reduction in emission levels, and when used with any length of shielded motor cable up to the limit for the drive, it is unlikely that nearby industrial equipment will be disturbed. It is recommended that the filter be used in all applications unless the instructions given above require it to be removed, or where the ground leakage current of 28 mA for size 3 is unacceptable. See section 4.11.2 for details of removing and installing the internal EMC filter.



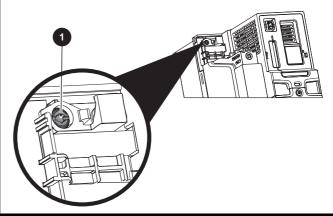
The supply must be disconnected before removing the internal EMC filter.

Figure 4-27 Removal of the size 3 internal EMC filter



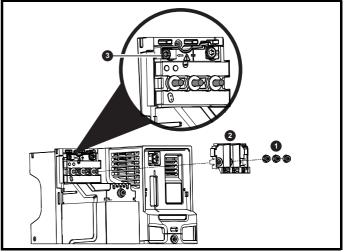
Remove the screw and nut (1) and (2) as shown above. Lift away from the securing points and rotate away from the drive. Ensure the screw and nut are replaced and re-tightened with a maximum torque of 2 N m (1.47 lb ft).

# Figure 4-28 Removal of the size 4 internal EMC filter



To electrically disconnect the Internal EMC filter, remove the screw as highlighted above (1).

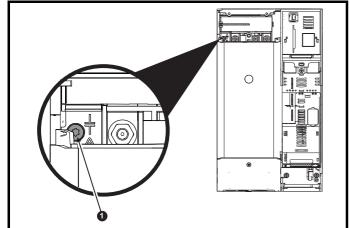
# Figure 4-29 Removal of the size 5 internal EMC filter



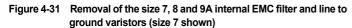
Remove the three M4 terminal nuts (1). Lift away the cover (2) to expose the M4 Torx internal EMC filter removal screw. Finally remove the M4 Torx internal EMC filter removal screw (3) to electrically disconnect the internal EMC filter.

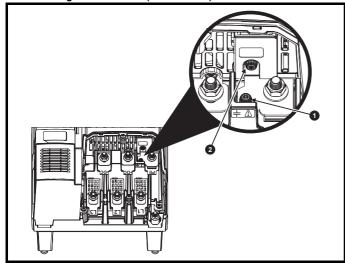
	ety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
inform	nation	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	•	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Ũ	information

# Figure 4-30 Removal of the size 6 internal EMC filter



To electrically disconnect the Internal EMC filter, remove the screw as highlighted above (1).





To electrically disconnect the Internal EMC filter, remove the screw as highlighted above (1).

To electrically disconnect the line to ground varistors, remove the screw as highlighted above (2)

## NOTE

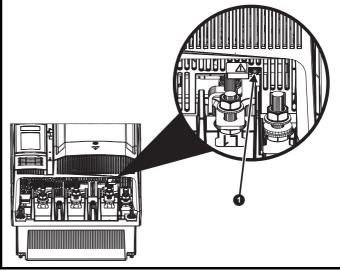
The Internal EMC filter on size 9E, 10E and 11E cannot be removed.

# 4.11.3 Line to ground varistors



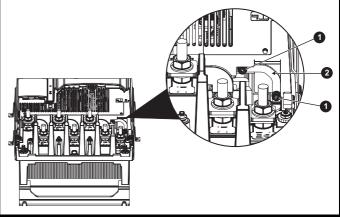
The line to ground varistors should only be removed in special circumstances such as ungrounded supplies with more than one source, for example on ships. Where the line to ground varistors are removed, ensure that line to ground transients are limited to values of category II. This is to ensure that line to ground transients do not exceed 4 kV as the drive insulation system from power to ground is designed to category II. Contact the supplier of the drive for more information.

Figure 4-32 Removal of size 9E and 10E line to ground varistors



To electrically disconnect the line to ground varistors, remove the screw as highlighted above (1).

Figure 4-33 Removal of line to ground varistors (size 11E)



To electrically disconnect the line to ground varistors, remove the two screws highlighted (1) above and remove the bracket (2).

# NOTE

The line to ground varistors should only be removed in special circumstances.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting		Running the	Optimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor		Operation	Automation	parameters	data		information

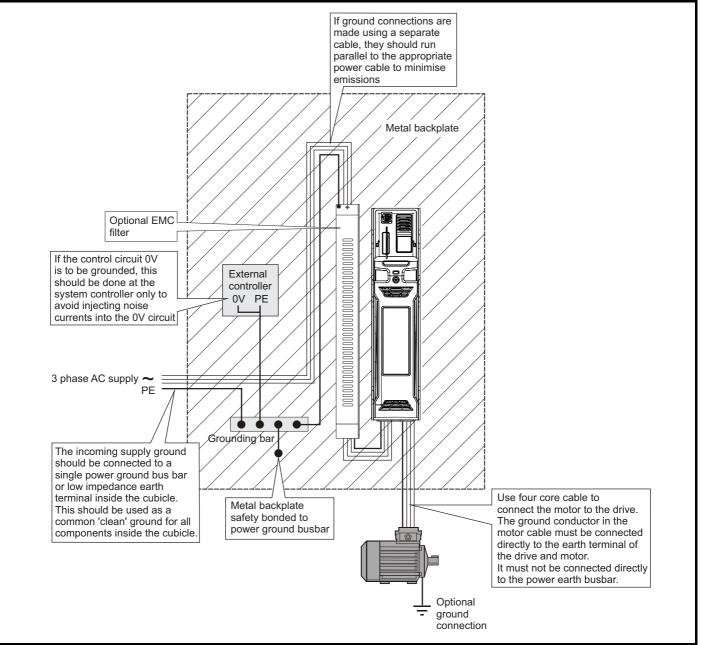
# 4.11.4 General requirements for EMC

# Ground (earth) connections

The grounding arrangements should be in accordance with Figure 4-34, which shows a single drive on a back-plate with or without an additional enclosure.

Figure 4-34 shows how to configure and minimise EMC when using unshielded motor cable. However shielded cable is a better option, in which case it should be installed as shown in section 4.11.6 *Compliance with generic emission standards* on page 100.

# Figure 4-34 General EMC enclosure layout showing ground connections

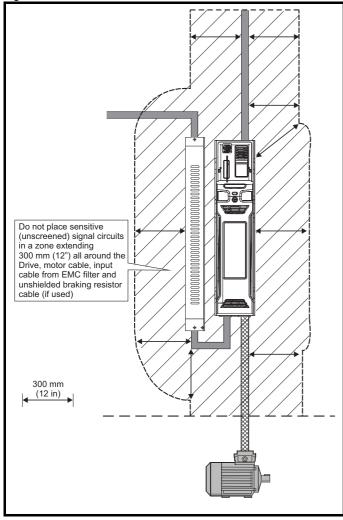


information initiatiation installation stated parameters information parameters data information	Sa inforr	fety nation	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# Cable layout

Figure 4-35 indicates the clearances which should be observed around the drive and related 'noisy' power cables by all sensitive control signals / equipment.

#### Figure 4-35 Drive cable clearances



#### NOTE

Any signal cables which are carried inside the motor cable (i.e. motor thermistor) will pick up large pulse currents via the cable capacitance. The shield of these signal cables must be connected to ground close to the motor cable, to avoid this noise current spreading through the control system.

# 4.11.5 Compliance with EN 61800-3:2004 (standard for Power Drive Systems)

Meeting the requirements of this standard depends on the environment that the drive is intended to operate in, as follows:

#### Operation in the first environment

Observe the guidelines given in section 4.11.6 *Compliance with generic emission standards* on page 100. An external EMC filter will always be required.



This is a product of the restricted distribution class according to IEC 61800-3

In a residential environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

#### Operation in the second environment

In all cases a shielded motor cable must be used, and an EMC filter is required for all drives with a rated input current of less than 100 A.

The drive contains an in-built filter for basic emission control. In some cases feeding the motor cables (U, V and W) once through a ferrite ring can maintain compliance for longer cable lengths.

For longer motor cables, an external filter is required. Where a filter is required, follow the guidelines in Section 4.11.6 *Compliance with generic emission standards*.

Where a filter is not required, follow the guidelines given in section 4.11.4 *General requirements for EMC* on page 99.



The second environment typically includes an industrial lowvoltage power supply network which does not supply buildings used for residential purposes. Operating the drive in this environment without an external EMC filter may cause interference to nearby electronic equipment whose sensitivity has not been appreciated. The user must take remedial measures if this situation arises. If the consequences of unexpected disturbances are severe, it is recommended that the guidelines in Section 4.11.6 *Compliance with generic emission standards* be adhered to.

Refer to section 12.1.24 *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)* on page 278 for further information on compliance with EMC standards and definitions of environments.

Detailed instructions and EMC information are given in the *EMC Data Sheet* which is available from the supplier of the drive.

# **4.11.6 Compliance with generic emission standards** The following information applies to frame sizes 3 to 10.

Use the recommended filter and shielded motor cable. Observe the layout rules given in Figure 4-36 and Figure 4-39. Ensure the AC supply and ground cables are at least 100 mm from the power module and motor cable.

#### Figure 4-36 Supply and ground cable clearance (sizes 3 to 6)

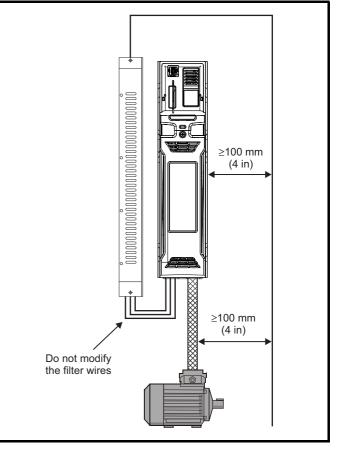
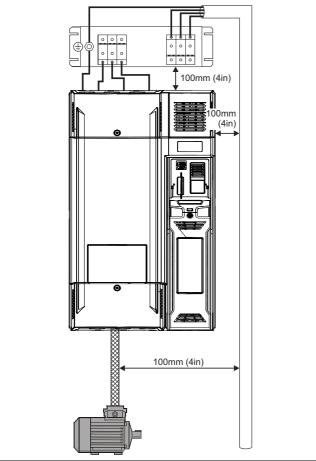


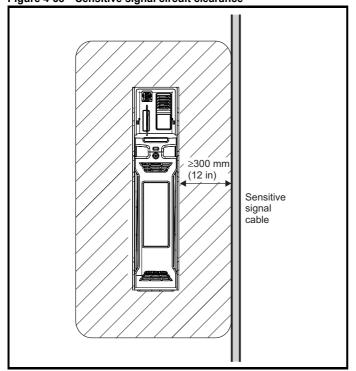


Figure 4-37 Supply and ground cable clearance (size 7 onwards)

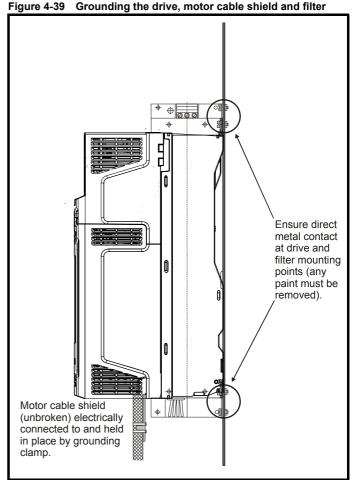


Ensure the AC supply and ground cables are at least 100 mm from the power module and motor cable.





Avoid placing sensitive signal circuits in a zone 300 mm (12 in) in the area immediately surrounding the power module. Ensure good EMC grounding.



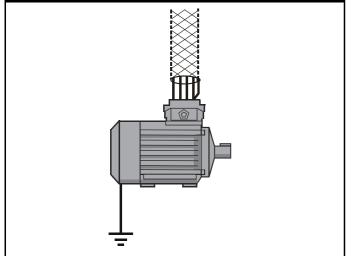
Connect the shield of the motor cable to the ground terminal of the motor frame using a link that is as short as possible and not exceeding 50 mm (2 in) long.

Safety information         Product information         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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A complete  $360^{\circ}$  termination of the shield to the terminal housing of the motor is beneficial.

From an EMC consideration it is irrelevant whether the motor cable contains an internal (safety) ground core, or if there is a separate external ground conductor, or where grounding is through the shield alone. An internal ground core will carry a high noise current and therefore it must be terminated as close as possible to the shield termination.

# Figure 4-40 Grounding the motor cable shield

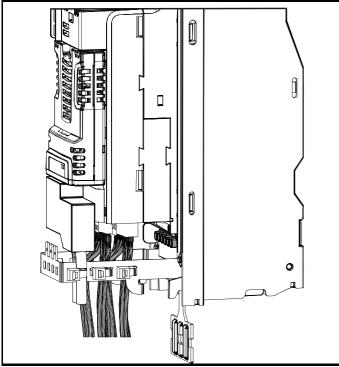


Unshielded wiring to the optional braking resistor(s) may be used provided the wiring runs internally to the enclosure.

If the control wiring is to leave the enclosure, it must be shielded and the shield(s) clamped to the drive using the grounding bracket as shown in Figure 4-41. Remove the outer insulating cover of the cable to ensure the shield(s) make direct contact with the bracket, but keep the shield(s) intact until as close as possible to the terminals

Alternatively, wiring may be passed through a ferrite ring, part number 3225-1004.

# Figure 4-41 Grounding of signal cable shields using the grounding bracket



# 4.11.7 Variations in the EMC wiring Interruptions to the motor cable

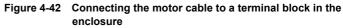
The motor cable should ideally be a single length of shielded or armored cable having no interruptions. In some situations it may be necessary to interrupt the cable, as in the following examples:

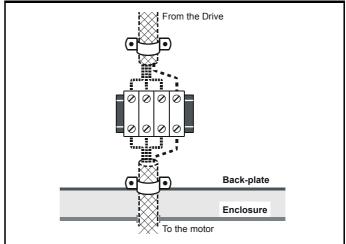
- Connecting the motor cable to a terminal block in the drive enclosure
  Installing a motor isolator / disconnect switch for safety when work is
- Installing a motor isolator / disconnect switch for safety when work is done on the motor

In these cases the following guidelines should be followed.

# Terminal block in the enclosure

The motor cable shields should be bonded to the back-plate using uninsulated metal cable-clamps which should be positioned as close as possible to the terminal block. Keep the length of power conductors to a minimum and ensure that all sensitive equipment and circuits are at least 0.3 m (12 in) away from the terminal block.



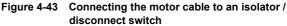


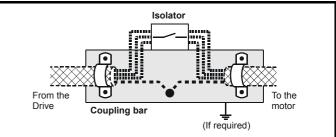
# Using a motor isolator / disconnect-switch

The motor cable shields should be connected by a very short conductor having a low inductance. The use of a flat metal coupling-bar is recommended; conventional wire is not suitable.

The shields should be bonded directly to the coupling-bar using uninsulated metal cable-clamps. Keep the length of the exposed power conductors to a minimum and ensure that all sensitive equipment and circuits are at least 0.3 m (12 in) away.

The coupling-bar may be grounded to a known low-impedance ground nearby, for example a large metallic structure which is connected closely to the drive ground.





Uptimization				Electrical			motor	Optimization	itt mould ourd				Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# Surge immunity of control circuits - long cables and connections outside a building

The input/output ports for the control circuits are designed for general use within machines and small systems without any special precautions.

These circuits meet the requirements of EN 61000-6-2:2005 (1 kV surge) provided the 0V connection is not grounded.

In applications where they may be exposed to high-energy voltage surges, some special measures may be required to prevent malfunction or damage. Surges may be caused by lightning or severe power faults in association with grounding arrangements which permit high transient voltages between nominally grounded points. This is a particular risk where the circuits extend outside the protection of a building.

As a general rule, if the circuits are to pass outside the building where the drive is located, or if cable runs within a building exceed 30 m, some additional precautions are advisable. One of the following techniques should be used:

- 1. Galvanic isolation, i.e. do not connect the control 0V terminal to ground. Avoid loops in the control wiring, i.e. ensure every control wire is accompanied by its return (0V) wire.
- 2. Shielded cable with additional power ground bonding. The cable shield may be connected to ground at both ends, but in addition the ground conductors at both ends of the cable must be bonded together by a power ground cable (equipotential bonding cable) with cross-sectional area of at least 10 mm<sup>2</sup>, or 10 times the area of the signal cable shield, or to suit the electrical safety requirements of the plant. This ensures that fault or surge current passes mainly through the ground cable and not in the signal cable shield. If the building or plant has a well-designed common bonded network this precaution is not necessary.
- 3. Additional over-voltage suppression - for the analog and digital inputs and outputs, a zener diode network or a commercially available surge suppressor may be connected in parallel with the input circuit as shown in Figure 4-44 and Figure 4-45.

If a digital port experiences a severe surge its protective trip may operate (I/O Overload trip). For continued operation after such an event, the trip can be reset automatically by setting Pr 10.034 to 5.

## Figure 4-44 Surge suppression for digital and unipolar inputs and outputs

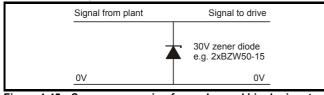
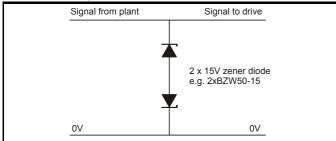


Figure 4-45 Surge suppression for analog and bipolar inputs and outputs



Surge suppression devices are available as rail-mounting modules, e.g. from Phoenix Contact:

Unipolar TT-UKK5-D/24 DC Bipolar TT-UKK5-D/24 AC

These devices are not suitable for fast digital data networks, because the capacitance of the diodes adversely affects the signal. For data networks, follow the specific recommendations for the particular network.

#### 4.12 **Communications connections**

The drive offers a double isolated 2 wire EIA-485 interface. The drive supports the Modbus RTU, BACnet MSTP and Metasys N2 open protocols. See Table 4-20 for the connection details.

# Figure 4-46 Location of the comms connector

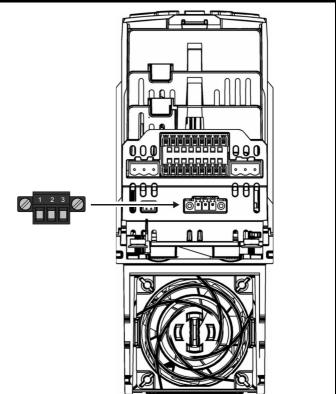


Table 4-20 Serial communication port pin-outs

Pin	Function
1	RX TX
2	Isolated 0V
3	RX\ TX\

#### 4.12.1 Isolation of the EIA-485 serial communications port

The serial PC communications port is double insulated and meets the requirements for SELV in EN 50178:1998. Depending on network topology a termination resistor of 120  $\Omega$  maybe required.



In order to meet the requirements for SELV in IEC60950 (IT equipment) it is necessary for the control computer to be grounded. Alternatively, when a lap-top or similar device is used which has no provision for grounding, an isolation WARNING device must be incorporated in the communications lead.

# NOTE

This drive does not provide the necessary line polarization for correct operation of the EIA-485 port, the data lines (Rx Tx and /Rx /Tx) must be correctly biased in accordance with the relevant protocol specification, this is normally done in the communication master or controller. Please refer to the relevant communication protocol specification for more information.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostico	UL listing
informatio	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

# 4.13 Control connections

# 4.13.1 General

# Table 4-21 The control connections consist of:

Function	Qty	Control parameters available	Terminal number
Single ended analog input	2	Mode, offset, invert, scaling, destination	5, 6
Analog output	2	Source, scaling, mode	7, 8
Digital input	3	Destination, invert, logic select	25, 26, 27
Digital input / output	3	Input / output mode select, destination / source, invert, logic select	22, 23, 24
Relay	2	Source, invert	41, 42, 71, 72
Drive enable (Safe Torque Off)	1		29
+24 V User output	1	Source, invert	3
0V common	5		1, 4, 9, 21, 28
+24 V External input	1	Destination, invert	2

# Key:

Destination parameter:	Indicates the parameter which is being controlled by the terminal / function
Source parameter:	Indicates the parameter being output by the terminal
Mode parameter:	Analog - indicates the mode of operation of the terminal, i.e. voltage 0-10 V, current 4-20 mA etc. Digital - indicates the mode of operation of the terminal, i.e. positive / negative logic (the Drive Enable terminal is fixed in positive logic), open collector.

All analog terminal functions can be programmed in menu 7. All digital terminal functions (including the relay) can be programmed in menu 8.



The control circuits are isolated from the power circuits in the drive by basic insulation (single insulation) only. The installer must ensure that the external control circuits are insulated from human contact by at least one layer of insulation (supplementary insulation) rated for use at the AC supply voltage.



If the control circuits are to be connected to other circuits classified as Safety Extra Low Voltage (SELV) (e.g. to a personal computer), an additional isolating barrier must be included in order to maintain the SELV classification.



If any of the digital inputs (including the drive enable input) are connected in parallel with an inductive load (i.e. contactor coil), then suitable suppression (i.e. diode or varistor) should be used on the coil of the load. If no suppression is used then over voltage spikes can cause damage to the digital inputs and outputs on the drive.



Ensure the logic sense is correct for the control circuit to be used. Incorrect logic sense could cause the motor to be started unexpectedly. Positive logic is the default state for the drive.

NOTE

Any signal cables which are carried inside the motor cable (i.e. motor thermistor) will pick up large pulse currents via the cable capacitance. The shield of these signal cables must be connected to ground close to

the point of exit of the motor cable, to avoid this noise current spreading through the control system.

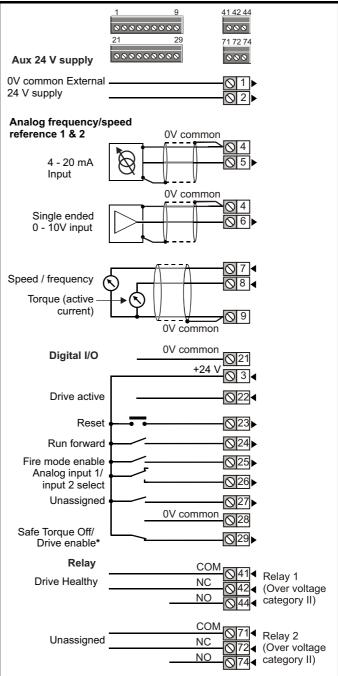
# NOTE

The Safe Torque Off drive enable terminal is a positive logic input only. It is not affected by the setting of *Input Logic Polarity* (08.029).

# NOTE

The common 0V from analog signals should, wherever possible, not be connected to the same 0V terminal as the common 0V from digital signals. Terminals 1, 4 and 9 should be used for connecting the 0V common of analog signals, and terminals 21 and 28 for digital signals. This is to prevent small voltage drops in the terminal connections causing inaccuracies in the analog signals.

# Figure 4-47 Default terminal functions



\*The Safe Torque Off / Drive enable terminal is a positive logic input only.

Uladnostics	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation		Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 4.13.2 Control terminal specification

# 0V common

Function	Common connection for all external devices

2	+24V external input						
Functio	on	To supply the control circuit without providing a supply to the power stage					
Program	mability	Can be switched on or off to act as a digital input by setting the source Pr <b>08.063</b> and input invert Pr <b>08.053</b>					
Nominal	voltage	+24.0 Vdc					
Minimun voltage	n continuous operating	+19.2 Vdc					
Maximur voltage	m continuous operating	+28.0 Vdc					
Minimun	n start-up voltage	21.6 Vdc					
Recomn	nended power supply	40 W 24 Vdc nominal					
Recomn	nended fuse	3 A, 50 Vdc					

3 +24 V user output (select	+24 V user output (selectable)	
Terminal 3 default function	+24 V user output	
Programmability	Can be switched on or off to act as a fourth digital output (positive logic only) by setting the source Pr 08.028 and source invert Pr 08.018	
Nominal output current	100 mA combined with DIO3	
Maximum output current	100 mA 200 mA (total including all Digital I/O)	
Protection	Current limit and trip	
Sample / update period	2 ms when configured as an output (output will only change at the update rate of the source parameter if slower)	

4	0V common	
Function		Common connection for all external devices

5 Analog input 1	
6 Analog input 2	
Terminal 5 Default function	Frequency / speed reference (Pr 1.036)
Terminal 6 Default function	Frequency / speed reference (Pr 1.037)
Type of input AI 1 [AI 2]	Unipolar current and Bipolar single-ended analog voltage
Mode controlled by	Pr <b>07.007</b> [07.011]
Operating in current mode (D	Default for terminal 5)
Current ranges	0 to 20 mA ±5 %, 20 to 0 mA ±5 %, 4 to 20 mA ±5 %, 20 to 4 mA ±5 %
Maximum offset	250 μΑ
Absolute maximum voltage (reverse bias)	±36 V relative to 0V
Absolute maximum current	±30 mA
Equivalent input resistance	≤ 300 Ω
Operating in voltage mode (	Default for terminal 6)
Full scale voltage range	±10 V ±2 %
Maximum offset	±10 mV
Absolute maximum voltage range	±36 V relative to 0V
Input resistance	≥100 k Ω
Common to all modes	
Resolution	12 bits (11 bits plus sign)
Sample / update	250 μs with destinations Pr <b>01.036</b> , Pr <b>01.037</b> or Pr <b>03.022</b> , Pr <b>04.008</b> in RFC-, or RFC-S. 4 ms for open loop mode and a other destinations in RFC-A or RFC-S mode.
Operating in thermistor input	t mode
Voltage range ±10 V ±2 %	
Supported thermistor types	Din 4408, KTY 84, PT100, PT 1000, PT 2000, NI 1000
Internal pull-up voltage 5 V	
Trip threshold resistance Reset resistance	User defined in Pr 07.055 [07.060]
Short-circuit detection resistance	User defined in Pr <b>07.056 [07.061]</b> 50 Ω ± 40 %
Common to all modes	00 27 T 40 /0
Resolution	12 bits (11 bits plus sign)

Safety information         Product information         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters	Running the motor Optimization	NV Media Card Building Operation Automation	Advanced parameters		Diagnostics	UL listing information
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7	Analog output 1		
8	Analog output 2		
Termin	nal 7 default function	OL> Motor FREQUENCY output signal RFC> SPEED output signal	
Termin	al 8 default function	Motor active current	
Type of	output	Bipolar single-ended analog voltage or unipolar current	
AOI [AO	2] Mode controlled by	Pr 07.021 [07.024]	
Operat	ting in Voltage mode (d	lefault)	
Voltage	range	±10 V ±5 %	
Maximu	m offset	±120 mV	
Maximu	m output current	±20 mA	
Load res	sistance	≥1 k Ω	
Protection		20 mA max. Short circuit protection	
Operating in current mode			
Current ranges		0 to 20 mA ±5%, 20 to 0 mA ±5% 4 to 20 mA ±5%, 20 to 4 mA ±5%	
Comm	Common to all modes		
Resoluti	on	10-bit	
Sample	/ update period	250 µs (output will only change at update the rate of the source parameter if slower)	

9	0V common	
Functi	on	Common connection for all external devices

21	0V common	
Function	on	Common connection for all external devices

22 Digital I/O 1		
23 Digital I/O 2		
24 Digital I/O 3		
Terminal 22 default function	DRIVE ACTIVE output	
Terminal 23 default function	DRIVE RESET input	
Terminal 24 default function	RUN FORWARD input	
Туре	Positive or negative logic digital inputs, positive logic voltage source outputs	
Input / output mode controlled by	Pr 08.031, Pr 08.032 and Pr 08.033	
Operating as an input		
Logic mode controlled by	Pr 08.029	
Absolute maximum applied voltage range	-3 V to +30 V	
Impedance	>2 mA @15 V from IEC 61131-2, type 1, 6.6 k Ω	
Input thresholds	10 V ±0.8 V from IEC 61131-2, type 1	
Operating as an output		
Nominal maximum output current	100 mA (DIO1 & 2 combined) 100 mA (DIO3 & 24 V User Output Combined)	
Maximum output current	100 mA 200 mA (total including all Digital I/O)	
Common to all modes		
Voltage range	0V to +24 V	
Sample / Update period	2 ms (output will only change at the update rate of the source parameter)	

25 Digital Input 4	
26 Digital Input 5	
Terminal 25 default function	FIRE MODE ENABLE input
Terminal 26 default function	Analog INPUT 1 / INPUT 2 select
Туре	Negative or positive logic digital inputs
Logic mode controlled by	Pr 08.029
Voltage range	0V to +24 V
Absolute maximum applied voltage range	-3 V to +30 V
Impedance	>2 mA @15 V from IEC 61131-2, type 1, 6.6 k Ω
Input thresholds	10 V ±0.8 V from IEC 61131-2, type 1
Sample / Update period	2 ms

27 Digital Input 6	
Terminal 27 default function	Unassigned input
Туре	Negative or positive logic digital inputs
Logic mode controlled by	Pr 08.029
Voltage range	0V to +24 V
Absolute maximum applied voltage range	-3 V to +30 V
Impedance	>2 mA @15 V from IEC 61131-2, type 1, 6.6 k Ω
Input thresholds	10 V ±0.8 V from IEC 61131-2, type 1
Sample / Update period	2 ms

Safety information         Product information         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor         Optimization         NV Media Card Operation         Building Automation         Advanced parameters         Technical data         Diagnostics	UL listing information
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28	0V common	
Functi	on	Common connection for all external devices

29	Safe Torque Off funct	ion (drive enable)		
Туре		Positive logic only digital input		
Voltage	range	0V to +24 V		
Absolute maximum applied voltage		30 V		
Logic Threshold		10 V ± 5 V		
Low state maximum voltage for disable to SIL3 and PL e		5 V		
Impedance		>4 mA @15 V from IEC 61131-2, type 1, 3.3 k Ω		
Low state maximum current for disable to SIL3 and PL e		0.5 mA		
Response time		Nominal: 8 ms Maximum: 20 ms		

The Safe Torque Off function may be used in a safety-related application in preventing the drive from generating torque in the motor to a high level of integrity. The system designer is responsible for ensuring that the complete system is safe and designed correctly according to the relevant safety standards. If the Safe Torque Off function is not required, this terminal is used for enabling the drive.

Refer to section 4.15 *Safe Torque Off (STO)* on page 108 for further information.

41 Relay 1 Common					
42 Relay 1 Normally clos	Relay 1 Normally closed				
44 Relay 1 Normally open					
Default function	Drive Healthy indicator				
Contact voltage rating	240 Vac, Installation over-voltage category II				
Contact maximum current rating	2 A AC 240 V 4 A DC 30 V resistive load 0.5 A DC 30 V inductive load (L/R = 40 ms)				
Contact minimum recommended rating	12 V 100 mA				
Contact type	Common - 41 Normally closed - 42 Normally open - 44				
Default contact condition	Closed when power applied and drive is healthy				
Update period	4 ms				

51	0V common*					
52	+24 Vdc*					
Size 6						
Nomina	I operating voltage	24.0 Vdc				
Minimu	m continuous operating voltage	18.6 Vdc				
Maximu	Im continuous operating voltage	28.0 Vdc				
Minimu	m startup voltage	18.4 Vdc				
Maximum power supply requirement 40 W						
Recommended fuse 4 A @ 50 Vdd						
Size 7 1	to 11					
Nomina	I operating voltage	24.0 Vdc				
Minimu	m continuous operating voltage	19.2 Vdc				
Maxim	im continuous operating voltage	30 Vdc (IEC),				
IVIAXIIIIL	in continuous operating voltage	26 Vdc (UL)				
Minimu	m startup voltage	21.6 Vdc				
Maximu	Im power supply requirement	60 W				
Recom	mended fuse	4 A @ 50 Vdc				

\*see Figure 4-16 to Figure 4-18 on page 86 for location.

71	Relay 2 Common					
72	72 Relay 2 Normally closed					
74	Relay 2 Normally open					
Defau	t function	UNASSIGNED				
Contact	t voltage rating	240 Vac, Installation over-voltage category II				
Contact	maximum current rating	2 A AC 240 V 4 A DC 30 V resistive load 0.5 A DC 30 V inductive load (L/R = 40 ms)				
Contact minimum recommended rating		12 V 100 mA				
Contact type		Common - 71 Normally closed - 72 Normally open - 74				
Default contact condition		Closed when power applied and drive is healthy				
Update	period	4 ms				
VARNI	To prevent the risk of a fire hazard in the event of a fault, a fuse or other over-current protection must be installed in the relay circuit.					

# 4.14 Building automation network connections

# Table 4-22 Specifications

1	RX TX					
2	Isolated ground					
3	RX\ TX\					
		Shielded twisted pair				
0	able specification	Characteristic impedance: 100 to 130 W				
Cable specification		Capacitance between conductors: <100 pF				
		Maximum length: 1200 m with AWG 18 cable				
Te	rmination resistor	120 W				

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

# 4.15 Safe Torque Off (STO)

The Safe Torque Off function provides a means for preventing the drive from generating torque in the motor, with a very high level of integrity. It is suitable for incorporation into a safety system for a machine. It is also suitable for use as a conventional drive enable input.

The safety function is active when the STO input is in the logic-low state as specified in the control terminal specification. The function is defined according to EN 61800-5-2 and IEC 61800-5-2 as follows. (In these standards a drive offering safety-related functions is referred to as a PDS(SR)):

'Power, that can cause rotation (or motion in the case of a linear motor), is not applied to the motor. The PDS(SR) will not provide energy to the motor which can generate torque (or force in the case of a linear motor)'.

This safety function corresponds to an uncontrolled stop in accordance with stop category 0 of IEC 60204-1.

The Safe Torque Off function makes use of the special property of an inverter drive with an induction motor, which is that torque cannot be generated without the continuous correct active behavior of the inverter circuit. All credible faults in the inverter power circuit cause a loss of torque generation.

The Safe Torque Off function is fail-safe, so when the Safe Torque Off input is disconnected the drive will not operate the motor, even if a combination of components within the drive has failed. Most component failures are revealed by the drive failing to operate. Safe Torque Off is also independent of the drive firmware. This meets the requirements of the following standards, for the prevention of operation of the motor.

# **Machinery Applications**

The Safe Torque Off Function has been independently assessed by Notified Body, TüV Rheinland for use as a safety component of a machine:

Prevention of unintended motor operation: The safety function "Safe Torque Off" can be used in applications up to Cat 4. PL e according to EN ISO 13849-1, SIL 3 according to EN 61800-5-2/ EN 62061/ IEC 61508 and in lift applications according to EN 81-1 and EN81-2

Type examination certificate No.	Date of issue	Models	
01.205/5270.01/14	2014-11-11	H300	

This certificate is available for download from the TüV Rheinland website at: http://www.tuv.com

## Safety Parameters as verified by TüV Rheinland:

According to IEC 61508-1 to 07 / EN 61800-5-2 / EN 62061

Туре	Value	Percentage of SIL 3 allowance			
Proof test interval	20 years				
High demand or a continuous mode of operation					
PFH (1/h)	4.21 x 10 <sup>-11</sup> 1/h	<1 %			
Low demand mode of operation (not EN 61800-5-2)					
PFDavg	3.68 x 10 <sup>-6</sup>	< 1 %			

# According to EN ISO 13849-1

Туре	Value	Classification
Category	4	
Performance Level (PL)	е	
MTTF <sub>D</sub>	>2500 years	High
DC <sub>avg</sub>	≥99 %	High
Mission time	20 years	

# NOTE

Logic levels comply with IEC 61131-2:2007 for type 1 digital inputs rated at 24 V. Maximum level for logic low to achieve SIL3 and PL e 5 V and 0.5 mA.

# UL Approval

The Safe Torque Off function has been independently assessed by Underwriters Laboratories (UL). The on-line certification (yellow card) reference is: FSPC.E171230.

# Safety Parameters as verified by UL:

According to IEC 61508-1 to 7

Туре	Value
Safety Rating	SIL 3
SFF	> 99 %
PFH (1/h)	4.43 x 10 <sup>-10</sup> 1/h (<1 % of SIL 3 allowance)
HFT	1
Beta Factor	2 %
CFF	Not applicable

According to EN ISO 13849-1

Туре	Value
Category	4
Performance Level (PL)	е
MTTFD	2574 years
Diagnostic coverage	High
CCF	65

# Note on response time of Safe Torque Off, and use with safety controllers with self-testing outputs:

Safe Torque Off has been designed to have a response time of greater than 1 ms so that it is compatible with safety controllers whose outputs are subject to a dynamic test with a pulse width not exceeding 1 ms.

# Note on the use of servo motors, other permanent-magnet motors, reluctance motors and salient-pole induction motors:

When the drive is disabled through Safe Torque Off, a possible (although highly unlikely) failure mode is for two power devices in the inverter circuit to conduct incorrectly.

This fault cannot produce a steady rotating torque in any AC motor. It produces no torque in a conventional induction motor with a cage rotor. If the rotor has permanent magnets and/or saliency, then a transient alignment torque may occur. The motor may briefly try to rotate by up to 180° electrical, for a permanent magnet motor, or 90° electrical, for a salient pole induction motor or reluctance motor. This possible failure mode must be allowed for in the machine design.



The design of safety-related control systems must only be done by personnel with the required training and experience. The Safe Torque Off function will only ensure the safety of a machine if it is correctly incorporated into a complete safety system. The system must be subject to a risk assessment to confirm that the residual risk of an unsafe event is at an acceptable level for the application.



Safe Torque Off inhibits the operation of the drive, this includes inhibiting braking. If the drive is required to provide both braking and Safe Torque Off in the same operation (e.g. for emergency stop) then a safety timer relay or similar device must be used to ensure that the drive is disabled a suitable time after braking. The braking function in the drive is provided by an electronic circuit which is not fail-safe. If braking is a safety requirement, it must be supplemented by an independent fail-safe braking mechanism.

Safety information         Product installation         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor         Optimization	NV Media Card Building Advanced parameters Departion Automation Parameters Department De
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Safe Torque Off does not provide electrical isolation. The supply to the drive must be disconnected by an approved isolation device before gaining access to power connections.

With Safe Torque Off there are no single faults in the drive which can permit the motor to be driven. Therefore it is not necessary to have a second channel to interrupt the power connection, nor a fault detection circuit.

It is important to note that a single short-circuit from the Safe Torque Off input to a DC supply of >5 V could cause the drive to be enabled. This can be excluded under EN ISO 13849-2 by the use of protected wiring. The wiring can be protected by either of the following methods:

- By placing the wiring in a segregated cable duct or other enclosure.
- or
- By providing the wiring with a grounded shield in a positive-logic grounded control circuit. The shield is provided to avoid a hazard from an electrical fault. It may be grounded by any convenient method; no special EMC precautions are required.



It is essential to observe the maximum permitted voltage of 5 V for a safe low (disabled) state of Safe Torque Off. The connections to the drive must be arranged so that voltage drops in the 0V wiring cannot exceed this value under any loading condition. It is strongly recommended that the Safe Torque Off circuit be provided with a dedicated 0V conductor which should be connected to terminal 28 at the drive.

### Safe Torque Off over-ride

The drive does not provide any facility to over-ride the Safe Torque Off function, for example for maintenance purposes.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 5 Getting started

This chapter introduces the user interfaces, menu structure and security levels of the drive.

## 5.1 Understanding the display

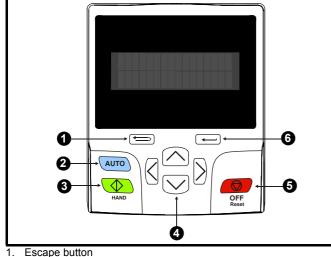
The KI-HOA keypad RTC can only be mounted on the drive. The HOA keypad RTC can be mounted on the drive or remotely mounted.

### 5.1.1 Keypad details

The display of both keypads consists of two rows of text. The upper row shows the drive status or the menu and parameter number currently being viewed. The lower row of the display line shows the parameter value or the specific trip type. The last two characters on the first row may display special indications. If more than one of these indications is active then the indications are prioritized as shown in Table 5-2.

When the drive is powered up the lower row will show the power up parameter defined by *Parameter Displayed At Power-Up* (11.022).

### Figure 5-1 KI-HOA Keypad RTC / HOA Keypad RTC



- 2. Auto button
- 3. Hand / Start forward
- Navigation keys (x4)
- 5. Off / Reset (red) button
- 6. Enter button

### NOTE

The red stop obtained button is also used to reset the drive.

The parameter value is correctly displayed in the lower row of the keypad display, see table below.

### Table 5-1 Keypad display formats

Display formats	Value
IP Address	127.000.000.000
MAC Address	01ABCDEF2345
Time	12:34:56
Date	31-12-11 or 12-31-11
Version number	01.02.02.00
Character	ABCD
32 bit number with decimal point	21474836.47
16 bit binary number	0100001011100101

Active action icon	Description	Row (1=top)	Priority in row
۵	Accessing non-volatile media card	1	1
4	Alarm active	1	2
<u> </u>	Keypad real-time clock battery low	1	3
	Drive security active and locked or unlocked	1	4
44	User program running	3	1
4	Keypad reference active	4	1

### 5.2 Keypad operation

### 5.2.1 Control buttons

Table 5-2 Active action icon

The keypad consists of:

- Navigation Keys Used to navigate the parameter structure and change parameter values.
- Enter / Mode button Used to toggle between parameter edit and view mode.
- Escape / Exit button Used to exit from parameter edit or view mode. In parameter edit mode, if parameter values are edited and the exit button is pressed, the parameter value will be restored to the value it had on entry to edit mode.
- Three control buttons are used to select Hand / Off / Auto modes (see below).

### NOTE

Low battery voltage is indicated by **D** low battery symbol on the keypad display. Refer to section 3.13.1 *Real time clock battery replacement* on page 66 for information on battery replacement.

Figure 5-2 *Display modes* on page 111, shows an example of moving between menus and editing parameters.

### 5.2.2 Hand / Off / Auto

Hand / Off / Auto functions are enabled if Pr **1.052** is set to a non-zero value, otherwise the keypad buttons are allocated as follows:

- Blue and Forward/Reverse
- Green 👁 Run

When Hand / Off / Auto functions are enabled (Pr **1.052** set to either 1, 2 or 3), then the keypad buttons will be allocated as follows:

- Blue 💵 Auto
- Green 💿 Hand
- Red 💿 Off/Reset

The value in Pr 1.052 selects Hand/Off/Auto mode on power-up as shown in Table 5-3.

### Table 5-3 Hand/Off/Auto mode

Pr 1.052	Power up
0	Hand/Off/Auto disabled
1	Auto Mode
2	Off Mode
3	See table Table 5-4

Safety information         Product information         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor         Optimizal	on NV Media Card Building Advanced Technical Diagnostics UL listing information
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#### Table 5-4 Power-up modes if Pr 1.052 = 3

Power-down	Power-up
Hand	Off
Off	Off
Auto	Auto

### Auto

In Auto mode, the reference for the motor speed/frequency will be selected by the value set in Pr 0.005.

#### Hand

The speed/frequency reference Pr **0.005** is automatically set to keypad reference. The motor speed is determined by the value in the keypad control mode reference Pr **1.017**, which can be adjusted by pressing the Up/Down arrows on the keypad.

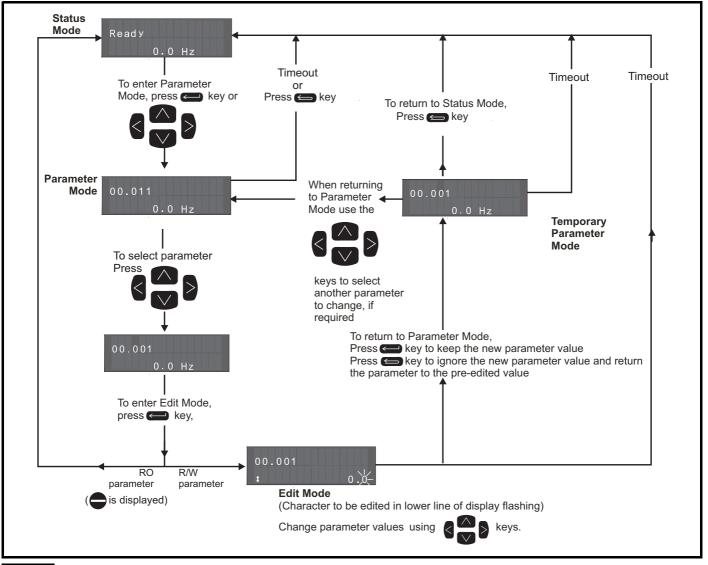
When Hand is selected from Auto, Pr 1.017 will be set to the value of the Pre-ramp reference (Pr 1.003) on mode transition, so the current motor speed is maintained.

If Hand mode is selected from Off mode, the motor will ramp up to the speed determined by the value in Pr 1.017.

### Off

In Off mode, the motor will be stopped. The speed/frequency reference (Pr **0.005**) is automatically set to keypad reference allowing the value in the *keypad control mode reference* (Pr **1.017**) to be modified by pressing the Up/Down arrow keys. If Hand mode is then selected, the motor will ramp up to the speed determined by the value in Pr **1.017**.





#### NOTE

The navigation keys can only be used to move between menus if Pr **00.031** has been set to show 'All Menus'. Refer to section 5.9 *Parameter access level and security* on page 116.

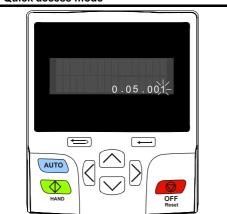
information installation installation installation started parameters motor Operation Operation Automation parameters data	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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### 5.2.3 Quick access mode

The quick access mode allows direct access to any parameter without scrolling through menus and parameters.

To enter the quick access mode, press and hold the Enter button on the keypad while in 'parameter mode'.

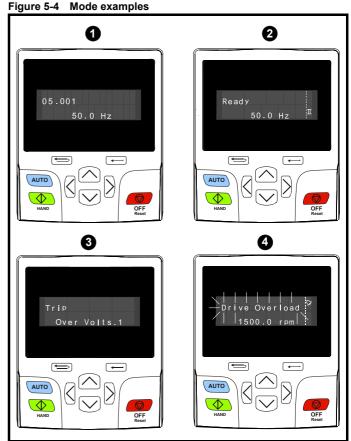
#### Figure 5-3 Quick access mode



### 5.2.4 Keypad shortcuts

In 'parameter mode':

- If the up and down we keypad buttons are pressed together, then the keypad display will jump to the start of the parameter menu being viewed, i.e. Pr 05.005 being viewed, when the above buttons pressed together will jump to Pr 05.000.
- If the left and right keypad buttons are pressed together, then the keypad display will jump to the last viewed parameter in Menu 0.
- In 'parameter edit mode':
- If the up and down very keypad buttons are pressed together, then the parameter value of the parameter being edited will be set to 0.
- If the left and right keypad buttons are pressed together, the least significant digit (furthest right) will be selected on the keypad display for editing.



### 1. Parameter view mode: Read write or Read only

### 2. Status mode: Drive Heathy status

If the drive is healthy and the parameters are not being edited or viewed, the upper row of the display will show one of the following:

• 'Inhibit', 'Ready' or 'Run'.

### 3. Status mode: Trip status

When the drive is in trip condition, the upper row of the display will indicate that the drive has tripped and the lower row of the display will show the trip code. For further information regarding trip codes. refer to Table 13-3 *Trip indications* on page 286.

#### 4. Status mode: Alarm status

During an 'alarm' condition the upper row of the display flashes between the drive status (Inhibit, Ready or Run, depending on what is displayed) and the alarm.



Do not change parameter values without careful consideration; incorrect values may cause damage or a safety hazard.

### NOTE

When changing the values of parameters, make a note of the new values in case they need to be entered again.

### NOTE

For new parameter-values to apply after the line power supply to the drive is interrupted, new values must be saved. Refer to section 5.7 *Saving parameters* on page 115.

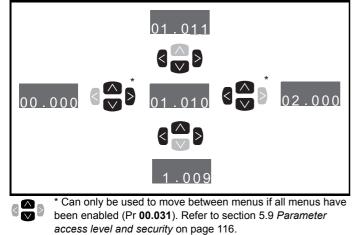
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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### 5.3 Menu structure

The drive parameter structure consists of menus and parameters.

The drive initially powers up so that only Menu 0 can be viewed. The up and down arrow buttons are used to navigate between parameters and once Pr **00.031** has been set to 'All Menus' the left and right buttons are used to navigate between menus. For further information, refer to section 5.9 *Parameter access level and security* on page 116

### Figure 5-5 Parameter navigation

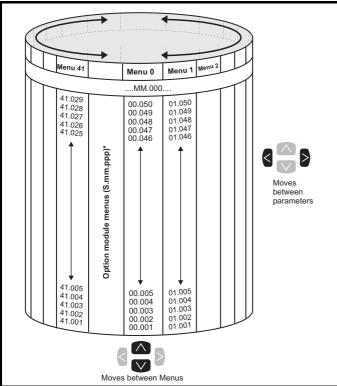


The menus and parameters roll over in both directions.

i.e. if the last parameter is displayed, a further press will cause the display to rollover and show the first parameter.

When changing between menus the drive remembers which parameter was last viewed in a particular menu and thus displays that parameter.

### Figure 5-6 Menu structure



\* The option module menus (S.mm.ppp) are only displayed if option modules are installed. Where S signifies the option module slot number and the mm.ppp signifies the menu and the parameter number of the option module's internal menus and parameter.

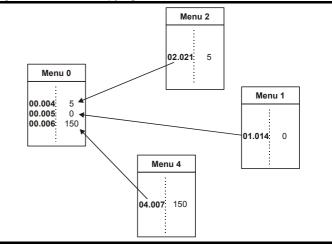
### 5.4 Menu 0

Menu 0 is used to bring together various commonly used parameters for basic easy set up of the drive. The parameters displayed in Menu 0 can be configured in Menu 22.

Appropriate parameters are copied from the advanced menus into Menu 0 and thus exist in both locations.

For further information, refer to Chapter 6 *Basic parameters* on page 119.

#### Figure 5-7 Menu 0 copying



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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#### 5.5 Advanced menus

The advanced menus consist of groups or parameters appropriate to a specific function or feature of the drive. Menus 0 to 41 can be viewed on the KI-HOA Keypad RTC or HOA Keypad RTC.

The option module menus (S.mm.ppp) are only displayed if option modules are installed. Where S signifies the option module slot number and the mm.ppp signifies the menu and parameter number of the option module's internal menus and parameter.

### Table 5-5 Advanced menu descriptions

Menu	Description
0	Commonly used basic set up parameters for quick / easy programming
1	Frequency / Speed reference
2	Ramps
3	Speed feedback and speed control
4	Torque and current control
5	Motor control
6	Sequencer and clock
7	Analog I/O, Temperature monitoring
8	Digital I/O
9	Programmable logic, motorized pot, binary sum, timers and scope
10	Status and trips
11	Drive set-up and identification, serial communications
12	Threshold detectors and variable selectors
14	User PID controller
15	Option module slot 1 set-up menu
16	Option module slot 2 set-up menu
17	Option module slot 3 set-up menu
18	General option module application menu 1
19	General option module application menu 2
20	General option module application menu 3
22	Menu 0 set-up
23	Not allocated
28	Reserved menu
29	Building Automation communications configuration
Slot 1	Slot 1 option menus*
Slot 2	Slot 2 option menus*
Slot 3	Slot 3 option menus*

\*Only displayed when the option modules are installed.

#### 5.5.1 **KI-HOA Keypad RTC**

To enter the keypad set-up menu press and hold the escape button on the keypad from status mode. All the keypad parameters are saved to the keypad non-volatile memory when exiting from the keypad set-up menu.

To exit from the keypad set-up menu press the escape  $\bigcirc$  or  $\lt$  or



button. Below are the keypad set-up parameters.

#### Table 5-6 Keypad set-up parameters

	Parameters	Range	Туре
Keypad.00	Language*	Classic English (0) English (1) German (2) French (3) Italian (4) Spanish (5) Chinese (6)	RW
Keypad.01	Show Units	Off (0), On (1)	RW
Keypad.02	Backlight Level	0 to 100 %	RW
Keypad.03	Keypad Date	01.01.10 to 31.12.99	RO
Keypad.04	Keypad Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59	RO
Keypad.05	Show Raw Text Parameter Values	Off (0), On (1)	RW
Keypad.06	Software Version	00.00.00.00 to 99.99.99.99	RO
Keypad.07	Language version	00.00.00.00 to 99.99.99.99	RO
Keypad.08	Font version	0 to 1000	RO
Keypad.09	Show menu names	Off (0), On (1)	RW

### NOTE

It is not possible to access the keypad parameters via any communications channel.

\* The languages available will depend on the keypad software version.

#### **Display messages** 5.5.2

The following tables indicate the various possible mnemonics which can be displayed by the drive and their meaning.

Table 5-7 Status indications

Upper row string	Description	Drive output stage						
Inhibit	The drive is inhibited and cannot be run. The Safe Torque Off signal is not applied to Safe Torque Off terminals or Pr <b>06.015</b> is set to 0. The other conditions that can prevent the drive from enabling are shown as bits in <i>Enable Conditions</i> (06.010)	Disabled						
Ready	Stop         The drive is stopped / holding zero speed							
Stop	The drive is stopped / holding zero speed	Enabled						
Run	The drive is active and running	Enabled						
Supply Loss	Supply loss condition has been detected	Enabled						
Deceleration	The motor is being decelerated to zero speed / frequency because the final drive run has been deactivated	Enabled						
dc injection	The drive is applying dc injection braking	Enabled						
Trip	The drive has tripped and no longer controlling the motor. The trip code appears in the lower display	Disabled						
Under Voltage	The drive is in the under voltage state either in low voltage or high voltage mode	Disabled						
Heat	The motor pre-heat function is active	Enabled						
Phasing	The drive is performing a 'phasing test on enable'	Enabled						

>

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

### 5.5.3 Alarm indications

An alarm is an indication given on the display by alternating the alarm string with the drive status string on the upper row and showing the alarm symbol in the last character in the upper row. Alarms strings are not displayed when a parameter is being edited, but the user will still see the alarm character on the upper row.

#### Table 5-8 Alarm indications

Alarm string	Description
Motor Overload	Motor Protection Accumulator (04.019) in the drive has reached 75.0 % of the value at which the drive will trip and the load on the drive is >100 %.
Drive Overload	Drive over temperature. <i>Percentage Of Drive</i> <i>Thermal Trip Level</i> (07.036) in the drive is greater than 90 %.
Auto Tune	The autotune procedure has been initialized and an autotune in progress.

# Table 5-9 Option module and NV media card and other status indications at power-up

First row		_							
string	Second row string	Status							
Booting	Parameters	Parameters are being loaded							
Drive param	eters are being loade	d from a NV Media Card							
Booting	User Program	User program being loaded							
User progra	m is being loaded fror	n a NV Media Card to the drive							
Booting	Option Program	User program being loaded							
User progra module in sl	U U	n a NV Media Card to the option							
Writing To         NV Card         Data being written to NV Media           Card         Card									
	•	ia Card to ensure that its copy of the se the drive is in Auto or Boot mode							
Waiting For	Power System	Waiting for power stage							
The drive is after power-	<b>U</b> 1	sor in the power stage to respond							
Waiting For	Options	Waiting for an option module							
The drive is	waiting for the options	s modules to respond after power-up							
Uploading From	Options	Loading parameter database							
held by the o an application structure. The	drive because an optio ons module has reque his may involve data tr	to update the parameter database on module has changed or because sted changes to the parameter ransfer between the drive an option ading From Options' is displayed							

### 5.6 Changing the operating mode

Changing the operating mode returns all parameters to their default value, including the motor parameters. *User security status* (00.031) and *User security code* (00.030) are not affected by this procedure).

### Procedure

Use the following procedure only if a different operating mode is required:

- 1. Ensure the drive is not enabled, i.e. terminal 29 is open or Pr 06.015 is OFF (0)
- Enter either of the following values in Pr mm.000, as appropriate: 1253 (50 Hz AC supply frequency) 1254 (60 Hz AC supply frequency)
- 3. Change the setting of Pr **00.030** to L2 to allow access to Pr **11.031**
- 4. Change the setting of Pr **11.031** as follows:

Pr 11.031 setting		Operating mode
<b>11.031</b> t Open-loop	1	Open-loop
11.031 t RFC-A	2	RFC-A
<b>11.031</b> ‡ RFC-S	3	RFC-S

The figures in the second column apply when serial communications are used.

5. Either:

- Press the red 
   reset button
- Toggle the reset digital input
- Carry out a drive reset through serial communications by setting Pr **10.038** to 100.

### NOTE

Entering 1253 or 1254 in Pr **mm.000** will only load defaults if the setting of Pr **11.031** has been changed.

### 5.7 Saving parameters

When changing a parameter in Menu 0, the new value is saved when

pressing the enter button to return to parameter view mode from parameter edit mode.

If parameters have been changed in the advanced menus, then the change will not be saved automatically. A save function must be carried out.

### Procedure

- 1. Select 'Save Parameters' in Pr **mm.000** (alternatively enter a value of 1001 in Pr **mm.000**)
- 2. Either:
- Press the red 
   reset button
- Toggle the reset digital input, or
- Carry out a drive reset through serial communications by setting
   Pr 10.038 to 100

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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### 5.8 Restoring parameter defaults

Restoring parameter defaults by this method saves the default values in the drives memory. *User security status* (00.031) and *User security code* (00.030) are not affected by this procedure).

### Procedure

- 1. Ensure the drive is not enabled, i.e. terminal 29 is open or Pr 06.015 is OFF (0)
- Select 'Reset 50 Hz Defs' or 'Reset 60 Hz Defs' in Pr mm.000. (alternatively, enter 1233 (50 Hz settings) or 1244 (60 Hz settings) in Pr mm.000).
- 3. Either:
- Press the red 
   reset button
- Toggle the reset digital input
- Carry out a drive reset through serial communications by setting Pr 10.038 to 100

### 5.9 Parameter access level and security

The parameter access level determines whether the user has access to Menu 0 only or to all the advanced menus (Menus 1 to 41) in addition to Menu 0.

The User Security determines whether the access to the user is read only or read write.

Both the User Security and Parameter Access Level can operate independently of each other as shown in Table 5-10.

Table 5-10 Parameter access level and security

User security status (11.044)	Access level	security status		Advanced menu status
0	Menu 0	Open	RW	Not visible
Ŭ	World 0	Closed	RO	Not visible
1	All Menus	Open	RW	RW
I	All Merius	Closed	RO	RO
2	Read-only	Open	RO	Not visible
2	Menu 0	Closed	RO	Not visible
3	Read-only	Open	RO	RO
3	Reau-only	Closed	RO	RO
4	Status only	Open	Not visible	Not visible
4	Status Offy	Closed	Not visible	Not visible
5	No access	Open	Not visible	Not visible
5	NU access	Closed	Not visible	Not visible

The default settings of the drive are Parameter Access Level Menu 0 and user Security Open i.e. read / write access to Menu 0 with the advanced menus not visible.

### 5.9.1 User Security Level / Access Level

The drive provides a number of different levels of security that can be set by the user via *User Security Status* (11.044); these are shown in the table below.

User Security Status (Pr 11.044)	Description
Menu 0 (0)	All writable parameters are available to be edited but only parameters in Menu 0 are visible
All menus (1)	All parameters are visible and all writable parameters are available to be edited
Read- only Menu 0 (2)	Access is limited to Menu 0 parameters only. All parameters are read-only
Read-only (3)	All parameters are read-only however all menus and parameters are visible
Status only (4)	The keypad remains in status mode and no parameters can be viewed or edited
No access (5)	The keypad remains in status mode and no parameters can be viewed or edited. Drive parameters cannot be accessed via a comms/ fieldbus interface in the drive or any option module

# 5.9.2 Changing the User Security Level /Access Level

The security level is determined by the setting of Pr **00.031** or Pr **11.044**. The Security Level can be changed through the keypad even if the User Security Code has been set.

### 5.9.3 User Security Code

The User Security Code, when set, prevents write access to any of the parameters in any menu.

### Setting User Security Code

Enter a value between 1 and 2147483647 in Pr 00.030 and press the

button; the security code has now been set to this value. In order to activate the security, the Security level must be set to desired level in Pr 00.031. When the drive is reset, the security code will have been

activated and the drive returns to Menu 0 and the 🔂 symbol is displayed in the right hand corner of the keypad display. The value of Pr **00.030** will return to 0 in order to hide the security code.

### **Unlocking User Security Code**

Select a parameter that need to be edited and press the emission button, the upper display will now show 'Security Code'. Use the arrow buttons

to set the security code and press the button. With the correct security code entered, the display will revert to the parameter selected in edit mode.

If an incorrect security code is entered, the following message 'Incorrect security code' is displayed, then the display will revert to parameter view mode.

#### **Disabling User Security**

Unlock the previously set security code as detailed above. Set Pr 00.030

to 0 and press the button. The User Security has now been disabled, and will not have to be unlocked each time the drive is powered up to allow read / write access to the parameters.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

### 5.10 Displaying parameters with nondefault values only

By selecting 'Show non-default' in Pr **mm.000** (Alternatively, enter 12000 in Pr **mm.000**), the only parameters that will be visible to the user will be those containing a non-default value. This function does not require a drive reset to become active. In order to deactivate this function, return to Pr **mm.000** and select 'No action' (alternatively enter a value of 0). Please note that this function can be affected by the access level enabled, refer to section 5.9 *Parameter access level and security* on page 116 for further information regarding access level.

### 5.11 Displaying destination parameters only

By selecting 'Destinations' in Pr **mm.000** (Alternatively enter 12001 in Pr **mm.000**), the only parameters that will be visible to the user will be destination parameters. This function does not require a drive reset to become active. In order to deactivate this function, return to Pr **mm.000** and select 'No action' (alternatively enter a value of 0).

Please note that this function can be affected by the access level enabled, refer to section 5.9 *Parameter access level and security* on page 116 for further information regarding access level.

### 5.12 Communications

As standard the H300 drive is provided with a 2 wire EIA-485 interface located beneath the control terminals, see Figure 4-46 *Location of the comms connector* on page 103. It allows communication to other devices via three building automation network protocols (Modbus RTU, BACnet MSTP and Metasys N2 Open).

### 5.12.1 EIA-485 Serial communications

The serial communications port is a 3 way screw type connector, which is isolated from the power stage and the other control terminals (see section 4.12 *Communications connections* on page 103 for connection and isolation details). The communications port applies a 2 unit load to the communications network.

### USB/EIA-232 to EIA-485 Communications

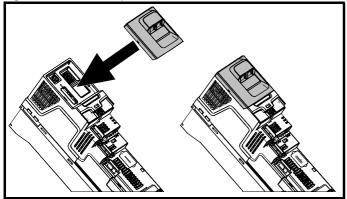
An external USB/EIA-232 hardware interface such as a PC cannot be used directly with the 2-wire EIA-485 interface of the drive.

To gain access to the drive parameters (including connection to HVAC Connect), a KI-485 Adaptor should be installed as shown in Figure 5-8 and used in conjunction with a suitable USB to EIA-485 isolated converter. A suitable isolated converter is available from Control Techniques:

• CT USB Comms Cable (CT part number: 4500-0096).

A KI-485 Adaptor is also required for remote LCD keypad operation. The communications cable between the KI-485 Adaptor and keypad is wired one to one. The maximum cable length is 100 m when conductors of 0.129 mm<sup>2</sup> (AWG 26) or larger are used and the cable shield should be connected to the grounded panel / cubicle at the keypad end of the cable.

### Figure 5-8 KI-485 Adaptor Installation



To install, align the KI-485 Adaptor and press gently in the direction shown until it clicks into position. To remove, reverse the installation instructions.

### NOTE

The KI-485 Adaptor can be installed / removed while the drive is powered up and running a motor, providing a remote keypad is not connected to a port on the KI-485 Adaptor and operating in keypad mode

When using the Control Techniques converters or any other suitable converter with the drive, it is recommended that no terminating resistors be connected on the network. It may be necessary to disconnect the terminating resistor within the converter depending on which type is used.

Safety         Product         Mechanical         Electrical         Getting         Basic         Running the           information         installation         installation         started         parameters         motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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### Serial communications set-up parameters

The following parameters need to be set according to the system requirements.

		s	erial commu	nications set-up	o parameters	
	Data Bits	Stop Bits	Parity	Register Mode	Pr 11.024	
	8	2	NP	Standard	0	
	8	1	NP	Standard	1	
	8	1	EP	Standard	2	
	8	1	OP	Standard	3	
	8	2	NP	Modified	4	
Serial Mode (11.024)	8	1	NP	Modified	5	This parameter defines the supported data
	8	1	EP	Modified	6	formats used by the EIA-485 comms port on
{00.035}	8	1	OP	Modified	7	drive. This parameter can be changed via th drive keypad, via a option module or via the
	7	2	NP	Standard	8	comms interface itself.
	7	1	NP	Standard	9	
	7	1	EP	Standard	10	
	7	1	OP	Standard	11	
	7	2	NP	Modified	12	
	7	1	NP	Modified	13	
	7	1	EP	Modified	14	
	7	1	OP	Modified	15	
Serial Baud Rate (11.025) {00.036}	300 (0), 600 (1 38400 (7), 576			00 (6),	This parameter can be changed via the drive keypad, via a option module or via the comm interface itself. If it is changed via the comm interface, the response to the command use the original baud rate. The master should wa least 20 ms before sending a new message using the new baud rate.	
Serial Address (11.023) {00.037}	1 to 247					This parameter defines the serial address ar an addresses between 1 and 247 are permit

See Chapter 10 Building Automation on page 170 for further information

about the three building automation network (BAN) protocols available with the HVAC drive H300.

### NOTE

This drive does not provide the necessary line polarization for correct operation of the EIA-485 port, the data lines (Rx Tx and /Rx /Tx) must be correctly biased in accordance with the relevant protocol specification, this is normally done in the communication master or controller. Please refer to the relevant communication protocol specification for more information.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

### **Basic parameters** 6

### 6.1

6.1 Menu 0: Basic parameters Menu 0 is used to bring together various commonly used parameters for basic easy set up of the drive. All the parameters in Menu 0 appear in other menus in the drive (denoted by {...}). Menu 22 can be used to configure the parameters in Menu 0.

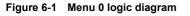
	_		I	Range			Default				_			
	Parameter		OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	e		
00.001	Motor Rpm	{05.004}	±180000 rpm						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
00.001	Speed Feedback	{03.002}		VM_SP	EED rpm				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
00.002	Output Frequency	{05.001}	VM_SPEED_FREQ_ REF Hz		0.0 Hz				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
00.003	Current Magnitude	{04.001}	0.000 to VM_E UNI	DRIVE_CURRI POLAR A	ENT_				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	FI
00.004	Output Power	(05.003)	VM_F	OWER kW					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
00.005	Software Version	{11.029}	00.00.00.0	0 to 99.99.99.9	99				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
00.010	Minimum Reference Clamp	{01.007}	VM_NEGATIVE_I	REF_CLAMP1	Hz / rpm	0	.0 Hz / rpm		RW	Num				US
00.011	Maximum Reference Clamp	{01.006}		VE_REF_CLAI z / rpm	MP1	50 Hz default: 50.0 Hz 60 Hz default: 60.0 Hz	50 Hz default: 1500.0 rpm 60 Hz default: 1800.0 rpm	3000.0 rpm	RW	Num				US
00.012	Acceleration Rate 1	{02.011}	0.0 to VM_ACCEL_RATE s to Pr <b>01.006</b>	VM_ACC	00 to CEL_RATE r <b>01.006</b>	20.0 s to Pr <b>01.006</b>	20.000 s to Pr <b>01.006</b>		RW	Num				US
00.013	Deceleration Rate 1	{02.021}	0.0 to VM_ACCEL_RATE s from Pr <b>01.006</b>	VM_ACC	00 to CEL_RATE Pr <b>01.006</b>	20.0 s from Pr <b>01.006</b>		000 s r <b>01.006</b>	RW	Num				US
00.014	Open-loop Control Mode	{05.014}	Ur S (0), Ur (1), Fixed (2), Ur Auto (3), Ur I (4), Square (5), Current 1P (6)			Ur I (4)			RW	Txt				US
	Speed Controller Proportional Gain Kp1	{03.010}		0.0000 to 2	00.0000 s/rad		0.030	0 s/rad	RW	Num				US
00.015	Dynamic V to F Select	{05.013}	Off (0) or On (1)			On (1)			RW	Bit				US
00.013	Speed Controller Integral Feedback Gain Ki 1	{03.011}		0.00 to 655.35 s <sup>2</sup> /rad			0.10	s <sup>2</sup> /rad	RW	Num				US
	Low Frequency Voltage Boost	{05.015}	0.0 to 25.0 %	0.0 to 25.0 %		1.0 %			RW	Num				US
00.016	Speed Controller Differential Feedback Gain Kd1	{03.012}		0.00000 to 0.65535 1/rad			0.0000	00 1/rad	RW	Num				US
00.017	Number Of Motor Poles	{05.011}	Automatic (0)	to 480 Poles (	240)	Automat	ic (0)	8 Poles (4)	RW	Num				US
00.018	Rated Voltage	{05.009}	0 to VM_AC_	0 to VM_AC_VOLTAGE_SET V		50Hz defai 60Hz defai 575	0V drive: 230V ault 400V drive: 400V ault 400V drive: 460V 5V drive: 575V 0V drive: 690V		RW	Num		RA		US
00.019	Rated Speed	{05.008}	0 to 33000 rpm	0.00 to 33000.00 rpm		50 Hz default - 1500 rpm 60 Hz default- 1800 rpm	50 Hz default - 1450.00 rpm 60 Hz default- 1750.00 rpm	3000.00 rpm	RW	Num				US
00.020	Rated Current	{05.007}	0.000 to VM_R	000 to VM_RATED_CURRENT A			um rated cur r 11.060) A	rrent	RW	Num		RA		US
00.021	Rated Frequency	{05.006}	0.0 to 550.0	Hz		50Hz defa 60Hz defa			RW	Num				US
00.021	Volts per 1000 rpm	{05.033}			0 to 10000 V / 1000 rpm			98 V / 1000 rpm	RW	Num				US
00.022	Maximum Switching Frequency	{05.018}	2 kHz (0), 3 kHz (1), 4 12 kHz (	kHz (2), 6 kHz 5), 16 kHz (6)	(3), 8 kHz (4),		3 kHz (1)		RW	Txt		RA		US
00.023	Catch A Spinning Motor	{06.009}	Disable (0), Enal Fwd Only (2), Rev			Disable (0)			RW	Txt				US
00.024	Auto-tune	{05.012}	0 to 2	0 to 2	0, 1, 2, 6		0		RW	Num		NC		

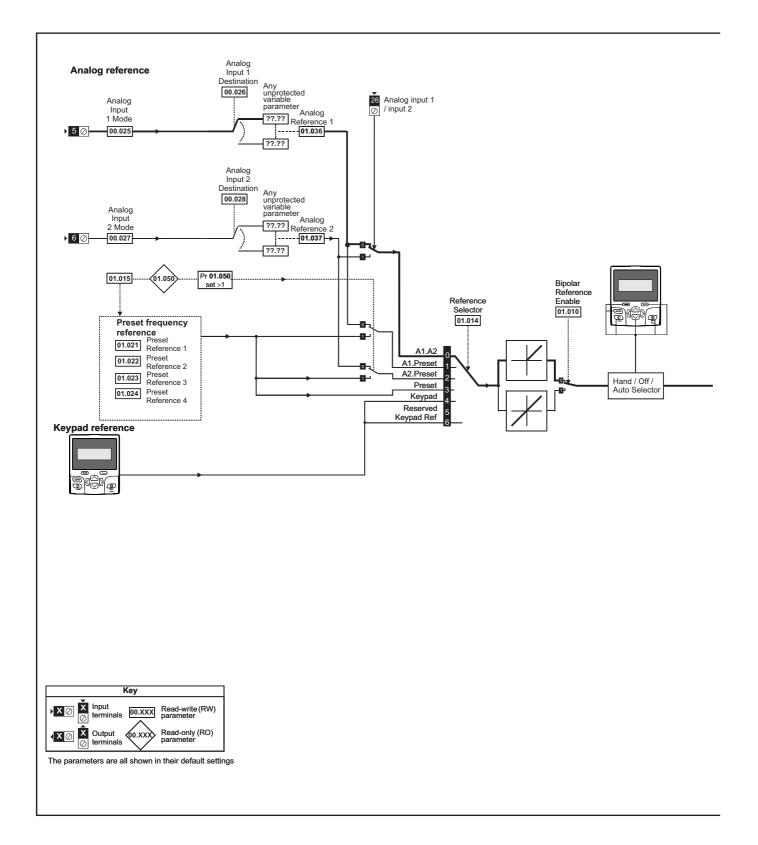
Safety information		echanical stallation	Electrical installation	Getting Basic started parameter	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advance paramete		chnical data	Diagno	stics	UL listing information		
	_				Range			Default				_				
	Paramete	ər		OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	e			
00.025	Analog Input 1 Mod	e	{07.007}	20-4 mA Low 20-4 mA H 20-0 mA ( 20-4 mA Trip (3), 4-2 Therm Short	0 mA Low (-4), (-3), 4-20 mA lold (-1), 0-20 r (1),4-20 mA Tri 0 mA (4), 20-4 Cct (7), Therm frm No Trip (9)	nA (0), ip (2), mA (5), Volt (6),		4-20 mA (4)		RW	Txt				US	
00.026	Analog Input 1 Destination		{07.010}	0.0	000 to 59.999			01.036		RW	Num	DE		PT	US	
00.027	Analog Input 2 Mod	e	{07.011}	4-20 mA Hold (-2), 2 20-0 mA ( 20-4 mA 1 20-4 mA (5), Vo	1), 4-20 mA Tr Frip (3), 4-29 m	-1), 0-20 mA (0), ip (2), iA (4), hort Cct (7),		Volt (6)		RW	Txt				US	
00.028	Analog Input 2 Destination		{07.014}	00.	000 to 59.999			01.037		RW	Num	DE		PT	US	
00.029	Analog Input 2 Ther Type	mistor	{07.058}	DIN44082 (0), KTY8 PT200	84 (1), PT100 0 (4), NI1000 (		C	0IN44082 (0)		RW	Txt				US	
00.030	User Security Code		{11.030}		2147483647	· · ·	0			RW	Num	ND	NC	PT	US	
00.031	User Security Statu	s	{11.044}	Menu 0 (0), All Men Read-only (3), Sta			1	Menu 0 (0)		RW	Txt	ND		PT		
00.032	NV Media Card Dat Previously Loaded	a	{11.036}		0 to 999	(0)	1	0		RO	Num		NC	PT	$\left  \right $	
00.033	Parameter Cloning		{11.042}	None (0), Read (1),	Program (2), A	uto (3), Boot (4)		None (0)		RW	Txt		NC		US	
00.034	Date		{06.016}	00-00	)-00 to 31-12-9	9				RW	Date	ND	NC	PT		
00.035	Time		{06.017}		0:00 to 23:59:5					RW	Time	ND	NC	PT		
00.036	Day Of Week		{06.018}	Sunday (0), Monday ( Thursday (4),	1), Tuesday (2 Friday (5), Sa		),			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT		
00.037	Date/Time Selector		{06.019}	Set (0), Powered (1), Local Keypad Slot 1 (6), Slot	(4), Remote K	eypad (5),	Lo	cal Keypad (4)	)	RW	Txt				US	
00.038	Date Format		{06.020}	Std	I (0) or US (1)			US (1)		RW	Txt				US	
00.040	RFC Low Speed Mode		{05.064}			Injection (0) Non-salient (1), Current (2), Current No Test (3)			Non- salient (1)	RW	Txt				US	
00.041	Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current		{05.071}			0.0 to 1000.0 %			20.0 %	RW	Num		RA		US	
00.042	No-load Lq		{05.072}			0.000 to 500.000 mH	1		0.000 mH	RW	Num		RA		US	
00.043	Iq Test Current for Inductance Measurement		{05.075}			0 to 200 %			100 %	RW	Num				US	
00.044	Phase Offset At Iq Test Current		{05.077}			±90.0 °			0.0 °	RW	Num		RA		US	
00.045	Lq At The Defined Iq Test Current		{05.078}			0.000 to 500.000 mH	1		0.000 mH	RW	Num		RA		US	
00.046	Id Test Current for Inductance Measur	ement	{05.082}			-100 to 0 %			-50 %	RW	Num				US	
00.047	Lq At The Defined Id Test Current		{05.084}			0.000 to 500.000 mH	1		0.000 mH	RW	Num		RA		US	
00.048	Number Of Auto-res Attempts	set	{10.034}	None (0), 1 (1), 2 (2	2), 3 (3), 4 (4), 5	5 (5), Infinite (6)		5 (5)		RW	Txt				US	
00.049	Auto-reset Delay		{10.035}	0.	.0 to 600.0 s			5.0 s		RW	Num				US	
00.050	Trip 0		{10.020}		0 to 255					RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS	
00.051	Trip 1		{10.021}	0 to 255					RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS		
00.052	Trip 2		{10.022}	0 to 255					RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS		
00.053 00.054	Trip 3 Trip 4		{10.023} {10.024}	0 to 255 0 to 255					RO RO	Txt Txt	ND ND	NC NC	PT PT	PS PS		
00.055	Trip 5		{10.024}		0 to 255					RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS	
00.056	Trip 6		{10.026}	0 to 255 0 to 255					RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS		
00.057	Trip 7		{10.027}		0 to 255					RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS	
00.058	Trip 8		{10.028}		0 to 255					RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS	
00.059	Trip 9		{10.029}		0 to 255					RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS	
00.060	Trip 0 Date		{10.041}		)-00 to 31-12-9					RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS	
00.061	Trip 0 Time		{10.042}		0:00 to 23:59:5					RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS	
00.062	Trip 1 Date		{10.043}	00-00	)-00 to 31-12-9	9				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS	

Safety information	Product n information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advance paramete		echnical data	Diagno	ostics	UL li inforn	sting nation
	Paran	neter				Range	I		Default				Тур	e		
					OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	.,,,,,					
00.063	Trip 1 Time		{10.044}		00:00:0	0 to 23:59:59	9				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
00.064	Trip 2 Date		{10.045}		00-00-0	0 to 31-12-9	9				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
00.065	Trip 2 Time		{10.046}		00:00:0	0 to 23:59:59	)				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
00.066	Trip 3 Date		{10.047}		00-00-0	0 to 31-12-9	9				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
00.067	Trip 3 Time		{10.048}		00:00:0	0 to 23:59:59	9				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
00.068	Trip 4 Date		{10.049}		00-00-0	0 to 31-12-9	9				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
00.069	Trip 4 Time		{10.050}		00:00:0	0 to 23:59:59	)				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
00.070	Trip 5 Date		{10.051}		00-00-0	0 to 31-12-9	9				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
00.071	Trip 5 Time		{10.052}		00:00:0	0 to 23:59:59	9				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
00.072	Trip 6 Date		{10.053}		00-00-0	0 to 31-12-9	9				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
00.073	Trip 6 Time		{10.054}		00:00:0	0 to 23:59:59	)				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
00.074	Trip 7 Date		{10.055}		00-00-0	0 to 31-12-9	9				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
00.075	Trip 7 Time		{10.056}		00:00:0	0 to 23:59:59	9				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
00.076	Trip 8 Date		{10.057}		00-00-0	0 to 31-12-9	9				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
00.077	Trip 8 Time		{10.058}		00:00:0	0 to 23:59:59	9				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
00.078	Trip 9 Date		{10.059}		00-00-0	0 to 31-12-9	9				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
00.079	Trip 9 Time		{10.060}		00:00:0	0 to 23:59:59	9				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS

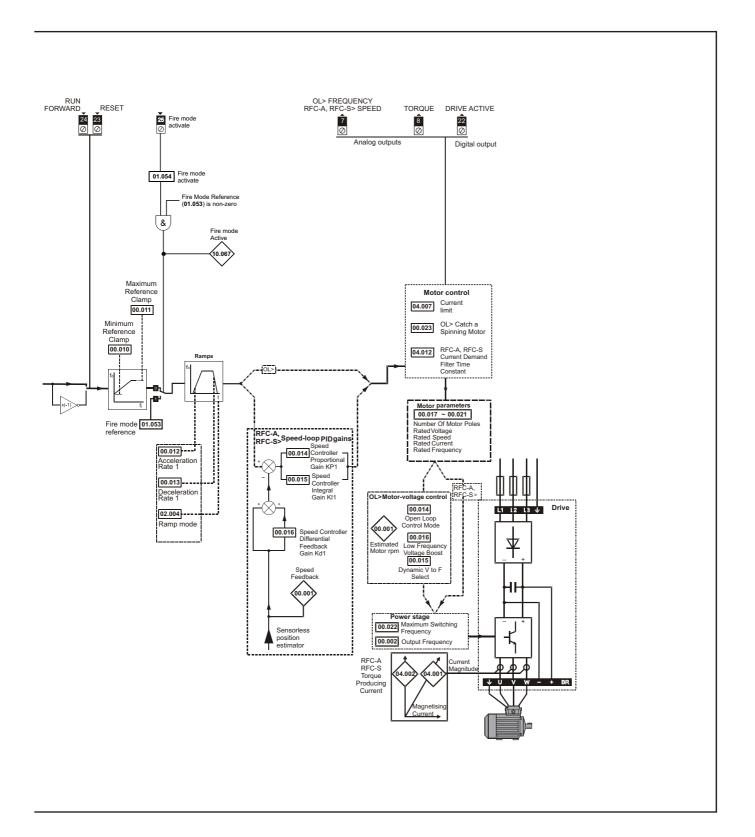
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter						

3 Optimization	V Media Card Building Advanced parameters data Diagnostics UL listing information
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Safety		Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		Operation	Automation	parameters	data	3	information



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 6.2 Parameter descriptions

### 6.2.1 Pr mm.000

Pr mm.000 is available in all menus, commonly used functions are provided as text strings in Pr mm.000 shown in Table 6-1. The functions in Table 6-1 can also be selected by entering the appropriate numeric values (as shown in Table 6-2) in Pr mm.000. For example, enter 7001 in Pr mm.000 to erase the file in NV media card location 001.

Table 6-1 Commonly used functions in	in xx.000
--------------------------------------	-----------

Value	Equivalent value	String	Action
0	0	[No Action]	
1001	1	[Save parameters]	Save parameters under all conditions
6001	2	[Load file 1]	Load the drive parameters or user program file from NV media card file 001
4001	3	[Save to file 1]	Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file 001
6002	4	[Load file 2]	Load the drive parameters or user program file from NV media card file 002
4002	5	[Save to file 2]	Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file 002
6003	6	[Load file 3]	Load the drive parameters or user program file from NV media card file 003
4003	7	[Save to file 3]	Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file 003
12000	8	[Show non-default]	Displays parameters that are different from defaults
12001	9	[Destinations]	Displays parameters that are set
1233	10	[Reset 50Hz Defs]	Load parameters with standard (50 Hz) defaults
1244	11	[Reset 60Hz Defs]	Load parameters with US (60 Hz) defaults
1070	12	[Reset modules]	Reset all option modules
11001	13	[Read Enc. NP P1]	No function on the H300
11051	14	[Read Enc. NP P2]	

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
intormation	Information	matanation	matanation	Starteu	parameters			орстацоп	Automation	parameters	uata		information

### Table 6-2 Functions in Pr mm.000

1000       is not active.         1001       Save parameter under all conditions         1070       Reset all option modules         1233       Load standard (50 Hz) defaults         1234       Load standard (50 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menus (i.e 15 to 20 and 24 to 28)         1244       Load US (60 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menus (i.e 15 to 20 and 24 to 28)         1244       Load US (60 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menus (i.e 15 to 20 and 24 to 28)         1254       Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults         1255       Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28         1256       Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28         1256       Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28         1258       Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28         1299       Reset (Stored HF) trip.         2001*       Create a boot file on a non-volatile media card based on the present drive parameters including all Menu 20 parameters         4yyy*       NV media card: Transfer the drive parameters from parameter file xxx         5yyy*       NV media card: Compare the data in the drive with file xxx         7yyy*       NV media card: Clear the varning suppression flag	Value	Action
1070       Reset all option modules         1233       Load standard (50 Hz) defaults         1234       Load standard (50 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menus (i.e 15 to 20 and 24 to 28)         1244       Load US (60 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menus (i.e 15 to 20 and 24 to 28)         1244       Load US (60 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menus (i.e 15 to 20 and 24 to 28)         1253       Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults         1254       Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults         1255       Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28         1256       Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28         1258       Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28         1299       Reset {Stored HF} trip.         2001*       Create a boot file on a non-volatile media card based on the present drive parameters including all Menu 20 parameters         4yyy*       NV media card: Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file xxx         5yyy*       NV media card: Compare the data in the drive with file xxx         6yyy*       NV media card: Clear the warning suppression flag         966*       NV media card: Set the warning suppression flag         977*       NV media card: Clear the read-only flag	1000	Save parameters when Under Voltage Active (Pr 10.016) is not active and Low Under Voltage Threshold Select mode (Pr 06.067 = Off) is not active.
1233       Load standard (50 Hz) defaults         1234       Load standard (50 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menus (i.e 15 to 20 and 24 to 28)         1244       Load US (60 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menus (i.e 15 to 20 and 24 to 28)         1245       Load US (60 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menus (i.e 15 to 20 and 24 to 28)         1253       Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults         1255       Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28         1256       Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28         1299       Reset {Stored HF} trip.         2001*       Create a boot file on a non-volatile media card based on the present drive parameters including all Menu 20 parameters         4yyy*       NV media card: Transfer the drive parameters from parameter file xxx         5yyy*       NV media card: Compare the data in the drive with file xxx         6yyy*       NV media card: Clear the warning suppression flag         9666*       NV media card: Set the read-only flag         9999*       NV media card: Erase and format the NV media card         9999*       NV media card: Erase and format the NV media card         9999*       Delete onboard user program         9999*       Delete onboard user program         9999*       Delete onbo	1001	Save parameter under all conditions
1234Load standard (50 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menus (i.e 15 to 20 and 24 to 28)1244Load US (60 Hz) defaults1245Load US (60 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menus (i.e 15 to 20 and 24 to 28)1253Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults1254Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults1255Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 281256Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 281257Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 281258Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 281259Reset {Stored HF} trip.2001*Create a boot file on a non-volatile media card based on the present drive parameters including all Menu 20 parameters4yyy*NV media card: Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file xxx5yyy*NV media card: Compare the onboard user program to onboard user program file xxx6yyy*NV media card: Compare the data in the drive with file xxx9yy*NV Media card: Clear the warning suppression flag9666*NV media card: Clear the read-only flag999*NV media card: Erase and format the NV media card59999Delete onboard user program1200**Only display parameters that are different from their default value. This action does not require a drive reset.	1070	Reset all option modules
1244       Load US (60 Hz) defaults         1245       Load US (60 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menus (i.e 15 to 20 and 24 to 28)         1253       Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults         1254       Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults         1255       Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28         1256       Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28         1299       Reset (Stored HF) trip.         2001*       Create a boot file on a non-volatile media card based on the present drive parameters including all Menu 20 parameters         4yyy*       NV media card: Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file xxx         5yyy*       NV media card: Load the drive parameters from parameter file xxx or the onboard user program from onboard user program file xxx         6yyy*       NV media card: Compare the data in the drive with file xxx         9555*       NV media card: Clear the warning suppression flag         9666*       NV media card: Clear the read-only flag         9888*       NV media card: Erase and format the NV media card         9999*       Delete onboard user program         12000**       Only display parameters that are different from their default value. This action does not require a drive reset.	1233	Load standard (50 Hz) defaults
1245Load US (60 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menus (i.e 15 to 20 and 24 to 28)1253Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults1254Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults1255Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 281256Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 281257Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 281258Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 281299Reset {Stored HF} trip.2001*Create a boot file on a non-volatile media card based on the present drive parameters including all Menu 20 parameters4yyy*NV media card: Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file xxx5yyy*NV media card: Transfer the onboard user program to onboard user program file xxx6yyy*NV media card: Compare the data in the drive with file xxx or the onboard user program from onboard user program file xxx7yyy*NV Media card: Clear the warning suppression flag9666*NV media card: Clear the warning suppression flag9777*NV media card: Set the read-only flag9999*NV media card: Erase and format the NV media card59999Delete onboard user program12000**Only display parameters that are different from their default value. This action does not require a drive reset.	1234	Load standard (50 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menus (i.e 15 to 20 and 24 to 28)
1253       Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults         1254       Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults         1255       Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28         1256       Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28         1257       Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28         1258       Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28         1299       Reset {Stored HF} trip.         2001*       Create a boot file on a non-volatile media card based on the present drive parameters including all Menu 20 parameters         4yyy*       NV media card: Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file xxx         5yyy*       NV media card: Load the drive parameters from parameter file xxx or the onboard user program from onboard user program file xxx         6yyy*       NV media card: Compare the data in the drive with file xxx         7yyy*       NV Media card: Clear the warning suppression flag         9666*       NV media card: Set the ead-only flag         9999*       NV media card: Erase and format the NV media card         59999       Delete onboard user program         12000**       Only display parameters that are different from their default value. This action does not require a drive reset.	1244	Load US (60 Hz) defaults
1254       Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults         1255       Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28         1256       Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28         1299       Reset {Stored HF} trip.         2001*       Create a boot file on a non-volatile media card based on the present drive parameters including all Menu 20 parameters         4yyy*       NV media card: Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file xxx         5yyy*       NV media card: Transfer the onboard user program to onboard user program file xxx         6yyy*       NV media card: Load the drive parameters from parameter file xxx or the onboard user program from onboard user program file xxx         7yyy*       NV media card: Compare the data in the drive with file xxx         9yy*       NV Media card: Clear the warning suppression flag         9666*       NV media card: Clear the read-only flag         9999*       NV media card: Erase and format the NV media card         59999       Delete onboard user program         1200**       Only display parameters that are different from their default value. This action does not require a drive reset.	1245	Load US (60 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menus (i.e 15 to 20 and 24 to 28)
1255       Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28         1256       Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28         1299       Reset {Stored HF} trip.         2001*       Create a boot file on a non-volatile media card based on the present drive parameters including all Menu 20 parameters         4yyy*       NV media card: Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file xxx         5yyy*       NV media card: Transfer the onboard user program to onboard user program file xxx         6yyy*       NV media card: Load the drive parameters from parameter file xxx or the onboard user program from onboard user program file xxx         7yyy*       NV media card: Compare the data in the drive with file xxx         9555*       NV media card: Clear the warning suppression flag         9666*       NV media card: Clear the read-only flag         988*       NV media card: Erase and format the NV media card         59999       Delete onboard user program         12000**       Only display parameters that are different from their default value. This action does not require a drive reset.	1253	Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults
1256       Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28         1299       Reset {Stored HF} trip.         2001*       Create a boot file on a non-volatile media card based on the present drive parameters including all Menu 20 parameters         4yyy*       NV media card: Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file xxx         5yyy*       NV media card: Transfer the onboard user program to onboard user program file xxx         6yyy*       NV media card: Load the drive parameters from parameter file xxx or the onboard user program file xxx         7yyy*       NV media card: Compare the data in the drive with file xxx         8yyy*       NV Media card: Clear the warning suppression flag         9666*       NV media card: Set the warning suppression flag         9777*       NV media card: Set the read-only flag         9888*       NV media card: Erase and format the NV media card         59999       Delete onboard user program         12000**       Only display parameters that are different from their default value. This action does not require a drive reset.	1254	Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults
1299       Reset {Stored HF} trip.         2001*       Create a boot file on a non-volatile media card based on the present drive parameters including all Menu 20 parameters         4yyy*       NV media card: Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file xxx         5yyy*       NV media card: Transfer the onboard user program to onboard user program file xxx         6yyy*       NV media card: Load the drive parameters from parameter file xxx or the onboard user program from onboard user program file xxx         7yyy*       NV media card: Compare the data in the drive with file xxx         8yyy*       NV Media card: Clear the warning suppression flag         9666*       NV media card: Clear the read-only flag         9888*       NV media card: Set the read-only flag         9999*       NV media card: Erase and format the NV media card         59999       Delete onboard user program         12000**       Only display parameters that are different from their default value. This action does not require a drive reset.	1255	Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28
2001*       Create a boot file on a non-volatile media card based on the present drive parameters including all Menu 20 parameters         4yyy*       NV media card: Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file xxx         5yyy*       NV media card: Transfer the onboard user program to onboard user program file xxx         6yyy*       NV media card: Load the drive parameters from parameter file xxx or the onboard user program from onboard user program file xxx         7yyy*       NV media card: Compare the data in the drive with file xxx         8yyy*       NV Media card: Clear the warning suppression flag         9666*       NV media card: Clear the read-only flag         9888*       NV media card: Set the read-only flag         9999*       NV media card: Erase and format the NV media card         59999       Delete onboard user program         12000**       Only display parameters that are different from their default value. This action does not require a drive reset.	1256	Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28
4yyy*       NV media card: Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file xxx         5yyy*       NV media card: Transfer the onboard user program to onboard user program file xxx         6yyy*       NV media card: Load the drive parameters from parameter file xxx or the onboard user program from onboard user program file xxx         7yyy*       NV media card: Erase file xxx         8yyy*       NV Media card: Compare the data in the drive with file xxx         9555*       NV media card: Clear the warning suppression flag         9666*       NV media card: Clear the read-only flag         9777*       NV media card: Set the read-only flag         9888*       NV media card: Erase and format the NV media card         59999       Delete onboard user program         12000**       Only display parameters that are different from their default value. This action does not require a drive reset.	1299	Reset {Stored HF} trip.
5yyy*       NV media card: Transfer the onboard user program to onboard user program file xxx         6yyy*       NV media card: Load the drive parameters from parameter file xxx or the onboard user program from onboard user program file xxx         7yyy*       NV media card: Erase file xxx         8yyy*       NV Media card: Compare the data in the drive with file xxx         9555*       NV media card: Clear the warning suppression flag         9666*       NV media card: Clear the read-only flag         9777*       NV media card: Clear the read-only flag         9888*       NV media card: Erase and format the NV media card         59999       Delete onboard user program         12000**       Only display parameters that are different from their default value. This action does not require a drive reset.	2001*	Create a boot file on a non-volatile media card based on the present drive parameters including all Menu 20 parameters
6yyy*       NV media card: Load the drive parameters from parameter file xxx or the onboard user program from onboard user program file xxx         7yyy*       NV media card: Erase file xxx         8yyy*       NV Media card: Compare the data in the drive with file xxx         9555*       NV media card: Clear the warning suppression flag         9666*       NV media card: Set the warning suppression flag         9777*       NV media card: Clear the read-only flag         988*       NV media card: Set the read-only flag         9999*       NV media card: Erase and format the NV media card         59999       Delete onboard user program         12000**       Only display parameters that are different from their default value. This action does not require a drive reset.	4yyy*	NV media card: Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file xxx
7yyy*       NV media card: Erase file xxx         8yyy*       NV Media card: Compare the data in the drive with file xxx         9555*       NV media card: Clear the warning suppression flag         9666*       NV media card: Set the warning suppression flag         9777*       NV media card: Clear the read-only flag         9888*       NV media card: Set the read-only flag         9999*       NV media card: Erase and format the NV media card         59999       Delete onboard user program         12000**       Only display parameters that are different from their default value. This action does not require a drive reset.	5ууу*	NV media card: Transfer the onboard user program to onboard user program file xxx
8yyy*       NV Media card: Compare the data in the drive with file xxx         9555*       NV media card: Clear the warning suppression flag         9666*       NV media card: Set the warning suppression flag         9777*       NV media card: Clear the read-only flag         9888*       NV media card: Set the read-only flag         9999*       NV media card: Erase and format the NV media card         59999       Delete onboard user program         12000**       Only display parameters that are different from their default value. This action does not require a drive reset.	6ууу*	NV media card: Load the drive parameters from parameter file xxx or the onboard user program from onboard user program file xxx
9555*       NV media card: Clear the warning suppression flag         9666*       NV media card: Set the warning suppression flag         9777*       NV media card: Clear the read-only flag         9888*       NV media card: Set the read-only flag         9999*       NV media card: Erase and format the NV media card         59999       Delete onboard user program         12000**       Only display parameters that are different from their default value. This action does not require a drive reset.	7ууу*	NV media card: Erase file xxx
9666*       NV media card: Set the warning suppression flag         9777*       NV media card: Clear the read-only flag         9888*       NV media card: Set the read-only flag         9999*       NV media card: Erase and format the NV media card         59999       Delete onboard user program         12000**       Only display parameters that are different from their default value. This action does not require a drive reset.	8ууу*	NV Media card: Compare the data in the drive with file xxx
9777*       NV media card: Clear the read-only flag         9888*       NV media card: Set the read-only flag         9999*       NV media card: Erase and format the NV media card         59999       Delete onboard user program         12000**       Only display parameters that are different from their default value. This action does not require a drive reset.	9555*	NV media card: Clear the warning suppression flag
9888*       NV media card: Set the read-only flag         9999*       NV media card: Erase and format the NV media card         59999       Delete onboard user program         12000**       Only display parameters that are different from their default value. This action does not require a drive reset.	9666*	NV media card: Set the warning suppression flag
9999*       NV media card: Erase and format the NV media card         59999       Delete onboard user program         12000**       Only display parameters that are different from their default value. This action does not require a drive reset.	9777*	NV media card: Clear the read-only flag
59999       Delete onboard user program         12000**       Only display parameters that are different from their default value. This action does not require a drive reset.	9888*	NV media card: Set the read-only flag
12000** Only display parameters that are different from their default value. This action does not require a drive reset.	9999*	NV media card: Erase and format the NV media card
	59999	Delete onboard user program
12001** Only display parameters that are used to set-up destinations (i.e. DE format bit is 1). This action does not require a drive reset	12000**	Only display parameters that are different from their default value. This action does not require a drive reset.
	12001**	Only display parameters that are used to set-up destinations (i.e. DE format bit is 1). This action does not require a drive reset.

\* See Chapter 9 NV Media Card Operation on page 165 for more information on these functions.

\*\* These functions do not require a drive reset to become active. All other functions require a drive reset to initiate the function.

To allow easy access to some commonly used functions, refer to the table overleaf. Equivalent values and strings are also provided in the table above.

Safety information         Product information         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic started         Running the motor         Optimize	zation NV Media Card Building Advanced parameters Diagnostics UL listing information
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### 6.3 Full descriptions

### Table 6-3 Key to parameter table coding

Coding	Attribute
RW	Read/Write: can be written by the user
RO	Read only: can only be read by the user
Bit	1 bit parameter. 'On' or 'Off' on the display
Num	Number: can be uni-polar or bi-polar
Txt	Text: the parameter uses text strings instead of numbers.
Bin	Binary parameter
IP	IP Address parameter
Мас	Mac Address parameter
Date	Date parameter
Time	Time parameter
Chr	Character parameter
FI	Filtered: some parameters which can have rapidly changing values are filtered when displayed on the drive keypad for easy viewing.
DE	Destination: This parameter selects the destination of an input or logic function.
RA	Rating dependent: this parameter is likely to have different values and ranges with drives of different voltage and current ratings. Parameters with this attribute will be transferred to the destination drive by non-volatile storage media when the rating of the destination drive is different from the source drive and the file is a parameter file. However, the values will be transferred if only the current rating is different and the file is a difference from default type file.
ND	No default: The parameter is not modified when defaults are loaded
NC	Not copied: not transferred to or from non-volatile media during copying.
PT	Protected: cannot be used as a destination.
US	User save: parameter saved in drive EEPROM when the user initiates a parameter save.
PS	Power-down save: parameter automatically saved in drive EEPROM when the under volts (UV) trip occurs.

### 6.3.1 Parameter x.00

{	00.0 mm.	000 000}	Paran	neter z	ero				
$\hat{\mathbf{v}}$		0	to 65,5	535		⇒			

### 6.3.2 Monitoring

00.001	{05	5.004}	Motor	Rpm						
RO		Num			N	D	NC	PT	FI	
OL	ţ		±1800	00 rpm	⇒					

Open-loop

Pr **00.001** (**05.004**) indicates the value of the motor speed that is estimated from the following:

02.001 Post Ramp Reference

00.017 Number Of Motor Poles

00.001	{03	.002}	Speed	l Feed	back						
RO		Num				ND	)	NC	PT	FI	
RFC-A RFC-S	ţ	V	M_SPE	EED rp	m	Ŷ					

RFC-A / RFC-S

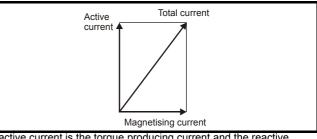
Pr **00.001** (**03.002**) indicates the value of the motor speed which is obtained from the speed feedback.

00.002	{05	.001}	Outpu	ıt Freq	uency						
RO		Num				N	D	NC	PT	FI	
OL		VM	_	:D_FRE F Hz	EQ_	₽					
RFC-A RFC-S	ţ		±2000	).0 Hz		Ŷ					

Pr 00.002 (05.001) displays the frequency at the drive output.

00.003	{04	.001}	Curre	nt Mag	Initude						
RO		Bit				N	D	NC	PT	FI	
OL RFC-A	€		0.00 DRIVE_ UNIPC			Ŷ					
RFC-S											

Pr **00.003** displays the rms value of the output current of the drive in each of the three phases. The phase currents consist of an active component and a reactive component, which can form a resultant current vector as shown in the following diagram:



The active current is the torque producing current and the reactive current is the magnetizing or flux-producing current.

00.004	{05	5.003}	Outpu	ut Pow	er						
RO		Num				N	D	NC	PT	FI	
OL											
RFC-A	$\hat{v}$	V	M_PO	WER k	W	⇒					
RFC-S											

The output power (**05.003**) is the power flowing via the a.c. terminals of the drive. The power is derived as the dot product of the the output voltage and current vectors, and so this is correct even if the motor parameters are incorrect and the motor model does not align the reference frame with the flux axis of a motor in RFC-A mode. For Openloop, RFC-A and RFC-S modes, a positive value of power indicates power flowing from the drive to the motor.

Diagnostics	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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### 6.3.3 Status information

00.005	{11	.029}	Softw	are Ve	rsion					
RO		Num				N	D	NC	PT	
OL										
RFC-A	$\hat{v}$	(	0 to 99	999999	9	⊳				
RFC-S										

The parameter displays the software version of the drive

### 6.3.4 Speed limits

00.010	{01	.007}	Minim	ium Re	eferenc	e C	lam	р			
RW		Num								US	
OL									0.0 H	z	
RFC-A RFC-S	ţ	_		FIVE_F Hz / rp	_	⇧			0.0 rp	m	

#### **Open-loop**

Set Pr **00.010** at the required minimum output frequency of the drive for both directions of rotation. The drive speed reference is scaled between Pr **00.010** and Pr **00.011**. [**00.010**] is a nominal value; slip compensation may cause the actual frequency to be higher.

#### RFC-A / RFC-S

Set Pr 00.010 at the required minimum motor speed for both directions of rotation. The drive speed reference is scaled between Pr 00.010 and Pr 00.011.

00.011	{01	.006}	Maxin	num R	eferen	ce (	Clan	זף <b>1</b>				
RW		Num								US		
OL		VM	POSII				50Hz default: 50.0 Hz 60Hz default: 60.0 Hz					
RFC-A	€	_	-	_	_	₽	50Hz default:1500.0 rpm				rpm	
RFC-S							60	)Hz de	fault:1	800.0	rpm	

(The drive has additional over-speed protection).

### **Open-loop**

Set Pr **00.011** at the required maximum output frequency for both directions of rotation. The drive speed reference is scaled between Pr **00.010** and Pr **00.010**. [**00.011**] is a nominal value; slip compensation may cause the actual frequency to be higher.

### RFC-A / RFC-S

Set Pr 00.011 at the required maximum motor speed for both directions of rotation. The drive speed reference is scaled between Pr 00.010 and Pr 00.011.

For operating at high speeds see section 8.4 *High speed operation* on page 160.

### 6.3.5 Ramps

00.012	{02	2.011}	Accel	eratior	n Rate	1				
RW		Num							US	
OL		0.0 to VM_ACCEL_RATE					20.0	s to P	r 01.00	)6
RFC-A	ţ		0.000 to				20.000	) s to l	Pr 01.0	006
RFC-S		VN	1_ACC	EL_RA	IE.					

Set Pr 00.012 to the required rate of acceleration.

Note that larger values produce lower acceleration. The rate applies in both directions of rotation.

00.013	{02	2.021}	Decel	eratior	n Rate	1					
RW		Num								US	
OL		0.0 to	VM_A	CCEL_	RATE		2	20.0 s	from F	Pr 01.0	06
RFC-A RFC-S	\$	VN	0.00 1_ACC		ΤE	Û	20	0.000 :	s from	Pr <b>01</b> .	006

Set Pr 00.013 to the required rate of deceleration.

Note that larger values produce lower deceleration. The rate applies in both directions of rotation.

# 6.3.6 Voltage boost, (open-loop), Speed-loop PID gains (RFC-A / RFC-S)

00.014 {	05.0	014}	Open	i-loop	Contr	ol N	loc	de			
RW		Txt								US	
OL	¢	Ur S ( Fixed Ur I (4 Curre	(0), Ur (2), U 1), Squ nt 1P	r Auto Jare (5	(3), i),	Ŷ			Ur I (	4)	

#### **Open-loop**

There are seven voltage modes available, which fall into three categories, vector control, fixed boost and single phase current output. For further details, refer to section 8.1.1 *Open loop motor control* on page 149.

00.014 {	03.(	010}	Spee	d Con	troller	Pro	opc	ortiona	l Gain	Kp1	
RW		Num								US	
RFC-A	☆	0 000	0 to 20	<u></u>	s/rad	Û		0	.0300 :	s/rad	
RFC-S	Ŷ	0.000	0 10 21	0.000	- 3/1au	~		0	.0000	Silau	

### RFC-A/ RFC-S

Pr **00.014** (**03.010**) operates in the feed-forward path of the speedcontrol loop in the drive. See Figure 11-4 *Menu 3 RFC-A, RFC-S logic diagram* on page 212 for a schematic of the speed controller. For information on setting up the speed controller gains, refer to section 8 *Optimization* on page 149.

00.015 {	05.0	013}	Dyna	mic V	to F S	Sele	ct			
RW		Bit							US	
OL	OL 🗘 Off				1)	₽		On (′	1)	

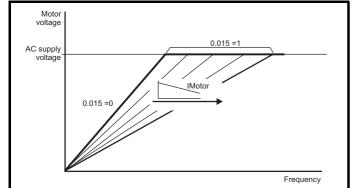
### **Open-loop**

Set Pr **00.015** (**05.013**) at 0 when the V/f characteristic applied to the motor is to be fixed. It is then based on the rated voltage and frequency of the motor.

Set Pr **00.015** at 1 when reduced power dissipation is required in the motor when it is lightly loaded. The V/f characteristic is then variable resulting in the motor voltage being proportionally reduced for lower motor currents. Figure shows the change in V/f slope when the motor current is reduced.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Buildina	Advanced	Technical		UL listing
information	information	installation	installation		parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

### Figure 6-2 Fixed and variable V/f characteristics



00.015 {	03.	011}	Spee Ki 1	d Con	troller	Int	egr	al Fee	dback	Gain	
RW		Num								US	
RFC-A	ţ			0 to		Û			0.10s <sup>2</sup> /	/rad	
RFC-S				655.35 s <sup>2</sup> /rad					0.105 /	lau	

#### RFC-A / RFC-S

Pr **00.015** (**03.011**) operates in the feedback path of the speed-control loop in the drive. See section 11-4 *Menu 3 RFC-A, RFC-S logic diagram* on page 212 for a schematic of the speed controller. For information on setting up the speed controller gains, refer to section 8 *Optimization* on page 149.

00.016 {	05.	015}	Low	Frequ	ency \	/olta	age	Boos	t			
00.016 {	03.(	012}	Speed Controller Differential Feedback Gain Kd 1								ain	
RW		Num						US				
OL	$\hat{v}$		.0 to 25.0 %					1.0 %				
RFC-A RFC-S	ţ	0.00	00000 to 0.65535 1/ rad				0.00000 1/rad					

### 6.3.7 Motor parameters

00.017	{05	.011}	Numb	er Of I	Motor F	ole	s				
RW		Num	lum							US	
OL							Automatia (0)				
RFC-A	Û		utoma 80 Pol	• • •		7	Automatic (0)				
RFC-S						⊳		8	Poles	(4)	

### Open-loop

This parameter is used in the calculation of motor speed, and in applying the correct slip compensation. When Automatic (0) is selected, the number of motor poles is automatically calculated from the *Rated Frequency* (00.021) and the *Rated Speed* rpm (00.019). The number of poles = 120 \* rated frequency / rpm rounded to the nearest even number.

### RFC-A

This parameter must be set correctly for the vector control algorithms to operate correctly. When Automatic (0) is selected, the number of motor poles is automatically calculated from the *Rated Frequency* (**00.021**) and the *Rated Speed* rpm (**00.019**) rpm. The number of poles =  $120 \times 120 \times$ 

### RFC-S

This parameter must be set correctly for the vector control algorithms to operate correctly. When auto is selected the number of poles is set to 6.

00.018	{05	.009}	Rated	d Volta	age						
RW		Num				F	RA			US	
OL							501		V drive		400.14
RFC-A	ţ	±VM	AC_\ SF		GE_	⇔		lz defau	ult 400 \	/ drive:	400 V 460 V
RFC-S			0.						V drive: V drive:		

#### **Open-loop and RFC-A**

Enter the value from the rating plate of the motor.

00.019 {	05.	<b>008</b> }	Rateo	d Spee	əd					
RW		Num							US	
OL	ţ	0	0 to 33000 rpm		⇔	50 Hz o 60 Hz o				
RFC-A	ţ	0.00	to 330	00.00	rpm	♪	50 Hz o 60 Hz o			
RFC-S	$\hat{\mathbb{V}}$	0.00	to 330	00.00	rpm	⇔	3	000.00	rpm	

#### Open-loop

This is the speed at which the motor would rotate when supplied with its base frequency at rated voltage, under rated load conditions (= synchronous speed - slip speed). Entering the correct value into this parameter allows the drive to increase the output frequency as a function of load in order to compensate for this speed drop.

Slip compensation is disabled if Pr **00.019** is set to 0 or to synchronous speed, or if Pr **05.027** is set to 0.

If slip compensation is required, this parameter should be set to the value from the rating plate of the motor, which should give the correct rpm for a hot machine. Sometimes it will be necessary to adjust this when the drive is commissioned because the nameplate value may be inaccurate. Slip compensation will operate correctly both below base speed and within the field weakening region. Slip compensation is normally used to correct for the motor speed to prevent speed variation with load. The rated load rpm can be set higher than synchronous speed to deliberately introduce speed droop. This can be useful to aid load sharing with mechanically coupled motors.

### RFC-A

Rated load rpm is used with motor rated frequency to determine the full load slip of the motor which is used by the vector control algorithm. Incorrect setting of this parameter can result in the following:

- Reduced efficiency of motor operation
- Reduction of maximum torque available from the motor
- Failure to reach maximum speed
- Over-current trips
- Reduced transient performance
- Inaccurate control of absolute torque in torque control modes

The nameplate value is normally the value for a hot machine, however, some adjustment may be required when the drive is commissioned if the nameplate value is inaccurate. The rated full load rpm can be optimized by the drive (For further information, refer to section 8.1.2 *RFC-A Sensorless mode* on page 152).

#### RFC-S

The rated speed is not used by the motor control algorithms, but is used by the motor thermal protection system.

Safety information         Product information         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor         Optimization         NV Media Card Operation	Building Advanced Automation parameters	Technical data Diagnostics UL listing information
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00.020	{05	.007}	Rated	Curre	nt						
RW		Num				R	A			US	
OL											
RFC-A	Û	VM R	0.00 ATED	10 to CURR	ENT A	⇒	Ν	/laximι (	um rate 11.060		rent
RFC-S		I	_	•				,		,	

Enter the name-plate value for the motor rated current.

00.021	{05	5.006}	.006} Rated Frequency								
00.021	{05	5.033}	Volts	/olts per 1000 rpm							
RW		Num								US	
OL	ΰ	(	0.0 to 550.0 Hz						default		
RFC-A	$\hat{\mathbb{V}}$	(	).0 to 5	50.0 H	Z	,	6	60 Hz	default	t: 60.0	Hz
RFC-S	$\hat{v}$	0 to 1	10000 \	/ / 100	0 rpm	合		98 \	V / 100	0 rpm	

Enter the value from the rating plate of the motor.

00.022	00.022 {05.018} Maximum Switchin						ng Frequency						
RW		Txt						RA		US			
OL RFC-A RFC-S	€	4 k	Hz (0), Hz (2), Iz (4), 16 kF	6 kHz	(3),	Ŷ		:	3 kHz	(1)			

This parameter defines the required switching frequency. The drive may automatically reduce the actual switching frequency (without changing this parameter) if the power stage becomes too hot. A thermal model of the IGBT junction temperature is used based on the heatsink temperature and an instantaneous temperature drop using the drive output current and switching frequency. The estimated IGBT junction temperature is displayed in Pr **07.034**. If the temperature exceeds 145 °C the switching frequency reduces the drive losses and the junction temperature displayed in Pr **07.034** also reduces. If the load condition persists the junction temperature may continue to rise again above 145 °C and the drive cannot reduce the switching frequency further the drive will initiate an 'OHt Inverter' trip. Every second the drive will attempt to restore the switching frequency to the level set in Pr **00.022**.

The full range of switching frequencies is not available on all ratings of Unidrive M. See section 8.3 *Switching frequency* on page 159 for the maximum available switching frequency for each drive rating.

00.023 {	06.	009}	Catch	Catch A Spinning Motor OL and RFC-A							
RW		Txt								US	
OL RFC-A	€	I	ole (0), <sup>-</sup> wd O Rev O	nly (2)	,	分		[	Disable	e (0)	

#### **Open-loop**

When the drive is enabled with Pr **00.023** = 0, the output frequency starts at zero and ramps to the required reference. When the drive is enabled when Pr **00.023** has a non-zero value, the drive performs a start-up test to determine the motor speed and then sets the initial output frequency to the synchronous frequency of the motor. Restrictions may be placed on the frequencies detected by the drive as follows:

Pr 00.023	Pr string	Function
0	Disable	Disabled
1	Enable	Detect all frequencies
2	Fwd only	Detect positive frequencies only
3	Rev only	Detect negative frequencies only

### RFC-A mode

If sensorless mode is being used then it is recommended that catch a spinning motor is disabled if the motor will always be stationary when the drive is enabled as this gives a smooth start and avoids unwanted transient movement of the motor on starting. If catch a spinning motor is enabled, but the motor is at standstill or rotating slowly it is likely than some unwanted movement will occur. This can be reduced by reducing Magnetising Current Limit (04.049), however if this is reduced too much, especially with larger motors, and over-current trip may occur on starting. It is possible, although not likely, that the drive does not correctly detect the speed of the motor when sensorless control is active. If this is the case Spin Start Boost (05.040) can be increased to correct this.

00.024	{05	.012}	Auto-	tune				
RW		Num			NC			
OL	$\Im$		0 t	o 2	合			
RFC-A	$\hat{v}$		0 t	o 2	合		0	
RFC-S	$\hat{v}$		0, 1,	2, 6	₽			

### **Open-Loop**

There are two autotune tests available in open loop mode, a stationary and a rotating test. A rotating autotune should be used whenever possible so the measured value of power factor of the motor is used by the drive.

Autotune test 1:

A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to remove the load from the motor shaft. The stationary test measures the *Stator Resistance* (05.017) and *Transient Inductance* (05.024) which are required for good performance in vector control modes (see Open Loop Control Mode (00.014). The stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 05.010. To perform a Stationary autotune, set Pr 00.024 to 1, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminal 29) and a run signal (on terminal 24).

Autotune test 2:

A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is unloaded. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune, as above, then a rotating test is performed in which the motor is accelerated with currently selected ramps up to a frequency of *Rated Frequency* (05.006) x <sup>2</sup>/<sub>3</sub>, and the frequency is maintained at that level for 4 seconds. *Stator Inductance* (05.025) is measured and this value is used in conjunction with other motor parameters to calculate *Rated Power Factor* (05.010). To perform a Rotating autotune, set Pr 00.024 to 2, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminal 29) and a run signal (on terminal 24).

Following the completion of an autotune test the drive will go into the inhibit state. The drive must be placed into a controlled disable condition before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be put in to a controlled disable condition by removing the Safe Torque Off signal from terminal 29, setting the *Drive Enable* (06.015) to OFF (0) or disabling the drive via the *Control Word* (06.042) and *Control Word Enable* (06.043).

### RFC-A

There are two autotune tests available in RFC-A mode, a stationary test, and a rotating test. A stationary autotune will give moderate performance whereas a rotating autotune will give improved performance as it measures the actual values of the motor parameters required by the drive.

It is highly recommended that a rotating autotune is performed (Pr **00.024** set to 2).

Autotune test 1:

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	optimization	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Diagnootioo	information

A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to remove the load from the motor shaft. The stationary autotune measures the *Stator Resistance* (05.017) and *Transient Inductance* (05.024) of the motor. These are used to calculate the current loop gains, and at the end of the test the values in Pr 04.013 and Pr 04.014 are updated. A stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 05.010.

To perform a Stationary autotune, set Pr **00.024** to 1, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminal 29) and a run signal (on terminal 24).

### Autotune test 2:

A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is unloaded. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune, a rotating test is then performed which the motor is accelerated with currently selected ramps up to a frequency of *Rated Frequency* (05.006)  $\times 2^{2}/_{3}$ , and the frequency is maintained at the level for up to 40 s. During the rotating autotune the *Stator Inductance* (05.025) is modified by the drive. The power factor is also modified for user information only, but is not used after this point as the stator inductance is used in the vector control algorithm instead. To perform a Rotating autotune, set Pr 00.024 to 2, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminal 29) and a run signal (on terminal 24).

Following the completion of an autotune test, the drive will go into the inhibit state. The drive must be placed into a controlled disable condition before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be put in to a controlled disable condition by removing the Safe Torque Off signal from terminal 29, setting the *Drive Enable* (06.015) to OFF (0) or disabling the drive via the control word (Pr 06.042 & Pr 06.043).

### RFC-S

There are three autotune tests available in RFC-S sensorless mode, a stationary autotune and a rotating autotune.

Autotune test 1:

The stationary autotune can be used to measure all the necessary parameters for basic control. The tests measure *Stator Resistance* (05.017), *Ld* (05.024) and *No Load Lq* (05.072) The *Stator Resistance* (05.017) and the Ld (05.024) are then used to set up *Current controller Kp Gain* (04.013) and *Current Controller Ki Gain* (04.014). To perform a Stationary autotune, set Pr 00.024 to 1, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminal 29) and a run signal (on terminal 24).

Autotune test 2:

 In sensorless mode, if Rotating autotune is selected (Pr 00.024 = 2), then a stationary autotune is performed.

#### Autotune test 6:

• Locket rotor test for load dependant parameters. This test is not impemented at the time of writing.

Following the completion of an autotune test the drive will go into the inhibit state. The drive must be placed into a controlled disable condition

before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be put in to a controlled disable condition by removing the Safe Torque Off signal from terminal 29, setting the drive *Enable Parameter* (06.015) to OFF (0) or disabling the drive via the control word (Pr 06.042 & Pr 06.043).

00.025	00.025 {07.707} Analog Input 1 Mod										
RW		Txt								US	
OL RFC-A RFC-S	Û	20 4- 20 4 20- The	20-0 r -20 mA 0-4 mA	Low (- Hold (- Hold (- nA (0), nA (1), Trip (2 Trip (2 Trip (3 nA (4), 5), Volt ort Cct stor (8)	2), 2), 1), 2), 3), (6), (7), ),	Ŷ		4	-20 m.	A (4)	

In modes 2 and 3, a current loop loss trip is generated if the current falls below 3 mA.

In modes -4, -3, 2 and 3 the analog input level goes to 0.0 % if the input current falls below 3 mA.

In modes -2 and -1 the analog input remains at the value it had in the previous sample before the current fell below 3 mA.

Pr Value	Pr string	Comments
-4	4-20 mA Low	4-20 mA low value on current loss (1)
-3	20-4 mA Low	20-4 mA low value on current loss (1)
-2	4-20 mA Hold	4-20 mA hold at level before loss on current loss
-1	20-4 mA Hold	20-4 mA hold at level before loss on current loss
0	0-20 mA	
1	20-0 mA	
2	4-20 mA Trip	4-20 mA trip on current loss
3	20-4 mA Trip	20-4 mA trip on current loss
4	4-20 mA	
5	20-4 mA	
6	Volt	
7	Therm Short Cct	Temperature Measurement Input With Short Circuit Detection
8	Thermistor	Temperature Measurement Without Short Circuit Detection
9	Therm No Trip	Temperature Measurement Input With No Trips

00.026	{07	.010}	Analog Input 1 Destination								
RW		Num	Num DE						PT	US	
OL											
RFC-A	$\hat{v}$	0	00.000 to 59.999						01.03	86	
RFC-S											

Pr 00.026 sets the destination of analog input 1

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00.027	00.027 {07.011} Analog Input 2 Mode										
RW		Txt								US	
OL			20 mA	•							
RFC-A		4-2	)-4 mA 20 mA	Hold (-	·2),						
RFC-S	⇔	4 21 20-4 The	-4 mA 0-20 n 20-0 n -20 mA 0-4 mA 4-20 n 4 mA ( erm Sho Fhermis nerm N	nA (0), nA (1), Trip (2 nA (4), nA (4), 5), Volt ort Cct stor (8)	2), 3), (6), (7),	Ŷ			Volt (	6)	

In modes 2 and 3, a current loop loss trip is generated if the current falls below 3 mA.

In modes -4, -3, 2 and 3 the analog input level goes to 0.0 % if the input current falls below 3 mA.

In modes -2 and -1 the analog input remains at the value it had in the previous sample before the current fell below 3 mA.

Pr Value	Pr string	Comments
-4	4-20 mA Low	4-20 mA low value on current loss (1)
-3	20-4 mA Low	20-4 mA low value on current loss (1)
-2	4-20 mA Hold	4-20 mA hold at level before loss on current loss
-1	20-4 mA Hold	20-4 mA hold at level before loss on current loss
0	0-20 mA	
1	20-0 mA	
2	4-20 mA Trip	4-20 mA trip on current loss
3	20-4 mA Trip	20-4 mA trip on current loss
4	4-20 mA	
5	20-4 mA	
6	Volt	
7	Therm Short Cct	Temperature Measurement Input With Short Circuit Detection
8	Thermistor	Temperature Measurement Without Short Circuit Detection
9	Therm No Trip	Temperature Measurement Input With No Trips

00.028	{07	.014}	Analog Input 2 Destination								
RW	RW Num			DE					PT US		
OL											
RFC-A	$\hat{v}$	0	0.000 t	o 59.99	99	⇒			01.03	36	
RFC-S											

Pr 00.028 sets the destination of analog input 2

00.029 {	[07.	058}	Analog	Analog Input 2 Thermistor Type							
RW		Txt						US			
OL RFC-A RFC-S	€		DIN44082 (0) KTY84 (1) PT100 (2) PT1000 (3) PT2000 (4) NI1000 (5)	Ľ	,	DI	N4408	32(0)			

Analog Input 2 Thermistor Type (**00.029**) selects the type of temperature feedback device used with analog Input 2 when Analog Input 2 Mode (**00.027**) is set-up for temperature feedback mode. When a temperature feedback mode is selected, 5V is applied to the output via a 3.3K  $\Omega$  resistor to supply current through the temperature measuring device.

00.03	30 {1	1.030}	User	User Security Code							
RW		Num	ND	NC	PT				US		
OL											
RFC-A	€	0 to		⇔		0					
RFC-S											

If any number other than 0 is programmed into this parameter, user security is applied so that no parameters except Pr 00.031 can be adjusted with the keypad. When this parameter is read via a keypad, it appears as 0. For further details refer to section 5.9.3 *User Security Code* on page 116.

00.03	31 {1	1.044}	User	Securi	ty Stat	us					
RW		Txt	ND		PT						
OL			Menu 0 (0), All Menus (1), Read-only Menu 0 (2),								
RFC-A	ΰ	Re	Read-only (3),					Ν	lenu (	D (0)	
RFC-S			atus On D Acces								

This parameter controls access via the drive keypad as follows:

Security level	Description
0	All writable parameters are available to be edited but
(Menu 0)	only parameters in Menu 0 are visible.
1	All writable parameters are visible and available to be
(All Menus)	edited.
2 (Read-only Menu 0)	All parameters are read-only. Access is limited to Menu 0 parameters only.
3	All parameters are read-only however all menus and
(Read-only)	parameters are visible.
4	The keypad remains in status mode and no parameters
(Status Only)	can be viewed or edited.
	The keypad remains in status mode and no parameters
5	can be viewed or edited. Drive parameters cannot be
(No Access)	accessed via a comms / fieldbus interface in the drive or any option module.

The keypad can adjust this parameter even when user security is set.

00.03	00.032 {11.044}			NV Media Card Data Previously Loaded							
RO		Num									
OL											
RFC-A	€		0 to 999						0		
RFC-S											

This parameter shows the number of the data block last transferred from a SMARTCARD to the drive.

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00.03	3 {1	1.042}	Parameter Cloning							
RW		Txt	NC						US	
OL		None	e (0), Read (	1).						
RFC-A	$\hat{v}$	Р		⇒		None (0)				
RFC-S		Auto	o (3), Boot (4	•)						

\* Only a value of 3 or 4 in this parameter is saved.

### NOTE

If Pr **00.033** is equal to 1 or 2, this value is not transferred to the EEPROM or the drive. If Pr **00.033** is set to a 3 or 4 the value is transferred.

Pr String	Pr value	Comment
None	0	Inactive
Read	1	Read parameter set from the NV Media Card
Program	2	Programming a parameter set to the NV Media Card
Auto	3	Auto save
Boot	4	Boot mode

For further information, please refer to section 9 *NV Media Card Operation* on page 165.

00.03	4 {0	6.016}	Date					
RW		Date	ND	NC	PT			
OL								
RFC-A	€	00-00	-00 to 3	31-12-9	99	⇔		
RFC-S								

Date (00.034), Time (00.035 and Day Of Week (00.036) show the date and time as selected by Date/Time Selector (00.037). Date (00.034) stores the date in dd.mm.yy format regardless of the setting made in Date Format (00.038) however if the parameter is viewed using a keypad the date will be displayed in the format selected in Date Format (00.038). If a real time clock is selected from an option module then the days, months and years are from the real time clock and the day of the week is displayed in Day Of Week (00.036). Otherwise the days have a minimum value of 0 and roll over after 30, the months have a minimum value of 0 and roll over after 11, and Day Of Week (00.036) is always 0 (Sunday).

If when setting the date/time this parameter is being written via comms or from and applications module then the value should be written in standard dd/mm/yy format as described below.

The value of this parameter as seen over comms or to an applications module is as follows.

Value = (day[1..31] x 10000) + (month[1..12] x 100) + year[0..99]

00.03	5 {0	6.017}	Time						
RW		Time	ND	NC	PT				
OL									
RFC-A	€	00:00	00:00:00 to 23:59:59						
RFC-S									

See Date (00.034)

00.03	6 {0	6.018}	Day o	f Wee	k						
RO		Txt	ND	NC	PT						
OL		Sunday									
RFC-A	€	Tuesday ( Thursda	esday (2), Wednesday (3), Thursday (4), Friday (5),								
RFC-S			aturda		(- //						

See Date (00.034)

00.0	37 {	06.019}	Date / 1	Гime Se	lector					
RW		Txt							US	
OL RFC-A	€		d (3), Lo	cal Keyp	oad (4),	Û	Loca	l key	/pad	(4)
RFC-S			CC Powered (3), Local Keypad (4), Remote Keypad (5), Slot 1 (6), Slot 2 (7), Slot 3 (8), Slot 4 (9) └ Local keypad (							

When the Date/Time Selector (**00.037**) = 0, the Date (**00.034**) and Time (**00.035**) can be written by the user and the values in these parameters are transferred to the real time clocks in the keypad or any option modules that support this feature that are fitted to the drive. When Date/Time Selector (**00.037**) is changed to any other value, the real time clocks are allowed to run normally again. When Date/Time Selector (**00.037**) is changed from any value to 0 the date and time from a real time clock, if present, is automatically loaded into Date (**00.034**) and Time (**00.035**), so that this date and time is used as the initial value for editing. If more than one real time clock is present the date/time from the keypad is used, if present, and if not then the date/time from the lowest number slot with a real time clock is used.

Date (00.034) and Time (00.035) are used by the timers in Menu 09 and for time stamping trips. These features will continue to use the originally selected clock even if Date/Time Selector (00.037) is changed until a drive reset is initiated. If Date/Time Selector (00.037) has been changed and a reset is initiated Timer 1 Repeat Function (09.039) and Timer 2 Repeat Function (09.049) are set to zero to disable the timers, and the trip dates and times (00.060 to 00.079) are reset to zero.

Date / Time selector (00.037) is used to select the drive date and time as shown in the table below.

Date/Time Selector (06.019)	Date/Time Source
0: Set	Date and time parameters can be written by the user.
1: Power	Time since the drive was powered up.
2: Running	Accumulated drive running time since the drive was manufactured.
3: Acc Power	Accumulated powered-up time since the drive was manufactured.
4: Local Keypad	If a keypad fitted to the front of the drive includes a real time clock, then the date/time from this clock is displayed, otherwise the date/time is set to zero.
5: Remote Keypad	If a keypad connected to the user comms port of the drive with a EIA-485 includes a real time clock, then the date/time from this clock is displayed, otherwise the date/time is set to zero.
6: Slot 1	As 4 above, but for option slot 1.
7: Slot 2	As 4 above, but for option slot 2.
8: Slot 3	As 4 above, but for option slot 3.
9: Slot 4	As 4 above, but for option slot 4.

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00.03	8 {0	6.020}	Date	Forma	t					
RW		Txt							US	
OL			Std (	))						
RFC-A	$\hat{v}$		or			⊳		US (	1)	
RFC-S			US (′	1)						

Date Format (00.038) selects the display style for Date (00.034), Timer 1 Start Date (09.035), Timer 1 Stop Date (09.037), Timer 2 Start Date (09.045), Timer 2 Stop Date (09.047), and for the trip time stamping date parameters (10.041, 10.043, 10.045, 10.047, 10.049, 10.051, 10.053, 10.055, 10.057 and 10.059) when displayed on a keypad connected to the drive. The format selection made in this parameter does not affect the value of these parameters if they are read using comms or by an applications program.

If Date Format (**00.038**) is 0 then standard format is used and the date is displayed on the keypad as dd.mm.yy and if Date Format (**00.038**) is 1 then US format is used and the date is displayed on the keypad as mm.dd.yy.

# 6.3.8 Additional parameters for RFC-S sensorless control

00.040	) {0!	5.064}	RFC L	ow Spe	ed Mod	e				
RW		Txt							US	
OL RFC-A	ţ					Û				
RFC-S	€		Injectio Non-sal Curre urrent N	ient (1), nt (2),		合	Nor	n salie	ent (1)	

If sensorless mode is being used and is active (i.e. *Sensorless Mode Active* (03.078) = 1) and the motor speed is below *Rated Speed* (00.019) / 10 then a special low speed algorithm must be used to control the motor. *RFC Low Speed Mode* (00.040) is used to select the algorithm to be used.

### 0: Injection

A high frequency signal is injected into the motor to detect the motor flux axis. This can be used in a similar way to operation with position feedback except that for the drive to remain stable the speed controller bandwidth may need to be limited to 10 Hz or less and the current limit may need to be limited (see *Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current* (00.041)).

### 1: Non-salient

If the ratio Lq/Ld < 1.1 on no load then the injection mode cannot be used and this mode should be used instead. This mode does not provide the same level of control as injection mode and has the following restrictions:

- Speed control is possible, but not torque control.
- Spinning start is not possible and the motor must start from standstill.
- Below Rated Speed (00.019 / 10 it will not be possible to produce more than approximately 60 % to 70 % of rated torque.
- There may be some movement of the motor shaft in either direction as the motor starts.
- It is not possible to measure the motor inertia using auto-tuning with *Auto-tune* (**00.024**) = 4.
- Normally the ramp rate should not be slower than 5 s/1000 rpm when operating in the region below Rated Speed (00.019) / 10.
- This mode is not intended to control the motor for prolonged periods below Rated Speed (00.019) / 10, but is intended to allow the motor to be started from standstill to run outside the low speed region.
- This mode is not intended to allow motor reversals. If the direction does need to be reversed, the motor should be stopped and any

oscillations must die away, before the motor is restarted in the other direction.

Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current (**00.041**) defines a current applied in the motor d axis to aid starting. The default value is suitable for most motors with a load of up to 60% rated torque. However, in some applications this level may need to be adjusted.

### 2: Current

This method, which applies a rotating current vector at the frequency defined by the speed reference, can be used with any motor with no saliency or moderate saliency. It should only be used with motors where more of the torque is produced in conjunction with the magnet flux rather than from saliency torque. This mode does not provide the same level of control at low speed as injection mode, but is easier to set up and more flexible than "Non-salient" mode. The following should be considered:

- 1. Only speed control can be used when low speed mode operation is active.
- 2. A current specified by Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current (00.041) is applied when low speed mode is active. This current should be sufficient to start the motor with the highest expected load. If the motor has some saliency with no-load applied, and a suitable saturation characteristic, the drive can detect the rotor position and apply the current at the correct angle to avoid starting transient. If the motor is non-salient as defined by the conditions for Inductance trip then the drive will not attempt to detect the rotor position and the current will be applied at an arbitrary angle. This could cause a starting transient if the level of current applied is high, and so Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current (00.041) should not be set to a higher level than necessary. To minimise the movement as a result of applying the current, it is increased over the period defined by Sensorless Mode Current Ramp (05.063) in the form of a squared characteristic (i.e. it is increased with a low rate of change at the beginning and the rate of change is gradually increased).
- 3. It is not possible to measure the motor inertia using auto-tuning with Auto-tune (**00.023**) = 4.
- 4. As the level of current when low speed mode is active is not dependent on the applied load, but is as defined by Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current (00.041), and so the motor may become too hot if low speed mode is active for a prolonged period of time.
- 5. Generally Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current (00.041) should be set to a level higher than the expected maximum load, and can be set to a much higher level than the load if the saliency and saturation characteristic allow the position of the rotor to be detected on starting. However, Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current (00.041) should be matched more closely to the expected load under the following conditions: the load inertia is high compared to the motor interia, or there is very little damping/loss in the load system, or where the q axis inductance of the motor changes significantly with load.

### 3: Current no test

The "Current" method is used, but no attempt is made to determine the position of the rotor before applying the current. This can be selected for example, if the motor does not have a suitable saturation characteristic to allow the rotor position to be determined during starting, or if faster starting is required. The initial current vector angle will be at an arbitary position with respect to the actual rotor position. As the vector sweeps round it must make the rotor start to rotate. If the ramp rate is too high the rotor may not keep up with the current vector and the motor may not start. If this is the case then the ramp rate should be reduced and/or the current used to start the motor should be increased.

Safety informat	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
								•		•			

00.041	{0	5.071}	Low S	peed Se	ensorle	ss	Мос	le Cu	rrent	Limit	
RW		Num				R	A			US	
OL	☆					⇒					
RFC-A	∻					٢					
RFC-S	$\hat{\mathbb{V}}$		0.0 to 1	000.0 %	)	Û			20.0	%	

### Injection mode

For low speed sensorless operation with signal injection (*RFC Low Speed Mode* (00.040) = 0) it is necessary to have a ratio of Lq/Ld = 1.1. Even if a motor has a larger ratio on no load, this ratio normally reduces as the q axis current is increased from zero. *Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current Limit* (00.041) should be set at a level that is lower than the point where the inductance ratio falls to 1.1. The value of this parameter is used to define the drive current limits when signal injection is active and prevent loss of control of the motor.

### Non-salient mode

For low speed sensorless operation for non-salient motors (*RFC Low Speed Mode* (**00.040**) = 1) defines a current applied in the d axis to aid starting. For most motors and applications requiring up to 60 % torque on starting, the default value is suitable. However the level of current may need to be increased to make the motor start.

00.042	{05	.072}	No-loa	ad Lq							
RW		Num				R	A			US	
OL	☆										
RFC-A	v					₽					
RFC-S	ŷ	0.00	000 to 5	00.000	) mH			(	).000 r	mΗ	

Motor q axis inductance with no current in the motor.

00.043	{05	.075}	lq Tes	Iq Test Current For Inductance Measurement								
RW		Num								US		
OL	☆					台						
RFC-A	v											
RFC-S				200 %		Û			100 %	6		

Maximum test current level used for lq during auto-tuning when measuring the motor inductance and phase offset as a percentage of *Rated Current* (00.020). This value is also used by the sensorless control algorithm to define the motor inductance and a reference frame phase offset at different levels of lq. The values of *Lq At The Defined Iq Test Current* (00.045), and Phase Offset At Iq Test Current (00.044), should be the values which correspond to the test current level. For most motors, *Phase Offset At Iq Test Current* (00.044) will be zero and have little effect on the performance, however Lq is likely to vary significantly with Iq and should be set up correctly for good performance. *If Lq At The Defined Iq Test Current* (00.043), or *Iq Test Current For Inductance Measurement* (00.043) are zero, then the estimate of Lq will not be affected by the level of Iq, and if *Phase Offset At Iq Test Current* (00.043) are zero the phase offset will not be affected by the level of Iq.

00.044	{05	5.077}	Phase	Offset	At lq Te	est (	Cur	rent			
RW		Num				RAUS					
OL RFC-A	€					Ŷ					
RFC-S	$\hat{\mathbb{T}}$		±90	0.0 °		₽			0.0	þ	

This parameter defines the offset of the point of minimum inductance as an electrical angle from the point with no current in the motor, to the point with a level of Iq equivalent to *Iq Test Current For Inductance Measurement* (00.043). When the value is left at its default value of zero, no compensation for phase offset with changes in Iq are made. *Phase Offset At Iq Test Current* (00.044) is used for low speed RFC sensorless control using injection mode. A positive value advances the point of minimum inductance with positive Iq. See *RFC Low Speed Mode* (00.040). For most motors a value of zero is acceptable.

00.045	i {05	5.078}	Lq At <sup>-</sup>	The Def	ined Iq	Tes	st C	urren	t		
RW		Num			R	A	US				
OL	î					台					
RFC-A	v										
RFC-S	ŷ	0.0	00 to 50	00.00	mΗ	仓		C	.000	mΗ	

Motor q axis inductance with no current in the d axis and the current defined by *Iq Test Current For Inductance Measurement* (00.043) in the q axis of the motor. If this parameter is left at its default value of zero, then no compensation is made to the value of Lq with changes in Iq.

00.046	i {0!	5.082}	ld Test	Currei	nt For Ir	ndu	ctai	nce M	leasu	remei	nt	
RW		Num					US					
OL	☆					⇒						
RFC-A	Ŷ					ŕ						
RFC-S	$\hat{\mathbb{T}}$		-100 t	00%		₽			- 50 °	%		

Minimum test current level used for ld during auto-tuning when measuring the motor inductance as a percentage of *Rated Current* (00.020). This is then used in a similar way as *Iq Test Current For Inductance Measurement* (00.043), to estimate the value of Lq used in the control algorithms as Id changes. If *Lq At The Defined Id Test Current* (00.047), or *Id Test Current for Inductance Measurement* (00.046) are set to zero, then no compensation is made for changes in Lq with Id.

00.047	' {0t	5.084}	Lq At The Id Test Current								
RW		Num						RA		US	
OL	☆					台					
RFC-A	Ŷ					~					
RFC-S	$\hat{\mathbb{T}}$	0.0	00 to 5	000.00	mH	₽		C	.000	mΗ	

Motor q axis inductance with no current in the q axis and the current defined by *Id Test Current for Inductance Measurement* (**00.046**) in the d axis of the motor. If this parameter is left at its default value of zero then no compensation is made to the value of Lq with changes in Id.

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--	------------------------

00.048	00.048 {10.034} Number Of Auto Reset Attempts										
RW		Txt								US	
OL		Nor	ne (0),	1 (1).	(2).						
RFC-A	Û		3), 4 (	4), 5 (		₽			5 (5)		
RFC-S			Infini	te (6)							

00.049	00.049 {10.035} Auto Reset Delay										
RW		Num								US	
OL											
RFC-A	ţ		00 to 6	600.0s	;	⇒			5.0s		
RFC-S											

If Number Of Auto-reset Attempts (**00.048**) = 0 then no auto-reset attempts are made. Any other value will cause the drive to automatically reset following a trip for the number of times programmed after a delay defined by Auto-reset Delay (**00.049**) subject to the minimum reset time allowed for the type of trip. Note that for some trips the minimum is 10s. The auto-reset count is only incremented when the trip is the same as the previous trip otherwise it is reset to 0.

When the auto-reset count reaches the programmed value, any further trip of the same value will not cause an auto-reset. If the number of auto-reset attempts defined by Number Of Auto-reset Attempts (**00.048**) has not been reached and there has been no trip for 5 minutes then the auto-reset count is cleared. Auto reset will not occur after any trips with priority levels 1, 2 or 3 as defined in section 13.2 *Trip indications* on page 284. When a manual reset occurs the auto-reset counter is reset to zero.

If Number Of Auto-reset Attempts (**00.048**) = 6 the auto-reset counter is held at zero, and so there is no limit on the number of auto-reset attempts.

00.050	{10	.020}	Trip 0 to Trip 9								
í	to										
00.059	{10	.029}									
RO		Txt	ND	NC	PT						PS
OL											
RFC-A	€		0 to	255		⇔					
RFC-S											

00.060	<b>{10</b> .	.041}	Trip 0	Date					
00.062	<b>{10</b> .	.043}	Trip 1	Date					
00.064	<b>{10</b> .	.045}	Trip 2	Date					
00.066	<b>{10</b> .	.047}	Trip 3	Date					
00.068	{10.	.049}	Trip 4	Date					
00.070	<b>{10</b> .	.051}	Trip 5	Date					
00.072	<b>{10</b> .	.053}	Trip 6	Date					
00.074	<b>{10</b> .	.055}	Trip 7	Date					
00.076	<b>{10</b> .	.057}	Trip 8	Date					
00.078	<b>{10</b> .	.059}	Trip 9	Date					
RO		Txt	ND	NC	PT				PS
OL			00-00	-00					
RFC-A	$\hat{v}$		to			₽			
RFC-S			31-12	-99					

00.004	64.0	0.40)	Trin 0	Timo					
00.061			•	Time					
00.063	i {10	.044}	Trip 1	Time					
00.065	<b>{10</b>	.046}	Trip 2	Time					
00.067	′ <b>{10</b>	.048}	Trip 3	Time					
00.069	{10	.050}	Trip 4	Time					
00.071	<b>{10</b>	.052}	Trip 5	Time					
00.073	<b>{10</b>	.054}	Trip 6	Time					
00.075	5 {10	.056}	Trip 7	Time					
00.077	′ <b>{10</b>	.058}	Trip 8	Time					
00.079	{10	.060}	Trip 9	Time					
RO		Time	ND	NC	PT			PS	
OL			00-00	-00					
RFC-A	€		to			⇔			
RFC-S			23:59	:59					

Trip 0 (00.050) to Trip 9 (00.059) store the most recent 10 trips that have occurred where Trip 0 (00.050) is the most recent and Trip 9 (00.059) is the oldest. When a new trip occurs it is written to Trip 0 (00.050) and all the other trips move down the log, with oldest being lost. The date and time when each trip occurs are also stored in the date and time log, i.e. Trip 0 Date (00.060) to Trip 9 Time (00.079). The date and time are taken from Date (00.034) and Time (00.035).

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information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor		Operation	Automation	parameters	data	•	information

## 7 Running the motor

This chapter takes the new user through all the essential steps to running a motor for the first time, in each of the possible operating modes.

For information on tuning the drive for the best performance, see *Chapter 8 Optimization* on page 149.



Ensure that no damage or safety hazard could arise from the motor starting unexpectedly.



The values of the motor parameters affect the protection of the motor.

The default values in the drive should not be relied upon. It is essential that the correct value is entered in Pr **00.020** *Rated Current*. This affects the thermal protection of the motor.



If the drive is started using the keypad it will run to the speed defined by the keypad reference (Pr **01.017**). This may not be acceptable depending on the application. The user must check in Pr **01.017** and ensure that the keypad reference has been set to 0.



If the intended maximum speed affects the safety of the machinery, additional independent over-speed protection must be used.

## 7.1 Quick start connections

### Fire Mode - Important Warning

When Fire Mode is active the motor overload and thermal protection are disabled, as well as a number of drive protection functions. Fire Mode is provided for use only in emergency situations where the safety risk from disabling protection is less than the risk from the drive tripping typically in smoke extraction operation to permit evacuation of a building. The use of Fire Mode itself causes a risk of fire from overloading of the motor or drive, so it must only be used after careful consideration of the balance of risks. Care must be taken to prevent inadvertent activation or deactivation of Fire Mode. Fire Mode is indicated by a flashing display text warning "Fire mode active". Care must be taken to ensure that parameters Pr 1.053 or Pr 1.054 are not inadvertently re-allocated to different inputs or variables. It should be noted that, by default, Pr 1.054 is controlled from digital input 4 and changing Pr 8.024 can reallocate this digital input to another parameter. These parameters are at access level 2 in order to minimize the risk of inadvertent or unauthorized changes. It is recommended that User Security be applied to further reduce the risk (see section 5.9 Parameter access level and security on page 116). These parameters may also be changed via serial communications so adequate precautions should be taken if this functionality is utilized.

### 7.1.1 Basic requirements

This section shows the basic connections which must be made for the drive to run in the required mode. For minimal parameter settings to run in each mode please see the relevant part of section 7.3 *Quick start commissioning / start-up* on page 141.

## Table 7-1 Minimum control connection requirements for each control mode

Drive control method	Requirements
Auto mode	Drive enable Speed reference Run forward
Hand mode	Drive enable
Serial communications	Drive enable Serial communications link

Table 7-2	Minimum requirements for each mode of operation

Operating mode	Requirements
Open loop mode	Induction motor
RFC – A sensorless	Induction motor without speed
(without feedback position)	feedback
RFC - S sensorless	Permanent magnet motor without
(without position feedback)	speed and position feedback

### 7.2 Changing the operating mode

Changing the operating mode returns all parameters to their default value, including the motor parameters. *User Security Status* (Pr 00.031) and *User Security Code* (Pr 00.030) are not affected by this procedure).

### Procedure

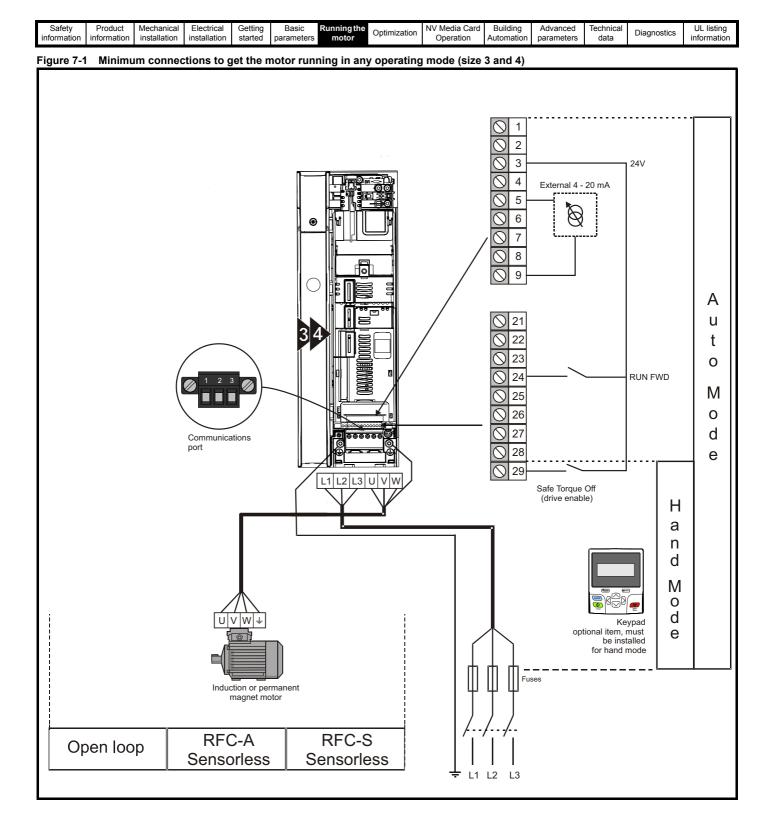
Use the following procedure only if a different operating mode is required:

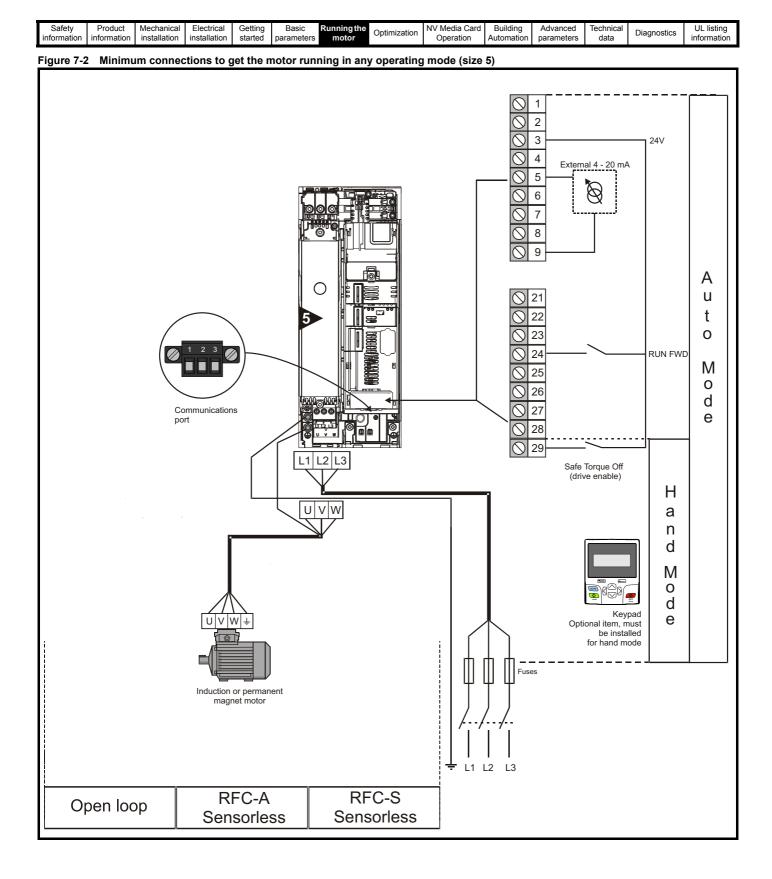
- 1. Enter either of the following values in Pr **mm.000**, as appropriate: 1253 (50 Hz AC supply frequency)
  - 1254 (60 Hz AC supply frequency) Change
- 2. Change the setting of Pr 00.030 to L2 to allow access to Pr 11.031
- 3. Change the setting of Pr **11.031** as follows:

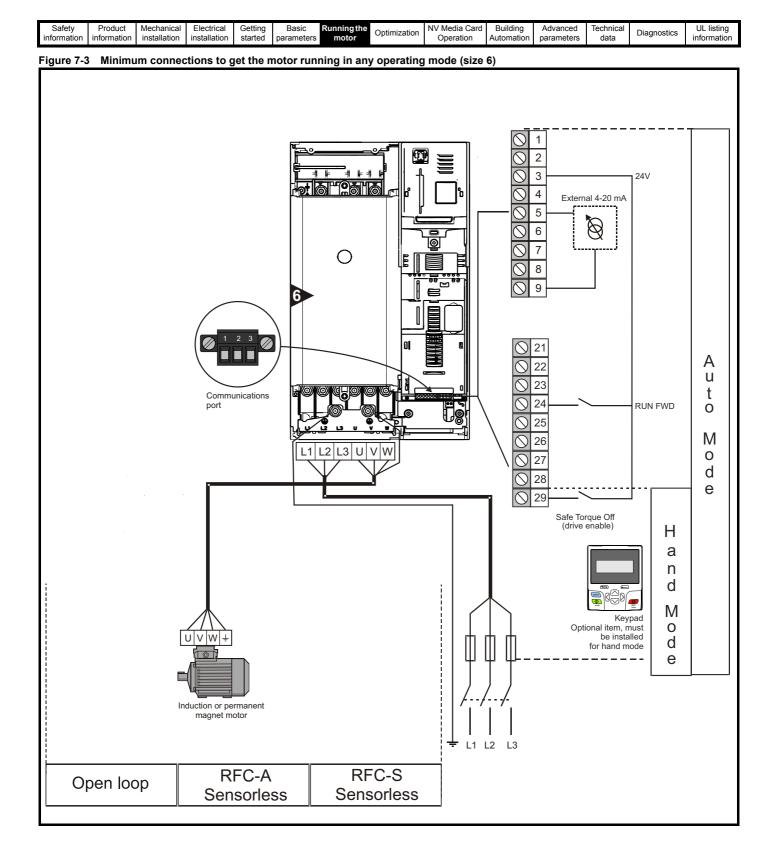
Pr 11.031 setting		Operating mode
<b>11.031</b> t Open-loop	1	Open-loop
11.031 \$ RFC-A	2	RFC-A
<b>11.031</b> ‡ RFC-S	3	RFC-S

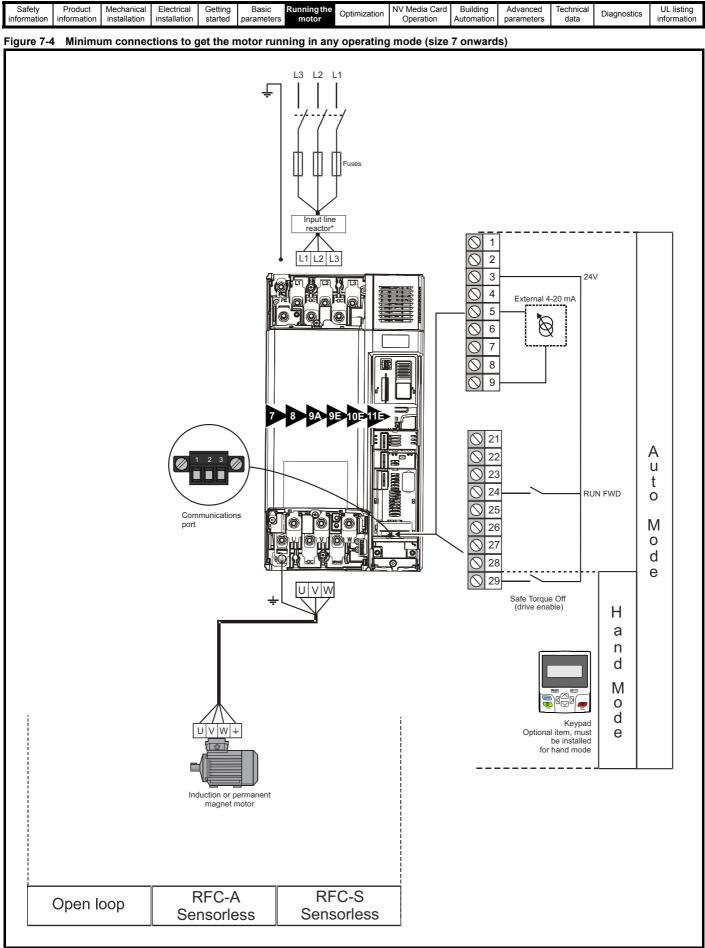
The figures in the second column apply when serial communications are used.

- 4. Either:
- Press the red () reset button
- Toggle the reset digital input
- Carry out a drive reset through serial communications by setting Pr 10.038 to 100 (ensure that Pr. mm.000 returns to 0).









\* Required for size 9E and 10.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

## 7.3 Quick start commissioning / start-up

### 7.3.1 Open loop

Action	Detail	
Before power-up	Ensure: • The drive enable signal is not given (terminal 29) • Run signal is not given • Motor is connected	×
Power-up the drive	<ul> <li>Verify that Open Loop mode is displayed as the drive powers up. If the mode is incorrect see section 5.6 <i>Changing the operating mode</i> on page 115.</li> <li>Ensure:</li> <li>Drive displays 'Inhibit'</li> <li>If the drive trips, see Chapter 13 <i>Diagnostics</i> on page 284.</li> </ul>	
Enter motor nameplate details	<ul> <li>Enter:</li> <li>Motor rated frequency in Pr 00.021 (Hz)</li> <li>Motor rated current in Pr 00.020 (A)</li> <li>Motor rated speed in Pr 00.019 (rpm)</li> <li>Motor rated voltage in Pr 00.018 (V) - check if</li></ul>	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $
Set maximum frequency	Enter: • Maximum frequency in Pr <b>00.011</b> (Hz)	0.02
Set acceleration / deceleration rates	Enter: • Acceleration rate in Pr 00.012 (s to Pr 1.006) • Deceleration rate in Pr 00.013 (s from Pr 1.006)	
Motor thermistor set-up	The motor thermistor can be selected in Pr 07.011. Refer to Pr 07.011 for further information.	
Autotune	<ul> <li>The drive is able to perform either a stationary or a rotating autotune. The motor must be at a standstill before an autotune is enabled. A rotating autotune should be used whenever possible so the measured value of power factor of the motor is used by the drive.</li> <li>A rotating autotune will cause the motor to accelerate up to <sup>2</sup>/<sub>3</sub> base speed in the direction selected regardless of the reference provided. Once complete the motor will coast to a stop. The enable signal must be removed before the drive can be made to run at the required reference.</li> <li>WARNING</li> <li>A stationary autotune can be stopped at any time by removing the run signal or removing the drive enable.</li> <li>A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to uncouple the load from the motor shaft. A stationary autotune measures stator resistance and transient inductance of the motor and values relating to deadtime compensation from the drive. These are required for good performance in vector control modes. A stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor is uncoupled. A rotating autotune before rotating the motor at <sup>2</sup>/<sub>3</sub> base speed in the direction selected. The rotating autotune measures the power factor of the motor a set of the motor at <sup>2</sup>/<sub>3</sub> base speed in the direction selected. The rotating autotune measures the power factor of the motor.</li> <li>To perform an autotune:</li> <li>Set Pr 00.024 = 1 for a stationary autotune or set Pr 00.024 = 2 for a rotating autotune</li> <li>Close the Drive Enable signal (terminal 29). The drive will display 'Ready'.</li> <li>Close the Drive Enable signal (terminal 29). The drive will display 'Ready'.</li> <li>Wait for the drive to display 'Ready' or 'Inhibit' and for the motor to come to a standstill. If the drive tride and run signal from the drive.</li> </ul>	
Save parameters	Select 'Save Parameters' in Pr <b>mm.000</b> (alternatively enter a value of 1001 in Pr <b>mm.000</b> ) and press the red reset button or toggle the reset digital input.	
Run	Drive is now ready to run	· Or

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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### 7.3.2 RFC - A Sensorless

### Induction motor without position feedback

Action	Detail	
Before power-up	<ul> <li>Ensure:</li> <li>The drive enable signal is not given (terminal 29)</li> <li>Run signal is not given</li> <li>Motor is connected</li> </ul>	×
Power-up the drive	<ul> <li>Verify that RFC-A mode is displayed as the drive powers up. If the mode is incorrect see section 5.6 <i>Changing the operating mode</i> on page 115, otherwise restore parameter defaults (See section 5.8 <i>Restoring parameter defaults</i> on page 116.</li> <li>Ensure:</li> <li>Drive displays 'Inhibit'</li> <li>If the drive trips, see <i>Chapter 13 Diagnostics</i> on page 284.</li> </ul>	
Enter motor nameplate details	<ul> <li>Enter:</li> <li>Motor rated frequency in Pr 00.021 (Hz)</li> <li>Motor rated current in Pr 00.020 (A)</li> <li>Motor rated speed in Pr 00.019 (rpm)</li> <li>Motor rated voltage in Pr 00.018 (V) - check if  ↓ or  △ connection</li> </ul>	Max         Max <thmax< th=""> <thmax< th=""> <thmax< th=""></thmax<></thmax<></thmax<>
Set maximum speed	Enter: • Maximum speed in Pr <b>00.011</b> (rpm)	0.02
Set acceleration / deceleration rates	Enter: <ul> <li>Acceleration rate in Pr 00.012 (s to Pr 1.006)</li> <li>Deceleration rate in Pr 00.013 (s from Pr 1.006)</li> </ul>	1000rpm
	The drive is able to perform either a stationary or a rotating autotune. The motor must be at a standstill before an autotune is enabled. A stationary autotune will give moderate performance whereas a rotating autotune will give improved performance as it measures the actual values of the motor parameters required by the drive. NOTE It is highly recommended that a rotating autotune is performed (Pr <b>00.024</b> set to 2). A rotating autotune will cause the motor to accelerate up to <sup>2</sup> / <sub>3</sub> base speed in the direction selected regardless of the reference provided. Once complete the motor will coast to a stop. The enable signal must be removed before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be stopped at any time by removing the run signal or removing the drive enable. A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to uncouple the load	
Autotune	<ul> <li>from the motor shaft. The stationary autotune measures the stator resistance and transient inductance of the motor and values relating to deadtime compensation from the drive. Measured values are used to calculate the current loop gains, and at the end of the test the values in Pr 04.013 and Pr 04.014 are updated. A stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 05.010.</li> <li>A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is uncoupled. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune before rotating the motor at 2/3 base speed in the direction selected. The rotating autotune measures the stator inductance of the motor and calculates the power factor.</li> <li>To perform an autotune:</li> <li>Set Pr 00.024 = 1 for a stationary autotune or set Pr 00.024 = 2 for a rotating autotune</li> <li>Close the drive enable signal (terminal 29). The drive will display 'Ready' or 'Inhibit'.</li> <li>Close the run signal (terminal 24). The lower display will flash 'Autotune' while the drive is performing the autotune.</li> <li>Wait for the drive to display 'Ready' or 'Inhibit' and for the motor to come to a standstill.</li> <li>If the drive trips, see <i>Chapter 13 Diagnostics</i> on page 284.</li> <li>Remove the drive enable and run signal from the drive.</li> </ul>	T Nm Nrpm
Save parameters	Select 'Save Parameters' in Pr <b>mm.000</b> (alternatively enter a value of 1001 in Pr <b>mm.000</b> ) and press red reset button or toggle the reset digital input.	
Run	Drive is now ready to run	· O

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

### 7.3.3 RFC-S Sensorless

### Permanent magnet motor without position feedback

Action	Detail	
Before power- up	<ul> <li>Ensure:</li> <li>The drive enable signal is not given (terminal 29).</li> <li>Run signal is not given</li> <li>Motor is connected</li> </ul>	$\mathbf{X}$
Power-up the drive	<ul> <li>Verify that RFC-S mode is displayed as the drive powers up. If the mode is incorrect see Chapter 5.6 Changing the operating mode on page 115, otherwise restore parameter defaults (see Chapter 5.8 Restoring parameter defaults on page 116).</li> <li>Ensure:</li> <li>Drive displays 'inhibit'</li> <li>If the drive trips, see Chapter 13 Diagnostics on page 284.</li> </ul>	[7]
Enter motor nameplate details	Enter: • Motor rated current in Pr 00.020 (A) • Number of poles in Pr 00.017 • Motor rated voltage in Pr 00.018 (V)	A constraint of the second sec
Set maximum speed	Enter: • Maximum speed in Pr 00.002 (rpm)	0.02
Set acceleration / deceleration rates	Enter: • Acceleration rate in Pr 00.012 (s to Pr 1.006) • Deceleration rate in Pr 00.013 (s from Pr 1.006)	
Autotune	<ul> <li>The drive is able to perform a stationary autotune. The motor must be at a standstill before an autotune is enabled. A stationary autotune will give moderate performance.</li> <li>A stationary autotune is performed to locate the flux axis of the motor. The stationary autotune measures the stator resistance, inductance in flux axis, inductance in torque axis with no load on the motor and values relating to deadtime compensation from the drive. Measured values are used to calculate the current loop gains, and at the end of the test the values in Pr 04.013 and Pr 04.014 are updated.</li> <li>To perform an autotune:</li> <li>Set Pr 00.024 = 1 or 2 for a stationary autotune. (Both perform the same tests).</li> <li>Close the run signal (terminal 24).</li> <li>Close the drive enable signal (terminal 29). The upper row of the display will flash 'Auto Tune' while the drive is performing the test.</li> <li>Wait for the drive to display 'Ready' or 'Inhibit'.</li> <li>If the drive trips it cannot be reset until the drive enable signal (terminal 29) has been removed. See <i>Chapter 13 Diagnostics</i> on page 284.</li> <li>Remove the drive enabled and run signal from the drive.</li> </ul>	R <sub>3</sub> Ld No-load Lq
Check Saliency	In sensorless mode, when the motor speed is below Pr <b>00.019</b> / 10, a special low speed algorithm must be used to control the motor. There are three modes available, with the mode chosen based on the saliency of the motor. The ratio No-load Lq (Pr <b>00.042</b> ) / Ld (Pr <b>05.024</b> ) provides a measure of the saliency. If this value is > 1.1, then Injection (0) mode may be used. Current (2) mode may be used (but with limitations). If this value is < 1.1, then Current (2) mode must be used. Set Pr <b>00.040</b> for the required mode: Injection (0), Non-salient (1), Current (2) or Current No Test (3).	
Save parameters	Select 'Save Parameters' in Pr <b>mm.000</b> (alternatively enter a value of 1001 in Pr <b>mm.000</b> ) and press red () reset button or toggle the reset digital input.	
Run	Drive is now ready to run	•

1	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
	information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

### 7.4 Quick start commissioning / start-up using HVAC Drive Connect (V02.00.05 onwards)

HVAC Drive Connect is a Windows<sup>™</sup> based software commissioning/start-up tool for H300 drives. HVAC Drive Connect can be used for commissioning / start-up and monitoring, drive parameters can be uploaded, downloaded and compared and simple or custom menu listings can be created. Drive menus can be displayed in standard list format or as live block diagrams. HVAC Drive Connect is able to communicate with a single drive or a network. HVAC Drive Connect can be downloaded from www.controltechniques.com (file size approximately 100 MB). A KI-485 Adaptor and suitable USB to EIA-485 isolated converter is required for connection to HVAC Drive Connect. A suitable isolated converter is available from Control Techniques:

• CT USB Comms Cable (CT part number 4500-0096).

### **HVAC Drive Connect system requirements**

- Windows 8, Windows 7 SP1, Windows Vista SP2, Windows XP SP3
- · Minimum of 1280 x 1024 screen resolution with 256 colours
- Microsoft.Net Frameworks 4.0 (this is provided in the downloaded file)
- Note that you must have administrator rights to install HVAC Drive Connect

Any previous copy of HVAC Drive Connect should be uninstalled before proceeding with the installation (existing projects will not be lost). Included within the software is the *Parameter Reference Guide* for H300.

### 7.4.1 Power-up the drive

1. Start HVAC Drive Connect, and on the 'Project Management' screen select 'Scan serial RTU network' or 'Scan all connected drives'. Select the discovered drive.

	Unidrive M Connect - Project System	_ 🗆 X
File Home View		_ d <sup>7</sup> ×
Add drive Project Devices		
Project	Project Management ×	<u> </u>
No project loaded.	Set-up and work with sets of Control Techniques drives.	
	Create or Open a Project Recent Projects	
	New project Help and Web Links	
	Open Getting started tour Help and support	
	Build a Project from a Network of Drives	
	Scan Ethernet network	
	Scan serial RTU network	
	Scan all connected drives	
	4	
	EMERSON. Industrial Automation	

Safety information         Product installation         Mechanical installation         Electrical istallation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor         Optimization         NV Media Card Operation         Building Automation         Advanced parameters         Technical data         Diagnostics         UL li inform	
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Unidrive M Connect - My Project 28	
File Home View	>
😌 😓 🔇 🔇 🏰 💋 🖅 🕕 📣 🏷 🍋 👘 Tools & Wizards 🔹 🔜 💽 🔄	
Add drive Online Upload Download Connection Set mode Default Set Rename Reset Save parameters in drive Block Diagrams * Compare with New Load defaults parameter file parameter file	
Project Devices Drive Setup & Diagnostics Parameters	_
Project Dashboard (COM18.1) ×	-
<ul> <li>My Project 28</li> <li>Unnamed) (COM18.1)</li> <li>Commands for working with a drive. Commands can also be found in the ribbon and by right-clicking nodes in the tree.</li> </ul>	
Setup     Diagnostics     Drive	
<ul> <li>Parameters</li> <li>Block Diagrams</li> <li>Custom Lists</li> <li>Drive Unidrive Modo</li> <li>Upload</li> <li>Download</li> <li>Download</li> <li>Connection</li> <li>Set mode</li> <li>Default</li> <li>Set Rename</li> <li>Reset Save parameters</li> <li>Change</li> </ul>	
Parameter Files     from drive     to drive     settings     and region     parameters     model     in drive     Firmware	
Macro Files Stot 1 Setup & Diagnostics 2 4	
(Empty)       Setup       Diagnostics       Parameter       Block         (Empty)       Motor Setup       Digital I/O       Analog I/O       New       Load       Upload         Setup       Speed References       Ramps Setup       New       Load       Upload       Download         Setup       Autotune       Stopic Function       Motorized Pot       Threshold Detector       Threshold Detector	

- 1. Select the 'Online' icon to connect with the drive. When a successful connection is made the icon will be highlighted orange.
- 2. Select 'Set mode and region'.
  - If the required control mode is highlighted in the 'Drive Settings' dialogue, then:
  - Change the supply frequency, if required and select 'Apply', otherwise select 'Cancel'.
  - Select 'Default parameters' from the Dashboard and in the 'Default Parameters' dialogue, select 'Apply'
  - If the required control mode is not highlighted in the 'Drive Settings' dialogue then:
  - Select the required mode and supply frequency.
  - · Select 'Apply'.

3. Select 'Setup' and perform the steps highlighted (dotted lines indicate a step which may not need to be performed (see overleaf):

Action	Detail
Motor Setup	HVAC Drive Connect contains a database for induction motors and permanent magnet motors. Provision is also made to enter motor nameplate data.
	The next section describes the use of the motor database for a Leroy Somer LSRPM motor used in RFC-S Sensorless mode.
Analog I/O	The motor thermistor can be selected in Pr 07.011. Refer to the parameter help for Pr 07.011 for further information.
Ramps Setup	Enter the required Acceleration rate and Deceleration rate
Autotune	Not required when using data from the motor database for a Leroy Somer LSRPM motor used in RFC-S Sensorless mode.

4. Select 'Save parameters in drive' to perform a parameter save. The drive is now ready to run.

Optimization						Optimization				data	Diagnostics	UL listing informatio
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# **7.4.2** Use of the motor database for a Leroy Somer LSRPM motor for use in RFC-S Sensorless mode. Select 'Motor Setup' from the 'Dashboard'.

On the 'Motor Setup' screen, select 'Choose a motor'.

and the second second		Unidrive M Conn	ect - My Project 28		
File Home View Control Control Contro	d Connection Set mode Default	Set Rename Reset Save parameters in drive	<ul> <li>Tools &amp; Wizards</li> <li>Parameter Listings</li> <li>Block Diagrams</li> <li>Setup &amp; Diagnostics</li> </ul>	Compare with New Load defaults Parameters	_ # X
Project	Dashboard (COM18.1) × M	lotor Setup (COM18.1) ×			
Poper     P	Motor Setu Enter motor parame Choose a motor     Save as cus Maximum Switching Frequency Percentage over current trip level Motor 1 Motor 2 Rated Current     Rated Speed     Rated Voltage     Kt     Ke     Motor Thermal Time Constant     Stator Resistance     Ld     No Load Lq     Lq at Defined Iq     Lq at Defined Iq     Current Controller Kp Gain     Current Controller Kp Gain     Current Controller Ki Gain	P           eters or choose a motor from           itom motor           itom web           itom web	n a list		Send to drive
	-			-	

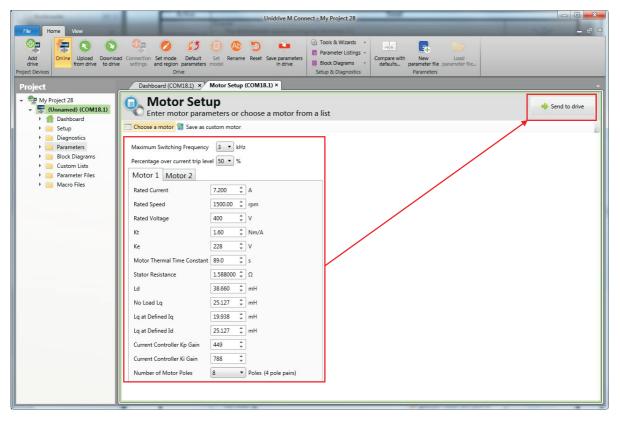
### Select the required motor database:

Select the required motor from the list and click 'OK'.

Motor D	atabase:	RPM Sensorless Servo RPM	•	Remov	e custom mo	tor			
Custom	Model	RPM RPM Sensorless	es	Speed (rpm)	Voltage (V)	Frequency (Hz)	Power (kW)	Current (A)	
	750 LSRPM	90 SL 1,4KW 400V	8	750	400	0.0	1.4	2.9	
	750 LSRPM	90 L 1,8kW 400V	8	750	400	0.0	1.8	3.7	ſ
	900 LSRPM	90 SL 1,8kW 400V	8	980	400	0.0	1.8	3.8	ŀ
	900 LSRPM	90 L 2,2kW 400V	8	900	400	0.0	2.2	4.6	l
	1500 LSRPM	4 90 SL 3kW 400V	8	1500	400	0.0	3	6.0	
	1500 LSRPM	4 90 L 3,7kW 400V	8	1500	400	0.0	3.7	7.2	
	1800 LSRPN	A 90 SL 3,6kW 400V	8	1800	400	0.0	3.6	7.1	
	1800 LSRPM	4 90 L 4,5kW 400V	8	1800	400	0.0	4.5	8.5	
	2400 LSRPM	/ 90 SL 4,8kW 400V	8	2400	400	0.0	4.8	9.4	
	2400 LSRPM	A 90 L 6kW 400V	8	2400	400	0.0	6	11.2	
	3000 LSRPM	/ 90 SL 5,8kW 400V	8	3000	400	0.0	5.8	11.1	
	3000 LSRPM	/ 90 L 7,3kW 400V	8	3000	400	0.0	7.3	13.7	
	3600 LSRPM	A 90 SL 6,4kW 400V	8	3600	400	0.0	6.4	11.9	
	3600 LSRPN	A 90 L 8kW 400V	8	3600	400	0.0	8	14.8	
	4500 LSRPM	4 90 SL 6,8kW 400V	8	4500	400	0.0	6.8	12.6	
	4500 LSRPM	/ 90 L 8,5kW 400V	8	4500	400	0.0	8.5	15.2	
	5500 LSRPM	A 90 SL 6,9kW 400V	8	5500	400	0.0	6.9	12.7	
	5500 LSRPM	A 90 L 8,6kW 400V	8	5500	400	0.0	8.6	15.2	
	750 LSRPM	100 L 2,1kW 400V	8	750	400	0.0	2.1	4.4	
	750 LSRPM	100 L 2,5kW 400V	8	750	400	0.0	2.5	4.9	
	750 LSRPM	100 L 2,8kW 400V	8	750	400	0.0	2.8	5.7	
	900 LSRPM	100 L 2,7kW 400V	8	900	400	0.0	2.7	5.4	
	Mdas I UUD	100 L 3 1F/W 400V	8	900	400	0.0	21	62	

Safety information         Product information         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor         Optimization	NV Media Card Building Operation Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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The data for the selected motor is displayed on the 'Motor Setup' screen. Click 'Send to drive' to set the associated parameters.

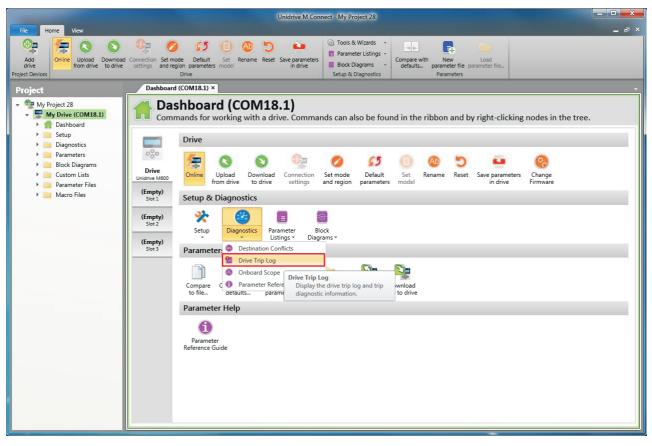


SafetyProductMechanicalElectricalGettingBasicRunning the motorOptimizationNV Media CardBuildingAdvancedTechnical datainformationinstallationinstallationstartedparametersmotorOptimizationOptimizationNV Media CardBuildingAdvancedTechnical dataDiagonal	agnostics UL listing information
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# 7.5 Diagnostics

If the drive trips, it is possible to interrogate the trip log from within HVAC Drive Connect.

Select 'Drive Trip Log' from the 'Dashboard'.



The drive trip log shows the trip responsible for stopping the autotune and a description of the trip.

				Unidrive M Conr	ect - My Pro	ject 28			-   0   ×
File Home View									_ @ ×
Add drive Project Devices		nd region p Drive	Default Set Rename R arameters model	Save parameters in drive	<ul> <li>Tools &amp;</li> <li>Paramet</li> <li>Block Di</li> <li>Setup &amp; D</li> </ul>	er Listings + agrams + Viagnostics	Compare with New Load defaults parameter file parameter file Parameters		
Project	Das	hboard (CC	M18.1) × Motor Setup	(COM18.1) × Aut	otune (COM1	.8.1) × Dr	ive Trip Log (COM18.1) ×		
<ul> <li>✓ Setting My Project 28</li> <li>✓ Setting My Drive (COM18.1)</li> <li>▶ My Dashboard</li> </ul>			e <b>Trip Log</b> he drive trip log and	l trip diagnostic	informati	on.			O Live
Setup     Diagnostics			is currently tripped 1 for details)					🍤 Reset 😃	Clear Log
Parameters			Description	Date	Time	Sub-trip			
🕨 🚞 Block Diagrams			Autotune Stopped	Day 0	00:08:52	0			
🕨 🦲 Custom Lists	Newest		None	Day 0	00:00:02	0			
🕨 🛄 Parameter Files	CS 2	-	None	Day 0	00:00:00	0			
Macro Files	4	-	None	Day 0	00:00:00	0			
	5		None	Day 0	00:00:00	0			-
	6	0	None	Day 0	00:00:00	0			
	7	0	None	Day 0	00:00:00	0			
	8	0	None	Day 0	00:00:00	0			
	Oldest 10	0	None	Day 0	00:00:00	0			
	St 10	0	None	Day 0	00:00:00	0			-
	Trip		Autotune Stopped	1					A
	Value		18						(≡)
	Short of	description							
	Recom	<b>imended</b> Check the		inal 31) was active o	luring the au	to-tune.	nable or the Final drive run were removed. auto-tune.		-

Safety         Product         Mechanical         Electrical         Getting         Basic         Running the motor         Optimization         NV Media Card         Building         Advanced         Technical         Diagnostics         Di	Safety information	Diagr	NV Media Card Operation	Optimization	5			Licouroar			
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# 8 Optimization

This chapter takes the user through methods of optimizing the drive set-up and maximize the performance. The auto-tuning features of the drive simplify the optimization tasks.

# 8.1 Motor map parameters

# 8.1.1 Open loop motor control

Pr 00.020 {05.007} Rated Current	Defines the maximum continuous motor current
<ul> <li>The rated current parameter must be set to the maximum continuous</li> <li>Current limits (see section 8.3 <i>Switching frequency</i> on page 159, for r</li> <li>Motor thermal overload protection (see section 8.2 <i>Motor thermal prot</i></li> <li>Vector mode voltage control (see <i>Open Loop Control Mode</i> (00.014),</li> <li>Slip compensation (see <i>Enable Slip Compensation</i> (05.027), later in t</li> <li>Dynamic V/F control</li> </ul>	nore information). <i>Tection</i> on page 158, for more information) later in this table)
Pr 00.018 {05.009} Rated Voltage	Defines the voltage applied to the motor at rated frequency
Pr 00.021 {05.006} Rated Frequency	Defines the frequency at which rated voltage is applied
The <i>Rated Voltage</i> (00.018) and the <i>Rated Frequency</i> (00.021) are used to define the voltage to frequency characteristic applied to the motor (see <i>Open Loop Control Mode</i> (00.014), later in this table). The <i>Rated Frequency</i> (00.021) is also used in conjunction with the motor rated speed to calculate the rated slip for slip compensation (see <i>Rated Speed</i> (00.019), later in this table).	Output voltage characteristic Pr 00.018 Pr 00.018 / 2 Pr 00.021 / 2 Pr 00.021 Output frequency
Pr 00.019 {05.008} Rated Speed	Defines the full load rated speed of the motor
Pr 00.017 {05.011} Number Of Motor Poles	Defines the number of motor poles
The motor rated speed and the number of poles are used with the motor r	ated frequency to calculate the rated slip of induction machines in Hz.
Rated slip (Hz) = Motor rated frequency - (Number of pole pairs x [Mo	tor rated speed / 60]) = 00.021 = $\left(\frac{00.017}{2} \times \frac{00.019}{60}\right)$
If Pr <b>00.019</b> is set to 0 or to synchronous speed, slip compensation is disa nameplate value, which should give the correct rpm for a hot machine. So because the nameplate value may be inaccurate. Slip compensation will cregion. Slip compensation is normally used to correct for the motor speed than synchronous speed to deliberately introduce speed droop. This can I Pr <b>00.017</b> is also used in the calculation of the motor speed display by the	netimes it will be necessary to adjust this when the drive is commissioned operate correctly both below base speed and within the field-weakening to prevent speed variation with load. The rated load rpm can be set higher be useful to aid load sharing with mechanically coupled motors.
the number of motor poles is automatically calculated from the rated frequ	ency Pr 00.021, and the motor rated speed Pr 00.019.
Number of poles = 120 x (Rated Frequency (00.021) / Rated Speed (	00.019)) rounded to the nearest even number.
Pr 05.010 Rated Power Factor	Defines the angle between the motor voltage and current
The power factor is the true power factor of the motor, i.e. the angle betwee with the <i>Rated Current</i> ( <b>00.020</b> ), to calculate the rated active current and extensively to control the drive, and the magnetising current is used in ver parameter is set up correctly. The drive can measure the motor rated pow below).	magnetising current of the motor. The rated active current is used ctor mode stator resistance compensation. It is important that this

	Safety information	Product n information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# Pr 00.024 {5.012} Autotune

There are two autotune tests available in open loop mode, a stationary and a rotating test. A rotating autotune should be used whenever possible so the measured value of power factor of the motor is used by the drive.

- A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to remove the load from the motor shaft. The stationary test
  measures the Stator Resistance (05.017) and Transient Inductance (05.024) which are required for good performance in vector control modes
  (see Open Loop Control Mode (00.014), later in this table). The stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value
  on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 05.010. To perform a Stationary autotune, set Pr 00.024 to 1, and provide the drive with both an
  enable signal (on terminal 29) and a run signal (on terminal 24).
- A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is unloaded. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune, as above, then a rotating test is performed in which the motor is accelerated with currently selected ramps up to a frequency of *Rated Frequency* (05.006) x<sup>-2</sup>/<sub>3</sub>, and the frequency is maintained at that level for 4 seconds. *Stator Inductance* (05.025) is measured and this value is used in conjunction with other motor parameters to calculate *Rated Power Factor* (05.010). To perform a Rotating autotune, set Pr **00.024** to 2, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminal 29) and a run signal (on terminal 24).

Following the completion of an autotune test the drive will go into the inhibit state. The drive must be placed into a controlled disable condition before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be put in to a controlled disable condition by removing the Safe Torque Off signal from terminal 29, setting the *Drive Enable* (06.015) to OFF (0) or disabling the drive via the *Control Word* (06.042) and *Control Word Enable* (06.043).

# Pr 00.014 {05.014} Open Loop Control Mode

There are several voltage modes available which fall into two categories, vector control and fixed boost.

### Vector control

Vector control mode provides the motor with a linear voltage characteristic from 0 Hz to motor *Rated Frequency* (00.021), and then a constant voltage above motor rated frequency. When the drive operates between motor rated frequency/50 and motor rated frequency/4, full vector based stator resistance compensation is applied. When the drive operates between motor rated frequency/4 and motor rated frequency/2 the stator resistance compensation is gradually reduced to zero as the frequency increases. For the vector modes to operate correctly the *Rated Power Factor* 05.010, *Stator Resistance* (05.017) and *Voltage Offset At Zero Current* (05.058) are all required to be set up accurately. The drive can be made to measure these by performing an autotune (see Pr 00.024 *Autotune*). The drive can also be made to measure the stator resistance and voltage offset automatically every time the drive is enabled or the first time the drive is enabled after it is powered up, by selecting one of the vector control voltage modes.

(0) **Ur S** = The stator resistance and the voltage offset are measured and the parameters for the selected motor map are over-written each time the drive is made to run. This test can only be done with a stationary motor where the flux has decayed to zero. Therefore this mode should only be used if the motor is guaranteed to be stationary each time the drive is made to run. To prevent the test from being done before the flux has decayed there is a period of 1 second after the drive has been in the ready state during which the test is not done if the drive is made to run again. In this case, previously measured values are used. Ur S mode ensures that the drive compensates for any change in motor parameters due to changes in temperature. The new values of stator resistance and voltage offset are not automatically saved to the drive's EEPROM.(4)

(4) **Ur I** = The stator resistance and voltage offset are measured when the drive is first made to run after each power-up. This test can only be done with a stationary motor. Therefore this mode should only be used if the motor is guaranteed to be stationary the first time the drive is made to run after each power-up. The new values of stator resistance and voltage offset are not automatically saved to the drive's EEPROM.

(1) **Ur** = The stator resistance and voltage offset are not measured. The user can enter the motor and cabling resistance into the *Stator Resistance* (05.017). However this will not include resistance effects within the drive inverter. Therefore if this mode is to be used, it is best to use an autotune test initially to measure the stator resistance and voltage offset.

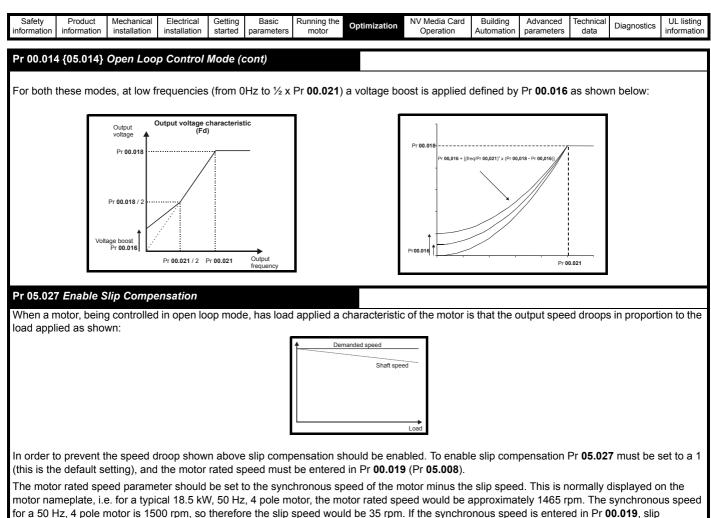
(3) **Ur\_Auto** = The stator resistance and voltage offset are measured once, the first time the drive is made to run. After the test has been completed successfully the *Open Loop Control Mode* (00.014) is changed to Ur mode. The *Stator Resistance* (05.017) and *Voltage Offset At Zero Current* (05.058)) parameters are written to, and along with the *Open Loop Control Mode* (00.014), are saved in the drive's EEPROM. If the test fails, the voltage mode will stay set to Ur Auto and the test will be repeated next time the drive is made to run.

# Fixed boost

Neither the stator resistance nor the voltage offset are used in the control of the motor, instead a fixed characteristic with low frequency voltage boost as defined by Pr **00.016**, is used. Fixed boost mode should be used when the drive is controlling multiple motors. There are two settings of fixed boost available:

(2) Fixed = This mode provides the motor with a linear voltage characteristic from 0 Hz to Rated Frequency (00.021), and then a constant voltage above rated frequency.

(5) **Square** = This mode provides the motor with a square law voltage characteristic from 0 Hz to *Rated Frequency* (00.021), and then a constant voltage above rated frequency. This mode is suitable for variable torque applications like fans and pumps where the load is proportional to the square of the speed of the motor shaft. This mode should not be used if a high starting torque is required.



for a 50 Hz, 4 pole motor is 1500 rpm, so therefore the slip speed would be 35 rpm. If the synchronous speed is entered in Pr **00.019**, slip compensation will be disabled. If too small a value is entered in Pr **00.019**, the motor will run faster than the demanded frequency. The synchronous speeds for 50 Hz motors with different numbers of poles are as follows:

2 pole = 3000 rpm, 4 pole = 1500 rpm, 6pole =1000 rpm, 8 pole = 750 rpm

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
8.1.2	RFC-A S	Sensorle	ess mod	e	<u>.</u>								<u>.</u>
Inductio	n motor v	without p	osition fe	edbac	;k								
Pr 00.020	<b>{05.007}</b>	Motor Rate	ed Curren	t			Defines	the maximum	n motor co	ontinuous	current		
		•						of the motor.			ent is use	ed in the fo	llowing:
	r thermal o or control a		otection (se	e sectio	on 8.2 <i>Mot</i>	or thermal p	protection on	page 158, for	more infor	mation)			
Pr 00.018	8 {05.009}	Rated Volt	tage				Defines	the voltage a	pplied to t	the motor	at rated	frequency	/
Pr 00.021	{05.006}	Rated Free	quency				Defines	the frequency	y at which	rated vol	tage is a	pplied	
The <i>Rated Voltage</i> (00.018) and the <i>Rated Frequency</i> (00.021) are use to define the voltage to frequency characteristic applied to the motor (se <i>Open Loop Control Mode</i> (00.014), later in this table). The motor rated frequency is also used in conjunction with the motor rated speed to calculate the rated slip for slip compensation (see motor <i>Rated Speed</i> (00.019), later in this table).								Output voltage Pr 00.01	1	voltage chara	acteristic		
								Pr <b>00.018</b> /		021/2 Pr 00.		utput	
Pr 00.019	<b>{05.008</b> }	Rated Spe	ed				Defines	the full load r	ated spee	ed of the n	notor		
Pr 00.017	7 {05.011}	Number O	f Motor Pa	oles			Defines	the number o	of motor p	oles			
The moto	r rated spe	ed and mo	otor rated fr	equenc	y are used	I to determin	ne the full loa	ad slip of the m	otor which	is used by	y the vec	tor control a	algorithm.
<ul> <li>Redution</li> <li>Redution</li> <li>Redution</li> <li>Inaccontract</li> <li>The name name plate</li> </ul>	iced efficien iction of ma iced transie curate contr eplate valu ie value is i	inaccurate.	or operation que availat nance lute torque lly the value Either a fix	n ble from in torqu e for a h ked valu	the motor e control r not motor; ie can be e	nodes however, so entered in th	-	ent may be re r or an optimiz	•				
	<b>00.017</b> is s ited Speed		matic', the	number	of motor	poles is auto	omatically ca	Iculated from	the motor i	Rated Fred	quency ((	)0.021), an	d the
Number of	of poles = 1	120 x (Moto	or Rated Fr	equenc	y (00.021	/ Motor Rate	ed Speed (00	0.019) rounded	d to the ne	arest even	number.		
Pr 05.010	Rated Po	ower Facto	r				Defines	the angle bet	ween the	motor vol	tage and	l current	
to zero th and magn is not use	ien the pow netising cui ed by the di	ver factor is rrents of the rive, but is	s used in co e motor, wł continuous	onjunctio hich are sly writte	on with the used in th on with a c	e motor <i>Rate</i> ne vector co	ed Current (0 ntrol algorith alue of power	otor voltage ar 0.020) and oth m. If the stator factor. The st	ner motor p r inductanc	parameters te has a no	s to calcu on-zero v	late the rate	ed active arameter

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Dr 00 02	4 {05.012}	Autotupo											

There are two autotune tests available in RFC-A mode, a stationary test, and a rotating test. A stationary autotune will give moderate performance whereas a rotating autotune will give improved performance as it measures the actual values of the motor parameters required by the drive. It is highly recommended that a rotating autotune is performed (Pr **00.024** set to 2).

It is highly recommended that a rotating autotune is pend

Autotune test 1:

A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to remove the load from the motor shaft. The stationary autotune measures the *Stator Resistance* (05.017) and *Transient Inductance* (05.024) of the motor. These are used to calculate the current loop gains, and at the end of the test the values in Pr 04.013 and Pr 04.014 are updated. A stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 05.010. To perform a stationary autotune, set Pr 00.024 to 1, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminal 29) and a run signal (on terminal 24).

Autotune test 2:

A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is unloaded. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune, a rotating test is then performed in which the motor is accelerated with currently selected ramps up to a frequency of *Rated Frequency* (05.006) x 2/3, and the frequency is maintained at the level for up to 40 s. During the rotating autotune the *Stator Inductance* (05.025) is modified by the drive. The power factor is also modified for user information only, but is not used after this point as the stator inductance is used in the vector control algorithm instead. To perform a Rotating autotune, set Pr **00.024** to 2, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminal 29) and a run signal (on terminal 24).

Following the completion of an autotune test the drive will go into the inhibit state. The drive must be placed into a controlled disable condition before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be put in to a controlled disable condition by removing the Safe Torque Off signal from terminal 29, setting the *Drive Enable* (06.015) to OFF (0) or disabling the drive via the control word (Pr **06.042** & Pr **06.043**)

# Pr 04.013 / Pr 04.014 Current Loop Gains

The current loop gains proportional (Kp) and integral (Ki) gains control the response of the current loop to a change in current (torque) demand. The default values give satisfactory operation with most motors. However, for optimal performance in dynamic applications it may be necessary to change the gains to improve the performance. The *Current Controller Kp Gain* (04.013) is the most critical value in controlling the performance. The values for the current loop gains can be calculated by performing a stationary or rotating autotune (see *Autotune* Pr **00.024** earlier in this table) the drive measures the *Stator Resistance* (05.017) and *Transient Inductance* (05.024) of the motor and calculates the current loop gains.

This will give a step response with minimum overshoot after a step change of current reference. The proportional gain can be increased by a factor of 1.5 giving a similar increase in bandwidth; however, this gives a step response with approximately 12.5 % overshoot. The equation for the integral gain gives a conservative value. In some applications where it is necessary for the reference frame used by the drive to dynamically follow the flux very closely (i.e. high speed Sensorless RFC-A induction motor applications) the integral gain may need to have a significantly higher value.

	Getting Basic started parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Speed Loop Gains (Pr 00.014 {03.010}, F	Pr 00 015 (03 01	1) Pr 00 01	6 (03 0121)						
The speed loop gains control the response			0 (00.0123)						
change in speed demand. The speed contr (Kp) and integral (Ki) feed forward terms, and term. Speed Controller Proportional Gain (Kp), P	roller includes pro nd a differential (H	oportional (d) feedbac		eed demand	[				
If the proportional gain has a value and the controller will only have a proportional term error to produce a torque reference. There increases there will be a difference betwee	n, and there must fore as the motor	be a speed load			I		L 		-
speeds. This effect, called regulation, deper proportional gain, the higher the gain the si given load. If the proportional gain is too hi produced by speed feedback quantization to stability limit is reached.	ends on the level maller the speed igh either the aco	of the error for a ustic noise	gair	ufficient propor n [ <b>00.014</b> ]	tional				_
Speed Controller Integral Gain (Ki), Pr <b>00.0</b>	015 {03.011}					$// \wedge$	$\sim$		
The integral gain is provided to prevent spe accumulated over a period of time and use torque demand without any speed error. In reduces the time taken for the speed to real increases the difference of the system i.e.	ed to produce the acreasing the integrach the correct le	necessary gral gain vel and		essive proport n [ <b>00.014]</b>	ional			$\sim$	_
increases the stiffness of the system, i.e. it displacement produced by applying a load Unfortunately increasing the integral gain a damping giving overshoot after a transient. damping can be improved by increasing th compromise must be reached where the sy damping are all adequate for the application	torque to the mo also reduces the s . For a given integ e proportional ga ystem response,	tor. system gral gain the in. A stiffness and	[00.	essive integral <b>015</b> ]	l gain	$\bigcap$	$\square$		<u> </u>
mode, it is unlikely that the integral gain ca 0.50.			ldea	al response		$\bigcap$	$\neg$		
Differential Gain (Kd), Pr 00.016 {03.012}	hadk of the anead	controllor t					/	$\square$	_
The differential gain is provided in the feedt give additional damping. The differential te that does not introduce excessive noise no type of function. Increasing the differential produced by under-damping, however, for proportional and integral gains alone are su	rm is implemented ormally associated term reduces the most applications	d in a way d with this overshoot							

	Diagnostics	listing mation
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# 8.1.3 RFC-S Sensorless mode

Permanent magnet motor without Position feedback

Pr 00.020 {05.007} Rated Current	Defines the maximum motor continuous current							
The motor rated current parameter must be set to the maximum continuou	us current of the motor. The motor rated current is used in the following:							
Motor thermal overload protection (see section 8.2 Motor thermal protection)	tection on page 158, for more information)							
Pr 00.017 {05.011} Number Of Motor Poles	Defines the number of motor poles							
The number of motor poles parameter defines the number of electrical rev must be set correctly for the control algorithms to operate correctly. When								
Pr 00.024 {05.012} Autotune								
There are two autotune tests available in RFC-S sensorless mode, a stationary autotune and an inertia measurement test.								
• Autotune test 1: Stationary Autotune The stationary autotune can be used to measure all the necessary parameters for basic control. The tests measures <i>Stator Resistance</i> (05.017), <i>Ld</i> (05.024) and <i>No Load Lq</i> (05.068). <i>The Stator Resistance</i> (05.017) and <i>Ld</i> (05.024) are then used to set up <i>Current controller Kp Gain</i> (04.013) and <i>Current Controller Ki Gain</i> (04.014). To perform a Stationary autotune, set Pr <b>00.024</b> to 1, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminal 29) and a run signal (on terminal 24).								
<ul> <li>Autotune test 2: Rotating Autotune</li> <li>In sensorless mode, if Rotating autotune is selected (Pr 00.024 = 2), ther</li> </ul>	n a stationary autotune is performed.							
• Autotune test 3: Locked rotor test for load dependant parameters This test is not implemented at the time of writing.								
Following the completion of an autotune test the drive will go into the inhit before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive of Torque Off signal from terminal 29, setting the drive Enable Parameter (00 (Pr 06.042 & Pr 06.043).	can be put in to a controlled disable condition by removing the Safe							
Pr 03.079 Sensorless Mode Filter								

When RFC-S sensorless mode is active the measured speed can include some ripple, which increases as the drive passes into field weakening. A filter is applied to the estimated speed and *Sensorless Mode Filter* (03.079) defines the time constant. The default time constant is 4 ms. This is particularly useful when using standard ramp or spinning start with a low friction high inertia load, and can prevent over voltage trips.

Safety informationProduct installationMechanical installationElectrical installationGetting startedBasic parametersRunning the motorOptimizationNV Media Card OperationBuilding AutomationAdvanced parameters	Technical data		Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Pr 00.040 {05.064} RFC Low Speed Mode / Pr 00.041 {05.071} Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current

# (0) Injection mode

For low speed sensorless operation with signal injection (*RFC Low Speed Mode* (05.064) = 0) it is necessary to have a ratio of Lq/Ld = 1.1. Even if a motor has a larger ratio on no load, this ratio normally reduces as the q axis current is increased from zero. *Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current* (05.071) should be set at a level that is lower than the point where the inductance ratio falls to 1.1. The value of this parameter is used to define the drive current limits when signal injection is active and prevent loss of control of the motor.

#### (1) Non-salient mode

For low speed sensorless operation for non-salient motors (*RFC Low Speed Mode* (05.064) = 1) this defines a current applied in the d axis to aid starting. For most motors and application requiring up to 60 % torque on starting the default value is suitable. However the level of current may need to be increased to make the motor start.

# (2) Current

This method, which applies a rotating current vector at the frequency defined by the speed reference, can be used with any motor with no saliency or moderate saliency. It should only be used with motors where more of the torque is produced in conjunction with the magnet flux rather than from saliency torque. This mode does not provide the same level of control at low speed as injection mode, but is easier to set up and more flexible than "Non-salient" mode. The following should be considered:

- 1. A current specified by *Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current* (05.071) is applied when low speed mode is active. This current should be sufficient to start the motor with the highest expected load. If the motor has some saliency with no-load applied, and a suitable saturation characteristic, the drive can detect the rotor position and apply the current at the correct angle to avoid starting transient. If the motor is non-salient as defined by the conditions for Inductance trip then the drive will not attempt to detect the rotor position and the current will be applied at an arbitrary angle. This could cause a starting transient if the level of current applied is high, and so *Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current* (05.071) should not be set to a higher level than necessary. To minimise the movement as a result of applying the current, it is increased over the period defined by *Sensorless Mode Current Ramp* (05.063) in the form of a squared characteristic (i.e. it is increased with a low rate of change at the beginning and the rate of change is gradually increased).
- 2. As the level of current when low speed mode is active is not dependent on the applied load, but is as defined by *Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current* (05.071), and so the motor may become too hot if low speed mode is active for a prolonged period of time.
- 3. Generally Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current (05.071) should be set to a level higher than the expected maximum load, and can be set to a much higher level than the load if the saliency and saturation characteristic allow the position of the rotor to be detected on starting. However, Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current (05.071) should be matched more closely to the expected load under the following conditions: the load inertia is high compared to the motor interia, or there is very little damping/loss in the load system, or where the q axis inductance of the motor changes significantly with load.

#### (3) Current no test

The "Current" method is used, but no attempt is made to determine the position of the rotor before applying the current. This can be selected for example, if the motor does not have a suitable saturation characteristic to allow the rotor position to be determined during starting, or if faster starting is required. The initial current vector angle will be at an arbitrary position with respect to the actual rotor position. As the vector sweeps round it must make the rotor start to rotate. If the ramp rate is too high the rotor may not keep up with the current vector and the motor may not start. If this is the case then the ramp rate should be reduced and/or the current used to start the motor should be increased.

# Pr 04.012 Current Reference Filter 1 Time Constant

Current Reference Filter 1 Time Constant (04.012) defines the time constant of a first order filter that can be applied to the Final Current Reference (04.004). The filter is provided to reduce acoustic noise and vibration produced as a result of position feedback quantisation. The filter introduces a lag in the speed controller loop, and so the speed controller gains may need to be reduced to maintain stability as the filter time constant is increased

# Pr 04.013 / Pr 04.014 Current Loop Gains

The current loop gains proportional (Kp) and integral (Ki) gains control the response of the current loop to a change in current (torque) demand. The default values give satisfactory operation with most motors. However, for optimal performance in dynamic applications it may be necessary to change the gains to improve the performance. The proportional gain (Pr **04.013**) is the most critical value in controlling the performance. The values for the current loop gains can be calculated by performing a stationary or rotating autotune (see *Autotune* Pr **00.024**, earlier in this table) the drive measures the *Stator Resistance* (05.017) and *Transient Inductance* (05.024) of the motor and calculates the current loop gains.

This will give a step response with minimum overshoot after a step change of current reference. The proportional gain can be increased by a factor of 1.5 giving a similar increase in bandwidth; however, this gives a step response with approximately 12.5 % overshoot. The equation for the integral gain gives a conservative value. In some applications where it is necessary for the reference frame used by the drive to dynamically follow the flux very closely the integral gain may need to have a significantly higher value.

Safety information         Product installation         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor         C	ptimization NV Media Card Building Advanced Technical Diagnostics UL listing information
Speed Loop Gains (Pr 00.014 {03.010}, Pr 00.015 {03.011}, Pr 00.016	{03.012})
The speed loop gains control the response of the speed controller to a change in speed demand. The speed controller includes proportional (Kp) and integral (Ki) feed forward terms, and a differential (Kd) feedback term.	Speed demand
Speed Controller Proportional Gain (Kp), Pr 00.014 {03.010}	Speed demand
If the proportional gain has a value and the integral gain is set to zero the controller will only have a proportional term, and there must be a speed error to produce a torque reference. Therefore as the motor load increases there will be a difference between the reference and actual speeds. This effect, called regulation, depends on the level of the proportional gain, the higher the gain the smaller the speed error for a given load. If the proportional gain is too high either the acoustic noise produced by speed feedback quantization becomes unacceptable, or the stability limit is reached.	Insufficient proportional gain [00.014]
Speed Controller Integral Gain (Ki), Pr 00.015 {03.011}	
The integral gain is provided to prevent speed regulation. The error is accumulated over a period of time and used to produce the necessary torque demand without any speed error. Increasing the integral gain reduces the time taken for the speed to reach the correct level and increases the stiffness of the system, i.e. it reduces the positional	Excessive proportional gain [00.014]
displacement produced by applying a load torque to the motor. Unfortunately increasing the integral gain also reduces the system damping giving overshoot after a transient. For a given integral gain the damping can be improved by increasing the proportional gain. A compromise must be reached where the system response, stiffness and damping are all adequate for the application.	Excessive integral gain [00.015]
<i>Differential Gain</i> (Kd), Pr <b>00.016 {03.012</b> }	
The differential gain is provided in the feedback of the speed controller to give additional damping. The differential term is implemented in a way that does not introduce excessive noise normally associated with this type of function. Increasing the differential term reduces the overshoot produced by under-damping, however, for most applications the proportional and integral gains alone are sufficient.	Ideal response

Safe		Mechanical installation	Electrical	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
monne	informatio	installation	installation	Starteu	parameters	motor		operation	Automation	parameters	uala		intornation

# 8.2 Motor thermal protection

A dual time constant thermal model is provided to estimate the motor temperature as a percentage of its maximum allowed temperature.

The motor thermal protection is modelled using losses in the motor. The losses in the motor are calculated as a percentage value, so that under these conditions the *Motor Protection Accumulator* (04.019) would eventually reach 100 %.

Percentage losses = 100 % x [Load related losses + Iron losses]

Where:

Load related losses =  $(1 - K_{fe}) \times (I / (K_1 \times I_{Rated}))^2$ 

Iron losses =  $K_{fe} x (w / w_{Rated})^{1.6}$ 

Where:

I = Current Magnitude (04.001)

I<sub>Rated</sub> = Rated Current (05.007)

 $\rm K_{fe}$  = Rated Iron Losses As Percentage Of Losses (04.039) / 100 %

The Motor Protection Accumulator (04.019) is given by:

Pr **04.019** = Percentage Losses x [(1 - K<sub>2</sub>) (1 -  $e^{-t/\tau 1}$ ) + K<sub>2</sub> (1 -  $e^{-t/\tau 2}$ )]

Where:

T = Motor Protection Accumulator (04.019)

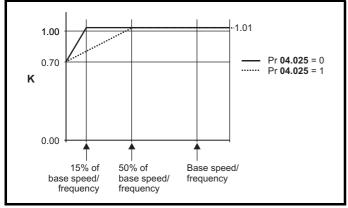
 $K_2$  = Motor Thermal Time Constant 2 Scaling (04.038) / 100 %

 $\tau^1$  = Motor Thermal Time Constant 1 (04.015)

 $\tau^2$  = Motor Thermal Time Constant 2 (04.037)

 $K_1$  = Varies, see below

# Figure 8-1 Motor thermal protection (Normal Duty)



Both settings of Pr **04.025** are intended for motors where the cooling effect of the motor fan reduces with reduced motor speed, but with different speeds below which the cooling effect is reduced. If Pr **04.025** is 0 the characteristic is intended for motors where the cooling effect reduces with motor speed below 15 % of base speed/frequency. If Pr **04.025** is 1 the characteristic is intended for motors where the cooling effect reduces with motor speed below 50 % of base speed/frequency. The maximum value for K1 is 1.01, so that above the knee of the characteristics the motor can operate continuously up to 101 % current.

When the estimated temperature in Pr 04.019 reaches 100 % the drive takes some action depending on the setting of Pr 04.016. If Pr 04.016 is 0, the drive trips when Pr 04.019 reaches 100 %. If Pr 04.016 is 1, the current limit is reduced to (K - 0.05) x 100 % when Pr 04.019 reaches 100 %.

The current limit is set back to the user defined level when Pr 04.019 falls below 95 %. The thermal model temperature accumulator is reset to zero at power-up and accumulates the temperature of the motor while them drive remains powered-up. If the rated current defined by Pr 05.007 is altered, the accumulator is reset to zero.

The default setting of the thermal time constant (Pr 04.015) is 89 s which is equivalent to an overload of 110 % for 165 s from cold.

Safety information         Product information         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor         Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 8.3 Switching frequency

The default switching frequency is 3 kHz, however this can be increased up to a maximum of 16 kHz by Pr **05.018** (dependent on drive size). The available switching frequencies are shown below.

Table 8-1	Available swite	ching frequencies
-----------	-----------------	-------------------

Drive size	Model	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
3								
4	-							
5	-							
6	All	1	1	✓	✓	1	1	1
7		·	·	·	·	·	•	v
8								
9	1							
10								
11	400 V	√	✓	✓	√	✓		
11	575 and 690 V	√	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$				

If the switching frequency is increased from 3 kHz the following apply:

1. Increased heat loss in the drive, which means that derating to the output current must be applied.

See the derating tables for switching frequency and ambient temperature in section 12.1.1 Power and current ratings (Derating for switching frequency and temperature) on page 257.

2. Reduced heating of the motor - due to improved output waveform quality.

3. Reduced acoustic noise generated by the motor.

4. Increased sample rate on the speed and current controllers. A trade off must be made between motor heating, drive heating and the demands of the application with respect to the sample time required.

# Table 8-2 Sample rates for various control tasks at each switching frequency

	3, 6, 12 kHz	2, 4, 8, 16 kHz	Open loop	RFC-A RFC-S
Level 1	3 kHz = 167μs 6 kHz = 83 μs 12 kHz = 83 μs	2 kHz = 250 μs 4 kHz = 125 μs 8 kHz = 62.5 μs 16 kHz = 62.5 μs	Peak limit	Current controllers
Level 2	250 μs	2 kHz -500 μs 4 kHz - 250 μs 8 kHz - 125 μs 16 kHz - 125 μs	Current limit and ramps	Speed controller and ramps
Level 3	1	ms	Voltage	controller
Level 4	4	ms	Time critical	user interface
Background			Non-time critic	al user interface

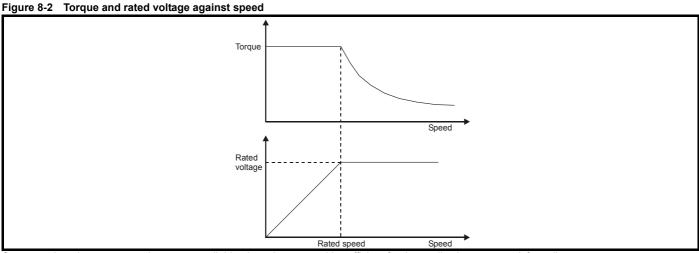
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

# 8.4 High speed operation

# 8.4.1 Field weakening (constant power) operation

(Open loop and RFC-A mode only)

The drive can be used to run an induction machine above synchronous speed into the constant power region. The speed continues to increase and the available shaft torque reduces. Figure 8-2 shows the torque and output voltage characteristics as the speed is increased above the rated value.



Care must be taken to ensure the torque available above base speed is sufficient for the application to run satisfactorily.

# 8.4.2 Permanent magnet motor high speed operation

High speed servo mode is enabled by setting Pr **05.022** =1. Care must be taken when using this mode with permanent magnet motor to avoid damaging the drive. The voltage produced by the permanent magnet motor magnets is proportional to speed. For high speed operation the drive must apply currents to the motor to counter-act the flux produced by the magnets. It is possible to operate the motor at very high speeds that would give a very high motor terminal voltage, but this voltage is prevented by the action of the drive.

If however, the drive is disabled (or tripped) when the motor voltages would be higher than the rating of the drive without the currents to counter-act the flux from the magnets, it is possible to damage the drive. If high speed mode is enabled the motor speed must be limited to the levels given in the table below unless an additional hardware protection system is used to limit the voltages applied to the drive output terminals to a safe level.

Drive voltage rating	Maximum motor speed (rpm)	Maximum safe line to line voltage at the motor terminals (V rms)
200	400 x 1000 / (Ke x √2)	400 / √2
400	800 x 1000 / (Ke x √2)	800 / √2
575	955 x 1000 / (Ke x √2)	955 / √2
690	1145 x 1000 / (Ke x √2)	1145 / √2

Ke is the ratio between r.m.s. line to line voltage produced by the motor and the speed in V/1000 rpm. Care must also be taken not to de-magnetize the motor. The motor manufacturer should always be consulted before using this mode.

By default, high speed operation is disabled (Pr 05.022 = 0).

It is also possible to enable high speed operation, and allow the drive to automatically limit the motor speed to the levels specified in the tables and generate an Overspeed. 1 trip if the levels are exceeded (Pr 05.022 = -1)

# 8.4.3 Maximum speed / frequency

In all operating modes (Open loop, RFC-A and RFC-S) the maximum output frequency is limited to 550 Hz. However, in RFC-S mode the speed is also limited by the voltage constant (Ke) of the motor. Ke is a specific constant for the servo motor being used. It can normally be found on the motor data sheet in V/k rpm (volts per 1,000 rpm).

# 8.4.4 Quasi-Square wave (open-loop only)

The maximum output voltage level of the drive is normally limited to an equivalent of the drive input voltage minus voltage drops within the drive (the drive will also retain a few percent of the voltage in order to maintain current control). If the motor rated voltage is set at the same level as the supply voltage, some pulse deletion will occur as the drive output voltage approaches the rated voltage level. If Pr **05.020** (Quasi-square wave enable) is set to 1 the modulator will allow over modulation, so that as the output frequency increases beyond the rated frequency the voltage continues to increase above the rated voltage. The modulation depth will increase beyond unity; first producing trapezoidal and then quasi-square waveforms.

This can be used for example:

 To obtain high output frequencies with a low switching frequency which would not be possible with space vector modulation limited to unity modulation depth,

or

• In order to maintain a higher output voltage with a low supply voltage.

The disadvantage is that the machine current will be distorted as the modulation depth increases above unity, and will contain a significant amount of low order odd harmonics of the fundamental output frequency. The additional low order harmonics cause increased losses and heating in the motor.

information information installation installation started parameters motor Deration Operation Automation parameters data ° information	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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#### 8.4.5 Fire mode

#### Fire Mode - Important Warning.

When Fire Mode is active the motor overload and thermal protection are disabled, as well as a number of drive protection functions. Fire Mode is provided for use only in emergency situations where the safety risk from disabling protection is less than the risk from the drive tripping typically in smoke extraction operation to permit evacuation of a building. The use of Fire Mode itself causes a risk of fire from overloading of the motor or drive, so it must only be used after careful consideration of the balance of risks. Care must be taken to prevent inadvertent activation or deactivation of Fire Mode. Fire Mode is indicated by a flashing display text warning "Fire mode active". Care must be taken to ensure that parameters Pr 1.053 or Pr 1.054 are not inadvertently re-allocated to different inputs or variables. It should be noted that, by default, Pr 1.054 is controlled from digital input 4 and changing Pr 8.024 can reallocate this digital input to another parameter. These parameters are at access level 2 in order to minimize the risk of inadvertent or unauthorized changes. It is recommended that User Security be applied to further reduce the risk (see section 5.9 Parameter access level and security on

page 116). These parameters may also be changed via serial communications so adequate precautions should be taken if this functionality is utilized.

1	.05	53	Fire m	ode re	ferenc	e					
RW	RW Uni									US	
OL	ŝ	SPE	EED_FI	REQ_N	IAX	L)	0.0 Hz				
RFC	Ċ,	SPEED_FREQ_MAX Hz/rpm				~			0.0 rp	m	
1	1.054 Fire mode activation										

RO	Bit						NC	US	
€	OFF (0) or On (1)								

Emergency ventilation or fire mode allows for the purging of air from a structure during a fire. It is enabled if Pr 1.053 is set to a non zero value and activated when Pr 1.054 is set to one. When activated, the pre-ramp reference (Pr 1.003) is set to the value of Pr 1.053 and the normal drive controls are overridden as follows:

- Drive enable is only controlled by the Enable input (Pr 6.015). The 1 control word (Pr 6.043) cannot be used to disable the drive.
- 2. The internal run command is forced to be active. The normal drive sequencing bits (Pr 6.030 to Pr 6.034) and the control word have no effect.
- 3. The limit switch functions (Pr 6.035 and Pr 6.036) have no effect and will not stop the motor.
- 4. The hard speed reference is forced to zero. The hard speed reference should not be used when fire mode is likely to be activated as this will cause an abrupt change of speed.
- 5. The hand/off/auto function is disabled. If this system is in the hand state when fire mode is activated it will be forced to the off state, so that hand state is not active when fire mode is de-activated.
- 6. Keypad mode is disabled.
- 7. All latching mode states are reset.

When Pr 1.054 is subsequently set to zero the drive returns to normal operation.

Pr 1.054 can only be changed from a digital input and the default configuration allocates this to digital input 4.



Care should be taken when modifying parameters as setting Pr 1.053 to zero inhibits the fire mode function and changing Pr 8.024 (Digital Input 4 source) could result in digital input 4 CAUTION source to be allocated to a parameter other than Pr 1.054.

If fire mode is activated when the drive is in a tripped state then the trip is reset

Only the trips listed in the following table can be initiated while fire mode is active.

Trip number	String	Cause of trip
2	Over Volts	DC bus over-voltage
3	OI ac	AC instantaneous over-current
4	OI brake	Braking resistor instantaneous over current
5	PSU	Drive power supply fault
9	PSU 24V	24 V internal power supply overload
21	OHt inverter	Power device over temperature based on thermal model
31	EEPROM	EEPROM failure
36	User Save	User parameter save error
37	Power Down Save	Power down save parameter error
109	OI dc	Power module over current detected from on state voltage monitoring
200	Slot1 HF	Slot 1 option module failure
205	Slot2 HF	Slot 2 option module failure
210	Slot2 HF	Slot 3 option module failure
217 to 249	HF17 to HF32	Hardware faults
250	Slot4 HF	Slot 4 factory fit option failure



It is possible for the drive or motor to become damaged when operating in fire mode because some of the drive thermal protection trips are disabled.

#### 8.4.6 Advanced process PID

The Advanced Process PID comprises two PID controllers. PID 1 can be configured to operate as follows (refer to Pr 14.059 for details).

- Single setpoint and single feedback
- Single setpoint and dual feedback
- Dual setpoints and dual feedback

PID 2 always operates as a single setpoint, single feedback controller. When a feedback signal requires square root conversion (e.g. airflow), square root scaling can be applied to PID 1 feedback (see Pr 14.058. Pr 14.060, Pr 14.061 and Pr 14.062). PID 1 also includes a pre-sleep boost level facility (see Pr 14.028 and Pr 14.029) to reduce frequent transitions into sleep mode when the PID is used.

The PID system is always active even when the output destination parameters are not set to a valid destination parameter. This allows the PID controllers to be used independently from the drive via a building automation network

Safety information         Product information         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor         Optimization		Automation naram	anced Technical meters data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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	14.001PID 1 output14.031PID 2 output								
	14.0	)31	PID 2	output					
R	0	Bi					NC	PT	
$\hat{U}$	±100.00					₽			

Pr **14.001** is the output (limited by Pr **14.013** and Pr **14.014**) from PID 1 before scaling (Pr **14.015**) is applied. It is derived from the following algorithm:

Output = Error x [Kp + Ki/s + Kds/(0.064s + 1)]

#### Where:

Error = Reference (Pr 14.003, Pr 14.025) - Feedback

(Pr 14.004)

Kp = proportional gain (Pr 14.010)

Ki = integral gain (Pr **14.011**)

Kd = differential gain (Pr **14.012**)

Therefore with an error of 100% and Kp = 1.000, the output produced by the proportional term is 100%. With an error of 100% and Ki = 1.000 the output produced by the integral term will increase linearly by 100% every second. With an error that is increasing by 100% per second and Kd = 1.000 the output produced by the differential term will be 100%. A filter with a 64 ms time constant is applied to the differential term to reduce noise.

	14.0	002	PID m	ain ref	erence	SO	urce	e paran	neter		
R١	N	Uni							PT	US	
€		Pr <b>0.0</b>	<b>100</b> to F	Pr 50.09	99	合			Pr <b>0.0</b>	00	

	14.003 PID 1 reference s						e pa	ramete	r		
	14.033 PID 2 reference source parameter										
R١	Ν	Uni							PT	US	
Û	Pr <b>0.000</b> to Pr <b>50.099</b>								Pr <b>0.0</b>	00	

The PID reference is the sum of the digital reference (Pr **14.025**) and the value from the location defined by the source parameter (Pr **14.003**). Before the reference is applied to the controller algorithm, it can be scaled by setting Pr **14.023** to a value other than one and/or inverted by setting Pr **14.005** = 1.

	14.004 PID 1 feedback so					irce	pa	ramete	r		
	14.034 PID 2 feedback source parameter										
R١	N	Uni							PT	US	
ţ	Pr 0.000 to Pr 50.099					Û			Pr <b>0.0</b>	00	

The feedback is the sum of the digital feedback (Pr **14.026**) and the value from the location defined by the source parameter (Pr **14.004**). Before the reference is applied to the controller algorithm, it can be scaled by setting Pr **14.024** to a value other than one and/or inverted by setting Pr **14.006** = 1.

	14.005 PID 1 reference in									
	14.0	)35	PID 2	referer	nce inv	ert				
R\	N	Bit							US	
ţ	OFF (0) or On (1)							OFF (	0)	

	14.0	006	PID 1	feedba	ck inve	ert					
	14.0	36	PID 2	feedba	ick inve	ert					
R۱	N	Bit				US					
€		OFI	F (0) or	On (1)		₽			OFF (	0)	

ľ	14.0	07	PID 1	referer	nce slev	w-ra	ate	limit			
	14.0	37	PID 2	referer	nce slev	w-ra	ate	limit			
R۱	N	Uni								US	
€	0.0 to 3200.0 s					Û			0.0		

Pr **14.007** defines the time taken for the reference input to ramp from 0 to 100% following a 0 to 100% step change in input.

	14.0	800	PID 1	enable						
R١	N	Bit							US	
Û		OFF (0) or On (1)						OFF (	0)	

PID 1 is enabled when Pr **14.008** = 1 and both the parameter sources defined by Pr **14.009** and Pr **14.027** have a value of one. (The source value for Pr **14.009** or Pr **14.027** appears as one if the parameter is set to 0.0.) By default, Pr **14.009** is set to **10.001** (Drive Heathy) so that the PID controller is disabled if the drive is tripped. When the PID controller is disabled the output is zero and all the internal state variables (i.e. integrator accumulator etc.) are held at zero.

14.	009	PID 1	option	al enat	ole s	sou	rce par	amete	r 1				
RW	Uni							PT	US				
€	Pr <b>0.(</b>	<b>)00</b> to F	Pr <b>50.0</b> 9	99	⊳			Pr <b>0.0</b>	00				
14.010 PID 1 proportional gain													
14.0	14.010PID 1 proportional gain14.040PID 2 proportional gain												
RW	Uni								US				
①      ①     ①      ①      ①     ①      ①													

	14.0	)11	PID 1	integra	al gain					
	14.0	941	PID 2	integra	al gain					
R١	N	Uni							US	
Û	0.000 to 4.000							1.00	0	

	14.0	12	PID 1	PID 1 differential gain										
	14.0	42	PID 2	PID 2 differential gain										
R۱	N	Uni								US				
Û	€ 0.0			4.000		₽			1.00	0				

	14.0	013	PID 1	PID 1 output upper limit							
	14.0	043	PID 2	output	upper	lim	it				
R١	Ν	Uni								US	
€						⇒			100.0	00	

	14.0	)14	PID 1	output	lower	lim	it			
	14.0	44	PID 2	output	lower	lim	it			
R۱	N	Uni							US	
ţ		±100.0	0 %		⇔		-100.0	00		

If Pr **14.018** is zero, the upper limit (Pr **14.013**) defines the maximum positive output for the PID controller and the lower limit defines the minimum positive or maximum negative output. If symmetrical limits are selected, i.e. Pr **14.018** =c1, then the upper limit defines the maximum positive or negative magnitude for the PID output. When any of the limits is active then the integrator accumulator is held.

Safety information         Product information         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor         Optimization         I	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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	14.0	)15	PID 1	output	scalin	PID 1 output scaling										
	14.0	945	PID 2	output	scalin	g										
R١	N	Uni								US						
€	0.000 to 4.000								1.00	0						

	14.0	016	PID 1	output	destin	atio	on p	arame	ter			
	14.0	046	PID 2	output	destin	atio	on p	aramet	ter			
R١	N	Uni		DE					PT	US		
€		Pr <b>0.0</b>	<b>100</b> to F	Pr 50.09	99	⇔ Pr <b>0.000</b>						

	14.0	)17	PID 1	integra	tor ho	ld							
	14.0	947	PID 2 integrator hold										
R\	Ν	Bit		NC US									
$\hat{\mathbb{G}}$	OFF (0) or On (1)								OFF (	0)			

When this parameter is set to OFF (0) the integrator operates normally. Setting this parameter to On (1) will cause the integrator value to be held. Setting this parameter does not prevent the integrator from being reset to zero if the PID controller is disabled.

	14.0	18	PID 1	symme	etrical	limi	t en	able			
	14.0	48	PID 2	symmetrical limit enable							
R۱	Ν	Bit								US	
ţ	CFF (0) or On (1)					₽			OFF (	0)	

	14.0	)19	PID 1	main r	eferend	ce							
	14.(	)49	PID 2 main reference										
R	0	Bi						NC	PT	US			
Û			±100.0	0 %		₽							

	14.020 PID 1 reference									
1	14.0	)50	PID 2	referei	nce					
R	0	Bi					NC	PT	US	
ţ			±100.0	0 %		Û				

	14.0	)21	PID 1	feedba	ick					
	14.0	51	PID 2	feedba	ick					
R	0	Bi					NC	PT	US	
Û		:	±100.0	0 %		Û				

	14.0	22	PID 1	error					
1	14.0	52	PID 2	error					
R	0	Bi				NC	PT	US	
Û			±100.0	0 %	Û				

	14.0	23	PID 1	referer	nce sca	ling	14.023 PID 1 reference scaling								
	14.0	53	PID 2	referer	ice sca	ling	3								
R١	Ν	Uni US													
Û	0.000 to 4.000					₽			1.000	C					

	14.0	24	PID 1	feedba	ck sca	ling	ļ				
	14.0	54	PID 2	feedba	ck sca	ling	J				
R۱	N	Uni				US					
ţ	0.000 to 4.000				⇔			1.00	C		

	14.0	25	PID 1	digital	referer	nce						
	14.0	4.055 PID 2 digital reference										
R۱	N	Bi	NC									
ţ			±100.0	0 %		⊳			0.00	)		

,	14.0	26	PID 1	digital	feedba	ck					
	14.0	)55	PID 2 digital feedback								
R۱	RW Bi							NC			
ţ	Û		±100.00 %			Û			0.00	)	

	14.0	)27	PID 1 optional enable source parameter 2								
R١	Ν	Uni	PT US								
Û	0.00 to 50.99					⇒			0.00	)	

	14.0	28	PID 1 pre-sleep boost level								
R۱	N	Uni								US	
€	0.00 to 100.00 %					₽			0.00	)	

	14.0	)29	Maximum boost time									
R۱	N	Uni								US		
€	0.0 to 250.0 s					₽			0.0			

14.030 PID 1 pre-sleep boost level enable								le		
R	0	D Bit						NC	PT	
ţ	OFF (0) or On (1)					₽				

If PID is used to control the motor output via Menu 1 and sleep mode is enabled, then the drive will automatically stop the motor when the output drops below the sleep/wake threshold. The feedback may then fall causing the output and hence the feedback to rise again. Setting Pr 14.028 and Pr 14.029 to non zero values results in the value in Pr 14.028 being added to the PID reference for a length of time defined in Pr 14.029 when the drive attempts to enter sleep mode.. This will reduce the frequency of the transitions into sleep mode. Pr 14.030 indicates when the boost system is enabled.

	14.038 PID 2 enable									
R١	W Uni								US	
ţ	0 to 2							0		

Parameter value	PID enable state
0	PID 2 disabled; output is zero and integrator reset to zero
1	PID 2 enabled
2	PID 2 enable state follows PID 1 enable state

Safety information         Product information         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor         Optimization         NV Med Oper	lia Card Building Advanced Technical Diagnostics UL listing information
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	14.	058	PID 1	feedba	ick o	utp	out sca	ling					
R١	N	Uni								US			
	0.000 to 4.000						0.000						

Pr **14.058** allows scaling to be applied to the combined feedback signal from PID controller 1 and PID controller 2 after the square root function has been applied.

14.060		PID 1	Square	e root e	nable					
14.	061	PID 2	PID 2 Square root enable							
RW	Bit							US		
	OFF	(0) or	On (1)		OFF (0)					

14.	062	Comb	oined P	ID squ	are roo	t enabl	e				
RW	Uni							US			
	OFF	<sup>:</sup> (0) or	On (1)			OFF (0)					

The square root functions in the feedback paths are enabled or disabled with Pr  $14.060,\, \text{Pr}\,\,14.061$  and Pr 14.062.

When the square root function is enabled, the following algorithm is applied to the feedback.

Square root function output = Sign(Feedback) x 100.00% x v(|Feedback| / 100.00%)

where Sign(Feedback) is 1 if the feedback is positive or -1 is the feedback is negative.

14.059 PID mode selecto									
RW	Uni							US	
0 to 7							0		

# Single setpoint, single feedback (Pr 14.059 = 0 or 1)

The two PID controllers operate independently. The feedback for PID2 is always from the PID2 feedback input. PID1 feedback can select one of two sensors as shown in the table below.

Parameter 14.059	Final PID1 feedback					
0	PID1 feedback					
1	PID2 feedback					

# Single setpoint, dual feedback (Pr 14.059 = 2 to 5)

PID1 feedback is from two sensors, which can be configured as shown in the table below.

Parameter 14.059	Final PID1 feedback							
2	PID1 feedback + PID2 feedback							
3	Lowest of PID1 feedback and PID2 feedback							
4	Highest of PID1 feedback and PID2 feedback							
5	(PID1 feedback + PID2 feedback) / 2							

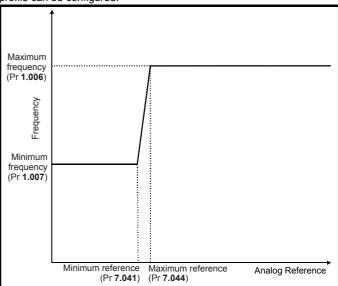
# Dual setpoint, dual feedback (Pr 14.059 = 6 to 7)

When PID mode 6 or 7 is selected the controller operates in a dual zone mode. In this mode the reference and feedback quantities from each PID controller are used to calculate two controller errors. These two errors are then checked and the zone with the larger or smaller absolute value of error (depending upon mode selected) is used as the error signal to the PID1 controller.

Parameter 14.059	PID1 Error
6	Lowest of  PID1 Error  or  PID2 Error
7	Highest of  PID1 Error  or  PID2 Error

# 8.4.7 Analog reference profile

If analog input 2 is used as a reference, then the following reference profile can be configured.



# For example, if the following is required:

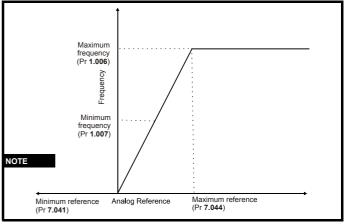
- Output frequency = 20 Hz when analog reference < 25%,
- Output frequency = 60 Hz when analog reference > 75%,
- Output frequency = linear ramp between 20 and 60 Hz when analog reference is between 25 and 75 %, then the parameters should be set as follows:
- Pr **1.006** = 60
- Pr **1.007 =** 20
- Pr **7.041** = 25
- Pr **7.044 =** 75

# NOTE

If Pr **7.041** is greater than or equal to Pr **7.044**, analog input 2 (Pr **7.002**) will be forced to 0%, so the output frequency will always be equal to the value in Pr **1.007**.

# NOTE

If Pr **7.041** is negative and Pr **7.044** positive, the minimum reference will be forced to zero, so the profile will be as shown below.



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Gettina	Basic	Runnina		NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical		UL listing
Salety	FIUUUCI	Mechanical	Liecuitai	Getting	Dasic	Running	Optimization	NV Weula Galu	Bulluling	Auvanceu	recrimical	Diagnostics	OL listing
information	information	installation	installation	atartad	parametera	the motor	Optimization	Operation	Automotion	poromotoro	data	Diagnostics	information
information	information	Installation	Installation	started	parameters	the motor		Operation	Automation	parameters	data		information
					-			-		-			

# 9 NV Media Card Operation

# 9.1 Introduction

The Non-Volatile Media Card feature enables simple configuration of parameters, parameter back-up, storing / reading PLC programs and drive copying using a SMARTCARD or SD card storing / reading PLC programs. The drive offers backward compatibility for an Affinity SMARTCARD.

The NV Media Card can be used for:

- Parameter copying between drives
- Saving drive parameter sets
- Saving an onboard user program

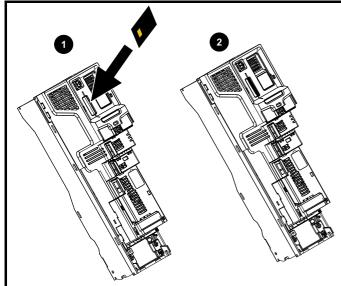
The NV Media Card is located at the top of the module under the drive display (if installed) on the left-hand side.

Ensure the NV Media Card is inserted with the contacts facing the left-hand side of the drive.

The drive only communicates with the NV Media Card when commanded to read or write, meaning the card may be "hot swapped".

Beware of possible live terminals when installing the NV Media Card.

# Figure 9-1 Installation of the NV Media Card



- 1. Installing the NV Media Card
- 2. NV Media Card installed

NV Media Card	Part number
SD Card Adaptor (memory card not included)	3130-1212
8 kB SMARTCARD	2214-4246
64 kB SMARTCARD	2214-1006

# 9.2 NV Media Card support

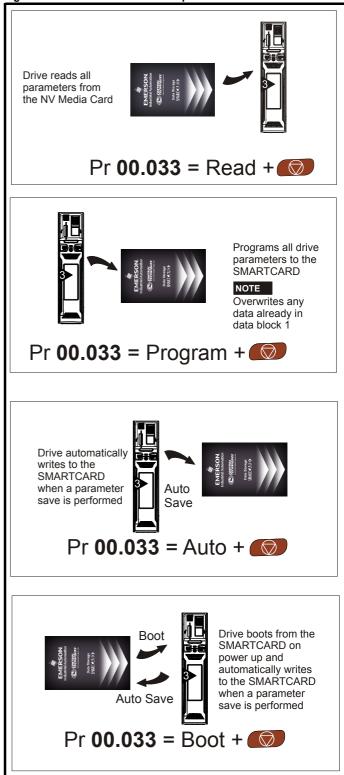
The NV Media Card can be used to store drive parameter sets and / or PLC programs set from the H300 in data blocks 001 to 499 on the card.

The H300 is compatible with an Affinity SMARTCARD, and is able to read and translate the Affinity parameter set into a compatible parameter set for H300. This is only possible if the Affinity parameter set was transferred to the SMARTCARD using the difference from defaults transfer method (i.e. 4yyy transfer).

The HVAC drive H300 is not able to read any other type of Affinity data block on the card. Although it is possible to transfer difference from default data blocks from an Affinity into the HVAC drive H300, the following should be noted:

- 1. If a parameter from the source drive does not exist in the target drive then no data is transferred for that parameter.
- 2. If the data for the parameter in the target drive is out of range then the data is limited to the range of the target parameter.
- 3. If the target drive has a different rating to the source drive then the normal rules for this type of transfer apply.

Figure 9-2 Basic NV Media Card operation



				<b>A</b>										
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running Ontinui	Optimization	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Discretion	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information	
					•					•				

The whole card may be protected from accidental writing or erasing by setting the read-only flag as detailed in section 9.3.9 9888 / 9777 - Setting and clearing the NV Media Card read only flag on page 167.

The card should not be removed during data transfer, as the drive will produce a trip. If this occurs then either the transfer should be reattempted or in the case of a card to drive transfer, default parameters should be loaded.

# 9.3 Transferring data

Data transfer, erasing and protecting the information is performed by entering a code in Pr mm.000 and then resetting the drive as shown in Table 9-1.

# Table 9-1 SMARTCARD and SD card codes

Code	Operation	SMARTCARD	SD card
2001	Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file 001 and sets the block as bootable. This will include the parameters from attached option modules.	~	~
4ууу	Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file yyy. This will include the parameters from attached option modules.	~	~
5ууу	Transfer the onboard user program to onboard user program file yyy.	~	~
бууу	Load the drive parameters from parameter file yyy or the onboard user program from onboard user program file yyy.	~	~
7ууу	Erase file yyy.	~	✓
8ууу	Compare the data in the drive with file yyy. If the files are the same then <i>Pr mm.000</i> ( <i>mm.000</i> ) is simply reset to 0 when the compare is complete. If the files are different a 'Card Compare' trip is initiated. All other NV media card trips also apply.	1	~
9555	Clear the warning suppression flag	~	✓
9666	Set the warning suppression flag	~	✓
9777	Clear the read-only flag	~	✓
9888	Set the read-only flag	~	✓
9999	Erase and format the NV media card	✓	

Where yyy indicates the block number 001 to 999.

#### NOTE

If the read only flag is set then only codes 6yyy or 9777 are effective.

# 9.3.1 Writing to the NV Media Card

# 4yyy - Writes defaults differences to the NV Media Card

The data block only contains the parameter differences from the last time default settings were loaded.

All parameters except those with the NC (Not copied) coding bit set are transferred to the NV Media Card. In addition to these parameters all menu 20 parameters (except Pr **20.000**), can be transferred to the NV Media Card.

# Writing a parameter set to the NV Media Card (Pr 11.042 = Program (2))

Setting Pr **11.042** to Program (2) and resetting the drive will save the parameters to the NV Media Card, i.e. this is equivalent to writing 4001 to Pr **mm.000**. All NV Media Card trips apply except 'Card Change'. If the data block already exists it is automatically overwritten. When the action is complete this parameter is automatically reset to None (0).

# 9.3.2 Reading from the NV Media Card 6yyy - Reading from NV Media Card

When the data is transferred back to the drive, using 6yyy in Pr **mm.000**, it is transferred to the drive RAM and the EEPROM. A parameter save is not required to retain the data after-power down. Set up data for any option modules installed stored on the card are transferred to the drive. If the option modules installed are different between source and destination drives, the menus for the option module slots where the option module categories are different are not updated from the card and will contain their default values after the copying action. The drive will produce a 'Card Option' trip if the option module installed to the source and the destination drives are different or are in different slots. If the data is being transferred to the drive with different voltage or current rating a 'Card Rating' trip will occur.

The following drive rating dependant parameters (RA coding bit set) will not be transferred to the destination drive by a NV Media Card when the voltage rating of the destination drive is different from the source drive and the file is a parameter file. However, drive rating dependent parameters will be transferred if only the current rating is different. If drive rating dependant parameters are not transferred to the destination drive they will contain their default values.

- Pr 02.008 Standard Ramp Voltage
- Pr 04.005 to Pr 04.007 Motoring Current Limits
- Pr 04.024, User Current Maximum Scaling
- Pr 05.007 Rated Current
- Pr 05.009 Rated Voltage
- Pr 05.010 Rated Power Factor
- Pr 05.017 Stator Resistance
- Pr 05.018 Maximum Switching Frequency
- Pr 05.024 Transient Inductance
- Pr 05.025 Stator Inductance
- Pr 06.006 Injection Braking Level
- Pr 06.048 Supply Loss Detection Level
- Pr 06.065 Standard Under Voltage Threshold
- Pr 06.066 Low Under Voltage Threshold

# Reading a parameter set from the NV Media Card (Pr 11.042 = Read (1))

Setting Pr **11.042** to Read (1) and resetting the drive will transfer the parameters from the card into the drive parameter set and the drive EEPROM, i.e. this is equivalent to writing 6001 to Pr **mm.000**.

All NV Media Card trips apply. Once the parameters are successfully copied this parameter is automatically reset to None (0). Parameters are saved to the drive EEPROM after this action is complete.

# 9.3.3 Auto saving parameter changes (Pr 11.042 = Auto (3))

This setting causes the drive to automatically save any changes made to menu 0 parameters on the drive to the NV Media Card. The latest menu 0 parameter set in the drive is therefore always backed up on the NV Media Card. Changing Pr **11.042** to Auto (3) and resetting the drive will immediately save the complete parameter set from the drive to the card, i.e. all parameters except parameters with the NC coding bit set. Once the whole parameter set is stored only the individual modified menu 0 parameter setting is updated.

Advanced parameter changes are only saved to the NV Media Card when Pr **mm.000** is set to 'Save Parameters' or 1001 and the drive reset.

All NV Media Card trips apply, except 'Card Change'. If the data block already contains information it is automatically overwritten.

If the card is removed when Pr **11.042** is set to 3 Pr **11.042** is then automatically set to None (0).

When a new NV Media Card is installed Pr **11.042** must be set back to Auto (3) by the user and the drive reset so the complete parameter set is rewritten to the new NV Media Card if auto mode is still required.

When Pr **11.042** is set to Auto (3) and the parameters in the drive are saved, the NV Media Card is also updated, and therefore the NV Media Card becomes a copy of the drives stored configuration.

At power up, if Pr **11.042** is set to Auto (3), the drive will save the complete parameter set to the NV Media Card. The drive will display 'Card Write' during this operation. This is done to ensure that if a user puts a new NV Media Card in during power down the new NV Media Card will have the correct data.

# NOTE

When Pr **11.042** is set to Auto (3) the setting of Pr **11.042** itself is saved to the drive EEPROM but not the NV Media Card.

# 9.3.4 Booting up from the NV Media Card on every power up (Pr 11.042 = Boot (4))

When Pr **11.042** is set to Boot (4) the drive operates the same as Auto mode except when the drive is powered-up. The parameters on the NV Media Card will be automatically transferred to the drive at power up if the following are true:

- A card is inserted in the drive
- Parameter data block 1 exists on the card
- The data in block 1 is type 1 to 4 (as defined in Pr 11.038)
- Pr 11.042 on the card set to Boot (4)

The drive will display 'Booting Parameters during this operation. If the drive mode is different from that on the card, the drive gives a 'Card Drive Mode' trip and the data is not transferred.

If 'Boot' mode is stored on the copying NV Media Card this makes the copying NV Media Card the master device. This provides a very fast and efficient way of re-programming a number of drives.

# NOTE

'Boot' mode is saved to the card, but when the card is read, the value of Pr **11.042** is not transferred to the drive.

# 9.3.5 Booting up from the NV Media Card on every power up (Pr mm.000 = 2001)

It is possible to create a bootable parameter data block by setting Pr **mm.000** to 2001 and initiating a drive reset. This data block is created in one operation and is not updated when further parameter changes are made.

Setting Pr **mm.000** to 2001 will overwrite the data block 1 on the card if it already exists.

# 9.3.6 8yyy - Comparing the drive full parameter set with the NV Media Card values

Setting 8yyy in Pr **mm.000**, will compare the NV Media Card file with the data in the drive. If the compare is successful Pr **mm.000** is simply set to 0. If the compare fails a 'Card Compare' trip is initiated.

# 9.3.7 7yyy / 9999 - Erasing data from the NV Media Card values

Data can be erased from the NV Media Card either one block at a time or all blocks in one go.

- Setting 7yyy in Pr mm.000 will erase NV Media Card data block yyy
- Setting 9999 in Pr **mm.000** will erase all the data blocks on a SMARTCARD, but not on an SD Card.

# 9.3.8 9666 / 9555 - Setting and clearing the NV Media Card warning suppression flag

If the option modules installed to the source and destination drive are different or are in different slots the drive will produce a 'Card Option' trip. If the data is being transferred to a drive of a different voltage or current rating a 'Card Rating' trip will occur. It is possible to suppress these trips by setting the warning suppression flag. If this flag is set the drive will not trip if the option module(s) or drive ratings are different between the source and destination drives. The options module or rating dependent parameters will not be transferred.

- Setting 9666 in Pr mm.000 will set the warning suppression flag
- Setting 9555 in Pr mm.000 will clear the warning suppression flag

# 9.3.9 9888 / 9777 - Setting and clearing the NV Media Card read only flag

The NV Media Card may be protected from writing or erasing by setting the read only flag. If an attempt is made to write or erase a data block when the read only flag is set, a 'Card Read Only' trip is initiated. When the read only flag is set only codes 6yyy or 9777 are effective.

- Setting 9888 in Pr mm.000 will set the read only flag
- Setting 9777 in Pr mm.000 will clear the read only flag

# 9.4 Data block header information

Each data block stored on a NV Media Card has header information detailing the following:

- NV Media Card File Number (11.037)
- NV Media Card File Type (11.038)
- NV Media Card File Version (11.039)
- NV Media Card File Checksum (11.040)

The header information for each data block which has been used can be viewed in Pr **11.038** to Pr **11.040** by increasing or decreasing the data block number set in Pr **11.037**. If there is no data on the card Pr **11.037** can only have a value of 0.

3 Optimization	Diagnostics	Diagnostics
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# 9.5 NV Media Card parameters

# Table 9-2 Key to parameter table coding

RW	Read / Write	ND	No default value
RO	Read only	NC	Not copied
Num	Number parameter	PT	Protected parameter
Bit	Bit parameter	RA	Rating dependant
Txt	Text string	US	User save
Bin	Binary parameter	PS	Power-down save
FI	Filtered	DE	Destination

11.036	11.036 {00.032}			NV Media Card File Previously Loaded									
RO	RO Num							NC	PT				
OL													
RFC-A	$\hat{v}$		0 to 999			⇒	0						
RFC-S													

This parameter shows the number of the data block last transferred from a NV Media Card to the drive. If defaults are subsequently reloaded this parameter is set to 0.

11	11.037			NV Media Card File Number								
RW	RW Num											
OL												
RFC-A	RFC-A 🇘		0 to	999		合		0				
RFC-S												

This parameter should have the data block number which the user would like the information displayed in Pr **11.038**, Pr **11.039** and Pr **11.040**.

11.038		NV Media Card File Type									
RO Txt					ND		NC	PT			
OL			e (0), Ol								
RFC-A	ţ	RFC Rege	S (3), og (5),	⇒							
RFC-S			Option	App (6	)						

Displays the type/mode of the data block selected with Pr 11.037.

Pr 11.038	String	Type / mode
0	None	No file selected
1	Open-loop	Open-loop mode parameter file
2	RFC-A	RFC-A mode parameter file
3	RFC-S	RFC-S mode parameter file
4	Regen	Regen mode parameter file
5	User Prog	Onboard user program file
6	Option App	Option module application file

11.039			NV Media Card File Version										
RO	RO Num					ND	NC	PT					
OL													
RFC-A	$\hat{v}$		0 to	9999		⇔							
RFC-S													

Displays the version number of the file selected in Pr 11.037.

11	.04	)	NV Media Card File Checksum									
RO		Num				ND NC PT						
OL												
RFC-A	Û		21474 21474	83648 1 83647	to	⇔						
RFC-S												

Displays the checksum of the data block selected in Pr 11.037.

11.042	{00	.033}	Parameter Cloning										
RW		Txt						NC		US*			
OL RFC-A RFC-S	€		ne (0), gram (2 Boo	2), Auto	. ,	仓			None	(0)			

\* Only a value of 3 or 4 in this parameter is saved.

#### NOTE

If Pr **11.042** is equal to 1 or 2, this value is not transferred to the drive or saved to the EEPROM. If Pr **11.042** is set to 3 or 4 the value is saved to the EEPROM

None (0) = Inactive

Read (1) = Read parameter set from the NV Media Card

Program (2) = Program a parameter set to the NV Media Card

Auto (3) = Auto save

Boot (4) = Boot mode

11	.072	2	NV Media Card Create Special File								
RW		Num						NC			
OL											
RFC-A	$\hat{v}$		0 te	o 1		₽			0		
RFC-S											

If *NV Media Card Create Special File* (11.072) = 1 when a parameter file is transferred to an NV media card the file is created as a macro file. *NV Media Card Create Special File* (11.072) is reset to 0 after the file is created or the transfer fails.

11	.073	3	NV Media Card Type								
RO		Txt				N	D	NC	PT		
OL			None	e (0),							
RFC-A	$\hat{v}$	S	MART	Card (	1),	₽					
RFC-S			SD Ca	ard (2)							

This will display the type of media card inserted; it will contain one of the following values:

"None" (0) - No NV Media Card has been inserted.

"SMART Card" (1) - A SMARTCARD has been inserted.

"SD Card" (2) - A FAT formatted SD card has been inserted.

11	.07	5	NV Media Card Read-only Flag								
RO		Bit				Ν	D	NC	PT		
OL											
RFC-A	$\hat{v}$	C	Off (0) a	or On (1	1)	₽					
RFC-S											

*NV Media Card Read-only Flag* (11.075) shows the state of the readonly flag for the currently installed card.

Safety information         Product information         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor         Optimization	NV Media Card Building Operation Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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11	.07	6	NV Media Card Warning Suppression Flag									
RO		Bit				N	D	NC	PT			
OL												
RFC-A	$\hat{v}$	C	Off (0) c	or On (1	1)	₽						
RFC-S												

*NV Media Card Warning Suppression Flag* (11.076) shows the state of the warning flag for the currently installed card.

11	11.077 NV Media Card							File Required Version						
RW		Num				N	D	NC	PT					
OL														
RFC-A	$\hat{v}$		0 to 9	9999		₽								
RFC-S														

The value of *NV Media Card File Required Version* (11.077) is used as the version number for a file when it is created on an NV Media Card. *NV Media Card File Required Version* (11.077) is reset to 0 when the file is created or the transfer fails.

# 9.6 NV Media Card trips

After an attempt to read, write or erase data from a NV Media Card a trip is initiated if there has been a problem with the command.

See Chapter 13 *Diagnostics* on page 284 for more information on NV Media Card trips.

Safety information		Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# **10** Building Automation

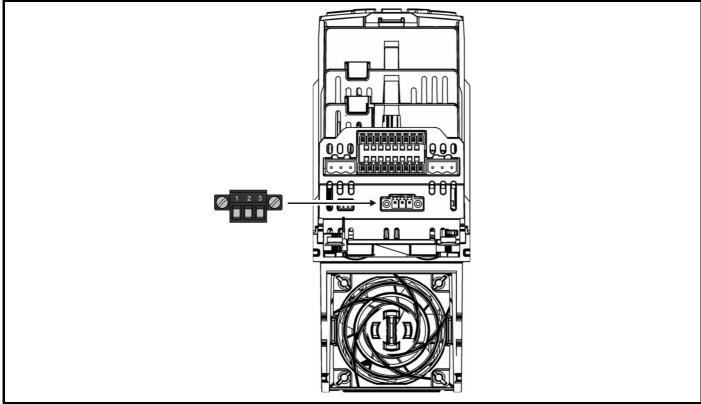
# 10.1 Introduction

The HVAC drive H300 supports the following protocols:

- Modbus RTU
- BACnet MSTP
- Metasys N2 Open

As standard the H300 Drive is provided with a 2 wire EIA-485 interface located beneath the control terminals (see Figure 10-1). All three protocols use this communication interface.

# Figure 10-1 Location of the comms connector



# Table 10-1 Serial communication port pin-outs

Pin	Function
1	RX TX
2	Isolated 0V
3	RX\ TX\

# **10.2** Building automation network communications set up parameters

# 10.2.1 Serial Address

Serial Address (Pr 11.023) selects the MAC/Node Address for all protocols.

Table 10-2 Protocols

		Allowable MAC Address Values							
Protocol	Master / Slave	Minimum	Maximum	Broadcast					
Modbus RTU	Slave	1	247	0					
BACnet*	Master	0	127	255					
MetaSys N2	Slave	1	255	0					

If a MAC address is selected that is greater than or less than those allowed by the currently selected protocol then the actual address used will be the maximum valid address value. The parameter value will change to reflect the value being used.

\*The BACnet module is a master device. As such it will instigate an *I-Am* broadcast message onto the BACnet network at power-up and on each subsequent drive reset.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	opumzation	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Diagnootioo	information

# 10.2.2 Serial Mode

Serial Mode (Pr 11.024) defines the data format used by the serial comms interface. The bits in the value of Serial Mode define the data format as follows:

#### Table 10-3 Serial mode bits

Bits	3	2	1 and 0
Format	Number of data bits 0 = 8 bits	0 = Standard	Stop bits and Parity 0 = 2 stop bits, no parity 1 = 1 stop bit, no parity
	1 = 7 bits		2 = 1 stop bit, even parity 3 = 1 stop bit, odd parity

For the Modbus RTU protocol bit, 3 should always be set to 0 as 8 data bits are required. The parameter value can be extended with the remaining communication protocols if required.

Bit 2 selects either standard or modified register mode. The menu and parameter numbers are derived for each mode as given in the table below. Standard mode is compatible with Unidrive SP. Modified mode is provided to allow register numbers up to 255 to be addressed.

#### Table 10-4 Register mode

Register mode	Register address				
Standard	(mm x 100) + ppp - 1 where mm $\leq$ 162 and ppp $\leq$ 99				
Modified	(mm x 256) + ppp - 1 where mm $\leq$ 63 and ppp $\leq$ 255				

Table 10-5 Serial mode

Pr 11.024	Description
0	8 2 NP
1	8 1 NP
2	8 1 EP
3	8 1 OP
4	8 2 NP M
5	8 1 NP M
6	8 1 OP M
7	8 1 OP M
8	7 2 NP
9	7 1 NP
10	7 1 EP
11	7 1 OP
12	7 2 NP M
13	7 1 NP M
14	7 1 EP M
15	7 1 OP M

Changing the parameters does not immediately change the serial communications settings. Revised values will only be used after the next power-up or if *Reset Serial Communications* (Pr **11.020**) is set to one.

# 10.2.3 Serial baud rate

Serial Baud Rate (Pr 11.025) defines the baud rate used by the serial comms interface.

Table 10-6 Serial baud rate

Pr 11.025	Description
0	300
1	600
2	1200
3	2400
4	4800
5	9600
6	19200
7	38400
8	57600
9	76800
10	115200

Revised values will only be used after the next power-up or if Reset Serial Communications (Pr 11.020) is set to one.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
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# 10.2.4 Building automation network (BAN) protocol selection

Building automation network (BAN) protocol selection (Pr 29.001) selects the network protocol:

### Table 10-7 BAN protocol

Pr 29.001	Protocol
0	Modbus RTU
1	BACnet MSTP
2	MetaSys N2 Open

The following process should be followed to change the communication protocol:

1. Select the required protocol in Pr 29.001.

2. Perform a parameter save.

3. Power cycle the drive.

# 10.2.5 BACnet MS/TP Maximum Master MAC Address

#### (Pr 29.003) BACnet use only

This is highest address that the drive will use when looking for the next master on the network with which token passing can be achieved.

If a value greater than 127 is entered then the value used will be 127. The parameter value will change to 127 to reflect this.

# 10.2.6 Device Object Identifier

(Pr 29.004) BACnet use only

This number uniquely defines this device on the entire network.

# 10.2.7 Communications lost detection time-out period

Communications Lost Detection Time-Out Period (Pr 29.005) sets the period in seconds that the drive will wait to see a valid communications frame on the network before taking the action specified in Communications Lost Action (Pr 29.006).

# 10.2.8 Communications lost action

Communications Lost Action (Pr 29.006) determines the drive action when communication is lost.

#### BACnet

The network is monitored for the presence of an active token; should this token disappear for the time specified, the drive will take the configured action.

#### MetaSys

The network is monitored for any message. Receipt of a valid message (regardless of intended destination) will be seen as communications being healthy. If no valid message is received within the time specified, the drive will take the configured action.

The following action is taken when loss of communication is recognized:

### Table 10-8 Communications lost action

Pr 29.006	Action	Comment			
0	Do nothing	The drive will continue as it was before communications was lost			
1	Trip the drive	The drive will trip when communications is lost (sub trip 50)			
2	Move to a fixed speed	Preset speed 8 is used to define this speed, see below			

The move to fixed speed option will only operate if the drive is configured to use preset speed 1 as the reference at the time communications is lost.

Every time there is a transition from the communications healthy state to the communications lost state the reference value set in preset speed 8 will be transferred to preset speed 1 causing the drive to run at the speed defined in preset speed 8.

The drive will continue to run at this speed until such time as the user manually changes preset speed 1 via the keypad or communications returns and a new speed reference is provided via the building automation network

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 10.3 CT Modbus RTU specification (EIA-485)

This section describes the adaptation of the MODBUS RTU protocol offered on Control Techniques' products.

MODBUS RTU is a master slave system with half-duplex message exchange. The Control Techniques (CT) implementation supports the core function codes to read and write registers. A scheme to map between MODBUS registers and CT parameters is defined. The CT implementation also defines a 32 bit extension to the standard 16 bit register data format.

# 10.3.1 MODBUS RTU

# Physical layer

Attribute	Description
Normal physical layer for multi-drop operation	EIA-485 2 wire
Bit stream	Standard UART asynchronous symbols with Non Return to Zero (NRZ)
Symbol	Each symbol consists of:- 1 start bit 8 data bits (transmitted least significant bit first) 2 stop bits*
Baud rates	300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 76800, 115200

\* The drive will accept a packet with 1 or 2 stop bits but will always transmit 2 stop bits

# **RTU framing**

The frame has the following basic format

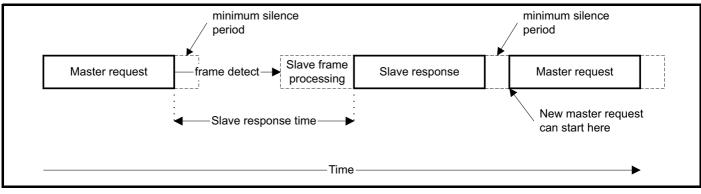
SLAVE ADDRESS	FUNCTION CODE	message data	16bit CRC	Silent interval			
Message data							

The frame is terminated with a minimum silent period of 3.5 character times (for example, at 19200 baud the minimum silent period is 2 ms). Nodes use the terminating silence period to detect the end of frame and begin frame processing. All frames must therefore be transmitted as a continuous stream without any gaps greater or equal to the silence period. If an erroneous gap is inserted then receiving nodes may start frame processing early in which case the CRC will fail and the frame will be discarded.

MODBUS RTU is a master slave system. All master requests, except broadcast requests, will lead to a response from an individual slave. The slave will respond (i.e. start transmitting the response) within the quoted maximum slave response time (this time is quoted in the data sheet for all Control Techniques products). The minimum slave response time is also quoted but will never be less that the minimum silent period defined by 3.5 character times.

If the master request was a broadcast request then the master may transmit a new request once the maximum slave response time has expired.

The master must implement a message time out to handle transmission errors. This time out period must be set to the maximum slave response time + transmission time for the response.



# 10.3.2 Slave address

The first byte of the frame is the slave node address. Valid slave node addresses are 1 through 247 decimal. In the master request this byte indicates the target slave node; in the slave response this byte indicates the address of the slave sending the response.

# **Global addressing**

Address zero addresses all slave nodes on the network. Slave nodes suppress the response messages for broadcast requests.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
intornation		motanation	motanation	0101100	paramotoro			oporadori	Automation	paramotoro	aata		internation

# 10.3.3 MODBUS registers

The MODBUS register address range is 16 bit (65536 registers) which at the protocol level is represented by indexes 0 through 65535.

#### **PLC registers**

Modicon PLCs typically define 4 register 'files' each containing 65536 registers. Traditionally, the registers are referenced 1 through 65536 rather than 0 through 65535. The register address is therefore decremented on the master device before passing to the protocol.

File type	Description	Supported
1	Read only bits ("coil")	Use register
2	Read / write bits ("coil")	Use register
3	Read only 16bit register	Yes
4	Read / write 16bit register	Yes

The register *file* type code is NOT transmitted by MODBUS and all register files can be considered to map onto a single register address space. However, specific function codes are defined in MODBUS to support access to the "coil" registers. All standard CT drive parameters are mapped to register file '4' and the coil function codes are not required.

#### **CT** parameter mapping

The Modbus register address is 16 bits in size, of which the upper two bits are used for data type selection leaving 14 bits to represent the parameter address, taking into account the slave increments the address value by 1, this results in a theoretical maximum parameter address of Pr **163.84** (limited to Pr **162.99** in software) when the default standard addressing mode (see *Serial Mode* Pr **11.024**) is used.

To access a parameter number above 99 in any drive menu then the modified addressing mode must be used (see *Serial Mode* Pr **11.024**), this will allow access to parameter numbers up to 255 but also limit the maximum menu number to 63.

The Modbus slave device increments the register address by 1 before processing the command, this effectively prevents access to parameter Pr **00.000** in the drive or option module.

The tables below shows how the start register address is calculated for both addressing modes.

Parameter	Addressing mode	Protocol register
0.mm.ppp	Standard	mm x 100 + ppp - 1
0.11111.ррр	Modified	mm x 256 + ppp - 1

Examples							
		16-k	bit	32-t	bit		
		Decimal	Hex	Decimal	Hex		
0.01.021	Standard	120	0x00 78	16504	0x40 78		
0.01.021	Modified	276	0x01 14	16660	0x41 14		
0.01.000	Standard	99	0x00 63	16483	0x40 63		
0.01.000	Modified	255	0x00 FF	16639	0x40 FF		
0.03.161	Standard	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
0.03.101	Modified	928	0x03 A0	17312	0x43 A0		

# Data types

The MODBUS protocol specification defines registers as 16 bit signed integers. All CT devices support this data size. Refer to the section 10.3.7 *Extended data types* on page 177 for detail on accessing 32 bit register data.

# 10.3.4 Data consistency

All CT devices support a minimum data consistency of one parameter (16 bit or 32 bit data). Some devices support consistency for a complete multiple register transaction.

# 10.3.5 Data encoding

MODBUS RTU uses a 'big-endian' representation for addresses and data items (except the CRC, which is 'little-endian'). This means that when a numerical quantity larger than a single byte is transmitted, the MOST significant byte is sent first. So for example

16 - bits 0x1234 would be sent as 0x12, 0x34

32 - bits 0x12345678 would be sent as 0x12, 0x34, 0x56, 0x78

# 10.3.6 Function codes

The function code determines the context and format of the message data. Bit 7 of the function code is used in the slave response to indicate an exception.

Safety		Mechanical	Electrical	Getting		Running the	Optimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor		Operation	Automation	parameters	data		information

The following function codes are supported:

Code	Description
3	Read multiple 16 bit registers
6	Write single register
16	Write multiple 16 bit registers
23	Read and write multiple 16 bit registers

# FC03 Read multiple

Read a contiguous array of registers. The slave imposes an upper limit on the number of registers, which can be read. If this is exceeded the slave will issue an exception code 2.

# Table 10-9 Master request

Byte	Description
0	Slave destination node address 1 through 247, 0 is global (broadcast)
1	Function code 0x03
2	Start register address MSB
3	Start register address LSB
4	Number of 16 bit registers MSB
5	Number of 16 bit registers LSB
6	CRC LSB
7	CRC MSB

#### Table 10-10Slave response

Byte	Description
0	Slave source node address
1	Function code 0x03
2	Length of register data in read block (in bytes)
3	Register data 0 MSB
4	Register data 0 LSB
3+byte count	CRC LSB
4+byte count	CRC MSB

# FC06 Write single register

Writes a value to a single 16 bit register. The normal response is an echo of the request, returned after the register contents have been written. The register address can correspond to a 32 bit parameter but only 16 bits of data can be sent.

# Table 10-11 Master request

Byte	Description
0	Slave node address 1 through 247, 0 is global (broadcast)
1	Function code 0x06
2	Register address MSB
3	Register address LSB
4	Register data MSB
5	Register data LSB
6	CRC LSB
7	CRC MSB

# Table 10-12 Slave response

Byte	Description
0	Slave source node address
1	Function code 0x06
2	Register address MSB
3	Register address LSB
4	Register data MSB
5	Register data LSB
6	CRC LSB
7	CRC MSB

#### FC16 Write multiple

Writes a contiguous array of registers. The slave imposes an upper limit on the number of registers which can be written. If this is exceeded the slave will discard the request and the master will time out.

Safety	Product	Mechanical		Getting		Running the	Optimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	opumzation	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Blaghoodoo	information

# Table 10-13 Master request

Byte	Description
0	Slave node address 1 through 247, 0 is global (broadcast)
1	Function code 0x10
2	Start register address MSB
3	Start register address LSB
4	Number of 16 bit registers MSB
5	Number of 16 bit registers LSB
6	Length of register data to write (in bytes)
7	Register data 0 MSB
8	Register data 0 LSB
7+byte count	CRC LSB
8+byte count	CRC MSB

# Table 10-14 Slave response

Byte	Description					
0	Slave source node address					
1	Function code 0x10					
2	Start register address MSB					
3	Start register address LSB					
4	Number of 16 bit registers written MSB					
5	Number of 16 bit registers written LSB					
6	CRC LSB					
7	CRC MSB					

FC23 Read/Write multiple Writes and reads two contiguous arrays of registers. The slave imposes an upper limit on the number of registers which can be written. If this is exceeded the slave will discard the request and the master will time out.

### Table 10-15 Master request

Byte	Description
0	Slave node address 1 through 247, 0 is global (broadcast)
1	Function code 0x17
2	Start register address to read MSB
3	Start register address to read LSB
4	Number of 16 bit registers to read MSB
5	Number of 16 bit registers to read LSB
6	Start register address to write MSB
7	Start register address to write LSB
8	Number of 16 bit registers to write MSB
9	Number of 16 bit registers to write LSB
10	Length of register data to write (in bytes)
11	Register data 0 MSB
12	Register data 0 LSB
11+byte count	CRC LSB
12+byte count	CRC MSB

# Table 10-16 Slave response

Byte	Description
0	Slave source node address
1	Function code 0x17
2	Length of register data in read block (in bytes)
3	Register data 0 MSB
4	Register data 0 LSB
3+byte count	CRC LSB
4+byte count	CRC MSB

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information

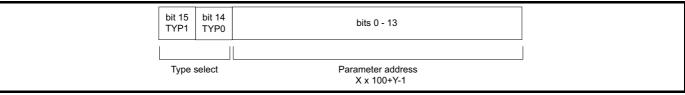
# 10.3.7 Extended data types

Standard MODBUS registers are 16bit and the standard mapping maps a single Pr **xx.yyy** (e.g.Pr **01.021**) to a single MODBUS register. To support 32 bit data types (integer and float) the MODBUS multiple read and write services are used to transfer a contiguous array of 16bit registers.

Slave devices typically contain a mixed set of 16 bit and 32 bit registers. To permit the master to select the desired 16 bit or 32 bit access the top two bits of the register address are used to indicate the selected data type.

# NOTE

The selection is applied for the whole block access.



The 2bit type field selects the data type according to the table below:

Type field bits 15-14	Selected data type	Comments
00	INT16	backward compatible
01	INT32	-
10	Float32	Not supported
11	Reserved	-

If a 32 bit data type is selected then the slave uses two consecutive 16 bit MODBUS registers (in 'big endian'). The master must also set the correct 'number of 16 bit registers'.

Example, read Pr 20.021 through Pr 20.024 as 32 bit parameters using FC03 from node 8:

# Table 10-17 Master request

Byte	Value (Hex)	Description
0	0x08	Slave destination node address
1	0x03	FC03 multiple read
2	0x47	Start register address Pr 20.021
3	0xE4	(16384 + 2021 - 1) = 18404 = 0x47E4
4	0x00	Number of 16bit registers to read
5	0x08	Pr 20.021 through Pr 20.024 is 4x32 bit registers = 8x16 bit registers
6	CRC LSB	CRC
7	CRC MSB	CRC

#### Table 10-18 Slave response

Byte	Value (Hex)	Description
0	0x08	Slave destination node address
1	0x03	FC03 multiple read
2	0x10	Length of data (bytes) = 4x32 bit registers = 16 bytes
3-6	-	Pr <b>20.021</b> data
7-10	-	Pr <b>20.022</b> data
11-14	-	Pr <b>20.023</b> data
15-18	-	Pr <b>20.024</b> data
19	CRC LSB	CRC
20	CRC MSB	CRC

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
informat	on information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor		Operation	Automation	parameters	data		information

# Reads when actual parameter type is different from selected

The slave will send the least significant word of a 32 bit parameter if that parameter is read as part of a 16 bit access.

The slave will sign extend the least significant word if a 16 bit parameter is accessed as a 32 bit parameter. The number of 16 bit registers must be even during a 32 bit access.

Example, If Pr 01.028 is a 32 bit parameter with a value of 0x12345678, Pr 01.029 is a signed 16 bit parameter with a value of 0xABCD, and Pr 01.030 is a signed 16 bit parameter with a value of 0x0123.

Read	Start register address	Number of 16 bit registers	Response (Hex)	Comments
Pr <b>01.028</b>	127	1	0x5678	Standard 16 bit access to a 32 bit register will return low 16 bit word of truncated data
Pr <b>01.028</b>	16511*	2	0x12345678	Full 32 bit access
Pr <b>01.028</b>	16511*	1	Exception 2	Number of words must be even for 32 bit access
Pr <b>01.029</b>	128	1	0xABCD	Standard 16 bit access to a 32 bit register will return low 16 bit word of data
Pr <b>01.029</b>	16512*	2	0xFFFFABCD	32 bit access to a 16 bit register will return 32 bit sign extended data
Pr <b>01.030</b>	16513*	2	0x00000123	32 bit access to a 16 bit register will return 32 bit sign extended data
Pr <b>01.028 to</b> Pr <b>01.029</b>	127	2	0x5678, 0xABCD	Standard 16 bit access to a 32 bit register will return low 16 bit word of truncated data
Pr <b>01.028 to</b> Pr <b>01.029</b>	16511*	4	0x12345678, 0xFFFFABCD	Full 32 bit access

\* Bit 14 is set to allow 32 bit access.

# Writes when actual parameter type is different from selected

The slave will allow writing a 32 bit value to a 16 bit parameter as long as the 32 bit value is within the normal range of the 16 bit parameter.

The slave will allow a 16 bit write to a 32 bit parameter. The slave will sign extend the written value, therefore the effective range of this type of write will be -32768 to +32767.

Examples, if Pr 01.028 has a range of ±100000, and Pr 01.029 has a range of ±10000.

Write	Start register address	Number of 16bit registers	Data (Hex)	Comments
Pr <b>01.028</b>	127	1	0x1234	Standard 16 bit write to a 32bit register. Value written = 0x00001234
Pr <b>01.028</b>	127	1	0xABCD	Standard 16 bit write to a 32bit register. Value written = 0xFFFFABCD
Pr <b>01.028</b>	16511	2	0x00001234	Value written = 0x00001234
Pr <b>01.029</b>	128	1	0x0123	Value written = 0x0123
Pr <b>01.029</b>	16512	2	0x00000123	Value written = 0x00000123

\* Bit 14 is set to allow 32 bit access

# 10.3.8 Exceptions

The slave will respond with an exception response if an error is detected in the master request. If a message is corrupted and the frame is not received or the CRC fails then the slave will not issue an exception. In this case the master device will time out. If a write multiple (FC16 or FC23) request exceeds the slave maximum buffer size then the slave will discard the message. No exception will be transmitted in this case and the master will time out.

#### Exception message format

The slave exception message has the following format.

Byte	Description						
0	Slave source node address						
1	Original function code with bit 7 set						
2	Exception code						
3	CRC LSB						
4	CRC MSB						

#### **Exception codes**

The following exception codes are supported.

Code	Description						
1	unction code not supported						
2	Register address out of range, or request to read too many registers						

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

### Parameter over range during block write FC16

The slave processes the write block in the order the data is received. If a write fails due to an out of range value then the write block is terminated. However, the slave does not raise an exception response, rather the error condition is signalled to the master by the number of successful writes field in the response.

### Parameter over range during block read/write FC23

There will be no indication that there has been a value out of range during a FC23 access.

# 10.3.9 CRC

The CRC is a 16 bit cyclic redundancy check using the standard CRC-16 polynomial x16 + x15 + x2 + 1. The 16 bit CRC is appended to the message and transmitted LSB first.

The CRC is calculated on ALL the bytes in the frame.

# 10.3.10 Device compatibility parameters

All devices have the following compatibility parameters defined:

Parameter	Description
Device ID	Unique device identification code
Minimum slave response time	The minimum delay between the end of a message from the master and the time at which the master is ready to receive a response from the slave.
Maximum slave response time	When global addressing, the master must wait for this time before issuing a new message. In a network of devices, the slowest time must be used
Baud rate	Baud rate used by Modbus RTU
32 bit float data type supported	If this data type is not supported then an over range error will be raised if this data type is used
Maximum buffer size	Determines the maximum block size.

# 10.4 BACnet specification

The tables in the following sections describe the BACnet objects that are available on the drive. The device object is also produced when queried by a master on the network.

The *Present Value* property of each of the objects can be accessed in the manner indicated in the right-hand column of each of the object tables. The three access types are as follows:

Code	Туре	Description
RO	Read only	The present value of these objects can only be read
RW	Read/write	The present value property of these objects can be both read from and written to. Writes from different BACnet devices will overwrite each other
с	Commanded	The present value property of these objects can be both read from and written to. Writes are accompanied by a priority level in the range 1 to 16, the underlying drive parameter is set to the value written at the highest priority level. All commandable objects support a writeable relinquish default property. The value of this property becomes the present value when no priority is provided.

The supported properties for each of the supported object types are given in the table below:

Object Property	Binary input	Binary output	Binary value	Analog input	Analog output	Analog value
Object_Identifer	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Object_Name	√	~	~	$\checkmark$	√	$\checkmark$
Object_Type	√	~	~	$\checkmark$	√	$\checkmark$
Present_Value	√	~	~	$\checkmark$	√	$\checkmark$
Status_Flags	√	~	~	$\checkmark$	√	$\checkmark$
Event_State	√	~	~	$\checkmark$	√	$\checkmark$
Reliability	√	~	~	$\checkmark$	√	$\checkmark$
Out_Of_Service	√	~	~	$\checkmark$	√	$\checkmark$
Units	Х	x	х	$\checkmark$	√	$\checkmark$
Priority_Array*	Х	~	$\checkmark$	х	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Relinquish_ Default*	x	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	x	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Polarity**	√	$\checkmark$	x	х	х	х

\*Only commandable objects will have priority\_array and Relinquish\_Default properties.

\*\*The polarity property is read-only for all objects that support it, and can only be changed via the invert parameter associated with the input/output represented by the object.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Object ID (AIn)	Object name	Description	Present value access mode
1	Drive analog input 1	Analog input 1 on drive (Pr 07.001)	RO
2	Drive analog input 2	Analog input 2 on drive (Pr 07.002)	RO
3	Drive analog input 3	Analog input 3 on drive (Pr 07.003)	RO
4	Module x analog input 1	The first available analog input on a Solutions Module.	RO
$\downarrow$	$\downarrow$	$\downarrow$	$\downarrow$
n	Module x analog input <i>n</i>	The n <sup>th</sup> available analog input on a Solutions Module	RO

# Analog output objects

To control an analog output via BACnet the source parameter for the output must be set to a read/write parameter on menu 18. (Pr **18.011** to Pr **18.030** are acceptable).

Object ID (AOn)	Object name	Description	Present value access mode	
1	Drive analog output 1	Analog output 1 on drive	С	
2	Drive analog output 2	Analog output 2 on drive	С	
3	Module x analog output 1	The first available analog output on a Solutions Module	С	
$\downarrow$	$\downarrow$	$\downarrow$	Ļ	
n	Module x analog output 1	The first available analog output on a Solutions Module	С	

# **Device object properties**

The following list describes the Device Object properties supported on the BAN interface with H300.

# Table 10-19 Device Object properties

Device Object Property				
APDU-timeout				
Application software version				
Database revision				
Firmware revision				
Local date				
Local time				
Max-APDU-length-accepted				
Model name				
Number of APDU retries				
Object identifier				
Object-list				
Object-name				
Object-type				
Protocol object types supported				
Protocol-version				
Segmentation-supported				
System-status				
Vendor-identifier				
Vendor-name				

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Table 10-20 Analog value objects

Object ID (AV <i>n</i> )	Object name	Description	Present value acces mode
1	Drive parameter	The drive parameter to read/write	RW
2	Parameter value	The new value for the parameter, or the value read from the parameter	RW
3	Parameter read/write	Whether the parameter should be read or written (1 = write, 2 = read)	RW
4	Speed reference	The required output frequency/speed reference (Pr 01.021)	С
5	Maximum speed reference	The maximum reference clamp value (Pr 01.006)	RW
6	Output current	Motor output current magnitude (Pr 04.001)	RO
7	Output torque	Motor output torque (Pr 04.020) as a percentage of full load	RO
8	Output frequency	Drive output frequency (Pr <b>05.001</b> )	RO
9	Output speed	Motor speed (Pr 05.004)	RO
10	Output power	Drive output power (Pr 05.003)	RO
11	Drive status word	Drive status word (Pr 10.040)	RO
12	User trip parameter	User trip (Pr <b>10.38</b> )	RW
13	Last trip	Last drive trip (Pr <b>10.020</b> )	RO
-	P	Time between filter changes	
14	Filter change (dt)	(Pr 06.021)	RW
15	Time to next filter change	Time before filter change due (Pr <b>06.023</b> )	RO
16	Energy meter (MWH)	Energy meter (MWh) (Pr 06.025)	RO
17	Energy meter (KWH)	Energy meter (kWh) (Pr 06.026)	RO
18	PID 1 digital reference	Digital reference for PID 1 (Pr 14.025)	С
19	PID 1 digital feedback	Digital feedback for PID 1 (Pr 14.026)	С
20	PID 1 reference	Sum of all reference inputs to PID 1 (Pr 14.020)	RO
21	PID 1 feedback	Sum of all feedback inputs to PID 1 (Pr 14.021)	RO
22	PID 1 output	The output from PID 1 (Pr 14.001)	RO
23	PID 2 digital reference	Digital reference for PID 2 (Pr <b>14.055</b> )	С
24	PID 2 digital feedback	Digital feedback for PID 2 (Pr <b>14.056</b> )	С
25	PID 2 reference	Sum of all reference inputs to PID 2 (Pr <b>14.050</b> )	RO
26	PID 2 feedback	Sum of all feedback inputs to PID 2 (Pr <b>14.051</b> )	RO
27	PID 2 output	The output from PID 2 (Pr <b>14.031</b> )	RO
28	Universal parameter access	User selectable parameter 1 (Pr <b>29.010</b> )	RW/RO/C
29	Universal parameter access	User selectable parameter 2 (Pr 29.011)	RW/RO/C
30	Universal parameter access	User selectable parameter 3 (Pr 29.012)	RW/RO/C
31	Universal parameter access	User selectable parameter 4 (Pr <b>29.013</b> )	RW/RO/C
32	Universal parameter access	User selectable parameter 5 (Pr <b>29.014</b> )	RW/RO/C
33	Universal parameter access	User selectable parameter 6 (Pr <b>29.015</b> )	RW/RO/C
34	Universal parameter access	User selectable parameter 7 (Pr 29.016)	RW/RO/C
35	Universal parameter access	User selectable parameter 8 (Pr 29.017)	RW/RO/C
36	Universal parameter access	User selectable parameter 9 (Pr 29.018)	RW/RO/C
37	Universal parameter access	User selectable parameter 10 (Pr <b>29.019</b> )	RW/RO/C

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Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	opunization	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

# Table 10-21 Binary input objects

Object ID (BIn)	Object name	Description	Present value access mode
1	Drive binary input 1	Digital input 1 on drive (bi-dir Pr 08.001)	RO
2	Drive binary input 2	Digital input 2 on drive (bi-dir Pr 08.002)	RO
3	Drive binary input 3	Digital input 3 on drive (bi-dir Pr 08.003)	RO
4	Drive binary input 4	Digital input 4 on drive (bi-dir Pr <b>08.004</b> )	RO
5	Drive binary input 5	Digital input 5 on drive (bi-dir Pr <b>08.005</b> )	RO
6	Drive binary input 6	Digital input 6 on drive (bi-dir Pr <b>08.006</b> )	RO
7	Drive binary input 7	Drive enable input (Pr <b>08.009</b> )	RO

# Table 10-22 Binary output objects

Object ID (BOn)	Object name	Description	Present value access mode
1	Drive binary output 1	Digital output 1 on drive (bi-dir Pr 08.001)	С
2	Drive binary output 2	Digital output 2 on drive (bi-dir Pr 08.002)	С
3	Drive binary output 3	Digital output 3 on drive (bi-dir Pr 08.003)	С
4	Drive binary output 4	24V Output (Pr 08.008)	С
5	Drive binary relay 1	Drive relay 1 (Pr <b>08.007</b> )	С
6	Drive binary relay 2	Drive relay 2 (Pr <b>08.045</b> )	С

To control a binary output via BACnet the source parameter for the output must be set to a read/write bit parameter on menu 18. (Pr **18.031** to Pr **18.050** are acceptable).

# Table 10-23 Binary value objects

Object ID (BVn)	Object name	Description	Present value access mode
1	Reset energy meter	Reset drive energy meter (Pr <b>06.024</b> )	RW
2	Filter change required	Filter change required/done (Pr 06.022)	RW*
3	Drive run forward	Run forward (Pr 06.030)	С
4	Drive Heathy	Drive Heathy indication (Pr 10.001)	RO
5	Drive warning	Drive warning/alarm state (Pr <b>10.019</b> )	RO
6	Drive reset	Drive reset (Pr 10.033)	RW**

\* Filter change required / done (Pr 06.022) can only be set to inactive (Boolean FALSE)

\*\*Drive reset (Pr 10.033) will be initiated when set from inactive (Boolean FALSE) to active (Boolean TRUE)

ſ	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	l
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# 10.5 Metesys N2 specification

All Metasys command messages consist of three main parts: **beginning**, **middle**, and **end**. These message segments are described in the following sections.

#### Beginning

The beginning of each message (shown in bold) always contains the **Start Of Message** (**SOM**) character (>) followed by two characters representing the **address** of the intended Metasys device (01-FF).

Example: >01120A0297® read binary input attribute 2

In the above example, > is the start of message character and **01** is the Metasys device address.

#### Middle

The middle of a Metasys message (shown in bold) contains one or more hex characters. The first hex character is the Command; the characters that follow depend on the supplied command.

Example: >01120A0297® read binary input attribute 2

In the above example, "1" is the "Write Field" command. "2" is the "region" (binary input). "**0A**" is the Metasys object number (0A = 10 parameter Pr **08.009**) "**02**" is the attribute number (status).

#### End

The end of a Metasys message (shown in bold) always contains three characters: two characters representing the checksum followed by a carriage return (0x0A). The "®" character is used in these examples to represent the carriage return.

Example: >01120A0297® read binary input attribute 2

Compute the checksum by adding the hexadecimal values of all the ASCII characters in the message EXCLUDING the start of command character (>). Use the last two least significant digits as the checksum.

### Checksum Example

Example: >01120A0297® is a valid Metasys message that includes a checksum.

Where 01120A02 is the data used to calculate the checksum.

#### NOTE

The start of message character is NOT part of the checksum calculation.

To produce the checksum add the decimal values of the ASCII characters that make up the command, convert the sum to Hex, and use the last two digits as the checksum:

Converting the characters (01120A02) to their ASCII hexadecimal equivalents, we have:

0x30 + 0x31 + 0x31 + 0x32 + 0x30 + 0x41 + 0x30 + 0x32 = 0x197

Retaining the last two least significant digits of the sum, the checksum is 0x97

# 10.5.1 Region types

Metasys users will be able to configure any drive parameter and have "point access" to a subset of drive parameters. A "change of state" query will return a status indication of those "points" that changed recently plus the new current value. Alarms and warnings are also supported. In general, any Metasys commands that are identified to be "optional" are not supported by the H300 drive.

The sections below detail the Metasys N2 regions, points, commands, alarms and warnings supported by the H300 drive.

The Metasys protocol supports seven different kinds of "points"; these delineations are called regions. The supported region types are listed in the table below.

### Table 10-24 Region types

	Metasys Point Types	
Region	Name	Description
1	Analog Inputs	Drive Numeric Parameters that are Read-only
2	Binary Inputs	Drive Bit Parameters that are Read-only
3	Analog Outputs	Drive Numeric Parameters that are Read-Write
4	Binary Outputs	Drive Bit Parameters that are Read-Write and Read-only
5	Internal Float Values	H300 private floating point parameters
6	Internal Integer Values	Not used
7	Internal Byte Values	Not used

i	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Within each region, there may be up to 256 "points" which are a selected group of drive parameters that can be accessed. The points available in the drive are detailed in the sections below.

# 10.5.2 Analog Inputs

Analog input points are numeric parameters (real) that are read-only.

#### NOTE

The drive only supports integer parameters with implied decimal point, any such parameter returned by a Metasys query will be in IEEE floating point (not the internal representation in the drive). An analog input cannot be written to but can be overridden. Note that analog inputs, being read-only, cannot be updated on the drive. In this case, overriding an analog input will only change what the Metasys network sees as the value of that point. Point 24 to 28 have limited functionality, they do not support attribute 1 and 8 to 12.

#### Table 10-25 Analog input points

Point	Parameter	Description	Access	Latch on trip
0	04.001	Motor output current magnitude	RO	Yes
1	04.020	Motor output torque % full load	RO	No
2	05.001	Drive output frequency	RO	Yes
3	05.004	Motor Speed	RO	No
4	05.003	Drive output power	RO	Yes
5	10.040	Drive status word	RO	No
6	10.020	Last drive trip	RO	No
7	06.023	Time to next filter change	RO	No
8	06.025	Energy meter (MWh)	RO	No
9	06.026	Energy meter (kWh)	RO	No
10	14.020	Sum of all reference inputs to PID 1	RO	No
11	14.021	Sum of all feedback inputs to PID 1	RO	No
12	14.001	The output from PID 1	RO	No
13	14.050	Sum of all reference inputs to PID 2	RO	No
14	14.051	Sum of all feedback inputs to PID 2	RO	No
15	14.031	The output from PID 2	RO	No
16	07.001	Analog input 1 on drive	RO	Yes
17	07.002	Analog input 2 on drive	RO	Yes
18	Reserved	Reserved		
19	UP 29.010	User Selectable Parameter 1 as BAN Object	RO	No
20	UP 29.011	User Selectable Parameter 2 as BAN Object	RO	No
21	UP 29.012	User Selectable Parameter 3 as BAN Object	RO	No
22	UP 29.013	User Selectable Parameter 4 as BAN Object	RO	No
23	UP 29.014	User Selectable Parameter 5 as BAN Object	RO	No
24	UP 29.015	User Selectable Parameter 6 as BAN Object	RO	No
25	UP 29.016	User Selectable Parameter 7 as BAN Object	RO	No
26	UP 29.017	User Selectable Parameter 8 as BAN Object	RO	No
27	UP 29.018	User Selectable Parameter 9 as BAN Object	RO	No
28	UP 29.019	User Selectable Parameter 10 as BAN Object	RO	No

													,
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Ontimination	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Discretion	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information
										•			

#### Table 10-26 Supported attributes for analog inputs

Attribute	Name	Format	Commands	Notes
1	Object Configuration	Byte	Read, Write	Except for point 24 to 28
2	Object Status	Byte	Read	Response returns status and current value
3	Analog Input Value	Float	Read, Override	Response returns status and current value
8	Low alarm Limit	Float	Read, Write	Except for point 24 to 28
9	Low Warning Limit	Float	Read, Write	Except for point 24 to 28
10	High Warning Limit	Float	Read, Write	Except for point 24 to 28
11	High Alarm Limit	Float	Read, Write	Except for point 24 to 28
12	Differential	Float	Read, Write	Not implemented in this release. Except for point 24 to 28

#### **Object configuration**

The Analog Input Object Configuration byte has the following format:

```
Table 10-27 Analog input object configuration byte
```

Description	Not used	Not used	Not used	Warning Enable	Alarm Enable	Not used	Not used	COS Enable
Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

It is possible to read and write to the Object Configuration byte. Setting the "COS Enable" bit will enter this point into the set of points to be scanned for change whenever a "Poll without Acknowledge" command is received.

Setting the "Warning Enable" and the "Alarm Enable" bits will cause an alarm/warning threshold check to be performed whenever this point is read (status or current value) which may then set the COS alarm/warning bits in the status byte.

#### **Object status**

The Analog Input Object Status byte has the following format:

#### Table 10-28 Analog input object status byte

Description	Not used	COS Status 2	COS Status 1	COS Status 0	Not used	Not used	Override active	Reliable / Unreliable
Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

The "Reliable/Unreliable" bit will be set if the drive has tripped and the parameter is latched on trip.

The "Override Active" bit will be set if an analog input point is overridden. This indicates that the current value being read is an "override" and does not necessarily reflect the value existing in the drive. This action would normally be done during testing of the Metasys building automation network. The only way to clear the "override active" bit is to issue an "Override Release Request" command for this point.

The three COS-status (change of state) bits indicate if an alarm or warning condition exists, as shown below.

#### Table 10-29 COS status bits

COS Status 2	COS Status 1	COS Status 0	Meaning
0	0	0	Normal – no alarm or warning
0	1	1	Low Warning
1	0	0	Low Alarm
1	0	1	High Warning
1	1	0	High Alarm

These bits are re-evaluated whenever the status or current value of the Analog Input Point is queried. They are also re-evaluated whenever a "Poll without Acknowledge" command is received and this point's "COS-enable" bit is set.

It is not possible to "override" the Analog Input Status attribute; the only permissible operation is "Read".

#### Analog input value

The current value is returned as a 32-bit (4 byte) IEEE floating point number. This attribute may be read and may also optionally be "overridden". Overriding the Analog Input Value attribute will freeze its value to the specified setting until an "override release" is issued for that point. Analog Inputs are all read-only so that an "override" command will not change the value in the drive itself.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

#### Alarm and Warning Limits

The alarm/warning limits are returned as 32-bit (4 byte) IEEE floating point numbers. To implement a working alarm/warning system, enter appropriate values (in percent of full scale) into the four alarm/warning limit values. These four points can be read and written, see attributes 8, 9, 10 and 11 in Table 10-26.

# 10.5.3 Binary Inputs

Binary Input points are drive bit parameters (byte) that are read-only. Binary Input cannot be written to; they may be "overridden" it if desired. Note that Binary Inputs, being read-only, cannot be updated on the drive. In this case, overriding a binary input will only change what the Metasys network sees as the value of that point.

Binary inputs are allocated point numbers in the numerical order in which they are defined on their respective option module. Drive binary inputs are allocated first followed by any binary inputs on the option module in slot 1 (if fitted) and then any on the module in slot 2 (if fitted).

#### Table 10-30 Binary input points

Point	Parameter	Description	Access
0	Pr <b>06.022</b>	Filter change required	RO
1	Pr <b>10.001</b>	Drive healthy indication	RO
2	Pr <b>10.019</b>	Drive warning/alarm state	RO
3	Pr <b>08.001</b>	Digital Input 1 on drive (bi-directional)	RO
4	Pr <b>08.002</b>	Digital Input 2 on drive (bi-directional)	RO
5	Pr <b>08.003</b>	Digital Input 3 on drive (bi-directional)	RO
6	Pr <b>08.004</b>	Digital Input 4 on drive	RO
7	Pr <b>08.005</b>	Digital Input 5 on drive	RO
8	Pr <b>08.006</b>	Digital Input 6 on drive	RO
9	Pr 08.009	Drive enable state	RO

Each binary input point has two attributes that can be read and updated:

#### Table 10-31 Binary input point attributes

Attribute	Name	Format	Commands
1	Object Configuration	Byte	Read, Write
2	Object Status	Byte	Read, Override

#### **Object configuration**

The Binary Input Object Configuration byte has the following format:

### Table 10-32 Binary input- object configuration byte

Description	Not used	Not used	Not used	Not used	Alarm Enable	Not used	Normal State	COS Enable
Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

It is possible to read and write to the Object Configuration byte.

Setting the "COS Enable" bit will enter this point into the set of points to be scanned for change whenever a "Poll without Acknowledge" command is received.

The "Normal State" bit serves as a reference for alarm checking. If the "current state" in the status attribute is different from the "Normal State" bit and the alarms have been enabled, then the "Normal/Alarm" bit in the status will be asserted.

Setting the "Alarm Enable" bits will cause an alarm check to be performed whenever this point is read (status or current value) which may then set the COS normal/alarm bit in the status byte.

#### **Object Status**

The Binary Input Object Status byte has the following format:

#### Table 10-33 Binary input object status byte

Description	Not used	Current state	Not used	Normal / Alarm	Not used	Not used	Override active	Reliable / Unreliable
Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

The "Reliable/Unreliable" bit will be set if the binary input is not set as input (point 3-5 only).

The "Override Active" bit will be set if a binary input point is overridden. This indicates that the current state being read is an "override" and does not reflect the value existing in the drive. This action would normally be done during testing of the Metasys building automation network. The only way to clear the "override active" bit is to issue an "Override Release Request" command for this point.

The "Normal/Alarm" bit will set if the "Current State" does not match the "normal state" in the Object Configuration attribute and the "alarm enabled" bit is set in the Object Configuration attribute.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

The "Current State" bit is normally the state of the "binary Input" on the drive. If this point is "overridden", then the "Current State" represents the override value and will remain so until the "Override Release" command is given for this Point.

These bits are re-evaluated whenever the status or current value of the Binary Input Point is queried. They are also re-evaluated whenever a "Poll without Acknowledge" command is received and this point's "COS-enable" bit is set.

The Binary Input Status attribute cannot be written to; the only permissible operations is "Read".

# 10.5.4 Analog Outputs

Analog Output points are floating point drive analog output parameters (float) that are read-write. An Analog Output cannot be written to; but can be "overridden" if desired. Note that Analog Outputs, being read-write, can be updated on the drive. In this case, overriding an analog output will change the value on the drive as well as change what the Metasys network sees as the value of that point.

Analog outputs are allocated point numbers in the numerical order in which they are defined on their respective option module.

#### Table 10-34 Analog Output Points

Point	Parameter	Description	Access
0	Pr <b>01.021</b>	Preset Speed # 1	RW
1	Pr <b>01.006</b>	RW	
2	Pr <b>10.038</b>	User trip	RW
3	Pr <b>06.021</b>	Time between Filter Changes	RW
4	Pr <b>14.025</b>	PID 1 Digital Reference	RW
5	Pr <b>14.026</b>	PID 1 Digital Feedback	RW
6	Pr <b>14.055</b>	PID 2 Digital Reference	RW
7	Pr <b>14.056</b>	PID 1 Digital Feedback	RW
8	Pr <b>07.019</b>	Analog Output 1 Source	RW
9	Pr 07.022	Analog Output 2 Source	RW

Each Analog Output point has three attributes that can be read and updated.

#### Table 10-35 Analog output point attributes

Attribute	Name	Format	Commands	Notes
1	Object Configuration	Byte	Read, Write	-
2	Object Status	Byte	Read	Status reply also returns current value
3	Current Value	Float	Read, Override	Value reply also returns status

#### **Object Configuration**

The Analog Output Object Configuration byte has the following format:

#### Table 10-36 Analog output- object configuration byte

Description	Not Used	COS Enable						
Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

It is possible to read and write to the Object Configuration byte.

Setting the "COS Enable" bit will enter this point into the set of points to be scanned for change whenever a "Poll without Acknowledge" command is received.

#### **Object Status**

The Analog Output Object Status byte has the following format:

#### Table 10-37 Analog output- object status byte

Description	Not used	Override active	Reliable / Unreliable					
Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

The "Reliable/Unreliable" bit will be set if the analog output source is not valid and/or not 16 bit parameter.

The "Override Active" bit will be set if an Analog Output point is overridden. This indicates that the current value being read is an "override" and does not reflect the value existing in the drive. This action would normally be done during testing of the Metasys building automation network. The only way to clear the "override active" bit is to issue an "Override Release Request" command for this point.

These bits are re-evaluated when the status or current value of the Analog Output Point is queried. They are also re-evaluated whenever a "Poll without Acknowledge" command is received and this point's "COS-enable" bit is set.

The Analog Output Status attribute cannot be written to; the only permissible operation is "Read".

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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### **Current Value**

The current value is returned as a 32-bit (4 byte) IEEE floating point number. This attribute can be read and also "overridden". Overriding the Analog Output Value attribute will freeze its value to the specified setting until an "override release" is issued for that point. Analog Inputs are all read-write so that an "override" command WILL change the value in the drive itself.

# 10.5.5 Binary Outputs

Binary Output points are drive bit parameters (byte) that are a combination of read-write and read-only. A Binary Output cannot be written to; rather it can be "overridden" if desired. Note that Binary Outputs, those being read-only, cannot be updated on the drive. In this case, overriding a binary input will only change what the Metasys network sees as the value of that point. The first three points, however, are Read-Write and can be updated on the drive by the "override" command.

Binary outputs are allocated point numbers in the numerical order in which they are defined on their respective option module.

### Table 10-38 Binary Output points

Point	Parameter	Description	Access
0	Pr <b>6.030</b>	Sequencing Bit – Run Forward	RW
1	Pr 10.033	Drive Reset	W
2	Pr <b>6.024</b>	Reset energy meter	RW
3	Pr 8.001	Digital Output 1 on drive (bi-directional)	RO
4	Pr 8.002	Digital Output 2 on drive (bi-directional)	RO
5	Pr 8.003	Digital Output 3 on drive (bi-directional)	RO
6	Pr 8.008	24 Volt Output State	RO
7	Pr 8.007	Relay 1 State Indicator	RO
8	Pr 8.045	Relay 2 State Indicator	RO

Each binary input point has two attributes that can be read and updated.

#### Table 10-39 Binary output point attributes

Attribute	Name	Format	Commands	Notes
1	Object Configuration	Byte	Read, Write	-
2	Object Status	Byte	Read, Override	-
3	Minimum On-time	Integer	-	Not implemented
4	Minimum Off-time	Integer	-	Not implemented
5	Maximum Cycles/Hr	Integer	-	Not implemented

# **Object Configuration**

The Binary Output Object Configuration byte has the following format:

# Table 10-40 Binary output configuration byte

Description	Not used	COS Enable						
Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

It is possible to read and write to the Object Configuration byte.

Setting the "COS Enable" bit will enter this point into the set of points to be scanned for change whenever a "Poll without Acknowledge" command is received.

#### **Object Status**

The Binary Output Object Status byte has the following format:

#### Table 10-41 Binary output status byte

Description	Not used	Current state	Not used	Not used	Not used	Not used	Override active	Reliable / Unreliable
Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

The "Reliable/Unreliable" bit will be set if:

the digital output source is not valid

• and/or the source is not 1 bit parameter

· the terminal is not selected as output

The "Override Active" bit will be set if a Binary Output point is overridden. This indicates that the current state being read is an "override" and does not reflect the value existing in the drive. This action would normally be done during testing of the Metasys building automation network. The only way to clear the "override active" bit is to issue an "Override Release Request" command for this point.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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The "Current State" bit reflects the value of the drive's binary output. Any of the Binary Output points may be overridden. However, only the first two are read-write and can thus update the bit value in the drive.

These bits are re-evaluated whenever the status or current values of the Binary Output Point are queried. They are also re-evaluated whenever a "Poll without Acknowledge" command is received and this point's "COS-enable" bit is set.

The Binary Output Status attribute cannot be written to; the only permissible operation is "Read" or "Override".

# 10.5.6 Internal Float Values (used to access specified drive parameters)

Internal float points are not associated with any drive parameter, rather they are resident in the Metasys controller. The three defined Internal Float points are given a specific behaviour that allows the Metasys user to manipulate them to gain access to any drive parameter. Use Attribute number 1 or 2 to read the Status byte and the Internal Float value for each point.

## Table 10-42 Internal float value points

Point	Parameter	Description	Access	Notes
0	Internal Float 0	Menu/Parameter (specified as a float where 1.25 is parameter #1.25)	RW	Reading returns the status and Menu/ Parameter as a float
1	Internal Float 1	Value (specified as a float) e.g. 1.0 = 1 for bit parameters, 62.5 for decimal parameters.	RW	Reading returns the status and the Value as a float
2	Internal Float 2	Read/Write Command Code 0 = Idle, 1 = Write, 2 = Read	RW	Reading returns the status and the Command Code as a float

# **Object Status**

The Internal Float Object Status byte has the following format:

# Table 10-43 Internal float value status byte

Description	Not used	Reliable / Unreliable						
Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

The "Reliable/Unreliable" bit will be set if the drive has tripped.

The Internal Float Points do not participate in COS polling operations

#### Table 10-44 Attributes supported for Internal Float Values

Attribute	Name	Commands
1	Object Status	Read
2	Current Value	Read, Override

The Internal Float Status attribute cannot be written to; the only permissible operation is "Read".

Writing to the Current Value of Internal Float, Point 1 changes the value on the drive if the parameter exists and the Internal Float, Point 2 Command Code is 1.

# **Current Value**

The current value of each point is returned as a 32-bit (4 byte) IEEE floating point number.

#### Using the Internal Float Points to Access any Drive Parameter

A very specific sequence must be followed to use the Internal Float Points to gain access to any drive parameter.

#### Read a drive parameter

- Write the desired menu and parameter number (mm.ppp) to Internal Float, Point 0
- Write the "read" command code (2) to Internal Float, Point 2
- Read the mm.ppp Internal Float, Point 0 to ensure that it has been cleared to zero indicating data is ready
- Read the Internal Float, Point 1 which will return the floating point value of the requested parameter

#### Write a drive parameter

- Write the desired menu and parameter number (mm.ppp) to Internal Float, Point 0
- Write the "write" command code (1) to Internal Float, Point 2
- Write the new parameter value to Internal Float, Point 1

#### NOTE

Internal Integer Values and Internal Byte Values. While the Metasys protocol provides for Internal Integer Points and Internal Byte Points, Control Techniques has not implemented any functionality for them. Attempts to access Internal Integer and Internal Byte Points will result in an error message.

	int	Safety formation	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Table 10-45

Point	Parameter	Description
0	N/A	Not implemented

# 10.5.7 List of Metasys Commands Supported

 Table 10-46
 List of Metasys commands supported

	Command
Synch Time Command	Write Binary Output Command
Poll Without Ack Message	Write Internal Parameter Command
Read Analog Input Command	Override Analog Input Command
Read Binary Input Command	Override Binary Input Command
Read Analog Output Command	Override Analog Output Command
Read Binary Output Command	Override Binary Output Command
Read Internal Parameter Command	Override Internal Parameter Command
Write Analog Input Command	Override Release Request
Write Binary Input Command	Identify Device Type Command
Write Analog Output Command	-

# Table 10-47 List of Metasys commands NOT supported

	Command
Read Memory Command	Read Binary Input Attributes Request
Warm Start	Read Analog Output Attributes Request
Status Update Request	Read Binary Output Attributes Request
Write Internal Parameter Command	Upload Request
Write Analog Input Attributes Request	Upload Record
Write Binary Input Attributes Request	Upload Complete
Write Analog Output Attributes Request	Download Request
Write Binary Output Attributes Request	Download Record
Read Analog Input Attributes Request	Download Complete

# Change of State Support

The H300 Metasys Protocol handler permits Change-of-State (COS) queries. This allows the network to poll a Metasys node (H300) to determine which points have changed value since the last query. The response to such a poll is a list of those points that have changed, including the region number, point number, status and current value. It is possible that the COS response contains multiple points that have changed. The report that a point has changed state is only given once, future COS polls will go unanswered until the point actually changes state again. This is a great convenience to the Metasys user in that the network doesn't have to continually poll a large number of points to detect a change; rather a list of these points is sent to the H300 node and polling queries will result in just the specified points being checked for change. The results are culled into a single response message. Best of all, if nothing happened since the last poll, there is no response (just a short acknowledgement).

#### Selecting Points for COS Polling

Analog Input, Binary Input, Analog Output and Binary Output Points all can be selected for COS polling. The user must set the COS\_Enable bit beforehand. For example, to place the "Drive Healthy" Pr **10.001** into the COS polling list, we just need to write to its configuration byte and set the COS\_Enable bit.

# Table 10-48 Binary input- object configuration byte

Description	Not used	Not used	Not used	Not used	Alarm Enable	Not used	Normal State	COS Enable
Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

Set COS Enable bit to place Binary Input, Point 2 (Drive Healthy) into the COS polling list.

Safet	 Mechanical installation	Electrical	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
monna	installation	matanation	Starteu	parameters	motor		operation	Automation	parameters	uata		mormation

#### How a Change-of-State is evaluated

The algorithm used to determine that a point "changed state" and should be included in the COS reply message depends on the point being checked.

#### Table 10-49 Change of state evaluation

Point type	Region	COS Detection method
Analog Inputs	1	COS detected when "current value" transitions into one of the four alarm/warning regions (high Alarm, High Warning, Low Warning and Low Alarm) or when "current value" transitions back to Normal.
Binary Inputs	2	COS detected when "current state" bit value changes logic state.
Analog Outputs	3	COS detected when "current value" changes
Binary Outputs	4	COS detected when "current state" bit value changes logic state.
Internal Floats	5	Internal Float Points do not participate in COS operations.

#### COS is Only Returned Once

When a COS enabled point changes state, this fact is reported only once when the node is "polled". Future COS polls will not return COS data for that point until it changes state again.

#### Only COS "Poll Without Acknowledge" Message is Supported

The Control Techniques Metasys protocol handler only supports "Poll without Ack" queries.

#### **Alarm Processing**

Alarm processing is available for Analog Input and Binary Input points only. The alarm condition is evaluated only when the point is read via a "read" command or a "COS" poll.

#### Alarms for Analog Inputs

The Analog Input point must have alarms and warnings enabled to participate in alarm processing. The alarm and warning enable bits reside in the Configuration Attribute.

#### Table 10-50 Analog input object configuration byte

Description	Not used	Not used	Not used	Warning Enable	Alarm Enable	Not used	Not used	COS Enable	
Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	

Turning on the "COS enable" bit will also cause the point's alarm/warning status to be evaluated whenever a COS polling message is received.

The alarm information is contained in three COS Status bits of the Analog Input Object Status Byte, as shown below.

#### Table 10-51 Analog input object status byte

Description	Not used	COS Status 2	COS Status 1	COS Status 0	Not used	Not used	Override active	Reliable / Unreliable
Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

The meaning of the COS Status bits is shown in the following state table:

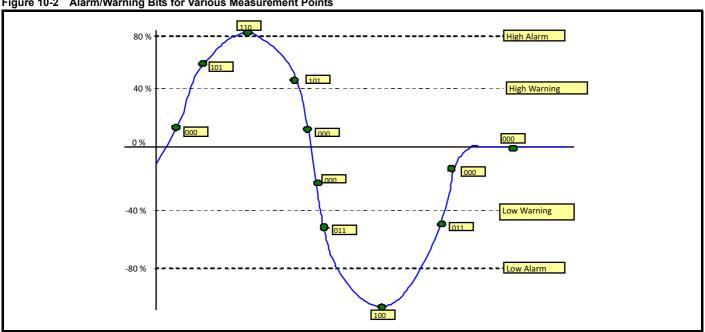
# Table 10-52 COS status bit state table

COS Status 2	COS Status 1	COS Status 0	Description	
0	0	0	Normal – no warning or alarm condition	
0	1	1	Low Warning	
1	0	0	Low Alarm	
1	0	1	High Warning	
1	1	0	High Alarm	

Overleaf is a depiction of an analog input signal traversing all alarm/warning regions.

Safety information         Product information         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor         Optimization	NV Media Card Building Advanced Technical Operation Automation parameters data Diagnostics UL listin	•
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### Figure 10-2 Alarm/Warning Bits for Various Measurement Points



# Alarms for Binary Inputs

An alarm for Binary Input points will be raised when the "current state" returned in the Status attribute bit 6 differs from the "normal state" stored in the Configuration attribute bit 1. The alarms have to be "enabled" for this to occur (bit 3 of the Configuration attribute).

# Table 10-53 Binary input- object configuration byte

Description	Not used	Not used	Not used	Not used	Alarm Enable	Not used	Normal State	COS Enable
Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

The alarm will be indicated in bit 4 of the Binary Input status attribute.

# Table 10-54 Binary input object status byte

Description	Not used	Current state	Not used	Normal / Alarm	Not used	Not used	Override active	Reliable / Unreliable
Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
					-								

# 11 Advanced parameters

This is a quick reference to all parameters in the drive showing units, ranges limits etc, with block diagrams to illustrate their function. Full descriptions of the parameters can be found in the *Parameter Reference Guide*.



These advanced parameters are listed for reference purposes only. The lists in this chapter do not include sufficient information for adjusting these parameters. Incorrect adjustment can affect the safety of the system, and damage the drive and or external equipment. Before attempting to adjust any of these parameters, refer to the *Parameter Reference Guide*.

# Table 11-1 Menu descriptions

Menu	Description
0	Commonly used basic set up parameters for quick / easy programming
1	Frequency / Speed reference
2	Ramps
3	Speed feedback and speed control
4	Torque and current control
5	Motor control
6	Sequencer and clock
7	Analog I/O, Temperature monitoring
8	Digital I/O
9	Programmable logic, motorized pot, binary sum, timers and scope
10	Status and trips
11	Drive set-up and identification, serial communications
12	Threshold detectors and variable selectors
13	Standard motion control
14	User PID controller
15	Option module slot 1 set-up menu
16	Option module slot 2 set-up menu
17	Option module slot 3 set-up menu
18	General option module application menu 1
19	General option module application menu 2
20	General option module application menu 3
22	Menu 0 set-up
23	Not allocated
28	Reserved menu
29	Building Automation Network Setup
Slot 1	Slot 1 option menus*
Slot 2	Slot 2 option menus*
Slot 3	Slot 3 option menus*

\* Only displayed when the option modules are installed.

# Operation mode abbreviations:

#### Open-loop:

Sensorless control for induction motors

### **RFC-A Sensorless:**

Asynchronous Rotor Flux Sensorless Control for induction motors

**RFC-S Sensorless**: Synchronous Rotor Flux Sensorless Control for synchronous motors including permanent magnet motors.

### Default abbreviations:

Standard default value (50 Hz AC supply frequency)

USA default value (60 Hz AC supply frequency)

# NOTE

Parameter numbers shown in brackets {...} are the equivalent Menu 0 parameters. Some Menu 0 parameters appear twice since their function depends on the operating mode.

The Range - RFC-A / S column applies to both RFC-A and RFC-S. For some parameters, this column applies to only one of these modes, this is indicated accordingly in the Default columns.

In some cases, the function or range of a parameter is affected by the setting of another parameter. The information in the lists relates to the default condition of any parameters affected in this way.

#### Table 11-2 Key to parameter table coding

Coding	Attribute
RW	Read/Write: can be written by the user
RO	Read only: can only be read by the user
Bit	1 bit parameter. 'On' or 'Off' on the display
Num	Number: can be uni-polar or bi-polar
Txt	
Bin	Text: the parameter uses text strings instead of numbers.
	Binary parameter
IP	IP Address parameter
Мас	Mac Address parameter
Date	Date parameter
Time	Time parameter
Chr	Character parameter
FI	Filtered: some parameters which can have rapidly changing values are filtered when displayed on the drive keypad for easy viewing.
DE	Destination: This parameter selects the destination of an input or logic function.
RA	Rating dependent: this parameter is likely to have different values and ranges with drives of different voltage and current ratings. Parameters with this attribute will be transferred to the destination drive by non-volatile storage media when the rating of the destination drive is different from the source drive and the file is a parameter file. However, the values will be transferred if only the current rating is different and the file is a difference from default type file.
ND	No default: The parameter is not modified when defaults are loaded
NC	Not copied: not transferred to or from non-volatile media during copying.
PT	Protected: cannot be used as a destination.
US	User save: parameter saved in drive EEPROM when the user initiates a parameter save.
PS	Power-down save: parameter automatically saved in drive EEPROM when the under volts (UV) trip occurs.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

# Table 11-3 Feature look-up table

Feature						Related	parame	ters (Pr)					
Acceleration rates	02.010		11 to 019	02.032	02.033	02.034	02.002						
Analog speed reference 1	01.036		019		07.008	07.009		07.026	07.030				
Analog speed reference 2	01.030	07.010		07.007			07.023		07.030				
Analog I/O	Menu 7	01.011	01.011	07.002	07.011	01.012	01.010	01.020	01.001				
Analog input 1	07.001	07.007	07.008	07.009	07.010	07.025	07.026	07.028	07.030	07.040	07.043	07.051	
Analog input 2	07.002	07.011	07.012	07.013	07.014	07.022	07.023	07.027	07.031	07.041	07.044		
Analog output 1	07.019			07.033									
Analog output 2	07.022												
Application menu	-	u 18	-	iu 19	_	u 20							
At speed indicator bit	03.006	03.007	03.009		10.005	10.007							
Auto reset	10.034 05.010		10.036 05.017		05.025								
Autotune Catch a spinning motor	06.009	05.012	05.017	05.024	05.025								
Coast to stop	06.009	05.040											
Comms		)23 to 11.	026										
Copying	11.042		020 036 to 11	040									
Cost - per kWh electricity	06.016	06.017		06.025	06.026	06.040							
Current controller	04.013	04.014											
Current feedback	04.001	04.002	04.017		04.012	04.020	04.023	04.024	04.026	10.008	10.009	10.017	
Current limits	04.005		04.007	04.018	04.015		04.016			10.008	10.009	10.017	
DC bus voltage	05.005	02.008											
DC injection braking	06.006	06.007											
Deceleration rates	02.020	02.0 02.	21 to 029	02.004	02.0 02.	35 to 037	02.002	02.008	06.001	10.030	10.031	10.039	02.009
Defaults	11.043	11.046											
Digital I/O	Menu 8												
Digital I/O read word	08.020												
Digital I/O T22	08.001		08.021										
Digital I/O T23	08.002	08.012	08.022	08.032									
Digital I/O T24	08.003	08.013	08.023	08.033									
Digital input T25 Digital input T26	08.004 08.005	08.014 08.015	08.024 08.025	08.039									
Digital input T26	08.005	08.015	08.025										
Digital output T3	08.000	08.010	08.020	00.039									
Direction	10.013	06.030		01 003	10.014	02 001	03 002	08 003	08 004	10 040			
Drive active	10.002	10.040	00.001	01.000	10.011	02.001	00.002	00.000	00.001	10.010			
Drive derivative	11.028												
Drive Healthy	10.001	08.027	08.007	08.017	10.036	10.040							
Dynamic performance	05.026												
Dynamic V/F	05.013												
Enable		08.009											
External trip	10.032	08.010	08.007										
Fan speed	06.045												
Fast disable	06.029	05.000											
Field weakening - induction motor Field weakening - PM motor		05.028 01.006	05.000										
Field weakening - PM motor Fire mode		01.006	05.009										
Filter change		06.018											
Frequency reference selection	01.019												
High stability space vector		51.013											
modulation	05.019												
I/O sequencer	06.004	06.030	06.031	06.032	06.033	06.034	06.042	06.043	06.041				
Inertia compensation		05.012											
Keypad reference	01.017		01.043		06.012	06.013							
Line power supply loss		10.015											
Logic function 1		09.004											
Logic function 2		09.014	09.015	09.016	09.017	09.018	09.019	09.020					
Maximum speed	01.006												
Menu 0 set-up		u 22			1								
Minimum speed	01.007	10.004											
Modules - number of	11.035				05.040	05.011							
Motor man			NE NOO	106 000									
Motor map Motorized potentiometer	05.006 09.021				05.010		00 007	09.028					

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electric installati		etting tarted pa	Basic arameters	Running the motor	Optimizatio		edia Card eration	Building Automation	Advance paramete		Fechnical data	Diagn	nostics	UL listing information
Feature									Related	l parame	ters (Pr)						
Offset spe	eed refere	nce	01	.004	01.038	01.009				ľ.							
Onboard	PLC			11.0	047 to 11	.051											
Open loop	p vector m	node	05	5.014	05.017	05.023											
Operating	, mode		00	0.048	11.031	03.024	05.014										
Output			05	5.001	05.002	05.003	05.004										
Overspee	ed thresho	ld	03	8.008													
PID control	oller			Men	u 14												
Positive lo	ogic		08	3.029													
Power up	paramete	er	11	.022	11.021												
Preset sp	eeds		01	1.015	01.	021 to 01	.028	01.016	01.014	01.042	01.0	045 to 01	.048	01.	.050		
Programn	nable logi	C	Me	enu 9													
Quasi squ	uare opera	ation	05	5.020													
Ramp (ac	ccel / dece	l) mode	02	2.004	02.008	06.001	02.002	02.003	10.030	10.031	10.039						
Rated spe			05	5.008													
Regenera			10	0.010	10.011	10.030	10.031	06.001	10.012	10.039	10.040						
Relay out	puts		08	3.007	08.017	08.027	8.045	8.055	8.065								
Reset	-		10	0.033	08.002			10.035	10.036	10.001	1						
RFC-A Se	ensorless		03	3.024	03.042	04.012											-
S ramp			02	2.006	02.007	1	1	1	1	1	1						
Sample ra	ates		05	5.018	1	1	1	1	1	1	1						
Safe Torg	ue Off inp	ut	08	3.009	08.010												
Security c			11	.030	11.044												
Serial con				11.0	23 to 11	.026											_
Skip spee	eds		01	1.029	01.030	01.031	01.032	01.033	01.034	01.035							
Slip comp			05	5.027	05.008												
NV media				11.0	36 to 11	.040	11.042										
Firmware	version		11	.029	11.034												
Speed co	ntroller				10 to 03	3.017	03.019	03.020	03.021								
Speed fee	edback		03	3.002	03.003	03.004											
Speed fee	edback - d	rive	03	3.026													
Speed ref	ference se	election	01	1.014	01.015	01.049	01.050	01.001									
Status wo	ord		10	0.040													-
Supply			06	6.044	05.005												
	frequenc	V	05	5.018	05.035	07.034	07.035										
	orotection		05	5.018	05.035	07.004	07.005	07.006	07.032	07.035	10.018						_
	orotection		04	1.015	05.007	04.019		04.025	07.015								
Thermisto				.007	7.001	7.053	7.011	7.002	7.058						$\rightarrow$		
	detector	1		2.001		003 to 12	-										
Threshold				2.002		023 to 12							L		-+		
Time - filte					06.018			1							$\rightarrow$		
	wered up					06.028							L		-+		
Time - rur		~				06.028		1							$\rightarrow$		
Torque	0					05.032											
Torque me	ode						04.010										+
Trip detec					10.038		020 to 10		1	1	1				-+		+
Trip log	-				20 to 10			041 to 10	.051	06.028	10.0	070 to 10	.079				+
Under vol	Itage		05			10.015					1						+
V/F mode	-				05.014		1	†	1	1	1				-+		+
Variable s					008 to 12												+
Variable s					28 to 12		1	<u> </u>			1						
Velocity fe		rd	01		01.040		1	<u> </u>			1				-+		
Voltage co		-	-	5.031			1				1				-+		+
Voltage m					05.017	05.023	05.015				-				-+		
Voltage ra						05.005									-+		+
Voltage si					05.005										-+		+
Warning	עיללא						10.018	10 040			ł				$\rightarrow$		
					10.012	10.017	10.010	10.040			1		1				

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# 11.1 Parameter ranges and Variable minimum/maximums:

Some parameters in the drive have a variable range with a variable minimum and a variable maximum values which is dependent on one of the following:

- The settings of other parameters
- The drive rating
- The drive mode
- Combination of any of the above

The tables below give the definition of variable minimum/maximum and the maximum range of these.

VM_AC_V	<b>(OLTAGE</b> Range applied to parameters showing AC voltage
Units	V
Range of [MIN]	0
Range of [MAX]	0 to 930
Definition	VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MAX] is drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 11-4
	VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MIN] = 0

VM_AC_V	/OLTAGE_SET	Range applied to the AC voltage set-up parameters
Units	V	
Range of [MIN]	0	
Range of [MAX]	0 to 690	
Definition	VM_AC_VOLTAGE	_SET[MAX] is drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 11-4
Deminition	VM_AC_VOLTAGE	_SET[MIN] = 0

VM_A	ACCEL_RATE Maximum applied to the ramp rate parameters
Units	s / 100 Hz, s / 1000 rpm, s / 1000 mm/s
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop: 0.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.000
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop: 0.0 to 3200.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.000 to 3200.000
Definition	A maximum needs to be applied to the ramp rate parameters because the units are a time for a change of speed from zero to a defined level or to maximum speed. The defined level is 100 Hz for Open-loop mode and 1000rpm or 1000mm/s for RFC-A and RFC-S modes. If the change of speed is to the maximum speed then changing the maximum speed changes the actual ramp rate for a given ramp rate parameter value. The variable maximum calculation ensures that longest ramp rate (parameter at its maximum value) is not slower than the rate with the defined level, i.e. 3200.00 s / Hz for Open-loop mode, and 3200.000 s / 1000 rpm or 3200.000 s / 1000 mm/s for RFC-A and RFC-S modes. The maximum frequency/speed is taken from <i>Maximum Reference Clamp</i> (01.006) if <i>Select Motor 2 Parameters</i> (11.045) = 0, or <i>M2 Maximum Reference Clamp</i> (21.001) if <i>Select Motor 2 Parameters</i> (11.045) = 1. Open-loop mode VM_ACCEL_RATE[MIN] = 0.0 If Ramp Rate Units (02.039) = 0: VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX] = 3200.0 Otherwise: VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX] = 3200.0 x Maximum frequency / 100.0 RFC-A, RFC-S modes VM_ACCEL_RATE[MIN] = 0.000 If Ramp Rate Units (02.039) = 0: VM_ACCEL_RATE[MIN] = 0.000 If Ramp Rate Units (02.039) = 0: VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX] = 3200.000 VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX] = 3200.000 VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX] = 3200.000 VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX] = 3200.000

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VM_DC_\	/OLTAGE	Range applied to parameters showing DC voltage
Units	V	
Range of [MIN]	0	
Range of [MAX]	0 to 1190	
Definition	VM_DC_VOLTAGE[MAX] drive voltage rating depen VM_DC_VOLTAGE[MIN] =	

VM_DC_V	DLTAGE_SET Range applie	d to DC voltage reference parameters
Units	V	
Range of [MIN]	0	
Range of [MAX]	0 to 1150	
Definition	VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX] is drive v VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MIN] = 0	oltage rating dependent. See Table 11-4

VM_DRIV	'E_CURRENT	Range applied to parameters showing current in A
Units	A	
Range of [MIN]	-99999.999 to 0.000	
Range of [MAX]	0.000 to 99999.999	
Definition	by Full Scale Current	
	VM_DRIVE_CURREN	NT[MIN] = - VM_DRIVE_CURRENT[MAX]

VM_DRIVE_CUR	RENT_UNIPOLAR Unipolar version of VM_DRIVE_CURRENT
Units	A
Range of [MIN]	0.000
Range of [MAX]	0.000 to 99999.999
Definition	VM_DRIVE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR[MAX] = VM_DRIVE_CURRENT[MAX] VM_DRIVE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR[MIN] = 0.000

VM_HIGH_DC_VOLTAGE		Range applied to parameters showing high DC voltage			
Units	V				
Range of [MIN]	0				
Range of [MAX]	0 to 1500				
Definition		_TAGE[MAX] is the full scale DC bus voltage feedback for the high DC bus voltage measurement the voltage if it goes above the normal full scale value. This level is drive voltage rating dependent. _TAGE[MIN] = 0			

VM_LOV	V_UNDER_VOLTS	Range applied the low under-voltage threshold	
Units	V	V	
Range of [MIN]	24		
Range of [MAX]	24 to 1150		
Definition	If Back-up Mode En	_VOLTS[MAX] = VM_STD_UNDER_VOLTS[MIN] pable (06.068) = 1: _VOLTS[MAX] = VM_STD_UNDER_VOLTS[MIN] / 1.1.	

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VM_MIN_SWITCH	<b>NG_FREQUENCY</b> Range applied to the minimum switching frequency parameter	
Units	User units	
Range of [MIN]	0	
Range of [MAX]	0 to 6	
Definition	VM_MIN_SWITCHING_FREQUENCY[MAX] = Maximum Switching Frequency (05.018) VM_MIN_SWITCHING_FREQUENCY[MIN] = 0 for motor control modes, or 1 for Regen mode (subject to the maximum)	

	R1_CURRENT_LIMIT R2_CURRENT_LIMIT
Units	%
Range of [MIN]	0.0
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0
	VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MIN] = 0.0
	$\begin{array}{l} \textbf{Open-loop}\\ VM\_MOTOR1\_CURRENT\_LIMIT[MAX] = (I_{Tlimit} / I_{Trated}) \times 100 \ \%\\ Where:\\ I_{Tlimit} = I_{MaxRef} x \cos(sin^{-1}(I_{Mrated} / I_{MaxRef})))\\ I_{Mrated} = \Pr \ \textbf{05.007} \ sin \ \varphi\\ I_{Trated} = \Pr \ \textbf{05.007} \ x \cos \ \varphi\\ \cos \ \varphi = \Pr \ \textbf{05.010}\\ I_{MaxRef} \ is \ 0.7 \ x \ \Pr \ \textbf{11.061} \ when the motor rated current set in \ \Pr \ \textbf{05.007} \ is the lower of \ 0.7 \ x \ \Pr \ \textbf{11.061} \ or \ 1.1 \ x \ \Pr \ \textbf{11.061} \ or \ 1.1 \ x \ \Pr \ \textbf{11.061} \ or \ 1.1 \ x \ \Pr \ \textbf{11.061} \ or \ 1.1 \ x \ \Pr \ \textbf{11.061} \ or \ 1.1 \ x \ \Pr \ \textbf{11.061} \ or \ 1.1 \ x \ \Pr \ \textbf{11.061} \ or \ 1.1 \ x \ \Pr \ \textbf{11.061} \ or \ 1.1 \ x \ \Pr \ \textbf{11.061} \ or \ 1.1 \ x \ \Pr \ \textbf{11.061} \ ar \ 1.1 \ x \ \Pr \ \textbf{11.061} \ ar \ 1.1 \ x \ \Pr \ \textbf{11.061} \ ar \ 1.1 \ x \ \Pr \ \textbf{11.061} \ ar \ 1.1 \ x \ \Pr \ \textbf{11.061} \ ar \ 1.1 \ x \ \Pr \ \textbf{11.061} \ ar \ 1.1 \ x \ \Pr \ \textbf{11.061} \ ar \ 1.1 \ x \ \Pr \ \textbf{11.061} \ ar \ 1.1 \ x \ \Pr \ \textbf{11.061} \ ar \ 1.1 \ x \ \Pr \ \textbf{11.061} \ ar \ 1.1 \ x \ \Pr \ \textbf{11.061} \ ar \ 1.1 \ x \ \Pr \ \textbf{11.061} \ x \ \textbf{11.061} \ ar \ \textbf{11.061} \ x \ \textbf{11.061} $
Definition	<b>11.060</b> (i.e. Normal duty). <b>RFC-A</b> VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX] = (I <sub>Tlimit</sub> / I <sub>Trated</sub> ) x 100 % Where: I <sub>Tlimit</sub> = I <sub>MaxRef</sub> x cos(sin <sup>-1</sup> (I <sub>Mrated</sub> / I <sub>MaxRef</sub> )) I <sub>Mrated</sub> = Pr <b>05.007</b> x sin $\phi_1$ ITrated = Pr <b>05.007</b> x cos $\phi_1$ $\phi_1$ = cos-1 (Pr <b>05.010</b> ) + $\phi_2$ . $\phi_1$ is calculated during an autotune. See the variable minimum / maximum calculations in the <i>Parameter Reference Guide</i> for more information regarding $\phi_2$ . I <sub>MaxRef</sub> is 0.9 x Pr <b>11.061</b> when the motor rated current set in Pr <b>05.007</b> is the lower of 0.9 x Pr <b>11.061</b> or 1.1 x Pr
	11.060 (i.e. Normal duty). RFC-S and Regen VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX] = (I <sub>MaxRef</sub> / Pr 05.007) x 100 % Where: I <sub>MaxRef</sub> is 0.9 x Pr 11.061 when the motor rated current set in Pr 05.007 is the lower of 0.9 x Pr 11.061 or 1.1 x Pr 11.060 (i.e. Normal duty).

IVE_REF_CLAMP1 IVE_REF_CLAMP2	Limits applied to the	negative frequency or speed clamp			
Open-loop: Hz RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm or mm	Open-loop: Hz RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm or mm/s				
Open-loop: -550.0 to 0.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: -50000.0 to	o 0.0				
Open-loop: 0.0 to 550.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 5000	00.0				
Negative Reference Clamp Enable (01.008)	Bipolar Reference Enable (01.010)	VM_NEGATIVE_REF_ CLAMP1[MIN]	VM_NEGATIVE_REF_ CLAMP1[MAX]		
0	0	0.0	Pr <b>01.006</b>		
0	1	0.0	0.0		
1	Х	-VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP[MAX]	0.0		
	IVE_REF_CLAMP2           Open-loop: Hz           RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm or mn           Open-loop: -550.0 to 0.0           RFC-A, RFC-S: -50000.0 t           Open-loop: 0.0 to 550.0           RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 500           0	Limits applied to the formula         Limits applied to the formula         Open-loop: Hz         RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm or mm/s         Open-loop: -550.0 to 0.0         RFC-A, RFC-S: -50000.0 to 0.0         Open-loop: 0.0 to 550.0         RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 50000.0         0       0         0       0         0       0         0       0         0       1	IVE_REF_CLAMP2         Limits applied to the negative frequency or speed clamp           Open-loop: Hz         RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm or mm/s           Open-loop: -550.0 to 0.0         RFC-A, RFC-S: -50000.0 to 0.0           Open-loop: 0.0 to 550.0         RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 50000.0           Pen-loop: 0.0 to 550.0         RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 50000.0           RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 50000.0         CLAMP1[WIN]           0         0         0.0           0         1         0.0		

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	OSITIVE_R	EF_CLAM EF_CLAM	P2	Lin	nits applie	d to the pos	itive frequenc	cy or speed	reference c	lamp		
Units		Open-loop: Hz RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm or mm/s										
Range of [MIN]		Open-loop: 0.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0										
Range of [MAX]	Company         Open-loop: 550.0           RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 50000.0											
	b p a f	below. The l possible to d bove the le eedback de aken not to	imit is b disable t evel whe evice itse	ased on th his limit if t re the drive elf may hav a speed th	e position he <i>RFC F</i> e can inte re a maxir	feedback d Feedback M rpret the fee mum speed	longer interpre evice selecter ode (03.024) = edback in sen limit that is lo age to the pos	d with <i>Moto</i> $\geq$ 1 so that sorless moo wer than th sition feedba	or Control Fe the motor ca de. It should ose given ir	eedback S an be ope I be noted the table	Select (03.0 erated at a s d that the po	26). It is speed sition
		AB, AB Servo			(500 kHz x 60 / rotary lines per revolution) rpm (500 kHz / linear line pitch in mm) mm/s							
Definition		FD, FR, FD Servo,	FR Serv	0	(500	) kHz x 60 /	rotary lines per r line pitch in i	er revolutior	/ 1			
		SC, SC Hiper, S SC SSI, S(		at,	•	(500 kHz x 60 / sine waves per revolution) rpm (500 kHz x linear line pitch in mm) mm/s						
		Any other device 50000.0 rpm or mm/s										
	li li V	n RFC mod mit for VM_ /M_POSITI	e a limit _POSITI VE_REI	is applied VE_REF_ <sup>=</sup> _CLAMP	to the spe CLAMP1[ 1[MIN] = (	eed referend MAX] will be 0.0	MAX] is fixed ce of 550 x 60 e 16,500 rpm.	/ Motor pol	e pairs. The			motor the
	VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP2 is defined in the same way as VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP1 except VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP2[MAX] defines the range of the positive reference clamp, <i>M2 Maximum Reference</i> <i>Clamp</i> (21.001), which in turn limits the references.					efines the ra						ence

	VM_POWER	Range applied to parameters that either set or display power
Units	kW	
Range of [MIN]	-99999.999 to 0.000	0
Range of [MAX]	0.000 to 99999.999	
		is rating dependent and is chosen to allow for the maximum power that can be output by the drive output voltage, at maximum controlled current and unity power factor.
Definition	VM_POWER[MAX]	= $\sqrt{3} \times VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MAX] \times VM_DRIVE_CURRENT[MAX] / 1000$
	VM_POWER[MIN]	= -VM_POWER[MAX]

VM_RATE	D_CURRENT	Range applied to rated current parameters
Units	A	
Range of [MIN]	0.000	
Range of [MAX]	0.000 to 99999.999	
Definition	VM_RATED_CURRENT   Normal Duty rating of the VM_RATED_CURRENT	

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	VM_SPEED	Range applied to parameters showing speed
Units	Open-loop, RFC-A	A, RFC-S: rpm or mm/s
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop, RFC-A	A, RFC-S: -50000.0 to 0.0
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop, RFC-A	A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 50000.0
		mum/maximum defines the range of speed monitoring parameters. To allow headroom for overshoot twice the range of the speed references.
Definition	VM_SPEED[MAX] = 2 x VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]	
	VM_SPEED[MIN]	= 2 x VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MIN]

VM_SPEED	_FREQ_KEYPAD_REF	Range applied Key	ypad Control Mode Reference (01.017)	
Units	Open-loop: Hz RFC-A	A, RFC-S: rpm or mm/s		
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop: -550.0 to	0.0 to 550.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: -50000.0 to 50000.0		
Range of [MAX]         Open-loop: 0.0 to 550.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 50000.0		o 50000.0		
	This variable maximum is applied to <i>Keypad Control Mode Reference</i> (01.017). The maximum applied to these parameters is the same as other frequency reference parameters. VM_SPEED_FREQ_USER_REFS [MAX] = VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX] However the minimum is dependent on <i>Negative Reference Clamp Enable</i> (01.008) and <i>Bipolar Reference Er</i> (01.010).		ference parameters.	
		n is dependent on Negat	ive Reference Clamp Enable (01.008) and Bipolar Reference Enable	
Definition		n is dependent on <i>Negat</i> Bipolar Reference Enable (01.010)	ive Reference Clamp Enable (01.008) and Bipolar Reference Enable VM_SPEED_FREQ_USER_REFS[MIN]	
Definition	(01.010). Negative Reference Clamp	Bipolar Reference		
Definition	(01.010). Negative Reference Clamp	Bipolar Reference Enable (01.010)	VM_SPEED_FREQ_USER_REFS[MIN] If Select Motor 2 Parameters (11.045) = 0 Minimum Reference	
Definition	(01.010). Negative Reference Clamp	Bipolar Reference Enable (01.010)	VM_SPEED_FREQ_USER_REFS[MIN]         If Select Motor 2 Parameters (11.045) = 0 Minimum Reference         Clamp (01.007), otherwise M2 Minimum Reference Clamp (21.002)	

VM_SPI	EED_FREQ_REF	Range applied to the frequency or spec	ed reference parameters
Units	Open-loop: Hz RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm o	or mm/s	
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop: -550.0 to 0.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: -50000.0 to 0.0		
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop: 0.0 to 550.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 50000.0		
		n/maximum is applied throughout the frequer the range from the minimum to maximum c VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX] if Select Motor 2 Parameters (11.045) = 0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Definition	0	Maximum Reference Clamp (01.006)	M2 Maximum Reference Clamp (21.001)
	1	Maximum Reference Clamp (01.006) or  Minimum Reference Clamp (01.007)	M2 Maximum Reference Clamp (21.001) or  M2 Minimum Reference Clamp (21.002)  whichever

VM_SPEED_FREC	<b>REF_UNIPOLAR</b> Unipolar version of VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF
Units	Open-loop: Hz RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm or mm/s
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop: 0.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop: 0.0 to 550.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 50000.0
Definition	VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF_UNIPOLAR[MAX] = VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX] VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF_UNIPOLAR[MIN] = 0.0

VM_SPEED_	FREQ_USER_REFS	Range applied to some	e analog reference parameters	
Units	Open-loop: Hz RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm or mm/	Open-loop: Hz RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm or mm/s		
Range of [MIN]		Open-loop: -550.00 to 550.00 RFC-A, RFC-S: -50000.0 to 50000.0		
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop: 0.00 to 550.00 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 5000	Open-loop: 0.00 to 550.00 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 50000.0		
	VM_SPEED_FREQ_USER_	_REFS[MAX] = VM_S Bipolar Reference		
	Clamp Enable (01.008) Enable (01.010) VM_SPEED_FREQ_USER_REFS [MIN]			
Definition	0	0	Pr 01.007	
	0	1	-VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]	
	1	0	0.0	
	1	1	-VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]	

VM_STD_UN	DER_VOLTS Range applied the standard under-voltage threshold
Units	V
Range of [MIN]	0 to 1150
Range of [MAX]	0 to 1150
Definition	VM_STD_UNDER_VOLTS[MAX] = VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET / 1.1 VM_STD_UNDER_VOLTS[MIN] is voltage rating dependent. See Table 11-4

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VM_SUPP	LY_LOSS_LEVEL	Range applied to the supply loss threshold
Units	V	
Range of [MIN]	0 to 1150	
Range of [MAX]	0 to 1150	
Definition		LEVEL[MAX] = VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX] LEVEL[MIN] is drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 11-4

VM_SWITCHING	<b>FREQUENCY</b> Range applied to the maximum switching frequency parameters
Units	User units
Range of [MIN]	0
Range of [MAX]	0 to 6
Definition	VM_SWITCHING_FREQUENCY[MAX] = Power stage dependent VM_SWITCHING_FREQUENCY[MIN] = 0 for motor control modes, or 1 for Regen mode (subject to the maximum)

VM_TOR		Range applied to torque an Regen mode it refers to the	d torque producing current parameters (where this is used in a ctive current)	
Units	%			
Range of [MIN]	-1000.0 to 0.0	-1000.0 to 0.0		
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0			
	Select Motor 2 Pa	arameters (11.045)	VM_TORQUE_CURRENT [MAX]	
Definition	(	0	VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX]	
		1	VM_MOTOR2_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX]	
	VM_TORQUE_CURRENT[M	/IN] = -VM_TORQUE_CU	RRENT[MAX]	

VM_TORQUE_CU	RRENT_UNIPOLAR Unipolar version of VM_TORQUE_CURRENT
Units	%
Range of [MIN]	0.0
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0
Definition	VM_TORQUE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR[MAX] = VM_TORQUE_CURRENT[MAX]         VM_TORQUE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR[MIN] =0.0         User Current Maximum Scaling (04.024) defines the variable maximum/minimums VM_USER_CURRENT and         VM_USER_CURRENT_HIGH_RES which are applied to Percentage Load (04.020), Torque Reference (04.008) and         Torque Offset (04.009). This is useful when routing these parameters to an analog output as it allows the full scale         output value to be defined by the user. This maximum is subject to a limit of MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT or         MOTOR2_CURRENT_LIMIT depending on which motor map is currently active.         The maximum value (VM_TORQUE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR [MAX] varies between drive sizes with default         parameters loaded. For some drive sizes the default value may be reduced below the value given by the parameter range limiting.

VM_USER	CURRENT Range applied to torque reference and	nd percentage load parameters with one decimal place
Units	%	
Range of [MIN]	-1000.0 to 0.0	
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0	
Definition	VM_USER_CURRENT[MAX] = User Current Maximum Scaling VM_USER_CURRENT[MIN] = -VM_USER_CURRENT[MAX] User Current Maximum Scaling (04.024) defines the variable may VM_USER_CURRENT_HIGH_RES which are applied to Percent Torque Offset (04.009). This is useful when routing these parameters output value to be defined by the user. This maximum is subject MOTOR2_CURRENT_LIMIT depending on which motor map is The maximum value (VM_TORQUE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR [M parameters loaded. For some drive sizes the default value may be range limiting.	aximum/minimums VM_USER_CURRENT and <i>htage Load</i> (04.020), <i>Torque Reference</i> (04.008) and eters to an analog output as it allows the full scale to a limit of MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT or currently active. [AX] varies between drive sizes with default

VM_USER_CU	RRENT_HIGH_RES Range applied to torque reference and percentage load parameters with two decimal places
Units	%
Range of [MIN]	-1000.00 to 0.00
Range of [MAX]	0.00 to 1000.00
Definition	VM_USER_CURRENT_HIGH_RES[MAX] = User Current Maximum Scaling (04.024) with an additional decimal place         VM_USER_CURRENT_HIGH_RES[MIN] = -VM_USER_CURRENT_HIGH_RES[MAX]         User Current Maximum Scaling (04.024) defines the variable maximum/minimums VM_USER_CURRENT and         VM_USER_CURRENT_HIGH_RES which are applied to Percentage Load (04.020), Torque Reference (04.008) and         Torque Offset (04.009). This is useful when routing these parameters to an analog output as it allows the full scale         output value to be defined by the user. This maximum is subject to a limit of MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT or         MOTOR2_CURRENT_LIMIT depending on which motor map is currently active.         The maximum value (VM_TORQUE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR [MAX] varies between drive sizes with default         parameters loaded. For some drive sizes the default value may be reduced below the value given by the parameter         range limiting.

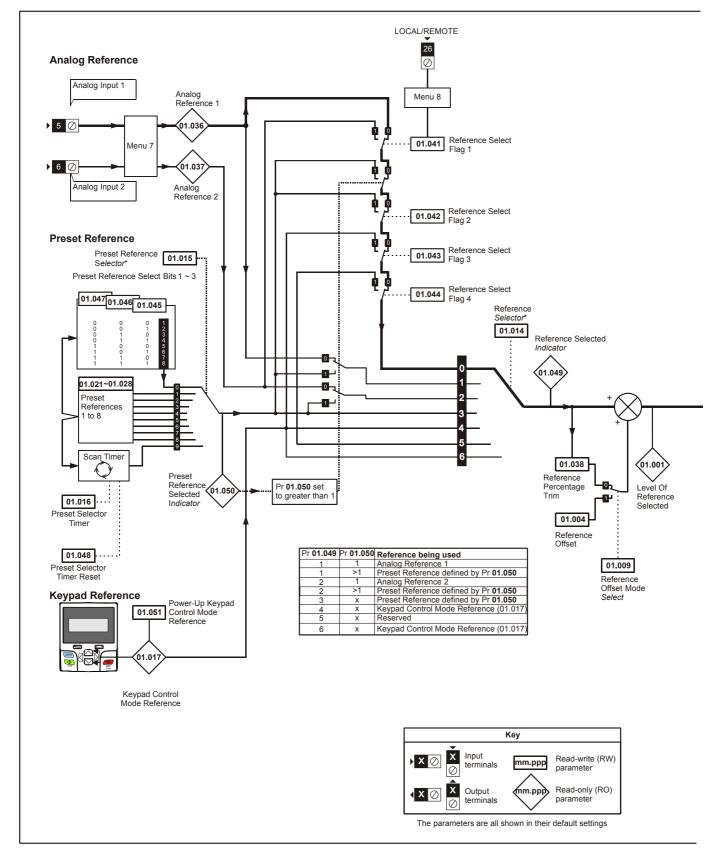
# Table 11-4 Voltage ratings dependant values

Variable min/max		Voltage level (V)									
Valiable minimax	200 V	400 V	575 V	690 V							
VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX]	400	800	955	1150							
VM_DC_VOLTAGE[MAX]	415	830	990	1190							
VM_AC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX]	265	530	635	765							
VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MAX]	325	650	780	930							
VM_STD_UNDER_VOLTS[MIN]	175	330	435	435							
VM_SUPPLY_LOSS_LEVEL[MIN]	205	410	540	540							
VM_HIGH_DC_VOLTAGE	1500	1500	1500	1500							

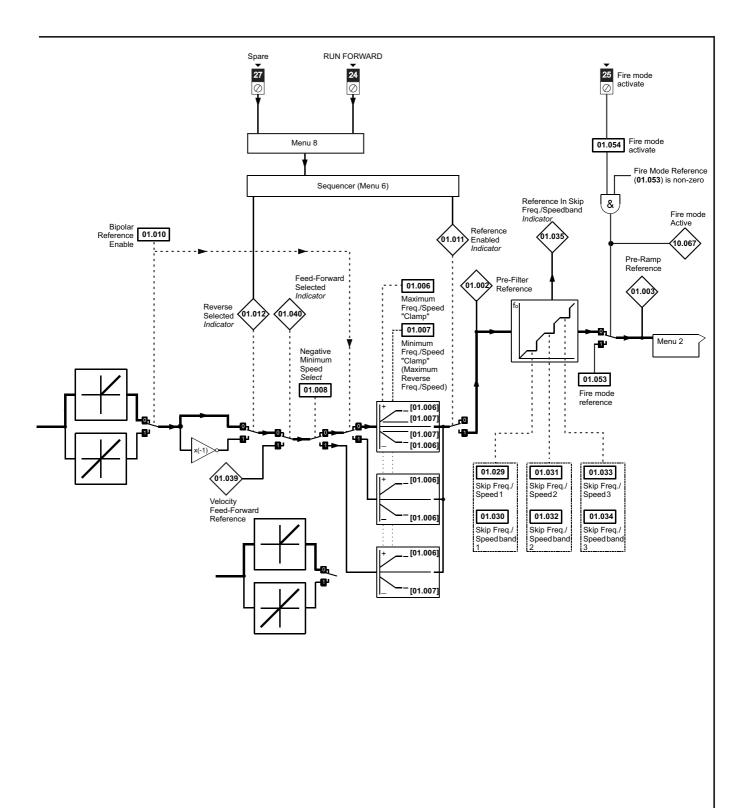
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 11.2 Menu 1: Frequency / speed reference

Figure 11-1 Menu 1 logic diagram



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information



Safety information         Product information         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor         Optimization         NV Media Card Operation	Building Advanced parameters data Diagnostics UL listing information
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	_			T	Rar	nge(\$)		Т		Default(⇔)		Г		_			_
	Param	neter		_	OL	T	RFC-A / S	-	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Ту	be		
01.001	Reference Sel	ected		V	M_SPEED_FREQ_REF Hz	VM_	SPEED_FREQ_REF rpr	n				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
01.002	Pre-Skip Filter	Referer	nce	V	M_SPEED_FREQ_REF Hz	VM_S	SPEED_FREQ_REF rpr	n				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
01.003	Pre-Ramp Ref	erence		V	M_SPEED_FREQ_REF Hz	VM_	SPEED_FREQ_REF rpr	n				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	_
01.004	Reference Offs	set		V	M_SPEED_FREQ_REF Hz	VM_	SPEED_FREQ_REF rpr	n		0.0		RW	Num				US
01.006	Maximum Refe	erence (	Clamp		VM_POSITIVE_REF_ CLAMP1 Hz	\	/M_POSITIVE_REF_ CLAMP1 rpm		0Hz: 50.0 0Hz: 60.0	50Hz: 1500.0 60Hz: 1800.0		RW	Num				US
01.007	Minimum Refe	rence C	lamp		VM_NEGATIVE_REF_ CLAMP1 Hz	V	M_NEGATIVE_REF_ CLAMP1 rpm			0.0	•	RW	Num				US
01.008	Negative Refe	rence C	lamp Enable		Off (0)	or On (	1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
01.009	Reference Offs	set Sele	ct		Off (0)	or On (	1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
01.010	Bipolar Refere	nce Ena	able		Off (0)	or On (	1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
01.011	Reference On				Off (0)	or On (	1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
01.012	Reverse Selec	t			Off (0)	or On (	1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	1
01.014	Reference Sel	ector			A1 A2 (0), A1 Pre Preset (3), Keypa					A1 A2 (0)		RW	Txt	ND			US
01.015	Preset Selecto	r			0	to 9				0		RW	Num				US
01.016	Preset Selecto	r Time			0.0 to	0 400.0 s	;			10.0 s		RW	Num		1		US
01.017	Keypad Contro		Reference		VM_SPEED_FF					0.0		RO	Num	1	NC	PT	PS
01.021	Preset Referen				VM SPEE	_	-			0.0		RW	Num	1	1		US
01.022	Preset Referen				VM SPEE	_	-	_		0.0		RW	Num				US
01.022	Preset Referen				VM_OFEE	_	-	-		0.0		RW	Num	$\vdash$	<u> </u>		US
01.024	Preset Referen			_	VM_SPEE	-	-	-		0.0		RW	Num			-	US
01.024	Preset Referen				VM_SPEE	_	-	_		0.0		RW	Num			-	US
				_	-	-	-										
01.026	Preset Referer				VM_SPEEI	_	-	_		0.0		RW	Num				US
01.027	Preset Referen				VM_SPEEI	_	-			0.0		RW	Num				US
01.028	Preset Referen				VM_SPEEI	D_FREG	-			0.0		RW	Num				US
01.029	Skip Reference				0.0 to 550.0 Hz		0 to 33000 rpm		0.0	C		RW	Num				US
01.030	Skip Reference	e Band	1		0.0 to 25.0 Hz		0 to 250 rpm		0.0	C	)	RW	Num				US
01.031	Skip Reference	e 2		0.0 to 550.0 Hz 0 to 33000 rpm 0.0 0		)	RW	Num				US					
01.032	Skip Reference	e Band 2	2		0.0 to 25.0 Hz		0 to 250 rpm		0.0	(	)	RW	Num				US
01.033	Skip Reference	e 3			0.0 to 550.0 Hz		0 to 33000 rpm		0.0	(	)	RW	Num				US
01.034	Skip Reference	e Band 3	3		0.0 to 25.0 Hz 0 to 250 rpm				0.0	(	)	RW	Num				US
01.035	Reference In F	Rejectior	n Zone		Off (0) or On (1) Off (0) or On (1)							RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	1
01.036	Analog Refere	nce 1		VN	1_SPEED_FREQ_USER_R EFS Hz	VM_	SPEED_FREQ_USER_ REFS rpm	· [	0.00	0.0		RO	Num		NC		
01.037	Analog Refere	nce 2		±V	M_SPEED_FREQ_USER_ REFS Hz	±VM	SPEED_FREQ_USER REFS rpm	-	0.0	0.	0	RO	Num		NC		
01.038	Percentage Tri	m			±10	0.00 %				0.00 %		RW	Num	1	NC		
01.039	Speed Feed-fo	rwards			VM_SPEEI	D_FREG	_REF					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
01.040	Speed Feed-fo	rwards	Select		Off (0)	or On (	1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
01.041	Reference Sel				1.1	or On (				Off (0)		RW	Bit	1	NC	PT	
01.042	Reference Sel	ect Flag	2		Off (0)	or On (	1)	-		Off (0)		RW	Bit	1	NC	PT	
01.043	Reference Sel	-			, ,	or On (	,	-1		Off (0)		RW	Bit	1	NC	PT	
01.044	Reference Sel	0			1.1	or On (		-		Off (0)		RW	Bit	1	NC	PT	
01.045	Preset Select I				1.1	or On (		_		Off (0)		RW	Bit	+	NC	PT	
01.046	Preset Select I	•			1.1	or On (		-		Off (0)		RW		+	NC	PT	
01.047	Preset Select I	-		_		or On (		_		Off (0)		RW		-	NC	PT	
01.047	Preset Selecto	0	Reset		1.1	or On (		_		Off (0)		RW	Bit	-	NC	PT	
01.048	Reference Selecto			_		to 6	'/	-			_	RW		ND		PT	
01.049	Preset Selecte	d Indica	ator			to 8						RO	Num	ND		PT	
01.051	Power-up Key Reference				Reset (0), La		reset (2)			Reset (0)		RW	Txt				US
01.052	Hand / Off / Au	ito opera	ating mode			to 3				1		RW	Num				US
01.053	Fire mode refe	rence			VM_SPEEI	D_FREG	_REF			0.0		RW	Num				US
01.054	Fire mode activ	vate			Off (0)	or On (	1)			Off (0)		RO	Bit		NC		1
							<b>D</b>				5	-		-			
RW Rea	ad / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text stri	ng Bin	Binary para	amete	er	FI	Filte	red	

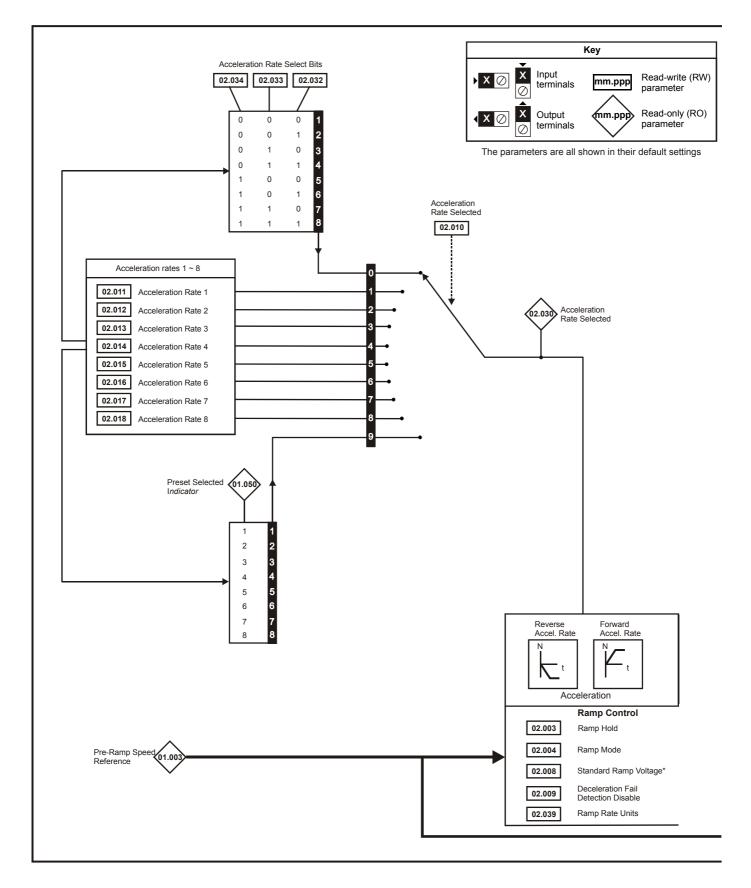
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runnina		NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical		UL listing
		installation	installation		parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	Automation	Advanced parameters	data	Diagnostics	information
					p								

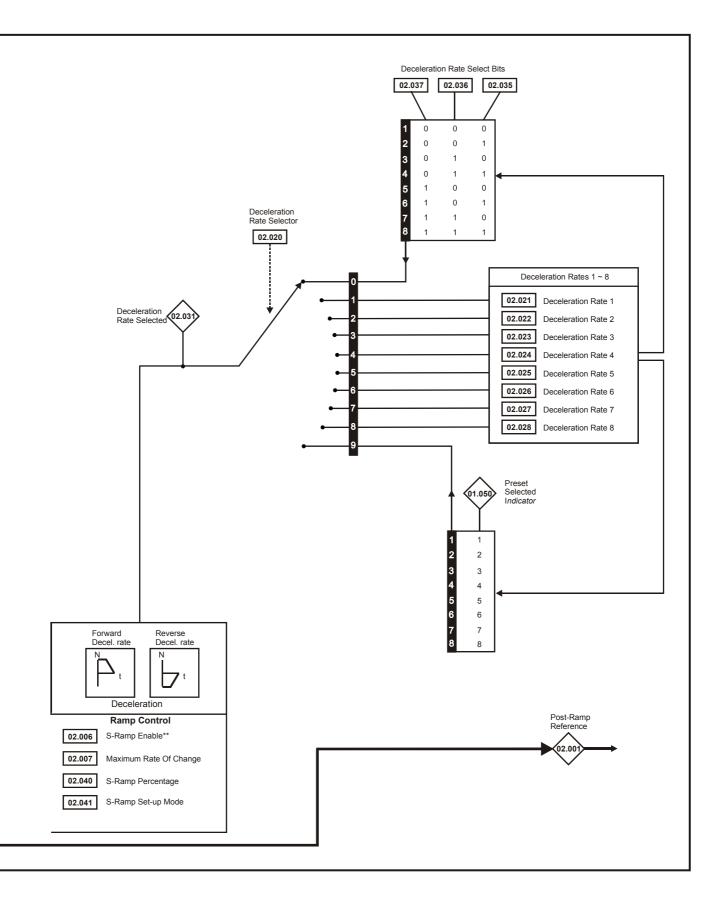
Safety         Product         Mechanical         Electrical         Getting         Basic         Running         Optimization         NV Media Card         Building         Advanced         Technical         Diagnostic	UL listing information
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# 11.3 Menu 2: Ramps

Figure 11-2 Menu 2 logic diagram



Safety information         Product installation         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor         Optimization         NV Media Card Operation         Building Automation         Advanced parameters	Technical data		Diagnostics	UL listing information
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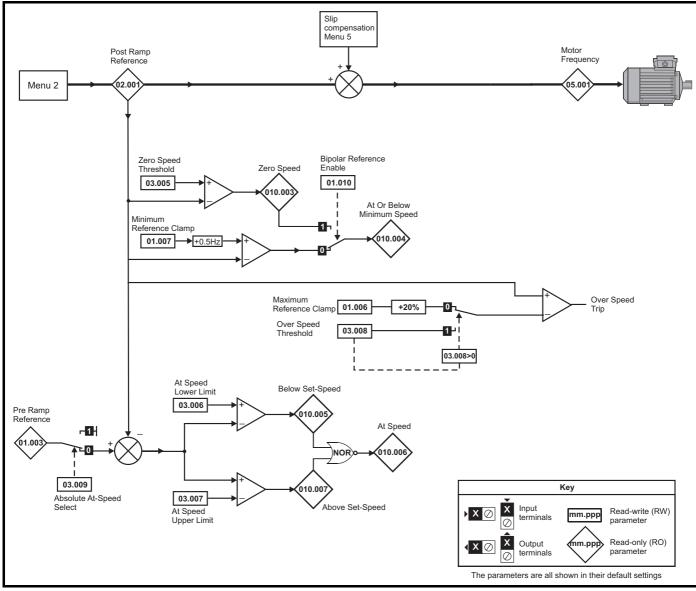
Safety informati		Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Runni the mo		otimization	NV Media Operatio		Building Automatio			nnical ata	Diag	nostics		IL list iorma	
				r		Rand	ge(û)			I	De	efault(⇔)		1					_
	Par	ameter			OL		9°(⊽)	RFC-A	S			RFC-A	RFC-S	-		Тур	e		
02.001	Post Ramp Ref	erence		VM	_SPEED_FRE	EQ_	VM	SPEED_			-			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
02.003	Ramp Hold				REF HZ	Off (0) o	or On (1)	REF rpr	n			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
02.004	Ramp Mode				Standard (1), Std boost (2)			Standard	(1)		St	andard (1)		RW	Txt				US
02.006	S Ramp Enable	•					or On (1)					Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
02.007	Maximum Rate	Of Change Of	Acceleration	0.0 t	o 300.0 s <sup>2</sup> /10	0 Hz	0.000 to	o 100.000 s	<sup>2</sup> /1000 rpm	3	3.1	1.500	0.030	RW	Num				US
02.008	Standard Ramp	Voltage			VM_	DC_VOL	LTAGE_S	SET V			200 \ 400 V dr 400 V dr 575 \ 690	0 V 5 V	RW	Num		RA		US	
02.009	Deceleration Fa	il Detection D	isable			Off (0) o	or On (1)					Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
02.010	Acceleration Ra						to 9					0		RW	Num				US
02.011	Acceleration Ra				VM_ACCEL_F					-	0.0 s	20.0		RW	Num				US
02.012	Acceleration Ra				VM_ACCEL_F			_	EL_RATE s		0.0 s	20.0		RW	Num				US
02.013	Acceleration Ra				VM_ACCEL_F			_	EL_RATE s		0.0 s	20.000 s		RW	Num				US
02.014	Acceleration Ra			0.0 to VM_ACCEL_RATE s 0.0 to VM_ACCEL_RATE s			0.000 to VM_ACCEL_RATE s				0.0 s	20.000 s		RW	Num				US
02.015	Acceleration Ra						0.000 to VM_ACCEL_RATE s 0.000 to VM_ACCEL_RATE s			-	0.0 s	20.000 s		RW	Num				US
02.016	Acceleration Ra			0.0 to VM_ACCEL_RATE s 0.0 to VM_ACCEL_RATE s			0.000 to VM_ACCEL_RATE s 0.000 to VM_ACCEL_RATE s			-	).0 s	20.000 s 20.000 s		RW	Num				US
02.017	Acceleration Ra									-	0.0 s			RW	Num				US
02.018	Acceleration Ra			0.0 to	VM_ACCEL_			S VM_ACC	EL_RAIE S	20	).0 s	20.0	00 s	RW	Num				US
02.020	Deceleration Ra Deceleration Ra			0.0.40.1	/M ACCEL F		to 9			20	).0 s	0	00 0	RW RW	Num				US US
02.021	Deceleration Ra				/M_ACCEL_F /M_ACCEL_F					-	).0 s	20.000 s 20.000 s		RW	Num				US
02.022	Deceleration Ra							_	_					RW	Num Num				US
02.023	Deceleration Ra			0.0 to VM_ACCEL_RATE s 0.0 to VM_ACCEL_RATE s						20.0 s 20.000 s 20.0 s 20.000 s				RW	Num				US
02.024	Deceleration Ra										).0 s	20.0	RW	Num				US	
02.025	Deceleration Ra			0.0 to VM_ACCEL_RATE s 0.0 to VM_ACCEL_RATE s							0.0 s	20.0	RW	Num				US	
02.027	Deceleration Ra				VM ACCEL F						0.0 s	20.0	RW	Num				US	
02.028	Deceleration Ra				VM ACCEL F			-	EL RATE s		0.0 s	20.0		RW	Num				US
02.030	Acceleration Ra						to 8							RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
02.031	Deceleration Ra	ate Selected				0 t	to 8							RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
02.032	Acceleration Ra		)			Off (0) o	or On (1)					Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
02.033	Acceleration Ra					• • •	or On (1)					Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		+
02.034	Acceleration Ra	te Select Bit 2	2			Off (0) o	or On (1)					Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
02.035	Deceleration Ra	ate Select Bit 0	)	1		Off (0) o	or On (1)					Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		+
02.036	Deceleration Ra	ate Select Bit 1	1	1		Off (0) o	or On (1)					Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		-
02.037	Deceleration Ra	ate Select Bit 2	2	1		Off (0) o	or On (1)					Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
02.039	Ramp Rate Uni				f (0) = 100 Hz n (1) = Maxim frequency	um	1 On (1	(0) = 1000 000 mm/s ) = Maximi	(0) or	Max	(1) = kimum juency	On (1) = Maximur		RW	Bit				US
02.040	S Ramp Percer	0				0.0 to	50.0 %					0.0 %		RW	Num		1		US
02.041	S Ramp Set-up	Mode			Sin	gle (0), P	ercentag	e (1)			5	Single (0)		RW	Txt				US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety information         Product installation         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor         Optimization         NV Media Card Operation         Building Automation         Advanced parameters         Technical data         Diagonal	agnostics UL listing information
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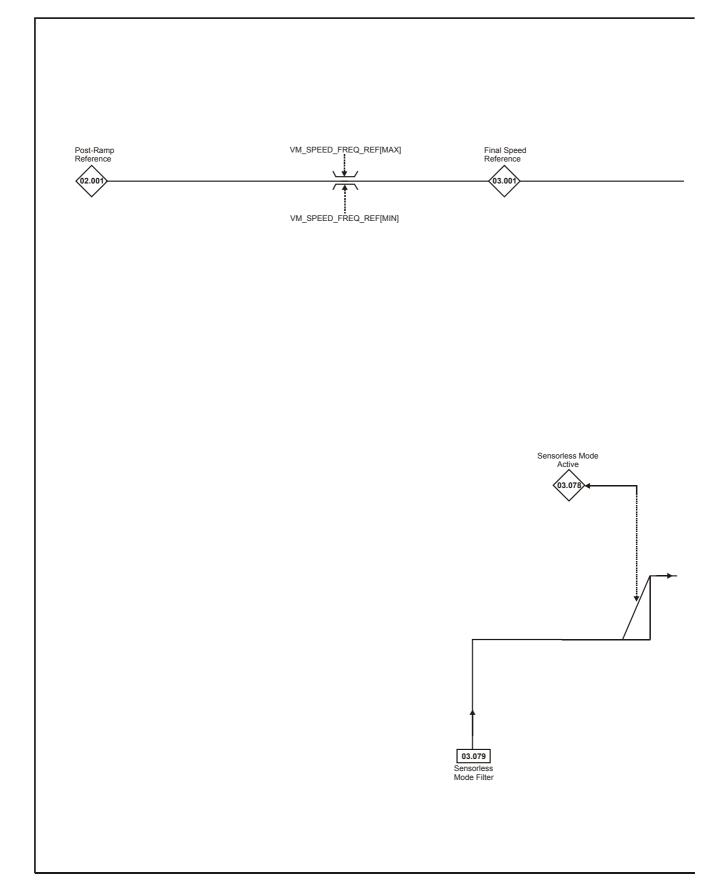
# 11.4 Menu 3: Speed feedback and speed control

Figure 11-3 Menu 3 Open-loop logic diagram



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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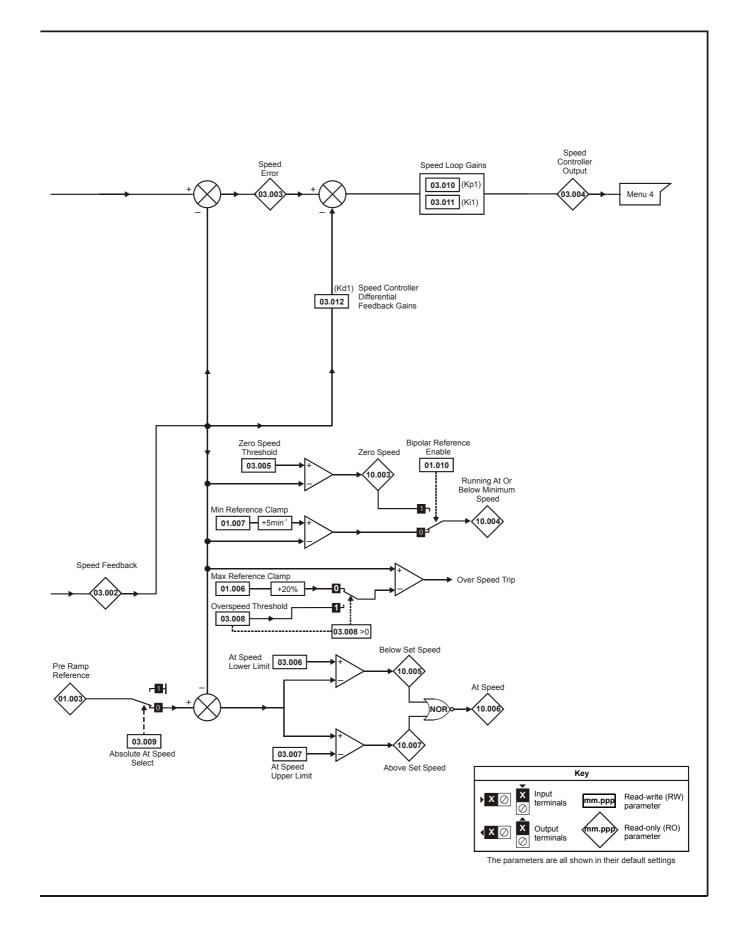




NOTE

\* Automatic change over if the relevant 'bit' of Position Feedback Initialized (03.076) is 0.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runnina		NV Media Card	Buildina	Advanced	Technical		UL listing
ounory		moonamoan	Lioounoun	ootting	Baolo	. carring	Optimization	ner moula oura	Dananig		roomioai	Diagnostics	or nothing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	opumzation	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information
mormation	information	matanation	installation	Starteu	parameters			operation	Automation	parameters	uata		information



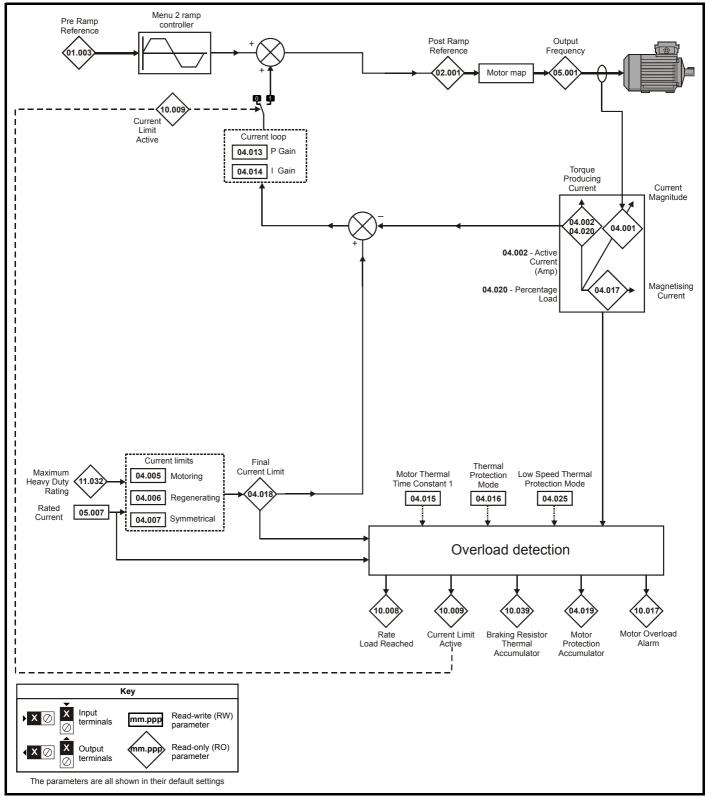
Safety information         Product installation         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor         Optimization         NV Media Card Operation         Building Automation         Advanced parameters         Technical data         Diagonal	cs UL listing information
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	Dom	meter	_			Ra	ange					Default					Tran			
	Para	meter	ſ		OL	RF	C-A	RF	C-S	OL		RFC-A	RF	C-S			Тур	e		
03.001	Final Speed R	eferer	nce				VM_	SPEED							RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.002	Speed Feedba	ack				VM_SPEED									RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.003	Speed Error						VM_	SPEED							RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.004	Speed Contro	ller Ou	Itput			VM_T	ORQUE	E_CURRE	NT %						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.005	Zero Speed T	hreshc	old		0.0 to 20.0 Hz	0 to 200 rpm				1.0 H	z	5	rpm		RW	Num				US
03.006	At Speed Low	er Lim	it		0.0 to 550.0 Hz	0 to 33000 rpm				1.0 H	z	5 rpm			RW	Num				US
03.007	At Speed Upp	er Lim	it		0.0 to 550.0 Hz	0 to 33000 rpm				1.0 H	z	5	rpm		RW	Num				US
03.008	Over Speed Threshold			0.0 to 550.0 Hz		0 to 40	0000 rpm		0.0 H	z	0	rpm		RW	Num				US	
03.009	Absolute At S	peed S	Select			Off (0) or On (1)					Off (0)			RW	Bit				US	
03.010	Speed Contro	ller Pro	oportional Ga	n Kp1		0.00	00 to 2	00.0000 s/	/rad		0.0300 s/rad				RW	Num				US
03.011	Speed Contro	ller Inte	egral Gain Ki	1		0.0	0.00 to 655.35 s <sup>2</sup> /rad				0.10 s <sup>2</sup> /rad			ł	RW	Num				US
03.012	Speed Contro Gain Kd1	ller Dif	ferential Feed	lback		0.00	000 to	0.65535 1/	/rad	0.00000 1/rad			ad	RW	Num				US	
03.078	Sensorless M	ode Ac	ctive				Off (0)	or On (1)							RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
03.079	Sensorless M	ode Fil	lter		4 (0), 8 (1), 16 (2),32 (3 ms				64 (4)			4 (0) ms			RW	Txt				US
RW F	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number para	ameter Bit Bit parameter			eter	Txt Text string Bin Bina			Binar	ary parameter		er FI Filtere		tered		
ND N	lo default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected pa	rameter	RA	Rating de	ependent	US	Use	r save	PS	Powe	er-dow	n save	DE	E De	estina	ation

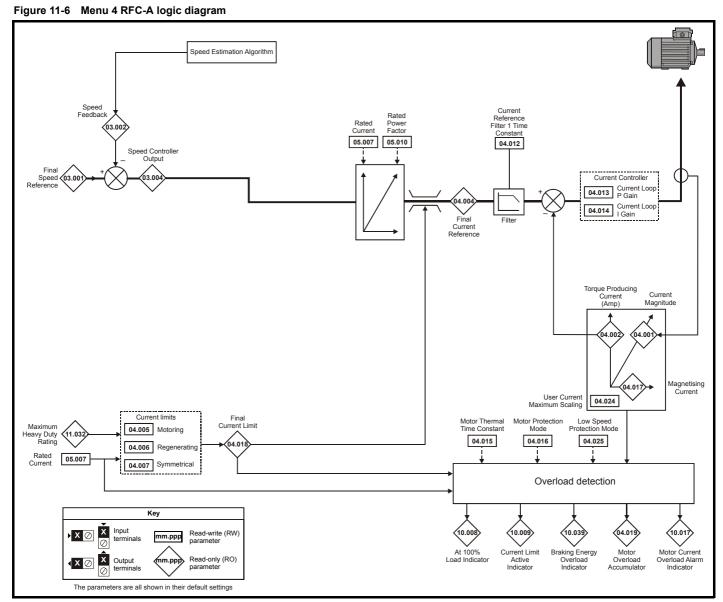
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

# 11.5 Menu 4: Torque and current control

# Figure 11-5 Menu 4 Open loop logic diagram

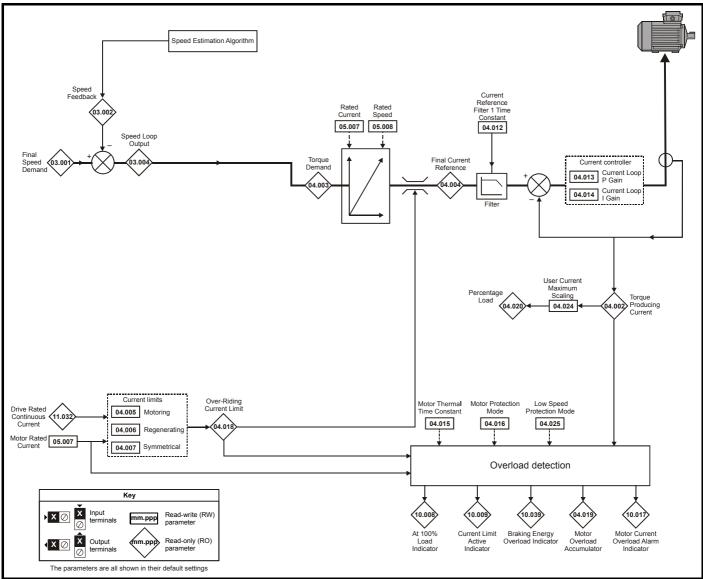






Safety information         Product installation         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor         NV Media Card Operation         Building Automation         Advanced parameters         Technical data         Diagnostics         UL listing information
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#### Figure 11-7 Menu 4 RFC-S logic diagram



Safety information         Product information         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor         Optimization         NV Media Card Operation         Building Automation         Adv parameters	Diagnostics
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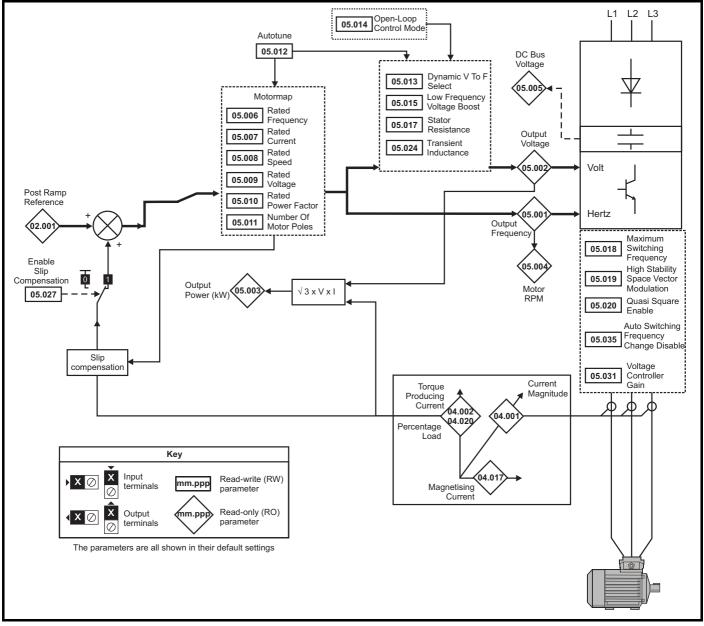
	Parameter	Rang	e(\$)		Default(⇔)		I		<b>T</b>	-		
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	e		
04.001	Current Magnitude	0.000 to VM_DRIVE_CL	IRRENT_UNIPOLAR A				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.002	Torque Producing Current / Iq	VM_DRIVE_0	CURRENT A				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.003	Final Torque Reference	VM_TORQUE_	CURRENT %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.004	Final Current Reference	VM_TORQUE_	CURRENT %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.005	Motoring Current Limit	0.0 to VM_MOTOR1_	CURRENT_LIMIT %		110.0 %		RW	Num		RA		US
04.006	Regenerating Current Limit	0.0 to VM_MOTOR1_	CURRENT_LIMIT %		110.0 %		RW	Num		RA		US
04.007	Symmetrical Current Limit	0.0 to VM_MOTOR1_	CURRENT_LIMIT %		110.0 %		RW	Num		RA		US
04.012	Current Reference Filter 1 Time Constant		0.0 to 25.0 ms		1.0	ms	RW	Num				US
04.013	Current Controller Kp Gain	0 to 3	0000	20	1	50	RW	Num				US
04.014	Current Controller Ki Gain	0 to 3	0000	40	20	00	RW	Num				US
04.015	Motor Thermal Time Constant 1	1.0 to 30	000.0 s		89.0 s		RW	Num				US
04.016	Thermal Protection Mode	00 to	o 11		00		RW	Bin				US
04.017	Magnetising Current / Id	VM_DRIVE_0	CURRENT A				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.018	Final Current Limit	VM_TORQUE_	CURRENT %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
04.019	Motor Protection Accumulator	0.0 to 1	00.0 %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
04.020	Percentage Load	VM_USER_C	URRENT %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.021	Current feedback filter disable	Off (0) of	r On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
04.024	User Current Maximum Scaling	0.0 to VM_TORQUE_C	URRENT_UNIPOLAR		110.0 %		RW	Num		RA		US
04.025	Low Speed Thermal Protection Mode	0 tc	01		0		RW	Num				US
04.026	Percentage Torque	0.0 to VM_USEF	CURRENT %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.027	Low load detection level	0.0 to 1	100%		0.0 %		RW	Num				US
04.028	Low load detection speed / frequency threshold	VM_SPEED_FREQ	_REF_UNIPOLAR	0.0 Hz	0.0	rpm	RW	Num				US
04.029	Enable trip on low load	Off (0) of	r On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
04.036	Motor Protection Accumulator Power-Up Value	Power down (0), Zer	o (1), Real time (2)		Power down (0	)	RW	Txt				US
04.037	Motor Thermal Time Constant 2	1.0 to 30	000.0 s		89.0 s		RW	Num				US
04.038	Motor Thermal Time Constant 2 Scaling	0 to 1	00 %		0 %		RW	Num				
04.039	Rated Iron Losses As Percentage Of Losses	0 to 1	00 %		0 %		RW	Num				US
04.041	Rated Torque	0.00 to 500	00.00 Nm		0.00 Nm		RW	Num				US
04.049	Magnetising Current Limit		0.0 to 100.0 %		100	.0 %	RW	Num				US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running Optimization NV Media Card Building Advanced lechnical Diagnostics UL list	Safety information	Product information		Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters		Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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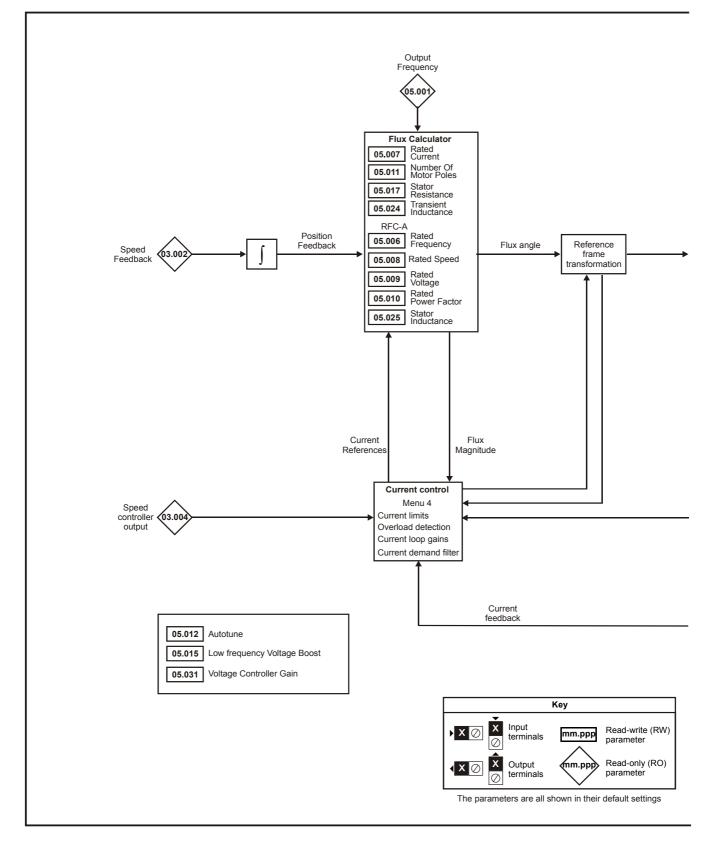
## 11.6 Menu 5: Motor control

#### Figure 11-8 Menu 5 Open-loop logic diagram

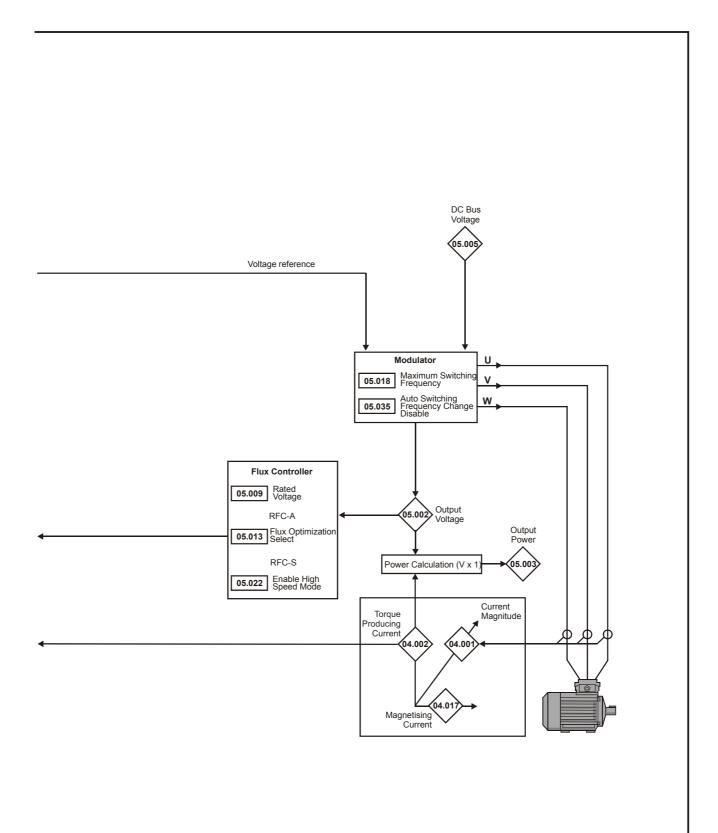


in	Safety formation	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
_														

Figure 11-9 Menu 5 RFC-A, RFC-S logic diagram



Safety information         Product installation         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor         Optimization         NV Media Card Operation         Building Automation         Advanced parameters         Technical data         Diagnostics         UU
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Safety information         Product installation         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor         Optimization         NV Media Card Operation         Building Automation         Advance parameters		Diagnostics	UL listing information
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			Range(\$)			Default(⇒)							
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	е		
05.001	Output Frequency	VM_SPEED_ FREQ_REF Hz	±20	000.0 Hz				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
05.002	Output Voltage		_AC_VOLTAC	GE V				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
05.003	Output Power	VM	POWER kW	1				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
05.004	Motor Rpm	±180000 rpm						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
05.005	D.C. Bus Voltage	0 to VM_	DC_VOLTAC	GE V				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
05.006	Rated Frequency	0.0 to 550.0	Hz			z: 50.0 z: 60.0		RW	Num				US
05.007	Rated Current	0.000 to VM_	RATED_CU	RRENT A	Maximu	m Rated Curr	ent 11.060	RW	Num		RA		US
05.008	Rated Speed	0 to 33000 rpm	0.00 to 3	33000.00 rpm	50Hz - 1500 rpm 60Hz - 1800 rpm	50Hz - 1450.00 rpm 60Hz - 1750.00 rpm	3000.00 rpm	RW	Num				US
05.009	Rated Voltage	_	C_VOLTAGE_	_SET V	Eur USA 5 6	00 V drive: 23 - 400 V drive: - 400 V drive: 75 V drive: 57 90 V drive: 69	400 V 460 V 5 V	RW	Num		RA		US
05.010	Rated Power Factor	0.000 to 1.0			-	850		RW	Num		RA		US
05.011	Number Of Motor Poles	,	0) to 480 Pole	. ,	Autom	natic (0)	8 Poles (4)	RW	Txt		NO		US
05.012	Autotune Open Loop> Dynamic V To F	0 to 2 Off (0) or On (1)		0, 1, 2, 6	On (1)	0		RW RW	Num Bit		NC		US
05.013	Select RFC-A> Flux Optimization		Off (0) or		011(1)	015 (0)							
	Select		On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
05.014	Open-loop Control Mode	Ur S (0), Ur (1), Fixed (2), Ur Auto (3), Ur I (4), Square (5), Current 1P (6)			Ur I (4)			RW	Txt				US
	Open-loop / RFC-A > Low Frequency Voltage Boost	0.0 to 25.0	%		3.	0 %		RW	Num				US
05.015	RFC-S> Minimal Movement Phasing Test Current			1% (0), 2% (1), 3% (2), 6% (3), 12% (4), 25% (5), 50% (6), 100% (7)			1% (0)	RW	Num				US
05.016	Minimal Movement Phasing Test Angle			0.00 to 25.00 °			0.00 °	RW	Num				US
05.017	Stator Resistance	0.000000	to 1000.0000	000 Ω		0.000000 Ω		RW	Num		RA		US
05.018	Maximum Switching Frequency	0 to VM_SWITC	HING_FREQ	UENCY kHz		3 kHz (1)		RW	Txt		RA		US
05.019	High Stability Space Vector Modulation	Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)			RW	Bit				US
05.020	Quasi-square Enable	Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)			RW	Bit				US
05.022	Enable High Speed Mode			Limit (-1), Disable (0), Enable (1)		<u> </u>	Limit (-1)	RW	Bit				US
05.024	Transient Inductance / Ld	0.000	to 500.000 m	ו וH		0.000 mH		RW	Num		RA		US
05.025	Stator Inductance	0.00 to 5000.0	0 mH		0.0	0 mH		RW	Num		RA		US
05.027	Open-Loop> Enable Slip Compensation	Off (0) or On (1)			On (1)			RW	Bit				US
00.021	RFC-A Flux Control Gain		0.1 to 10.0			1.0		RW	Bit				US
05.028	Torque Linearisation Disable			Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
05.031	Voltage Controller Gain		1 to 30	(-)		1	1	RW	Num				US
05.033	Volts per 1000 rpm			0 to 10000 V			98 V	RW	Num				US
05.034	Percentage Flux		0.0 to 150.0 %				1	RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
05.035	Auto-switching Frequency Change	Enabled (0), Disab		ipple Detect (2)		Enabled (0)		RW	Txt				US
05.036	Auto-switching Frequency Step Size		1 to 2			2		RW	Num				US
05.037	Switching Frequency	2 kHz (0), 3 kHz 8 kHz (4), 1	z (1), 4 kHz (2 2 kHz (5), 16	2), 6 kHz (3), kHz (6)				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	

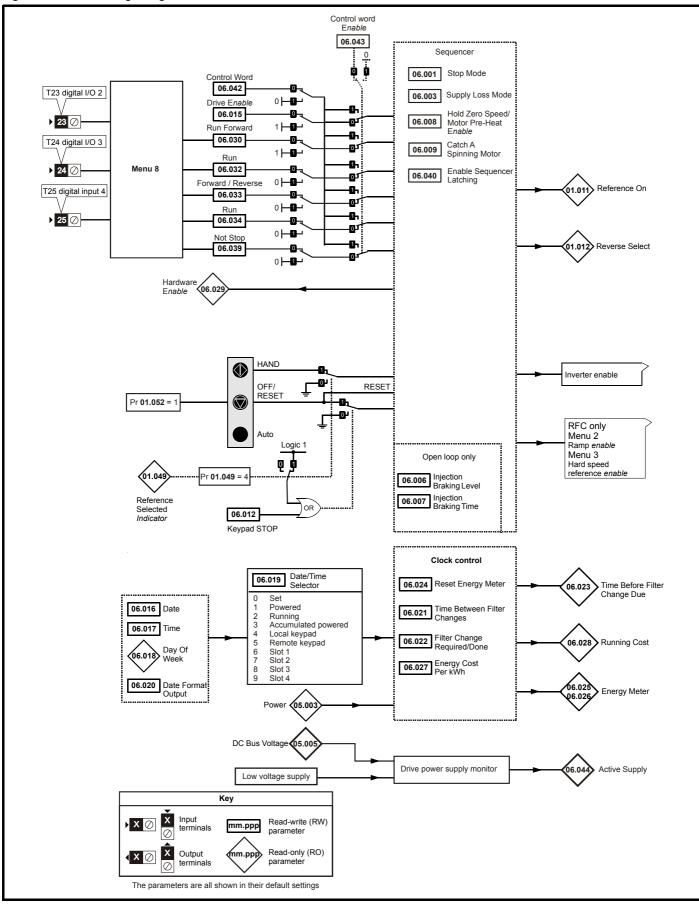
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electri installa		Getting started	Basic paramet		Running the motor	Optimization		Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Techn data		Diagno	stics		isting nation
	_					Ra	ange(	<b>(</b> )		T		Default(⇒)		1		_			
	Parame	ter			OL		RF	C-A	RFC-S		OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Ту	ре		
05.038	Minimum Sw Frequency	vitching		0 to	VM_MIN	I_SWIT	CHIN	G_FREQ	UENCY kHz			2 kHz (0)	1	RW	Txt				US
05.039	Maximum Inv Temperature					20	to 60	°C				60 °C		RW	Num	1			US
05.040	Spin Start Bo				0.0	to 10.0						1.0	-	RW	Num				US
05.041	Voltage Head		_					0 to 1	20 %			0 %	10 %	RW	Num	1			US
05.042	Reverse Out Sequence					Off (0	0) or (	On (1)				Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
05.063	Sensorless N Ramp	Node Curren	nt						0.00 to 1.00 s				0.20 s	RW	Num	n			US
05.064	RFC Low Sp	eed Mode						1	Injection (0), Ion-salient (1), Current (2), Current No Test (3)	,			Non- salient (1)	RW	Txt				US
05.065	Saliency Toro Select	que Control							Disabled (0), Low (1), High (2), Auto (3)				Disabled (0)	RW	Txt				US
05.066	Active Salier	ncy Torque M	lode						Disabled (0), Low (1), High (2)					RO	Txt	NE	NC	PT	
05.067	Required Ov Level	er-current Ti	rip						0 to 100 %				0 %	RW	Num	ı			US
05.068	Actual Over- Level	current Trip							0 to 500 %					RO	Num	n NE	NC	PT	
05.070	Inverted Satu Characteristi								Off (0) or On (1)				Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
05.071	Low Speed S Current Limit		lode						0.0 to 1000.0 %				20.0 %	RW	Num	ı	RA		US
05.072	No-load Lq								0.000 to 500.000 mH				0.000 mH	RW	Num	ı	RA		US
05.075	Iq Test Curre Inductance N		t						0 to 200 %				100 %	RW	Num	ı			US
05.077	Phase Offset Current	t At Iq Test							±90.0 °				0.0 °	RW	Num	ı	RA		US
05.078	Lq At The De Current	efined Iq Tes	t						0.000 to 500.000 mH				0.000 mH	RW	Num	ı	RA		US
05.082	ld Test Curre Measuremer		ance						-100 to 0 %				-50 %	RW	Num	1			US
05.084	Lq At The De Current	efined Id Tes	ŧ						0.000 to 500.000 mH				0.000 mH	RW	Num	1	RA		US
05.088	Estimated Lo	1							0.000 to 500.000 mH					RO	Num	n NE	NC	PT	FI
05.089	Rated Torque	e Angle							0 to 90 °					RO	Num	n NE	NC	PT	

RV	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
NE	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		Operation	Automation	parameters	data		information

### 11.7 Menu 6: Sequencer and clock

Figure 11-10 Menu 6 logic diagram



Safety information         Product information         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor         Optimiza	ion NV Media Card Building Advanced parameters data Diagnostics UL listing information
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		Range(	(1)		Default(⇔)		r					
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A/S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	-		Тур	e		
06.001	Stop Mode	Coast (0), Ramp (1), Ramp dc I (2), dc I (3), Timed dc I (4)	Coast (0), Ramp (1),		Ramp (1)	_	RW	Txt				US
06.003	Supply Loss Mode	Disable (0), Ramp Stop (1), Ride Thru (2)	Disable (0), Ramp Stop (1), Ride Thru (2), Limit Stop (3)		Disable (0)		RW	Txt				US
06.006	Injection Braking Level	0.0 to 150.0 %		100.0 %			RW	Num		RA		US
06.007	Injection Braking Time	0.0 to 100.0 s		1.0 s			RW	Num				US
06.008	Hold Zero Speed	Off (0) or O	in (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
06.009	Catch A Spinning Motor	Disable (0), Enable (1), Fwd	Only (2), Rev Only (3)		Disable (0)		RW	Txt				US
06.010	Enable Conditions	000000000000000 to 1	11111111111				RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT	
06.011	Sequencer State Machine Inputs	0000000 to 1					RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT	
06.015	Drive Enable	Off (0) or O			On (1)		RW	Bit				US
06.016	Date	00-00-00 to 3					RW	Date	ND	NC	PT	
06.017	Time	00:00:00 to 2					RW	Time	ND	NC	PT	
06.018	Day Of Week	Sunday (0), Monday (1), Tueso Thursday (4), Friday (					RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
06.019	Date/Time Selector	Set (0), Powered (1), Running Local Keypad (4), Ren Slot 1 (6), Slot 2 (7), Slo	note Keypad (5),		Local Keypad (4	4)	RW	Txt				US
06.020	Date Format	Std (0) or U	S (1)		US (1)		RW	Txt				Us
06.021	Time Between Filter Changes	0 to 30000 l	Hours		0 Hours		RW	Num				US
06.022	Filter Change Required / Change Done	Off (0) or O	n (1)				RW	Bit	ND	NC		
06.023	Time Before Filter Change Due	0 to 30000 H	Hours				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
06.024	Reset Energy Meter	Off (0) or O	.,		Off (0)		RW	Bit				
06.025	Energy Meter: MWh	±999.0 M					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
06.026	Energy Meter: kWh	±99.99 k					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
06.027 06.028	Energy Cost Per kWh Running Cost	0.0 to 60 ±32000		0.0			RW RO	Num Num	ND	NC	PT	US
06.028	Hardware Enable	Off (0) or O						Bit	ND	NC	PT	
06.030	Run Forward	Off (0) or O			Off (0)		RO RW	Bit		NC		
06.032	Run Reverse	Off (0) or O	.,		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		-
06.033	Forward/Reverse	Off (0) or O			Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
06.034	Run	Off (0) or O			Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
06.039	Not Stop	Off (0) or O	ın (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
06.040	Enable Sequencer Latching	Off (0) or O	ın (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
06.041	Drive Event Flags	00 to 1	1		00		RW	Bin		NC		
06.042	Control Word	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	11111111111111	0	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	00	RW	Bin		NC		
06.043	Control Word Enable	Off (0) or O	in (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
06.044	Active Supply	Off (0) or O	.,				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	Ļ
06.045	Cooling Fan control	0 to 11			10		RW	Num				US
06.047 06.048	Input Phase Loss Detection Mode Supply Loss Detection Level	Full (0), Ripple Only ( 0 to VM_SUPPLY_L		4	Full (0) 00 V drive: 205 00 V drive: 410 75 V drive: 540 90 V drive: 540	V V	RW RW	Txt Num		RA		US US
06.051	Hold Supply Loss Active	Off (0) or O	ın (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
06.052	Motor Pre-heat Current Magnitude	0 to 100	%		0 %		RW	Num				US
06.053	Sleep / Wake Threshold	±VM_SPEED_FREQ_F	-		0.0		RW	Num				US
06.054	Sleep Time	0.0 to 250	.0 s		10.0 s		RW	Num				US
06.055	Wake Time	0.0 to 250	.0 s		10.0 s		RW	Num				US
06.056	Sleep Required	Off (0) or O	ın (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
06.057	Sleep Active	Off (0) or O	in (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
06.058	Output Phase Loss Detection Time	0.5 s (0), 1.0 s (1), 2.0			0.5 s (0)		RW	Txt				US
06.059	Output Phase Loss Detection Enable	Disabled (0), Er	.,		Disabled (0)		RW	Bit				US
06.060	Standby Mode Enable	Off (0) or O			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
06.061	Standby Mode Mask	0000000 to 1	111111		0000000		RW	Bin				US

Uptimization	NV Media Card Building Advanced Technical Diagnostics UL lis Operation Automation parameters data Diagnostics inform
information instanation instanation staned parameters the motor	Operation Automation parameters data

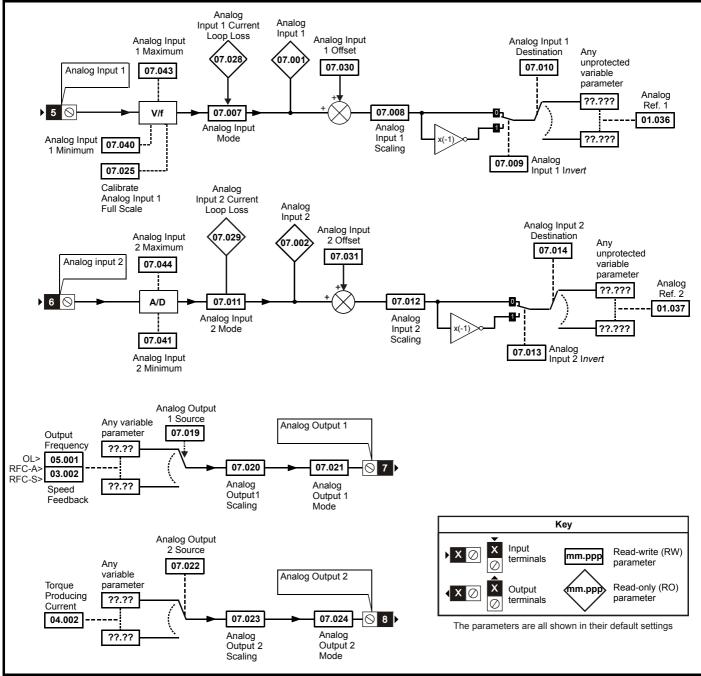
	Parameter	Range	(\$)		Default(⇔)		Туре						
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			тур	e			
06.065	Standard Under Voltage Threshold	VM_STD_UND	ER_VOLTS	4	200 V drive: 175 00 V drive: 330 575 V drive: 435 590 V drive: 435	) V 5 V	RW	Num		RA		US	
06.066	Low Voltage Under Voltage Threshold	24 to VM_LOW_UI	NDER_VOLTS	4	200 V drive: 175 400 V drive: 330 575 V drive: 435 590 V drive: 435	0 V 5 V	RW	Num		RA		US	
06.067	Low Under Voltage Threshold Select	Off (0) or (	On (1)			RW	Bit				US		
06.068	Back Up Supply Mode Enable	Off (0) or (	On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US	
06.069	Under-Voltage System Contactor Close	Off (0) or 0	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT		
06.070	Under-Voltage System Contactor Closed	Off (0) or 0	On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit					
06.071	Slow Rectifier Charge Rate Enable	Off (0) or 0	On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US	
06.072	User Supply Select	Off (0) or 0	On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US	
06.084	Date And Time Offset	±24.00 H	ours		0.00 Hours		RW	Num				US	

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter	SMP	Slot,menu,parameter	Chr	Character parameter	Ver	Version number

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 11.8 Menu 7: Analog I/O

#### Figure 11-11 Menu 7 logic diagram



Safety information         Product information         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor         Optimization         NV Media Card Operation         Building Automation         Adv parameters	Diagnostics
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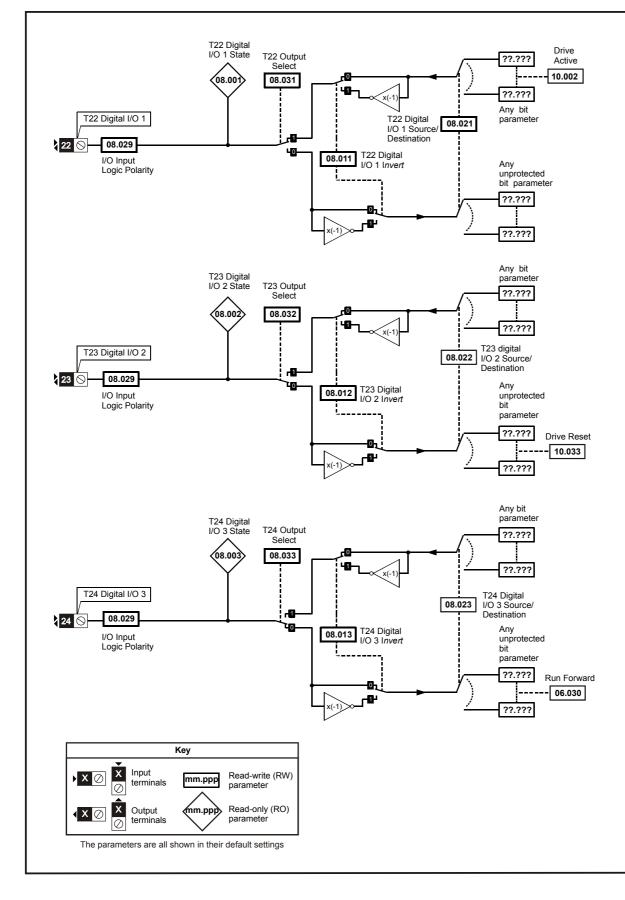
	Parameter	Range(\$)         Default(⇔)           OL         RFC-A / S         OL         RFC-A         F						Туре							
	rarameter	OL		RFC-A / S	0	L	RFC-A	RFC	:-S			Тур	be		
07.001	Analog Input 1	±10	0.00 %							RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
07.002	Analog Input 2	±10	0.00 %							RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
07.004	Monitored Temperature 1	±2	50 °C							RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.005	Monitored Temperature 2	±2	50 °C							RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.006	Monitored Temperature 3	±2	50 °C							RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.007	Analog Input 1 Mode	4-20 mA Low (-4), 20-4 m/ 20-4 mA Hold (-1), 0 4-20 mA Trip (2), 20-4 20-4 mA (5), Volt (6), Therr Therm	-20 mA ( mA Trip	0), 20-0 mA (1), (3), 4-20 mA (4), Cct (7), Thermistor (8)		4-	-20 mA (4	4)		RW	Txt				US
07.008	Analog Input 1 Scaling	0.000	to 10.00	0			1.000			RW	Num				US
07.009	Analog Input 1 Invert	Off (0)	or On (	1)			Off (0)			RW	Bit				US
07.010	Analog Input 1 Destination	0.000	to 59.99	9			1.036			RW	Num	DE		PT	US
07.011	Analog Input 2 Mode	4-20 mA Low (-4), 20-4 m/ 20-4 mA Hold (-1), 0 4-20 mA Trip (2), 20-4 20-4 mA (5), Volt (6), Therr Therm	-20 mÀ ( mA Trip	(0), 20-0 mA (1), (3), 4-20 mA (4), Cct (7), Thermistor (8)			Volt (6)			RW	Txt				US
07.012	Analog Input 2 Scaling	0.000	to 10.00	0			1.000			RW	Num				US
07.013	Analog Input 2 Invert	Off (0)	or On (	1)			Off (0)			RW	Bit				US
07.014	Analog Input 2 Destination	0.000	to 59.99	9	I		1.037		ľ	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
07.019	Analog Output 1 Source	0.000	to 59.99	9	5.0	001	3	3.002		RW	Num	1	1	PT	US
07.020	Analog Output 1 Scaling	0.000	to 10.00	0			1.000			RW	Num				US
07.021	Analog Output 1 Mode	Volts (0), 0-20 n					Volts (0)			RW	Txt				US
	<b>G</b> .	4-20 mA (3		()											
07.022	Analog Output 2 Source		to 59.99				4.002			RW	Num			PT	US
07.023	Analog Output 2 Scaling		to 10.00				1.000			RW	Num				US
07.024	Analog Output 2 Mode		mA (4)				Volts (0)			RW	Txt				US
07.025	Calibrate Analog Input 1 Full Scale	. ,	or On (				Off (0)			RW	Bit		NC		
07.026	Analog Input 1 Fast Update Active		or On (							RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
07.027	Analog Input 1 Fast Update Active		or On (							RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
07.028	Analog Input 1 Current Loop Loss		or On (							RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
07.029	Analog Input 2 Current Loop Loss	. ,	or On (	1)						RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
07.030	Analog Input 1 Offset		0.00 %				0.00 %			RW	Num				US
07.031	Analog Input 2 Offset		0.00 %				0.00 %			RW	Num				US
07.033	Power Output		0.0 %							RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.034	Inverter Temperature		50 °C							RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.035	Percentage Of d.c. Bus Thermal Trip Level		100 %							RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	<u> </u>
07.036	Percentage Of Drive Thermal Trip Level		100 %							RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.037	Temperature Nearest To Trip Level		29999							RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.038	Temperature Monitor Select 1		o 1999				1001			RW	Num				US
07.039	Temperature Monitor Select 2		o 1999				1002			RW	Num				US
07.040	Analog Input 1 Minimum		0.00 %				100.00 %			RW	Num				US
07.041	Analog Input 2 Minimum		0.00 %				100.00 %	-		RW	Num				US
07.043	Analog Input 1 Maximum		0.00 %				100.00 %			RW	Num				US
07.044	Analog Input 2 Maximum		0.00 %				100.00 %	0		RW	Num				US
07.051	Analog Input 1 Full Scale		65535							RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
07.052 07.053	Temperature Monitor Select 3 Analog Input 1 Thermistor Type	0 to DIN44082 PT100 (2)				DI	1 N44082 (	(0)	_	RW RW	Num Txt				US US
		PT2000 (4	4), NI100												
07.054	Analog Input 1 Thermistor Feedback		5000 Ω							RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.055	Analog Input 1 Thermistor Trip Threshold		5000 Ω				<b>3300</b> Ω			RW	Num				US
07.056	Analog Input 1 Thermistor Reset Threshold		5000 Ω				<b>1800</b> Ω			RW	Num				US
07.057	Analog Input 1 Thermistor Temperature		o 300 °C		_					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.058	Analog Input 2 Thermistor Type	DIN44082 PT100 (2) PT2000 (4	, PT100	0 (3),		DI	N44082 (	(0)		RW	Txt				US
07.059	Analog Input 2 Thermistor Feedback		5000 Ω							RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	<u> </u>
07.060	Analog Input 2 Thermistor Trip Threshold		5000 Ω				3300 Ω			RW	Num		-		US
07.061	Analog Input 2 Thermistor Reset Threshold		5000 Ω				1800 Ω			RW	Num				US
07.062	Analog Input 2 Thermistor Temperature		o 300 °C	:						RO		ND	NC	PT	-
	W Read / Write RO Read only Num Number parameter Bit Bit parameter Txt Text			Bit parameter	Txt	Text st	ring	Rin R	inary	para	meter	FI	Fi	Itered	1
RW Re	ad / Write RO Read only Nun	number parameter	5.0	Bit parameter	er Txt Text string Bin Bina endent US User save PS Pow		intar y								

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runnina		NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical		UL listing
		installation	installation		parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	Automation	Advanced parameters	data	Diagnostics	information
					p								

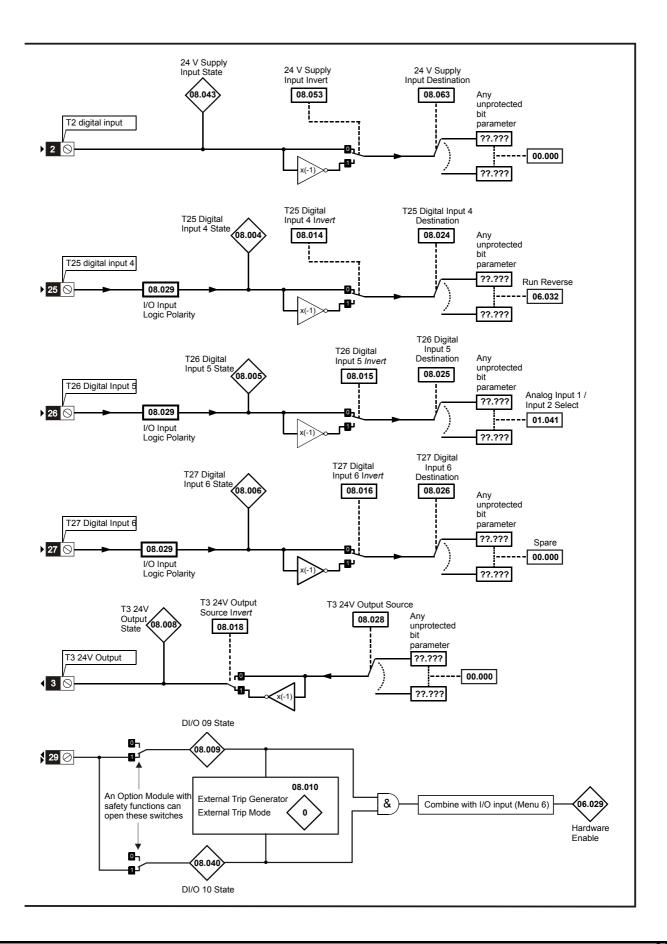
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 11.9 Menu 8: Digital I/O

Figure 11-12 Menu 8 logic diagram



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runnina		NV Media Card	Buildina	Advanced	Technical		UL listing
Oalcty	TTOQUOL	wicchanica		Octung	Dasic	rturning	Optimization		Dulluling	Auvanceu	recimical	Diagnostics	OL IIStillig
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information
mormation	inionnauon	Installation	installation	Starteu	parameters			Operation	Automation	parameters	uala		iniomation



Safety information         Product information         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor         Optimization         NV Media Card Operation         Building Automation         Advance parameters		al Diagnosti	UL listing information
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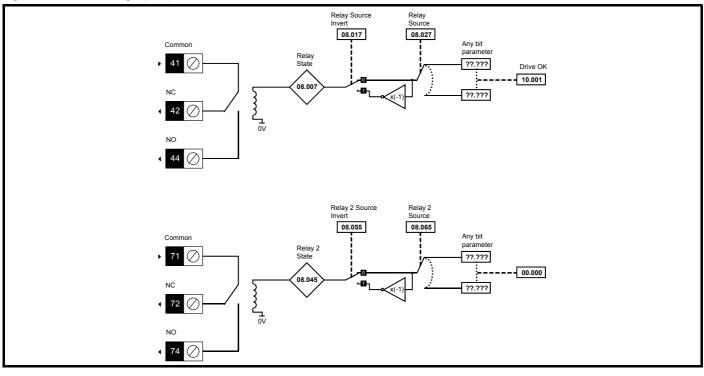
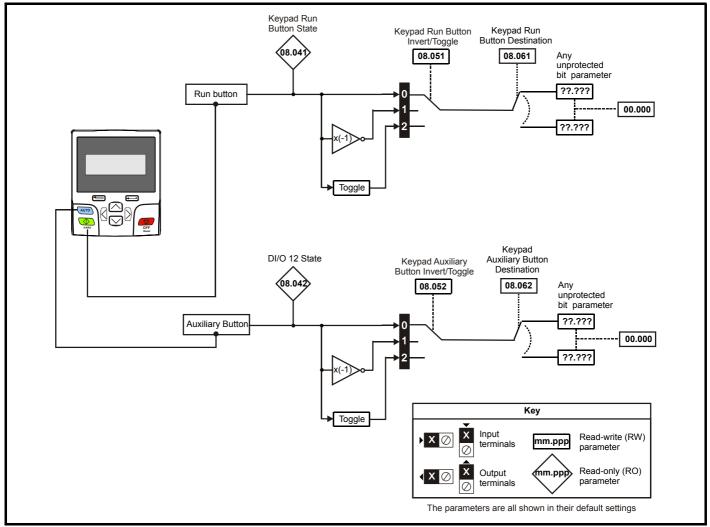


Figure 11-14 Menu 8 logic (cont)



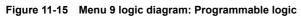
Upplimization Juganostics	Safety Product information	Mechanical n installation		Electrical installation	Getting started		Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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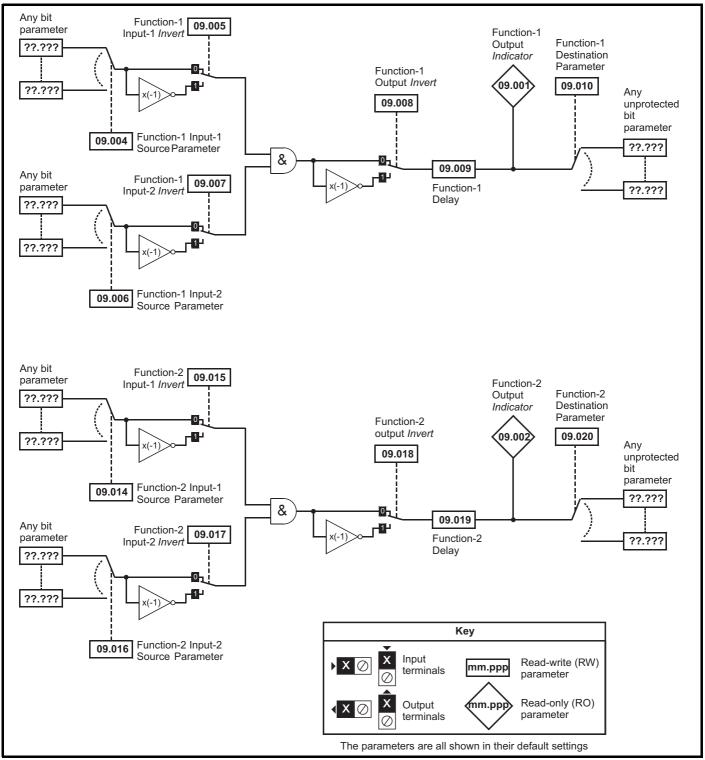
		Rang	e(\$)		Default(⇔)		I		_			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	De		
08.001	Digital I/O 01 State	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.002	Digital I/O 02 State	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.003	Digital I/O 03 State	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.004	Digital Input 04 State	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.005	Digital Input 05 State	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.006	Digital Input 06 State	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.007	Relay Output State	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.008	24V Supply Output State	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.009	STO Input 01 State	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.010	External Trip Mode	Disable (0), STO 1 (1), STO	2 (2), STO 1 OR STO 2 (3)		Disable (0)		RW	Txt				US
08.011	Digital I/O 01 Invert	Not Invert (0)	or Invert (1)		Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US
08.012	Digital I/O 02 Invert	Not Invert (0)	or Invert (1)		Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US
08.013	Digital I/O 03 Invert	Not Invert (0)	or Invert (1)		Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US
08.014	Digital Input 04 Invert	Not Invert (0)	or Invert (1)		Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US
08.015	Digital Input 05 Invert	Not Invert (0)	or Invert (1)		Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US
08.016	Digital Input 06 Invert	Not Invert (0)	or Invert (1)		Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US
08.017	Relay Invert	Not Invert (0)	or Invert (1)		Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US
08.018	24V Supply Output Invert	Not Invert (0)	or Invert (1)		Invert (1)		RW	Txt				US
08.020	Digital I/O Read Word	0 to 5	511				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
08.021	Digital I/O 01 Source/Destination	0.000 to	59.999		10.002		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.022	Digital I/O 02 Source/Destination	0.000 to	59.999		10.033		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.023	Digital I/O 03 Source/Destination	0.000 to	59.999		6.030		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.024	Digital Input 04 Destination	0.000 to	59.999		1.054		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.025	Digital Input 05 Destination	0.000 to	59.999		1.041		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.026	Digital Input 06 Destination	0.000 to	59.999	-	0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.027	Relay Output Source	0.000 to	59.999	-	10.001		RW	Num			PT	US
08.028	24V Supply Output Source	0.000 to	59.999	-	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US	
08.029	Input Logic Polarity	Negative Logic (0) o	r Positive Logic (1)		Positive Logic (1	)	RW	Txt				US
08.031	Digital I/O 01 Output Select	Off (0) or	On (1)		On (1)		RW	Bit				US
08.032	Digital I/O 02 Output Select	Off (0) or	On (1)	-	0# (0)		RW	Bit				US
08.033	Digital I/O 03 Output Select	Off (0) or	On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
08.040	STO Input 02 State	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.041	Keypad Run Button State	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.042	Keypad Auxiliary Button State	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.043	24V Supply Input State	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.044	Keypad Stop Button State	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.045	Relay 2 Output State	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.051	Keypad Run Button Invert/Toggle	Not Invert (0), Inver	t (1) or Toggle (2)		Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US
08.052	Keypad Auxiliary Button Invert/Toggle	Not Invert (0), Inver	t (1) or Toggle (2)		Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US
08.053	24V Supply Input Invert	Not Invert (0)	or Invert (1)		Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US
08.055	Relay 2 Invert	Not Invert (0		Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US	
08.061	Keypad Run Button Destination	0.000 to		0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US	
08.062	Keypad Auxiliary Button Destination	0.000 to		0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US	
08.063	24V Supply Input Source	0.000 to		0.000		RW	Num			PT	US	
08.065	Relay 2 Source	0.000 to	59.999		0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
08.071	DI/O Output Enable Register 1	0000000000000000000 t	o 11111111111111	0	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	00	RW	Bin			PT	US
08.072	DI/O Input Register 1	0000000000000000000 t	o 11111111111111				RO	Bin			PT	
08.073	DI/O Output Register 1	0000000000000000000 t	o 11111111111111	0	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	00	RW	Bin			PT	

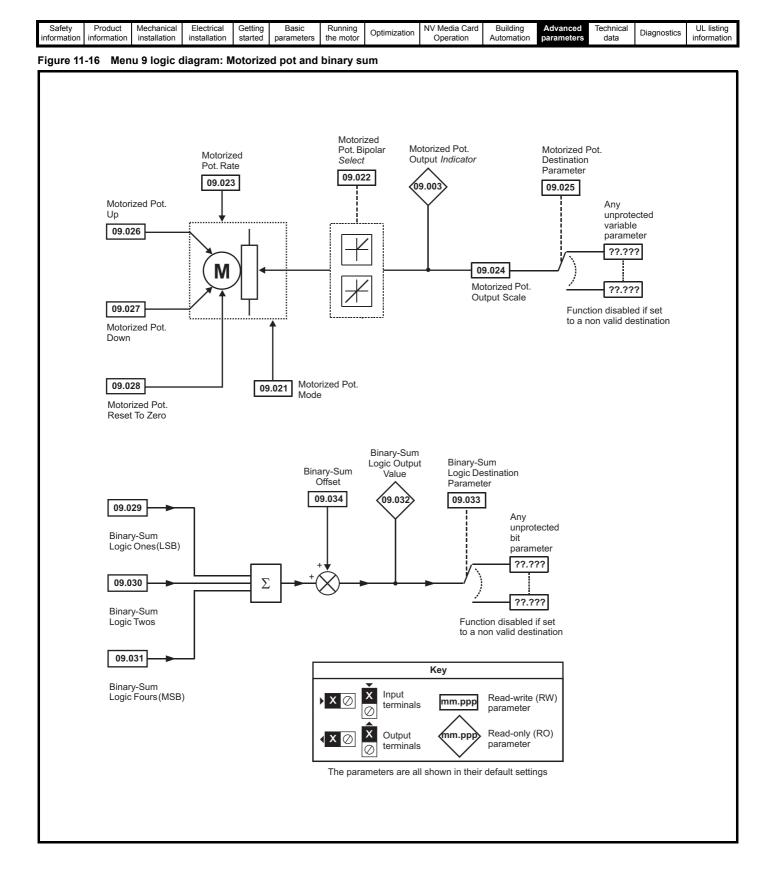
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

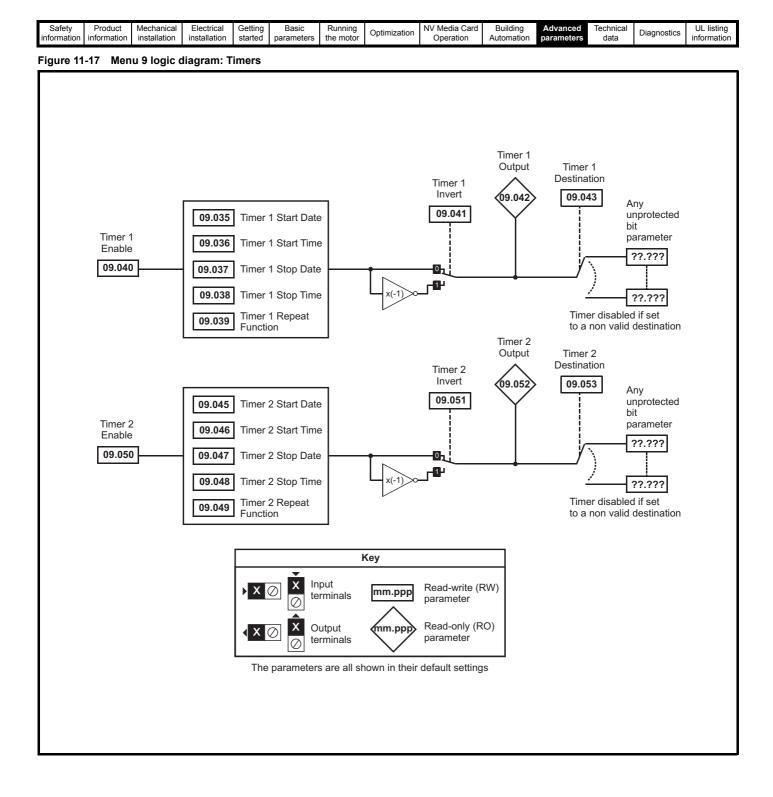
	Product nformation	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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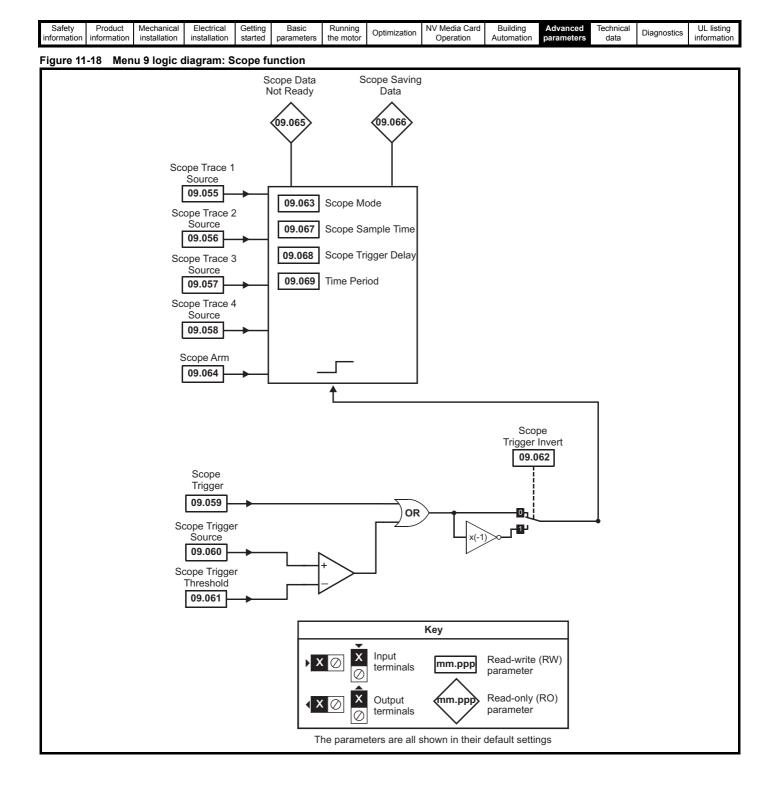
11.10 Menu 9: Programmable logic, motorized pot, binary sum and timers











Optimization	V Media Card Building Advanced Technical Diagnostics UL listing information
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	_	Range(≎)	Default(⇔)			_			
	Parameter	OL RFC-A / S	OL RFC-A RFC-S			Тур	e		
09.001	Logic Function 1 Output	Off (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
09.002	Logic Function 2 Output	Off (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
09.003	Motorized Pot Output	±100.00 %		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
09.004	Logic Function 1 Source 1	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
09.005	Logic Function 1 Source 1 Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.006	Logic Function 1 Source 2	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
09.007	Logic Function 1 Source 2 Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.008	Logic Function 1 Output Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.009	Logic Function 1 Delay	±25.0 s	0.0 s	RW	Num				US
09.010	Logic Function 1 Destination	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
09.014	Logic Function 2 Source 1	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
09.015	Logic Function 2 Source 1 Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.016	Logic Function 2 Source 2	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
09.017	Logic Function 2 Source 2 Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.018	Logic Function 2 Output Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.019	Logic Function 2 Delay	±25.0 s	0.0 s	RW	Num	DE		пт	US
09.020	Logic Function 2 Destination	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW RW	Num	DE		PT	US
09.021	Motorized Pot Mode	0 to 4			Num Rit				US
09.022 09.023	Motorized Pot Bipolar Select Motorized Pot Rate	Off (0) or On (1) 0 to 250 s	Off (0) 20 s	RW RW	Bit Num				US US
09.023	Motorized Pot Rate	0.000 to 4.000	1.000	RW	Num				US
09.024	Motorized Pot Scaling	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
09.025	Motorized Pot Up	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit	DE	NC	FI	03
09.020	Motorized Pot Down	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
09.028	Motorized Pot Reset	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
09.029	Binary Sum Ones	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
09.030	Binary Sum Twos	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
09.031	Binary Sum Fours	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
09.032	Binary Sum Output	0 to 255		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
09.033	Binary Sum Destination	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
09.034	Binary Sum Offset	0 to 248	0	RW	Num				US
09.035	Timer 1 Start Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99	00-00-00	RW	Date				US
09.036	Timer 1 Start Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59	00:00:00	RW	Time				US
09.037	Timer 1 Stop Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99	00-00-00	RW	Date				US
09.038	Timer 1 Stop Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59	00:00:00	RW	Time				US
09.039	Timer 1 Repeat Function	None (0), Hour (1), Day (2), Week (3), Month (4), Year (5),	None (0)	RW	Txt				US
09.040	Timer 1 Enable	One off (6), Minute (7) Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.041	Timer 1 Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.042	Timer 1 Output	Off (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
09.043	Timer 1 Destination	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	DE			PT	US
09.045	Timer 2 Start Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99	00-00-00	RW	Date				US
09.046	Timer 2 Start Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59	00:00:00	RW	Time				US
09.047	Timer 2 Stop Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99	00-00-00	RW	Date				US
09.048	Timer 2 Stop Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59	00:00:00	RW	Time				US
09.049	Timer 2 Repeat Function	None (0), Hour (1), Day (2), Week (3), Month (4), Year (5),	None (0)	RW	Txt				US
		One off (6), Minute (7)							
09.050	Timer 2 Enable	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.051	Timer 2 Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit	NE	NG	<b>D</b> 7	US
09.052	Timer 2 Output	Off (0) or On (1)	0.000	RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	110
09.053	Timer 2 Destination	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	DE			PT	US
09.055	Scope Trace 1 Source	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
09.056	Scope Trace 2 Source	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW RW	Num			PT PT	US
09.057	Scope Trace 3 Source	0.000 to 59.999	0.000		Num				US
09.058	Scope Trace 4 Source	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num Rit			PT	US
09.059	Scope Trigger	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit			PT	110
09.060	Scope Trigger Source	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			۳I	US
09.061	Scope Trigger Threshold	-2147483648 to 2147483647	0	RW	Num				US

	Safety information i	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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	Demonster	Ran	ıge(\$)		Default(⇔	)	Туре					
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			ıyp	be		
09.062	Scope Trigger Invert	Off (0)	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
09.063	Scope Mode	Single (0), No	rmal (1), Auto (2)		Single (0)		RW	Txt				US
09.064	Scope Arm	Off (0)	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
09.065	Scope Data Not Ready	Off (0)	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
09.066	Scope Saving Data	Off (0)	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
09.067	Scope Sample Time	1 t	o 200		1							US
09.068	Scope Trigger Delay	0 to	100 %			RW	Num				US	
09.069	Scope Time Period	0.00 to 20	00000.00 ms				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
09.070	Scope Auto-save Mode	Disabled (0), Ove	erwrite (1), Keep (2)		Disabled (0)		RW	Txt				US
09.071	Scope Auto-save File Number	0	to 99	0			RO	Num				PS
09.072	Scope Auto-save Reset	Off (0)	or On (1)	Off (0)				Bit				
09.073	Scope Auto-save Status	Disabled (0), Active (1	), Stopped (2), Failed (3)	Disabled (0)				Txt				PS

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter	SMP	Slot,menu,parameter	Chr	Character parameter	Ver	Version number

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic parameters the motor the	UL listing information
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# 11.11 Menu 10: Status and trips

	_	Ran	ge(\$)		Default(⇔)				_			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	-		Тур	e		
10.001	Drive Heathy	Off (0)	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.002	Drive Active	Off (0)	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.003	Zero Speed	Off (0)	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.004	Running At Or Below Minimum	Off (0)	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
	Speed											
10.005	Below Set Speed	. , ,	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.006	At Speed	. , ,	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.007 10.008	Above Set Speed Rated Load Reached	. ,	or On (1) or On (1)				RO RO	Bit Bit	ND ND	NC NC	PT PT	
10.008	Current Limit Active	. , ,	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.003	Regenerating	. , ,	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.010	Braking IGBT Active	. ,	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.012	Braking Resistor Alarm	. ,	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.013	Reverse Direction Commanded		or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.014	Reverse Direction Running	. ,	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.015	Supply Loss	Off (0)	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.016	Under Voltage Active		or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.017	Motor Overload Alarm	Off (0)	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.018	Drive Over-temperature Alarm	Off (0)	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.019	Drive Warning	Off (0)	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.020	Trip 0	0 to	255				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.021	Trip 1	0 to	255				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.022	Trip 2		255				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.023	Trip 3		o 255				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.024	Trip 4		o 255				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.025	Trip 5		255				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.026	Trip 6		255				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.027	Trip 7		0 255				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.028 10.029	Trip 8 Trip 9		o 255 o 255				RO RO	Txt Txt	ND ND	NC NC	PT PT	PS PS
10.029	Braking Resistor Rated Power		9999.999 kW	C	See Table 11-	5	RW	Num	ND	INC.	PI	US
	Braking Resistor Thermal Time											
10.031	Constant	0.000 to	1500.000 s	5	See Table 11-8	5	RW	Num				US
10.032	External Trip	Off (0)	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
10.033	Drive Reset	Off (0)	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
10.034	Number Of Auto-reset Attempts	None (0), 1, 2, 3	3, 4, 5, Infinite (6)		None (0)		RW	Txt				US
10.035	Auto-reset Delay		600.0 s		1.0 s		RW	Num				US
10.036	Auto-reset Hold Drive Heathy		or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
10.037	Action On Trip Detection		to 11111		00000		RW	Bin	NO	110		US
10.038	User Trip Proking Posister Thormal	0 tc	0 255				RW	Num	ND	NC		
10.039	Braking Resistor Thermal Accumulator	0.0 to	100.0 %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
10.040	Status Word	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	) to 111111111111111				RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT	
10.041	Trip 0 Date	00-00-00	to 31-12-99				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.042	Trip 0 Time	00:00:00	to 23:59:59				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.043	Trip 1 Date	00-00-00	to 31-12-99				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.044	Trip 1 Time		to 23:59:59				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.045	Trip 2 Date		to 31-12-99				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.046	Trip 2 Time		to 23:59:59				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.047	Trip 3 Date		to 31-12-99				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.048	Trip 3 Time		to 23:59:59				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.049	Trip 4 Date		to 31-12-99				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.050	Trip 4 Time		to 23:59:59				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.051	Trip 5 Date		to 31-12-99				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.052	Trip 5 Time		to 23:59:59				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.053	Trip 6 Date	00-00-00	to 31-12-99				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization				Advanced parameters	Techn dat		Diagnos	stics	UL lis	
						Range(1)				Default(⇔)							
	Pa	rameter			OL		RFC-A/S		OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	)e		
10.054	Trip 6 Tim	ie			00:00	0:00 to 23:	59:59					RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.055	Trip 7 Dat	e			00-00	0-00 to 31-	12-99					RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.056	Trip 7 Tim	e			00:00	0:00 to 23:	59:59					RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.057	Trip 8 Dat	e		_	00-00	0-00 to 31-	12-99					RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.058	Trip 8 Tim	e			00:00	0:00 to 23:	59:59					RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.059	Trip 9 Dat	e			00-00	0-00 to 31-	12-99					RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.060	Trip 9 Tim	e			00:00	0:00 to 23:	59:59					RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.061	Braking R	esistor Resi	stance		0.00	to 10000.	00 Ω		S	ee Table 11	-5	RW	Num				US
10.062	Low Load	Detected A	arm		Of	f (0) or On	(1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.063	Local Key	pad Battery	Low		Of	f (0) or On	(1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.064	Remote K	eypad Batte	ry Low		Of	f (0) or On	(1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.065	Auto-tune	Active			Of	f (0) or On	(1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.067	Fire Mode	Active			Of	f (0) or On	(1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.068	Hold Drive	e Heathy On	Under Volta	ge	Of	f (0) or On	(1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
10.069	Additional	Status Bits			000000	0000 to 11	11111111					RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT	
10.070	Trip 0 Sub	o-trip Numbe	r			0 to 65535	5					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.071	Trip 1 Sub	Trip 1 Sub-trip Number			0 to 65535							RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.072	Trip 2 Sub	Trip 2 Sub-trip Number			0 to 65535							RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.073	Trip 3 Sub	Trip 2 Sub-trip Number Trip 3 Sub-trip Number			0 to 65535							RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.074	Trip 4 Sub	o-trip Numbe	r		0 to 65535							RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.075	Trip 5 Sub	o-trip Numbe	r		0 to 65535							RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.076	Trip 6 Sub	o-trip Numbe	r		0 to 65535							RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.077	Trip 7 Sub	o-trip Numbe	r			0 to 65535	5					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.078	Trip 8 Sub	o-trip Numbe	r			0 to 65535	5					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.079	Trip 9 Sub	o-trip Numbe	r			0 to 65535	5					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.080	Stop Moto	or			Of	f (0) or On	(1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.081	Phase Los	SS			Of	f (0) or On	(1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.101	Drive Stat	Phase Loss Drive Status			Off (0) or On (1) Inhibit (0), Ready (1), Stop (2), Scan (3), Run (4), Supply Loss (5), Deceleration (6), dc Injection (7), Position (8), Trip (9), Active (10), Off (11), Hand (12), Auto (13), Heat (14), Under Voltage (15), Phasing (16)						RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT		
10.102	Trip Rese	t Source				0 to 1023						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.103	Trip Time	Identifier			-21474836	48 to 2147	483647 ms					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
10.104	Active Alarm			(	Mote nd Overload Auto Tune Fire Mod Option Slot	e (5), Limit le (7), Low 1 (9), Optio	d (2), Overload (4), Switch (6), Load (8), on Slot 2 (10),					RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
10.105	Hand Off	Auto state		Option Slot 3 (11), Option Slot 4 (12)           Not Active (0), OFF (1), Hand (2), Auto (3)						RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS		
10.106	Potential I	Drive Dama	ge Conditions	5	(	0000 to 111	1					RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT	PS

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter	SMP	Slot,menu,parameter	Chr	Character parameter	Ver	Version number

#### Table 11-5 Defaults for Pr 10.030, Pr 10.031 and Pr 10.061

Drive size	Pr 10.030	Pr 10.031	Pr 10.061
3	50 W	3.3 s	75 Ω
4 and 5	100 W	2.0 s	38 Ω
All other ratings and frame sizes	0.0	000	0.00

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
internation	intornation	inotaliation	motaliation	otartea	parametero			operation	ratomation	purumetero	uutu		internation

# 11.12 Menu 11: General drive set-up

	<b>-</b> .	Range(	\$)	I	Default(⇔	)			_			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	)e		
11.018	Status Mode Parameter 1	0.000 to 59	9.999		0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
11.019	Status Mode Parameter 2	0.000 to 59	9.999		0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
11.020	Reset Serial Communications	Off (0) or C	Dn (1)				RW	Bit	ND	NC		
11.021	Parameter 00.030 Scaling	0.000 to 10	0.000		1.000		RW	Num				US
11.022	Parameter Displayed At Power-up	0.000 to 0	.080		0.001		RW	Num			PT	US
11.023	Serial Address	1 to 25	5		1		RW	Num				US
11.024	Serial Mode	8 2 NP (0), 8 1 NP (1), 8 1 8 2 NP M (4), 8 1 NP M 8 1 OP M (7), 7 2 NP (8), 7 7 1 OP (11), 7 2 NP M (1 7 1 EP M (14), 7	(5), 8 1 EP M (6), 1 NP (9), 7 1 EP (10), 12), 7 1 NP M (13),		8 2 NP (0)		RW	Txt				US
11.025	Serial Baud Rate	300 (0), 600 (1), 1200 (2), 9600 (5), 192 38400 (7), 57600 (8), 768	200 (6),		19200 (6)		RW	Txt				US
11.026	Minimum Comms Transmit Delay	0 to 250	ms		2 ms		RW	Num				US
11.027	Silent Period	0 to 250	ms		0 ms		RW	Num				US
11.028	Drive Derivative	0 to 25	5				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.029	Software Version	00.00.00.00 to 9	9.99.99.99				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.030	User Security Code	0 to 214748	33647				RW	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.031	User Drive Mode	Open-loop (1), RFC-A	A (2), RFC-S (3)	Open- loop (1)	RFC-A (2)	RFC-S (3)	RW	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
11.033	Drive Rated Voltage	200 V (0), 400 V (1), 57	75 V (2), 690 V (3)				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
11.034	Software Sub-version	0 to 99	9				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.035	Number Of Power Modules Test	-1 to 20	0		-1		RW	Num				US
11.036	NV Media Card File Previously Loaded	0 to 99	9		0		RO	Num		NC	PT	
11.037	NV Media Card File Number	0 to 99	9		0		RW	Num				
11.038	NV Media Card File Type	None (0), Open-loop (1), R Regen (4), User Prog (	5), Option App (6)				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
11.039	NV Media Card File Version	0 to 999					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.040	NV Media Card File Checksum	-2147483648 to 2	2147483647				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.042	Parameter Cloning	None (0), Read (1), Program	n (2), Auto (3), Boot (4)		None (0)		RW	Txt		NC		US
11.043	Load Defaults	None (0), Standar	d (1), US (2)				RW	Txt		NC		
11.044	User Security Status	Menu 0 (0), All Menus (1), F Read-only (3), Status Only	y (4), No Access (5)		Menu 0 (0)		RW	Txt	ND		PT	
11.046	Defaults Previously Loaded	0 to 200					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	US
11.052	Serial Number LS	000000000 to 9	99999999				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.053	Serial Number MS	0 to 99999	9999				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.054	Drive Date Code	0 to 655	35				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.056	Option Slot Identifiers	1234 (0), 1243 (1), 1324 (2 1432 (5), 4123 (6), 3124 (7 3142 (10), 2143 (11), 34 2413 (14), 4213 (15), 23 2341 (18), 2431 (19), 32 4231 (22), 43	), 4132 (8), 2134 (9), 12 (12), 4312 (13), 14 (16), 3214 (17), 41 (20), 3421 (21),		1234 (0)		RW	Txt			PT	
11.060	Maximum Rated Current	0.000 to 999	99.999				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.061	Full Scale Current Kc	0.000 to 999	99.999				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.062	Power Board Software Version Number	0.00 to 99	9.99				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.063	Product Type	0 to 25	5				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.064	Product Identifier Characters	H300 (1295396912) t	o (2147483647)		H300		RO	Chr	ND	NC	PT	
11.065	Drive Rating And Configuration	00000000 to 99	99999999				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.066	Power Stage Identifier	0 to 25	5				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.067	Control Board Identifier	0.000 to 65	5.535				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.068	Internal I/O Identifier	0 to 25	5				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.069	Position Feedback Interface Identifier	0 to 25	5				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.070	Core Parameter Database Version	0.00 to 99	9.99				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.071	Number Of Power Modules Detected	0 to 20	)				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	US
11.072	NV Media Card Create Special File	0 to 1			0		RW	Num		NC		
11.073	NV Media Card Size	None (0), SMART Card	d (1), SD Card (2)				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.075	NV Media Card Read-only Flag	Off (0) or C	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
11.076	NV Media Card Warning Suppression Flag	Off (0) or C	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
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Safety information         Product installation         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor         Optimization	NV Media Card         Building Automation         Advanced parameters         Technical data         Diagnostics         UL listing information
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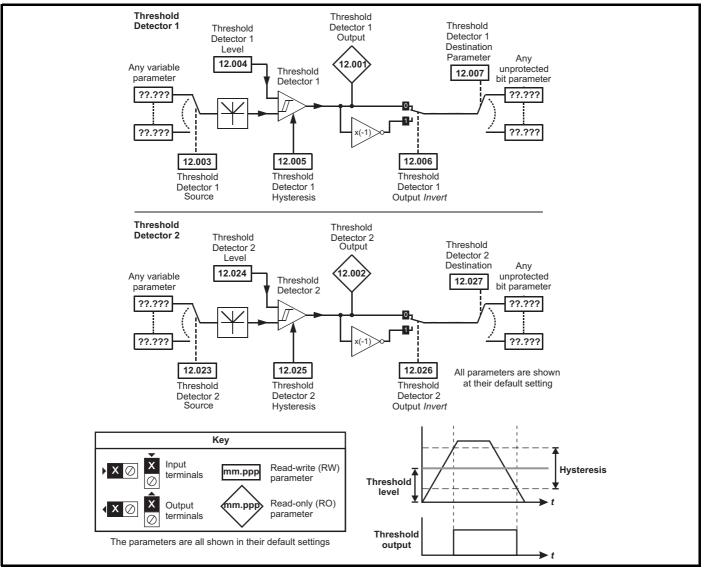
	Denemation	Range(	\$)		Default(⇔)	)			<b>T</b>			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	e		
11.077	NV Media Card File Required Version	0 to 999	99		1	1	RW	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.079	Drive Name Characters 1-4		(2147483647)		□□□□ (0)		RW	Chr			PT	US
11.080	Drive Name Characters 5-8		(2147483647)		□□□□ (0)		RW	Chr			PT	US
11.081	Drive Name Characters 9-12		(2147483647)		□□□□ (0)		RW	Chr			PT	US
11.082	Drive Name Characters 13-16		(2147483647)		□□□□ (0)		RW	Chr			PT	US
11.084	Drive Mode	Open-loop (1), RFC-A	A (2), RFC-S (3)				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	US
11.085	Security Status	None (0), Read-only (1 No Access					RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
11.086	Menu Access Status	Menu 0 (0) or All	Menus (1)				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
11.090	Keypad Port Serial Address	1 to16	1		1		RW	Num				US
11.091	Product Identifier Characters 1		(2147483647)				RO	Chr	ND	NC	PT	
11.092	Product Identifier Characters 2		(2147483647)				RO	Chr	ND	NC	PT	
11.093	Product Identifier Characters 3		(2147483647)				RO	Chr	ND	NC	PT	
11.095	Number Of Rectifiers Detected	0 to 9					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.096	Number Of Rectifiers Expected	0 to 9			0		RW	Num				US

RV	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
NE	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter	SMP	Slot,menu,parameter	Chr	Character parameter	Ver	Version number

Safety information         Product installation         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor         Optimization	NV Media Card Building Advanced Deration Automation Parameters data Diagnostics UL listing information
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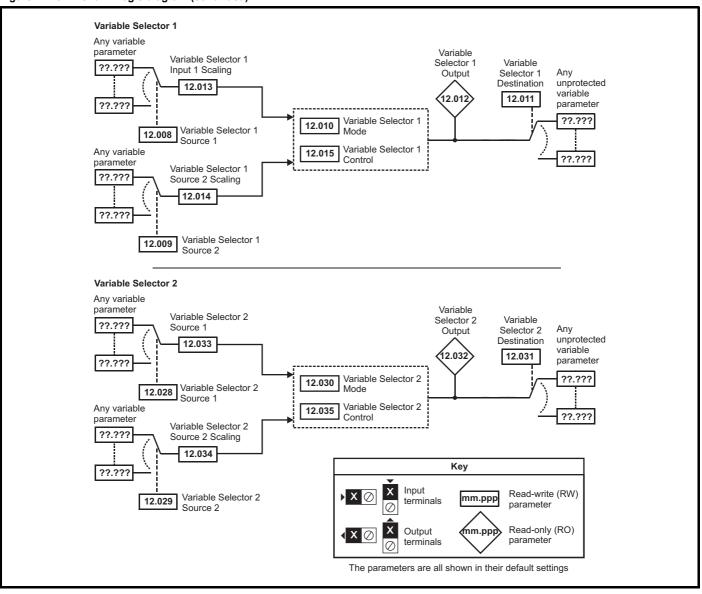
### 11.13 Menu 12: Threshold detectors and variable selectors

Figure 11-19 Menu 12 logic diagram





#### Figure 11-20 Menu 12 logic diagram (continued)



Safety information         Product information         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor         Optimization         NV Media Card Operation         Building Automation         Advanced parameters         Technical data         Diagnostics	,	'n	Optimiz	r		5										
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	Demonster	Range(	\$)		Default(⇔)				<b>T</b>	_		
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A/S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	e		
12.001	Threshold Detector 1 Output	Off (0) or O	n (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
12.002	Threshold Detector 2 Output	Off (0) or O	n (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
12.003	Threshold Detector 1 Source	0.000 to 59	.999		0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
12.004	Threshold Detector 1 Level	0.00 to 100.	00 %		0.00 %		RW	Num				US
12.005	Threshold Detector 1 Hysteresis	0.00 to 25.0	00 %		0.00 %		RW	Num				US
12.006	Threshold Detector 1 Output Invert	Off (0) or O	n (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
12.007	Threshold Detector 1 Destination						RW	Num	DE		PT	US
12.008	Variable Selector 1 Source 1	0.000 to 59	.999		0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
12.009	Variable Selector 1 Source 2						RW	Num			PT	US
12.010	Variable Selector 1 Mode	Input 1 (0), Input 2 (1), Ao Multiply (4), Divide (5), Time Modulus (8), Powers (9	Const (6), Ramp (7),		Input 1 (0)		RW	Txt				US
12.011	Variable Selector 1 Destination	0.000 to 59	.999		0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
12.012	Variable Selector 1 Output	±100.00	%				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
12.013	Variable Selector 1 Source 1 Scaling	±4.000			1.000		RW	Num				US
12.014	Variable Selector 1 Source 2 Scaling	±4.000			1.000		RW	Num				US
12.015	Variable Selector 1 Control	0.00 to 100	0.00		0.00		RW	Num				US
12.016	Variable Selector 1 Enable	Off (0) or O	n (1)		On (1)		RW	Bit				US
12.023	Threshold Detector 2 Source	0.000 to 59	.999		0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
12.024	Threshold Detector 2 Level	0.00 to 100.	00 %		0.00.0/		RW	Num				US
12.025	Threshold Detector 2 Hysteresis	0.00 to 25.0	00 %		0.00 %		RW	Num				US
12.026	Threshold Detector 2 Output Invert	Off (0) or O	n (1)	-	Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
12.027	Threshold Detector 2 Destination	0.000 to 59	.999	-	0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
12.028	Variable Selector 2 Source 1	0.000 to 59	.999		0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
12.029	Variable Selector 2 Source 2	0.000 to 59	.999		0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
12.030	Variable Selector 2 Mode	Input 1 (0), Input 2 (1), Ac Multiply (4), Divide (5), Time Modulus (8), Powers (9	Const (6), Ramp (7),		Input 1 (0)		RW	Txt				US
12.031	Variable Selector 2 Destination	0.000 to 59	.999	-	0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
12.032	Variable Selector 2 Output	±100.00	%				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
12.033	Variable Selector 2 Source 1 Scaling	±4.000			1.000		RW	Num				US
12.034	Variable Selector 2 Source 2 Scaling	±4.000			1.000		RW	Num				US
12.035	Variable Selector 2 Control	0.00 to 100	0.00		0.00		RW	Num				US
12.036	Variable Selector 2 Enable	Off (0) or O	n (1)		On (1)		RW	Bit				US
12.054	External Brake Released Indicator		Off (0) or On (1)		Off	(0)	RW	Bit		NC		
12.055	Brake Release Source		Off (0) or On (1)		Off	(0)	RW	Bit				US

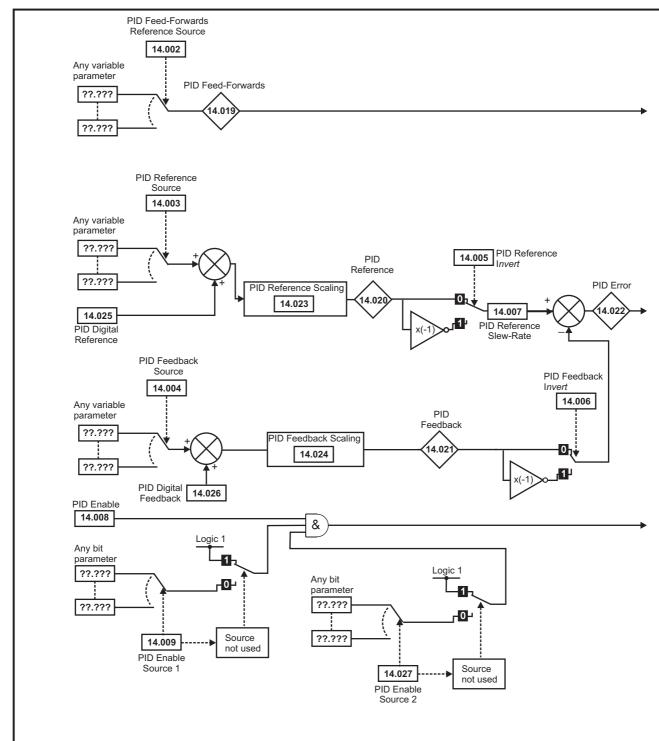
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runnina		NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical		UL listing
		installation	installation		parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	Automation	Advanced parameters	data	Diagnostics	information
					p								

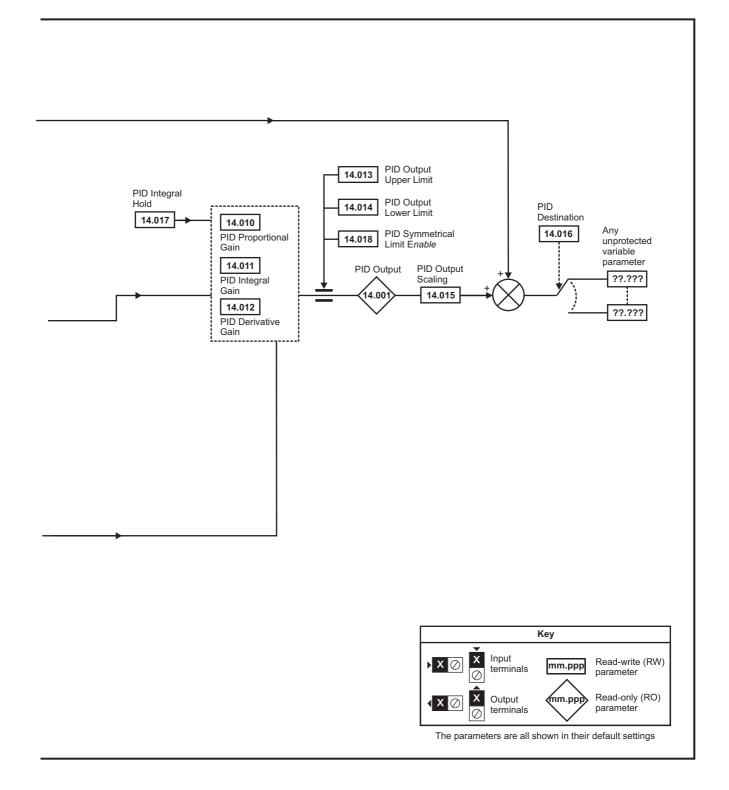
Diagnostics	Safety information	Tiouuot	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started		Running the motor	Optimization		Building Automation	Advanced parameters		Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 11.14 Menu 14: User PID controller

Figure 11-21 Menu 14 Logic diagram



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information



Uladnostics	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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		Range(兌)	Det	_							
	Parameter	Open-Loop RFC-A / S	Open-Loop	RFC-A	RFC-S			Туре	e		
14.001	PID1 Output	±100.00 %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	T
14.002	PID1 Feed-forwards Reference Source	0.000 to 59.999		0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
14.003	PID1 Reference Source	0.000 to 59.999		0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
14.004	PID1 Feedback Source	0.000 to 59.999	0.000			RW	Num			PT	US
14.005	PID1 Reference Invert	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
14.006	PID1 Feedback Invert	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
14.007	PID1 Reference Slew Rate	0.0 to 3200.0 s		0.0 s		RW	Num				US
14.008	PID1 Enable	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
14.009	PID1 Enable Source 1	0.000 to 59.999		0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
14.010	PID1 Proportional Gain	0.000 to 4.000		1.000		RW	Num				US
14.011	PID1 Integral Gain PID1 Differential Gain	0.000 to 4.000		0.500		RW	Num				US
14.012 14.013	PID1 Differential Gain PID1 Output Upper Limit	0.000 to 4.000 0.00 to 100.00 %		0.000		RW RW	Num Num				US US
14.013	PID1 Output Lower Limit	±100.00 %		0.00 %		RW	Num				US
14.014	PID1 Output Scaling	0.000 to 4.000		1.000 %		RW	Num				US
14.015	PID1 Destination	0.000 to 59.999		0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
14.016	PID1 Integral Hold	Off (0) or On (1)		D.000 Dff (0)		RW	Bit				
14.017	PID1 Symmetrical Limit Enable	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit	<u> </u>			US
14.019	PID1 Feed-forwards Reference	±100.00 %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.010	PID1 Reference	±100.00 %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	┼──
14.021	PID1 Feedback	±100.00 %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.022	PID1 Error	±100.00 %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.023	PID1 Reference Scaling	0.000 to 4.000		1.000		RW	Num		-		US
14.024	PID1 Feedback Scaling	0.000 to 4.000		1.000		RW	Num				US
14.025	PID1 Digital Reference	±100.00 %	C	.00 %		RW	Num				US
14.026	PID1 Digital Feedback	±100.00 %	C	.00 %		RW	Num				US
14.027	PID1 Enable Source 2	0.000 to 59.999		0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
14.028	PID1 Pre-sleep Boost Level	0.00 to 100.00 %	C	.00 %		RW	Num				US
14.029	PID1 Maximum Boost Time	0.0 to 250.0 s		0.0 s		RW	Num				US
14.030	PID1 Pre-sleep Boost Level Enable	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
14.031	PID2 Output	±100.00 %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.032	PID2 Feed-forwards Reference Source	0.000 to 59.999		0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
14.033	PID2 Reference Source	0.000 to 59.999		0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
14.034	PID2 Feedback Source	0.000 to 59.999		0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
14.035	PID2 Reference Invert	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
14.036	PID2 Feedback Invert	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
14.037	PID2 Reference Slew Rate Limit	0.0 to 3200.0 s		0.0 s		RW	Num				US
	PID2 Enable	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit			<b></b>	US
14.039	PID2 Enable Source 1	0.000 to 59.999		0.000		RW	Num	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	PT	US
14.040	PID2 Proportional Gain	0.000 to 4.000 0.000 to 4.000		1.000		RW	Num				US
14.041	PID2 Integral Gain PID2 Differential Gain	0.000 to 4.000 0.000 to 4.000		0.500 0.000		RW RW	Num				US US
	PID2 Differential Gain PID2 Output Upper Limit	0.000 to 4.000 0.00 to 100.00 %		0.000 %		RW	Num Num	<u> </u>			US
	PID2 Output Opper Limit PID2 Output Lower Limit	±100.00 %		0.00 %		RW	Num	<u> </u>			US
	PID2 Output Lower Limit PID2 Output Scaling	0.000 to 4.000		1.000 %		RW	Num				US
14.045	PID2 Destination	0.000 to 59.999		0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
	PID2 Integral Hold	Off (0) or On (1)		Dff (0)		RW	Bit				- 33
	PID2 Symmetrical Limit Enable	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
14.049	PID2 Feed-forwards Reference	±100.00 %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	<u> </u>
14.050	PID2 Reference	±100.00 %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	<u> </u>
14.051	PID2 Feedback	±100.00 %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	<u> </u>
14.052	PID2 Error	±100.00 %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	<u> </u>
14.053	PID2 Reference Scaling	0.000 to 4.000		1.000		RW	Num	-	-	· ·	US
14.054	PID2 Feedback Scaling	0.000 to 4.000		1.000		RW	Num				US
	PID2 Digital Reference	±100.00 %		.00 %		RW	Num				US
	PID2 Digital Feedback	±100.00 %		.00 %		RW	Num			-	US
14.057	PID2 Enable Source 2	0.000 to 59.999		0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
14.058	PID1 Feedback Output Scaling	0.000 to 4.000		1.000		RW	Num			-	US

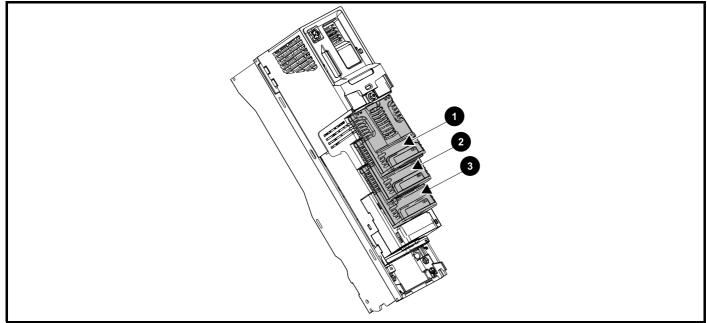
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanc paramet		echnical data	Diagnostics	isting nation
	Parameter					Range(≎) Default(⇔)							Туре	
		Farameter			Open-Lo	op Ri	FC-A/S	Open-Loop	RFC-A	RFC-S			туре	
14.059	4.059 PID1 Mode Selector		Fbk1 + Fl Max Fl	Fbk1 (0), Fbk2 (1), Fbk1 + Fbk2 (2), Min Fbk (3), Max Fbk (4), Av Fbk (5), Min Error (6), Max Error (7)		Fb	ok1 (0)		RW	Txt		US		
14.060	PID1 Feed	back Square	e Root Enab	le 1	Of	f (0) or On	ı (1)	C	Off (0)		RW	Bit		US
14.061	PID2 Feed	back Square	e Root Enab	le	Of	f (0) or On	ı (1)	C	Off (0)		RW	Bit		US
14.062	PID1 Feed	back Square	e Root Enab	le 2	Of	f (0) or On	ı (1)	С	Off (0)		RW	Bit		US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		Operation	Automation	parameters	data	g	information

## 11.15 Menus 15, 16 and 17: Option module set-up

Figure 11-22 Location of option module slots and their corresponding menu numbers



- 1. Solutions Module Slot 1 Menu 15
- 2. Solutions Module Slot 2 Menu 16
- 3. Solutions Module Slot 3 Menu 17

#### 11.15.1 Parameters common to all categories

	Parameter	Range(≎)	Default(⇔)		e				
mm.001	Module ID	0 to 65535		RO N	Jm	ND	NC	PT	
mm.002	Software Version	00.00.00.00 to 99.99.99.99		RO N	Jm	ND	NC	PT	
mm.003	Hardware Version	0.00 to 99.99		RO N	um	ND	NC	PT	
mm.004	Serial Number LS	0 to 9999999		RO N	Jm	ND	NC	PT	
mm.005	Serial Number MS	0 10 99999999		RO N	um	ND	NC	PT	
mm.006	Module Status	-2 to 3		RO N	um	ND	NC	PT	
mm.007	Module Reset	Off (0) to On (1)	Off (0)	RW E	Bit		NC		

The option module ID indicates the type of module that is installed in the corresponding slot. See the relevant option module user guide for more information regarding the module.

Option module ID	Module	Category
0	No module installed	
209	SI-I/O	Automation (I/O Expansion)
304	SI-Applications Plus	
310	MCi210	Automation (Applications)
311	MCi200	
443	SI-PROFIBUS	
447	SI-DeviceNet	
448	SI-CANopen	Fieldbus
433	SI-Ethernet	T leidbus
432	SI-PROFINET RT	
434	SI-PROFINET V2	

mornation motination installation installation stated parameters the motion operation Automation parameters data mornation	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 11.16 Menu 18: Application menu 1

	De				1	Range	(\$)		De	fault(	⇔)				Terr			
	Pa	ramete	er		OL		RFC-A / S	C	DL F	RFC-A	A RI	-C-S			Ту	ре		
18.00	1 Application Mer	nu 1 Pov	wer-down Save	Integer	-32	2768 to 3	32767			0	•		RW	Num				PS
18.002 18.010		nu 1 Rea	ad-only Integer		-32	2768 to 3	32767						RO	Num	ND	NC		US
18.011 18.030		nu 1 Rea	ad-write Integer		-32	2768 to 3	32767			0			RW	Num				US
18.031 18.050	Application Mar	nu 1 Rea	ad-write bit		Off	f (0) or (	Dn (1)			Off (0)			RW	Bit				US
18.051 18.054		nu 1 Pov	wer-down Save	long	-2147483	3648 to 2	2147483647			0			RW	Num				PS
RW I	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text str	ing	Bin	Binary	para	meter	F	1	Filter	ed
ND I	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User sa	ive	PS	Power	-dow	n save	D	E	Desti	nation

## 11.17 Menu 19: Application menu 2

	Parameter	Range	e(\$)		Default(⇔	)			т.,		
	Falameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	-		Ту	be	
19.001	Application Menu 2 Power-down Save Integer	-32768 to	32767		0		RW	Num			PS
19.002 to 19.010	Application Menu 2 Read-only Integer	-32768 to	32767				RO	Num	ND	NC	US
19.011 to 19.030	Application Menu 2 Read-write Integer	-32768 to	32767		0		RW	Num			US
19.031 to 19.050	Application Menu 2 Read-write bit	Off (0) or	On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit			US
19.051 to 19.054	Application Menu 2 Power-down Save long Integer	-2147483648 to	2147483647		0		RW	Num			PS

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

## 11.18 Menu 20: Application menu 3

	Parameter	Range(\$) Default(⇔)					Туре				
	rarameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Type		
20.001 to 20.020	Application Menu 3 Read-write Integer	-32768 to		0		RW	Num				
20.021 to 20.040	Application Menu 3 Read-write Long Integer	-2147483648 to 2147483647			0		RW	Num			

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety information         Product installation         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor         Optimization         NV Media Card Operation         Building Automation         Advanced parameters         Technical data         Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 11.19 Menu 22: Additional Menu 0 set-up

Γ	<b>D</b>		Range(\$)			Default(⇔)				-	
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Туре	
22.001	Parameter 00.001 Set-up				5.004	3.0	02	RW	Num	PT	US
22.002	Parameter 00.002 Set-up					5.001		RW	Num	PT	US
22.003	Parameter 00.003 Set-up					4.001		RW	Num	PT	US
22.004	Parameter 00.004 Set-up					5.003		RW	Num	PT	US
22.005	Parameter 00.005 Set-up					11.029		RW	Num	PT	US
22.006	Parameter 00.006 Set-up					0.000		RW	Num	PT	US
22.007	Parameter 00.007 Set-up					0.000		RW	Num	PT	US
22.008	Parameter 00.008 Set-up					0.000		RW	Num	PT	US
22.009	Parameter 00.009 Set-up					0.000		RW	Num	PT	US
22.010	Parameter 00.010 Set-up					1.007		RW	Num	PT	US
22.011	Parameter 00.011 Set-up					1.006		RW	Num	PT	US
22.012	Parameter 00.012 Set-up					2.011		RW	Num	PT	US
22.013	Parameter 00.013 Set-up					2.021		RW	Num	PT	US
22.014	Parameter 00.014 Set-up				5.014	3.0	10	RW	Num	PT	US
22.015	Parameter 00.015 Set-up				5.013	3.0	11	RW	Num	PT	US
22.016	Parameter 00.016 Set-up				5.015	3.0	12	RW	Num	PT	US
22.017	Parameter 00.017 Set-up					5.011		RW	Num	PT	US
22.018	Parameter 00.018 Set-up					5.009	-	RW	Num	PT	US
22.019	Parameter 00.019 Set-up					5.008	-	RW	Num	PT	US
22.020	Parameter 00.020 Set-up					5.007		RW	Num	PT	US
22.021	Parameter 00.021 Set-up				5.	006	5.033	RW	Num	PT	US
22.022	Parameter 00.022 Set-up					5.018		RW	Num	PT	US
22.023	Parameter 00.023 Set-up				6.	009	0.000	RW	Num	PT	US
22.024	Parameter 00.024 Set-up					5.012		RW	Num	PT	US
22.025	Parameter 00.025 Set-up					7.007		RW	Num	PT	US
22.026	Parameter 00.026 Set-up					7.010		RW	Num	PT	US
22.027	Parameter 00.027 Set-up					7.011		RW	Num	PT	US
22.028	Parameter 00.028 Set-up					7.014		RW	Num	PT	US
22.029	Parameter 00.029 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			7.058		RW	Num	PT	US
22.030	Parameter 00.030 Set-up					11.030		RW	Num	PT	US
22.031	Parameter 00.031 Set-up					11.044		RW	Num	PT	US
22.032	Parameter 00.032 Set-up					11.036		RW	Num	PT	US
22.033	Parameter 00.033 Set-up					11.042		RW	Num	PT	US
22.034	Parameter 00.034 Set-up					6.016		RW	Num	PT	US
22.035	Parameter 00.035 Set-up					6.017		RW	Num	PT	US
22.036	Parameter 00.036 Set-up					6.018		RW	Num	PT	US
22.037	Parameter 00.037 Set-up					6.019		RW	Num	PT	US
22.038	Parameter 00.038 Set-up					6.020		RW	Num	PT	US
22.039	Parameter 00.039 Set-up					0.000		RW	Num	PT	US
22.040	Parameter 00.040 Set-up				0.	000	5.064	RW	Num	PT	US
22.041	Parameter 00.041 Set-up				0.	000	5.071	RW	Num	PT	US
22.042	Parameter 00.042 Set-up				0.	000	5.072	RW	Num	PT	US
22.043	Parameter 00.043 Set-up				0.	000	5.075	RW	Num	PT	US
22.044	Parameter 00.044 Set-up				0.	000	5.077	RW	Num	PT	US
22.045	Parameter 00.045 Set-up				0.	000	5.078	RW	Num	PT	US
22.046	Parameter 00.046 Set-up				0.	000	5.082	RW	Num	PT	US
22.047	Parameter 00.047 Set-up				0.	000	5.084	RW	Num	PT	US
22.048	Parameter 00.048 Set-up					10.034		RW	Num	PT	US
22.049	Parameter 00.049 Set-up					10.035		RW	Num	PT	US
22.050	Parameter 00.050 Set-up					10.020		RW	Num	PT	US
22.051	Parameter 00.051 Set-up					10.021		RW	Num	PT	US
22.052	Parameter 00.052 Set-up					10.022		RW	Num	PT	US
22.053	Parameter 00.053 Set-up					10.023		RW	Num	PT	US
22.054	Parameter 00.054 Set-up					10.024		RW	Num	PT	US
22.055	Parameter 00.055 Set-up					10.025		RW	Num	PT	US
22.056	Parameter 00.056 Set-up					10.026		RW	Num	PT	US
22.057	Parameter 00.057 Set-up					10.027		RW	Num	PT	US

S Optimization	vanced imeters         Technical data         Diagnostics         UL listing information
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	B		Range(≎)			Default(⇔)			-		
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S		Iy	pe	
22.058	Parameter 00.058 Set-up					10.028		RW	Num	PT	US
22.059	Parameter 00.059 Set-up					10.029		RW	Num	PT	US
22.060	Parameter 00.060 Set-up					10.041		RW	Num	PT	US
22.061	Parameter 00.061 Set-up					10.042		RW	Num	PT	US
22.062	Parameter 00.062 Set-up					10.043		RW	Num	PT	US
22.063	Parameter 00.063 Set-up					10.044		RW	Num	PT	US
22.064	Parameter 00.064 Set-up					10.045		RW	Num	PT	US
22.065	Parameter 00.065 Set-up					10.046		RW	Num	PT	US
22.066	Parameter 00.066 Set-up					10.047		RW	Num	PT	US
22.067	Parameter 00.067 Set-up					10.048		RW	Num	PT	US
22.068	Parameter 00.068 Set-up					10.049		RW	Num	PT	US
22.069	Parameter 00.069 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			10.050		RW	Num	PT	US
22.070	Parameter 00.070 Set-up					10.051		RW	Num	PT	US
22.071	Parameter 00.071 Set-up					10.052		RW	Num	PT	US
22.072	Parameter 00.072 Set-up					10.053		RW	Num	PT	US
22.073	Parameter 00.073 Set-up					10.054		RW	Num	PT	US
22.074	Parameter 00.074 Set-up					10.055		RW	Num	PT	US
22.075	Parameter 00.075 Set-up					10.056		RW	Num	PT	US
22.076	Parameter 00.076 Set-up					10.057		RW	Num	PT	US
22.077	Parameter 00.077 Set-up					10.058		RW	Num	PT	US
22.078	Parameter 00.078 Set-up					10.059		RW	Num	PT	US
22.079	Parameter 00.079 Set-up					10.060		RW	Num	PT	US
22.080	Parameter 00.080 Set-up					0.000		RW	Num	PT	US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Uladnostics I	UL listing information
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# 11.20 Menu 29: Building Automation Network Setup

	Parameter	Range	Default			Ту	pe		
29.001	BAN Protocol Selection	Modbus RTU (0), BACnet MSTP (1), Metasys N2 Open (2)	Modbus RTU (0)	RW	Txt				US
29.003	MS/TP Maximum Master MAC Address	0 to 127	127	RW	Num				US
29.004	Device Object Identifier	0 to 4194302	1	RW	Num				US
29.005	Communications Lost Detection Time-Out Period	5 to 60000 s	5 s	RW	Num				US
29.006	Communications Lost Action	0 to 2	0	RW	Num			PT	US
29.010	User Selectable Parameter 1	0.000 to 41.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
29.011	User Selectable Parameter 2	0.000 to 41.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
29.012	User Selectable Parameter 3	0.000 to 41.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
29.013	User Selectable Parameter 4	0.000 to 41.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
29.014	User Selectable Parameter 5	0.000 to 41.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
29.015	User Selectable Parameter 6	0.000 to 41.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
29.016	User Selectable Parameter 7	0.000 to 41.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
29.017	User Selectable Parameter 8	0.000 to 41.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
29.018	User Selectable Parameter 9	0.000 to 41.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
29.019	User Selectable Parameter 10	0.000 to 41.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
29.020	CRC Errors	0 to 65535		RW	Num	ND	NC	PT	
29.021	Token Interval	0.000 to 65.535 s		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
29.022	Received Message Counter	0 to 65535		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
29.023	Derivative Status	-1 to 3		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
29.024	Software Version	0 to 99999999		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read Only	Bit	Bit Parameter	Txt	Text String	Date	Date Parameter	Time	Time Parameter
Chr	Character Parameter	Bin	Binary Parameter	IP	IP Address	Mac	Mac Address	Ver	Version Number	SMP	Slot, menu, parameter
Num	Number Parameter	DE	Destination	ND	No Default Value	RA	Rating dependant	NC	Non- copyable	PT	Protected
FI	Filtered	US	User Save	PS	Power-Down Save						

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

# 12 Technical data

## 12.1 Drive technical data

## 12.1.1 Power and current ratings (Derating for switching frequency and temperature)

For a full explanation of Normal Duty refer to Chapter 2.3 Ratings on page 12.

Table 12-1 Maximum permissible continuous output current @ 40 °C (104 °F) ambient

		Normal Duty									
Model	Nomina	al rating	Maxim	ium permiss	ble continuo	us output cur frequencies		ne following sv	vitching		
	kW	hp	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz		
200 V						•	•				
03200066	1.1	1.5				6.6					
03200080	1.5	2.0				8.0					
03200110	2.2	3.0				11			10.2		
03200127	3.0	3.0			12.7			12.1	10.2		
04200180	4.0	5.0				18					
04200250	5.5	7.5			25			24	22		
05200300	7.5	10			30			27.6	23.7		
06200500	11	15			50			42.3	24.5		
06200580	15	20		!	58		53	42.3	32.5		
07200750	18.5	25			75			74.3	59.7		
07200940	22	30			94			74.3	59.7		
07201170	30	40		117		114	96	74.3	59.7		
08201490	37	50		1	49		146	125.2	93		
08201800	45	60		180		160.2	148.8	126	93		
09202160	55	75		2	16		184	128	93		
09202660	75	100	20	66	258	218	184	128	93		
10203250	90	125		325		313	266	194	144		
10203600	110	150		360		313	266	194	144		
00 V											
03400034	1.1	2.0				3.4					
03400045	1.5	2.0				4.5					
03400062	2.2	3.0				6.2			5.0		
03400077	3.0	5.0			7.7			6.2	5.0		
03400104	4.0	5.0			10.4			7.6	5.7		
03400123	5.5	7.5		1	2.3		10.5	7.6	5.8		
04400185	7.5	10			18.5			14.6	11.1		
04400240	11	15		24		21.8	19.2	14.6	11.2		
05400300	15	20		30		25.8	22.2	17.1	13.5		
06400380	18.5	25			38	1		31	24.3		
06400480	22	30		4	48		41	31	24.5		
06400630	30	40	6	3	57	48	41	31	24.5		
07400790	37	60			79	1		63	53.6		
07400940	45	60	94 80.6				63	53.6			
07401120	55	75	112 95.2 80.6				63	53.8			
08401550	75	100		1	55	1	132	98	77		
08401840	90	150		184		169	142	106.7	77		

	lechanical nstallation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimizati	on NV Media Operatio		Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
							Normal Du	ty					
Model	No	minal rat	ting	М	aximum p	ermissib	le continuou		put curre luencies	ent (A) for	the followi	ng switch	iing
	kW	,	hp	2 kHz	2	3 kHz	4 kHz	k	6 (Hz	8 kHz	12 kHz		16 kHz
09402210	110	)	150			221		1	192	159	108		77
09402660	132	2	200	266	;	255	231	1	192	160	109		77
10403200	160	)	250			320		2	285	238	173		124
10403610	200	)	300		361		339	2	285	238	173		126
11404370	225	5	350		437		415	3	336	272			
11404870	250	)	400	487		460	415	3	336	272			
11405070	280	)	400	507	•	460	415	3	336	272			
575 V	_			_									
05500039	2.2		3.0						3.9				
05500061	4.0		5.0						6.1				
05500100	5.5		7.5						10				
06500120	7.5		10.0						12				
06500170	11.0	)	15.0					17					14.8
06500220	15.0	)	20.0				22				20.5		15
06500270	18.5	5	25.0			27				26.2	20		16
06500340	22.0	)	30.0			34			31	26.2	20		16.8
06500430	30.0	)	40.0		43	39.6		31	26.2	20		16.8	
07500530	45		50				5	51.8	40.2	27.7		21.2	
07500730	55		60		73	71.5	5	51.8	40.2	27.7		21.2	
08500860	75		75			86				73.1	49.7		37.8
08501080	90		100			108		9	1.8	73.1	49.7		37.8
09501250	110	)	125			12	5			101	71		54
09501500	110	)	150			150		1	126	100	70		54
10502000	130	)	200		200		168	1	126	100	70		54
11502480	185	5	250		248		220						
11502880	225	5	300	288	3	265	220						
11503150	250	)	350	315	5	265	220						
690 V													
07600230	18.5	5	25				2	23					21.2
07600300	22		30				30				27.9		21.2
07600360	30		40				36				28.1		21.2
07600460	37		50			46		_		40.5	28.1		21.2
07600520	45		60			52			51.5	40.6	28.1		21.2
07600730	55		75		73		71.5	5	51.8	40.6	28.1		21.2
08600860	75		100			86				72.2	49.7		37.8
08601080	90		125			108		9	1.8	72.4	49.7		37.8
09601250	110		150			12	5			100	71		54
09601550	132		175			155			126	100	71		54
10601720	160		200		172		169		126	100	71		55
10601970	185		250			197		1	154	114	75		55
11602250	200		250		225		220						
11602750	250		300	275		265	220						
11603050	280	)	400	305	;	265	220						

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the		NV Media Card	Buildina	Advanced	Technical		UL listina
Salety	FIUUUCI	Mechanical	Liectifical	Getting	Dasic	ixuning the	Optimization	INV Media Card	Building	Auvanceu	recifical	Diagnostics	OL IISUNG
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Operation	Automotion	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information
inionnation	inionnation	Installation	Installation	Starteu	parameters	motor		Operation	Automation	parameters	uala		information

Table 12-2 Maximum permissible continuous output current @ 40 °C (104 °F) ambient with high IP insert installed

				Normal Duty			
Model		М	aximum permiss for the follo	sible continuous owing switching		A)	
	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
200 V							
03200066				6.6			
03200080				8.0			
03200110			11	.0			9.7
03200127	12.3	11.9	11.1	10.0	9.0	6.4	4.7
04200180		14.5		13.5	12.2	10.5	9.6
04200250		14.5		13.5	12.2	10.5	9.6
05200300	25.5	25.2	24.9	24.3	23.7	22.5	21.6
400 V	-	•	·	·		•	
03400034			3	.4			3.3
03400045		4.5		4.4	4.1	3.6	3.3
03400062	5.1	5.0	4.7	4.4	4.1	3.6	3.3
03400077	7	.7	7.4	6.7	6.2	5.7	5.0
03400104		8.3	L	7.6	6.9	6.0	5.2
03400123		8.3		7.6	6.9	6.0	5.2
04400185			8.6			8.4	6.9
04400240			8.6			8.4	6.9
05400300	17.1	15.6	14.4	12.6	11.4	9.6	8.7
575 V	-	÷	•	•	•	÷	
05500039				3.9			
05500061				6.1			
05500100				10.0			

1										1	1			
	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostica	UL listing
	information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information
						•					•			

Table 12-3 Maximum permissible continuous output current @ 50 °C (122 °F)

				Normal Duty			
Model		T	Maximum permis for the foll	sible continuous owing switching		A)	
	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
0 V	8	1	1	I	I	I	
03200066				6.6			
03200080				8.0			
03200110			11			10.5	9.1
03200127	1:	2.7	12.6	12.2	11.7	10.5	9.1
04200180				18			
04200250			2	2.2			20.2
05200300		:	30		29.7	25.2	21.6
06200500			50		49	38	30
06200580		58		56	49	38	30.2
07200750			75		I	59.7	48.8
07200940		94		92.1	80	59.7	48.9
07201170	1	17	112	92.4	80	59.7	49.1
08201490		149		147	133	113	84
08201800	1	80	167	148	133	113	84
09202160		216		197	168	117	84
09202660	253	237	221	197	168	117	85
10203250	325	320	302	266	241	176	130
10203600	346	320	302	266	241	176	130
0 V							
03400034				3.4			
03400045				4.5			
03400062		6	6.2		5.9	5.4	4.4
03400077	7.6	7.2	6.9	6.4	5.9	5.4	4.4
03400104		10.4	Į	9.3	8.5	6.9	5.1
03400123	11.9	11.2	10.5	9.3	8.5	6.9	5.2
04400185	18	17.5	17	16.3	15.8	12.2	9.3
04400240	18	17.5	17	16.3	15.8	12.2	9.3
05400300		25.5		23.6	20.4	15.6	12.3
06400380		:	38		37	28	21.4
06400480		48		43	36.5	27.4	21.4
06400630	63	58	52	43	37	28	21.4
07400790			79		73.5	57.7	49
07400940		94		86.5	73.3	58.3	49
07401120	1	12	109	87.4	72.8	58.3	49.3
08401550		155	1	146	123	93	69
08401840	1	84	180	146	123	93.8	69
09402210		21	213	175	144	97	69
09402660	253	237	213	176	144	98	69
10403200		20	300	259	217	154	112
			1	1	1	1	

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information

				Normal Duty			
Model		Ν		sible continuous owing switching		A)	
	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
11404370	437	415	374	298	240		
11404870	462	415	374	298	240		
11405070	462	415	374	298	240		
75 V							
05500039				3.9			
05500061				6.1			
05500100				10			
06500120				12			
06500170				17			13.4
06500220			22			17.8	13.4
06500270		2	27		23.5	17.8	15
06500340	1	34		28.2	23.5	18	15
06500430	43.0	41.7	36.1	28	23.7	18	15
07500530		53	•	46.7	35.8	24.8	19
07500730	-	73	65	46.7	35.8	24.8	19
08500860		86	•	76.7	64.5	44.3	31.3
08501080	104	97.2	90.7	76.7	64.8	44.3	31.3
09501250		125		114	90	62	48
09501500		150		114	90	62	48
10502000	200	184	154	114	90	62	48
11502480	2	26	198				
11502880	262	241	198				
11503150	296	241	198				
0 V		-					
07600230				23			19
07600300			30			24.8	19
07600360		3	36		35.8	24.8	19
07600460		2	16		35.8	24.8	19
07600520		52		46.7	35.8	25	19
07600730	:	73	65	46.7	35.8	25	19
08600860	1	86		76.7	64.5	44.3	31.3
08601080	104	97.2	90.7	76.7	64.8	44.3	31.3
09601250	l –	125	1	114	90	62	48
09601550	1	55	153	113	89	62	48
10601720	1	72	153	114	89	62	48
10601970	1	97	195	134	102	67	48
11602250	2	05	198				
11602750	250	241	198				
11603050	296	241	198				

NOTE 55 ° C ratings are available on request.

Safety information	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	•	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	U	information

## 12.1.2 Power dissipation

Table 12-4Losses @ 40° C (104° F) ambient

					Normal Duty				
Model	Nomina	al rating	Drive lo	sses (W) takii	ng into accou	nt any curren	t derating for	the given cor	ditions
	kW	hp	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
200 V									
03200066	1.1	1.5	88	93	95	99	104	113	122
03200080	1.5	2	95	100	102	107	113	122	133
03200110	2.2	3	117	123	126	133	139	151	146
03200127	3	3	129	136	141	149	158	168	157
04200180	4	5	171	180	187	201	216	244	273
04200250	5.5	7.5	227	239	248	266	284	308	314
05200300	7.5	10	280	291	302	324	344	356	342
06200500	11	15	375	394	413	452	490	480	485
06200580	15	20	442	463	484	528	522	481	486
07200750	18.5	25	533	570	597	650	703	885	894
07200940	22	30	671	718	751	815	881	890	899
07201170	30	40	851	911	951	1004	911	920	929
08201490	37	50	1339	1433	1536	1765	1943	1962	1982
08201800	45	60	1638	1753	1894	1914	1985	2005	2025
09202160 (9A)	55	75	2028	2170	2312	2596	2448	2160	2031
09202660 (9A)	75	100	2585	2754	2822	2623	2448	2156	2034
09202160 (9E)	55	75	1889	2031	2174	2458	2348	2112	2006
09202660 (9E)	75	100	2375	2554	2625	2482	2348	2108	2009
10203250	90	125	2478	2672	2867	3123	2952	2701	2554
10203600	110	150	2802	3016	3230	3126	2957	2706	2554
00 V									
03400034	1.1	1.5	76	80	84	94	103	123	141
03400045	1.5	2	84	88	92	104	115	137	160
03400062	2.2	3	99	104	112	125	139	167	157
03400077	3	5	108	114	122	137	153	149	147
03400104	4	5	138	145	158	186	212	201	197
03400123	5	7.5	155	163	179	209	208	201	200
04400185	7.5	10	214	225	244	283	322	325	310
04400240	11	15	269	283	307	325	329	325	315
05400300	15	20	295	324	353	356	355	359	362
06400380	18.5	25	378	417	456	532	613	652	645
06400480	22	30	469	515	561	657	651	646	650
06400630	30	40	616	656	659	650	646	643	649
07400790	37	50	745	830	907	1062	1218	1230	1242
07400940	45	60	896	999	1088	1264	1241	1253	1266
07401120	55	75	1033	1152	1247	1218	1170	1182	1194
08401550	75	100	1482	1652	1817	2154	2121	2142	2164
08401840	90	100	1798	2004	2191	2333	2121	2302	2325
09402210 (9A)	110	150	2431	2710	2989	3075	2992	2842	2833
09402660 (9A)	132	200	3016	3191	3143	3063	3000	2856	2828
09402210 (9E)	110	150	2286	2565	2844	2966	2917	2807	2815
09402660 (9E)	132	200	2806	2998	2984	2955	2925	2821	2811
10403200	160	250	3210	3582	3954	4148	4034	3939	3843
10403200	200	300	3210	4121	4226	4140	4034	3939	3874
11404370	200	350	4182	4121	4228	4154	4038	5347	3074
11404370	225	400	4182	4576	4708	4444	4246		
11404870	250	400	4734	4843	4708	4444	4246		

	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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					Normal Duty	1			
Model	Nomin	al rating	Drive lo	osses (W) taki	ng into accou	nt any curren	t derating for	the given cor	ditions
model	kW	hp	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
575 V		•				•	•	•	
05500039	2.2	3	82	92	102	121	142	183	223
05500061	4	5	120	135	150	180	209	269	328
05500100	5.5	7.5	173	194	215	260	302	388	474
06500120	7.5	10	191	215	239	287	334	430	525
06500170	11	15	253	284	315	376	438	563	569
06500220	15	20	325	362	399	484	569	575	580
06500270	18.5	25	391	448	505	596	682	689	696
06500340	22	30	534	623	712	810	822	830	839
06500430	30	40	675	798	836	813	823	831	840
07500530	45	50	867	1004	1139	1358	1262	1275	1287
07500730	55	60	1078	1248	1375	1209	1122	1133	1145
08500860	75	75	1607	1861	2180	2814	2982	3012	3042
08501080	90	100	2050	2374	2753	2947	2963	2993	3023
09501250 (9A)	110	125	1707	1977	2247	2787	2723	2731	2859
09501500 (9A)	110	150	2087	2410	2734	2810	2692	2697	2859
09501250 (9E)	110	125	1595	1865	2135	2675	2644	2687	2831
09501500 (9E)	110	150	1933	2256	2580	2696	2616	2654	2831
10502000	130	200	2692	3137	2923	2696	2616	2654	2831
11502480	185	250	3391	3999	4097				
11502880	225	300	4004	4296	4097				
11503150	250	350	4439	4296	4097				
590 V									
07600230	18.5	25	363	428	491	617	743	793	970
07600300	22	30	468	551	631	791	952	962	971
07600360	30	40	560	660	754	941	1129	1140	1152
07600460	37	50	725	854	971	1206	1271	1284	1297
07600520	45	60	836	985	1117	1350	1275	1288	1301
07600730	55	75	1059	1248	1375	1209	1122	1133	1145
08600860	75	100	1579	1861	2180	2814	2945	2974	3004
08601080	90	125	2015	2374	2753	2947	2935	2964	2994
09601250 (9A)	110	150	1878	2213	2548	3218	3155	3266	3465
09601550 (9A)	132	175	2384	2797	3211	3232	3155	3267	3474
09601250 (9E)	110	150	1730	2065	2400	3070	3058	3215	3434
09601550 (9E)	132	175	2160	2573	2986	3083	3058	3216	3443
10601720	160	200	2420	2882	3270	3083	3052	3192	3472
10601970	185	250	2614	3132	3649	3667	3495	3633	3993
11602250	200	250	3225	3893	4497				
11602750	250	300	4023	4640	4497				
11603050	280	400	4576	4684	4540				

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## Table 12-5 Losses @ 40°C (104° F) ambient with high IP insert installed

				Normal Duty			
Model	Driv	e losses (W) tak	ing into consid	eration any cur	rent derating for	the given condit	ions
	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
200 V		•	•			•	
03200066	88	93	95	99	104	113	122
03200080	95	100	102	107	113	122	133
03200110	117	123	126	133	140	158	157
03200127	122	128	124	122	118	98	84
04200180	138	145	151	151	146	142	146
04200250	204	215	205	194	189	187	199
05200300	188	194	201	212	222	240	262
400 V		•	•	•			
03400034	76	80	84	94	103	123	137
03400045	84	88	92	102	105	110	134
03400062	80	84	85	89	92	109	134
03400077	108	114	117	122	135	172	203
03400104	112	118	134	155	173	221	267
03400123	112	118	134	155	173	221	267
04400185	100	105	114	132	153	197	207
04400240	96	101	111	131	152	197	207
05400300	118	118	119	124	132	152	183
575 V	-			·	·	·	
05500039	32	42	52	71	92	133	173
05500061	70	85	100	130	159	219	278
05500100	123	144	165	210	252	338	424

						-							
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	O the second second	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Discourse	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information
intornation	intornation	matanation	matanation	Starteu	parameters	motor		operation	Automation	parameters	uata		information

## Table 12-6 Losses @ 50° C (122° F) ambient

				Normal Duty			
Model	D	rive losses (W) 1	aking into acco	ount any currer	nt derating for t	he given conditio	ons
	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
) V	-	1	1	r	r	1	1
03200066	88	93	95	99	104	113	122
03200080	95	100	102	107	113	122	133
03200110	117	123	126	133	139	144	139
03200127	129	136	140	143	147	151	150
04200180	171	180	187	201	216	253	297
04200250	203	214	223	244	265	312	334
05200300	280	291	302	324	341	325	312
06200500	375	394	413	452	480	431	594
06200580	442	463	484	510	483	432	451
07200750	538	570	597	650	703	710	717
07200940	678	718	751	799	750	758	765
07201170	848	898	898	805	751	759	766
08201490	1353	1433	1536	1741	1770	1788	1806
08201800	1640	1737	1740	1759	1771	1789	1807
09202160 (9A)	2028	2170	2312	2354	2256	2010	1910
09202660 (9A)	2431	2405	2368	2358	2245	2015	1922
09202160 (9E)	1889	2031	2174	2240	2172	1970	1889
09202660 (9E)	2241	2239	2223	2243	2161	1975	1900
10203250	2478	2625	2641	2625	2671	2490	2379
10203600	2666	2629	2643	2629	2678	2495	2374
) V	-		•	•		•	
03400034	76	80	84	118	103	123	141
03400045	84	88	92	104	115	137	160
03400062	99	104	112	125	132	146	155
03400077	106	106	109	114	117	145	155
03400104	138	145	158	175	194	225	225
03400123	152	152	160	175	194	225	230
04400185	213	213	227	262	300	323	325
04400240	212	212	227	262	300	318	321
05400300	251	275	300	326	326	328	330
06400380	378	417	456	532	597	589	568
06400480	469	515	561	589	580	571	568
06400630	616	604	601	582	583	581	567
07400790	744	830	907	1062	1141	1152	1164
07400940	895	999	1087	1163	1138	1149	1161
07401120	1018	1136	1200	1118	1074	1085	1096
08401550	1480	1652	1815	2016	1970	1990	2010
08401840	1754	1957	2114	1998	1979	1999	2010
09402210 (9A)	2431	2710	2872	2799	2737	2639	2652
094022660 (9A)	2837	2926	2870	2814	2737	2660	2665
09402210 (9E)	2837	2920	2870	2814	2675	2611	2638
09402210 (9E)	2200	2365	2736	2709	2675	2632	2651
03+02000(3E)	2040	2100	2155	2125	2010	2002	2001

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running th motor	e Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
								Normal Du	ıty				
	Model			D	rive losse	es (W) tal	king into acco	ount any curi	rent deratir	ng for the g	given cono	litions	
			21	кНz	3 kl	Hz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 k	Hz	12 kHz	1	l6 kHz
	1040361	)	34	182	359	98	3676	3776	36	94	3625		3589
	11404370	)	41	182	432	29	4228	3988	38	43			
	11404870	)	44	156	432	29	4228	3988	38	43			
	11405070	)	44	156	432	29	4228	3988	38	43			
575 V			_										
	05500039	Ð	8	32	92		102	121	14	12	183		223
	0550006	1	1	20	13	5	150	180	20	09	269		328
	05500100	)		73	19	4	215	260	30	)2	388		474
	06500120	)	1	91	21	5	239	287	33	34	430		525
	06500170		_	53	28		315	376	43		563		515
	06500220		_	25	36		399	482	56		500		519
	06500270		_	91	44		505	596		12	613		652
	06500340		_	34	62		712	737	73		747		749
	06500430			75	77		763	734	74		748		750
	07500530		-	36	98		1115	1225	11		1155		1167
	07500730			61	122		1228	1098		30	1040		1051
	08500860			753	185		2172	2540	26		2699		2726
	08501080		_	980	209		2291	2540	26		2711		2738
	9501250 (	-	_	707	197		2247	2538		56	2495		2699
	9501500 (	,		)87	241		2734	2544	24		2482		2676
	9501250 (	,		595	186		2135	2443	23		2460		2674
0	9501500 (			933	225		2580	2448		92	2447		2652
	10502000			692 104	284		2654	2448	23	92	2447		2652
	11502480		_	191	367		3532						
	11502880			965	367		3532		_				
690 V	11503150	)	38	965	367	8	3632						
030 V	07600230	)	3	59	42	8	491	617	74	13	750		758
	07600300			63	55		631	791	95		968		977
	07600360		_	54	66		754	944		44	1155		1167
	07600460		_	17	85		965	1206		44	1155		1167
	07600520		_	14	96		1094	1225		44	1155		1167
	07600730		_	)29	122		1228	1098		30	1040		1051
	08600860			553	185		2172	2540		72	2699		2726
	08601080	)		755	209		2291	2540		84	2711		2738
09	9601250 (	9A)	18	378	221		2548	2933	28	82	2974		3248
	9601550 (		_	384	279		3175	2918		55	2974		3249
	9601250 (		17	730	206	65	2400	2810	28	03	2934		3223
	9601550 (		2	160	257	73	2955	2796	27	78	2934		3225
	10601720		24	120	288	32	2947	2805	27	89	2932		3229
	10601970	)	26	614	313	32	3610	3243	32	21	3420		3771
	11602250	)	32	225	389		4048						
	11602750	)	4(	)23	418	36	4048						
	11603050	)	44	121	423	30	4091						

S	afety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the		NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical		UL listing
00	aloty	TTOQUOL	Mcchanica	Liccincai	Octung	Dasic	running the	Optimization	NV Wicula Galu	Dunung	Auvanceu	recimical	Diagnostics	OLIISUNG
infor	mation	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information
innor	mation	intornation	installation	installation	Starteu	parameters	motor		Operation	Automation	parameters	uala		inionnation

#### Table 12-7 Power losses from the front of the drive when throughpanel mounted

Frame size	Power loss
3	≤ 50 W
4	$\leq$ 75 W
5	≤ 100 W
6	≤ 100 W
7	≤ 204 W
8	≤ 347 W
9A/9E	≤ 480 W
10E/11E	≤ 480 W

## 12.1.3 Supply requirements

AC supply voltage:

200 V drive: 200 V to 240 V  $\pm 10$  %

400 V drive: 380 V to 480 V ±10 %

- 575 V drive: 500 V to 575 V ±10 % 690 V drive: 500 V to 690 V ±10 %
- 090 V dilve. 500 V to 090 V ±1

Number of phases: 3

Maximum supply imbalance: 2 % negative phase sequence (equivalent to 3 % voltage imbalance between phases).

Frequency range: 45 to 66 Hz

For UL compliance only, the maximum supply symmetrical fault current must be limited to 100 kA.

## 12.1.4 Line reactors

Input line reactors reduce the risk of damage to the drive resulting from poor phase balance or severe disturbances on the supply network.

Where line reactors are to be used, reactance values of approximately 2 % are recommended. Higher values may be used if necessary, but may result in a loss of drive output (reduced torque at high speed) because of the voltage drop.

For all drive ratings, 2 % line reactors permit drives to be used with a supply unbalance of up to 3.5 % negative phase sequence (equivalent to 5 % voltage imbalance between phases).

Severe disturbances may be caused by the following factors, for example:

- Power factor correction equipment connected close to the drive.
- Large DC drives having no or inadequate line reactors connected to the supply.
- Across the line (DOL) started motor(s) connected to the supply such that when any of these motors are started, the voltage dip exceeds 20 %

Such disturbances may cause excessive peak currents to flow in the input power circuit of the drive. This may cause nuisance tripping, or in extreme cases, failure of the drive.

Drives of low power rating may also be susceptible to disturbance when connected to supplies with a high rated capacity.

Line reactors are particularly recommended for use with the following drive models when one of the above factors exists, or when the supply capacity exceeds 175 kVA:

03200066, 03200080, 03200110, 03200127

03400034, 03400045, 03400062, 03400077

Model sizes 03400104 to 07600730 have an internal DC choke and model sizes 08201490 to 0801080 and frame 9A have internal AC line chokes so they do not require AC line reactors except for cases of excessive phase unbalance or extreme supply conditions. Drive sizes 9E,10E and 11E do not have internal input line reactors hence an external input line reactor must be used. For more information refer to section 4.2.3 *Drive model and input line reactor* on page 81.

When required, each drive must have its own reactor(s). Three individual reactors or a single three-phase reactor should be used.

When required each drive must have its own reactor(s). Three individual reactors or a single three-phase reactor should be used.

#### **Reactor current ratings**

The current rating of the line reactors should be as follows:

Continuous current rating: Not less than the continuous input current rating of the drive

Repetitive peak current rating:

Not less than twice the continuous input current rating of the drive

## 12.1.5 Motor requirements

No. of phases: 3

Maximum voltage: 200 V drive: 265 V 400 V drive: 530 V 575 V drive: 635 V 690 V drive: 765 V

## 12.1.6 Temperature, humidity and cooling method

Ambient temperature operating range:

- 20 °C to 55 °C (- 4 °F to 131 °F).

Output current derating must be applied at ambient temperatures >40  $^\circ\text{C}$  (104  $^\circ\text{F}).$ 

Cooling method: Forced convection

Maximum humidity: 95 % non-condensing at 40 °C (104 °F)

#### 12.1.7 Storage

-40  $^\circ C$  (-40  $^\circ F)$  to +55  $^\circ C$  (131  $^\circ F)$  for long term storage, or to +70  $^\circ C$  (158  $^\circ F)$  for short term storage.

Storage time is 2 years.

Electrolytic capacitors in any electronic product have a storage period after which they require reforming or replacing.

The DC bus capacitors have a storage period of 10 years.

The low voltage capacitors on the control supplies typically have a storage period of 2 years and are thus the limiting factor.

Low voltage capacitors cannot be reformed due to their location in the circuit and thus may require replacing if the drive is stored for a period of 2 years or greater without power being applied.

It is therefore recommended that drives are powered up for a minimum of 1 hour after every 2 years of storage.

This process allows the drive to be stored for a further 2 years.

### 12.1.8 Altitude

Altitude range: 0 to 3,000 m (9,900 ft), subject to the following conditions:

1,000 m to 3,000 m (3,300 ft to 9,900 ft) above sea level: de-rate the maximum output current from the specified figure by 1% per 100 m (330 ft) above 1,000 m (3,300 ft)

For example at 3,000 m (9,900 ft) the output current of the drive would have to be de-rated by 20 %.

## 12.1.9 IP / UL Rating

The drive is rated to IP20 pollution degree 2 (dry, non-conductive contamination only) (NEMA 1). However, it is possible to configure the drive to achieve IP65 rating (sizes 3 to 8) or IP55 rating (size 9, 10 and 11) (NEMA 12) at the rear of the heatsink for through-panel mounting (some current derating is required).

In order to achieve the high IP rating at the rear of the heatsink with drive sizes 3,4 and 5 it is necessary to seal a heatsink vent by installing the high IP insert.

The IP rating of a product is a measure of protection against ingress and contact to foreign bodies and water. It is stated as IP XX, where the two digits (XX) indicate the degree of protection provided as shown in Table 12-7 *Power losses from the front of the drive when through-panel mounted* on page 267.

in	Safety formation	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
----	------------------	------------------------	----------------------------	----------------------------	-----------------	---------------------	----------------------	--------------	----------------------------	------------------------	------------------------	-------------------	-------------	---------------------------	--

#### Table 12-8 IP Rating degrees of protection

	First digit		Second digit
	otection against foreign bodies d access to hazardous parts	Pr	otection against ingress of water
0	Non-protected	0	Non-protected
1	Protected against solid foreign objects of 50 mm $\emptyset$ and greater (back of a hand)	1	Protected against vertically falling water drops
2	Protected against solid foreign objects of 12.5mm $\varnothing$ and greater (finger)	2	Protected against vertically falling water drops when enclosure tilted up to 15 °
3	Protected against solid foreign objects of 2.5 mm $\emptyset$ and greater (tool)	3	Protected against spraying water
4	Protected against solid foreign objects of 1.0mm $\emptyset$ and greater (wire)	4	Protected against splashing water
5	Dust-protected (wire)	5	Protected against water jets
6	Dust-tight (wire)	6	Protected against powerful water jets
7	-	7	Protected against the effects of temporary immersion in water
8	-	8	Protected against the effects of continuous immersion in water

#### Table 12-9 UL enclosure ratings

UL rating	Description
Туре 1	Enclosures are intended for indoor use, primarily to provide a degree of protection against limited amounts of falling dirt.
Type 12	Enclosures are intended for indoor use, primarily to provide a degree of protection against dust, falling dirt and dripping non-corrosive liquids.

#### 12.1.10 Corrosive gasses

Concentrations of corrosive gases must not exceed the levels given in: • Table A2 of EN 50178:1998

Class 3C2 of IEC 60721-3-3

This corresponds to the levels typical of urban areas with industrial activities and/or heavy traffic, but not in the immediate neighborhood of industrial sources with chemical emissions.

#### 12.1.11 RoHS compliance

The drive meets EU directive 2011/65/EU for RoHS compliance.

#### 12.1.12 Vibration

Maximum recommended continuous vibration level 0.14 g r.m.s. broadband 5 to 200 Hz.

#### NOTE

This is the limit for broad-band (random) vibration. Narrow-band vibration at this level which coincides with a structural resonance could result in premature failure.

#### **Bump Test**

Testing in each of three mutually perpendicular axes in turn. Referenced standard:IEC 60068-2-29: Test Eb:

Severity: 18 g, 6 ms, half sine

No. of Bumps: 600 (100 in each direction of each axis)

#### Random Vibration Test

Testing in each of three mutually perpendicular axes in turn. Referenced standard:IEC 60068-2-64: Test Fh: Severity: 1.0 m²/s³ (0.01 g²/Hz) ASD from 5 to 20 Hz -3 dB/octave from 20 to 200 Hz

Duration: 30 minutes in each of 3 mutually perpendicular axes.

### Sinusoidal Vibration Test

Testing in each of three mutually perpendicular axes in turn. Referenced standard: IEC 60068-2-6: Test Fc: Frequency range: 5 to 500 Hz Severity: 3.5 mm peak displacement from 5 to 9 Hz 10 m/s<sup>2</sup> peak acceleration from 9 to 200 Hz

 $15 \text{ m/s}^2$  peak acceleration from 200 to 500 Hz Sweep rate: 1 octave/minute

Duration: 15 minutes in each of 3 mutually perpendicular axes.

EN 61800-5-1:2007, Section 5.2.6.4. referring to IEC 60068-2-6

Frequency range: 10 to 150 Hz Amplitude: 10 to 57 Hz at 0.075 mm pk 57 to 150 Hz at 1g p Sweep rate: 1 octave/minute Duration: 10 sweep cycles per axis in each of 3 mutually perpendicular axes

#### **12.1.13** Starts per hour By electronic control: unlimited

By interrupting the AC supply: ≤20 (equally spaced)

### 12.1.14 Start up time

This is the time taken from the moment of applying power to the drive, to the drive being ready to run the motor:

Sizes 3 to 6 = 2.5 s Sizes 7 to 11 = 5 s

#### 12.1.15 Output frequency / speed range

In all operating modes (Open loop, RFC-A, RFC-S) the maximum output frequency is limited to 550 Hz.

# 12.1.16 Accuracy and resolution Speed:

The absolute frequency and speed accuracy depends on the accuracy of the crystal used with the drive microprocessor. The accuracy of the crystal is 100 ppm, and so the absolute frequency/speed accuracy is 100 ppm (0.01 %) of the reference, when a preset speed is used. If an analog input is used the absolute accuracy is further limited by the absolute accuracy of the analog input.

The following data applies to the drive only; it does not include the performance of the source of the control signals.

Open loop resolution:

Preset frequency reference: 0.1 Hz Precision frequency reference: 0.001 Hz

#### Closed loop resolution

Preset speed reference: 0.1 rpm Precision speed reference: 0.001 rpm Analog input 1: 11 bit plus sign Analog input 2: 11 bit plus sign

#### Current:

The resolution of the current feedback is 10 bit plus sign.

Accuracy: typical 2 %

worst case 5 %

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Discretion	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

### 12.1.17 Acoustic noise

The heatsink fan generates the majority of the sound pressure level at 1 m produced by the drive. The heatsink fan on all drive sizes are a variable speed fan. The drive controls the speed at which the fan runs based on the temperature of the heatsink and the drive's thermal model system.

Table 12-10 gives the sound pressure level at 1 m produced by the drive for the heatsink fan running at the maximum and minimum speeds.

#### Table 12-10 Acoustic noise data

Size	Max speed dBA	Min speed dBA		
3	62.8	42.9		
4	62.6	45.8		
5	61.1	41.9		
6	65.3	48.2		
7	66.8	49.6		
8	67.9	49.8		
9A/9E/10E	75	52.6		
11E	82.5	58		

### 12.1.18 Overall dimensions

H Height including surface mounting brackets

- W Width
- D Projection forward of panel when surface mounted
- F Projection forward of panel when through-panel mounted
- R Projection rear of panel when through-panel mounted

#### Table 12-11 Overall drive dimensions

Size			Dimension		
5120	Н	W	D	F	R
3	382 mm (15.04 in)	83 mm (3.27 in)	200 mm	134 mm	67 mm (2.64 in)
4	391 mm (15.39 in)	124 mm (4.88 in)	(7.87 in)	(5.28 in)	67 mm (2.64 in)
5	391 mm	143 mm	200 mm	135 mm	67 mm
	(15.39 in)	(5.63 in)	(7.87 in)	(5.32 in)	(2.64 in)
6	391 mm	210 mm	227 mm	131 mm	96 mm
	(15.39 in)	(8.27 in)	(8.94 in)	(5.16 in)	(3.78 in)
7	557 mm	270 mm	280 mm	187 mm	92 mm
	(21.93 in)	(10.63 in)	(11.02 in)	(7.36 in)	(3.62 in)
8	804 mm	310 mm	290 mm	190 mm	100 mm
	(31.65 in)	(12.21 in)	(11.42 in)	(7.48 in)	(3.94 in)
9A	1108 mm	310 mm	290 mm	190 mm	100 mm
	(43.61 in)	(12.21 in)	(11.42 in)	(7.48 in)	(3.94 in)
9E and	1069 mm	310 mm	290 mm	190 mm	99 mm
10E	(42.09 in)	(12.21 in)	(11.42 in)	(7.48 in)	(3.90 in)
11E	1242 mm	310 mm	313 mm	190 mm	122 mm
	(48.9 in)	(12.21 in)	(12.32 in)	(7.48 in)	(4.8 in)

## 12.1.19 Weights

#### Table 12-12 Overall drive weights

Size	Model	kg	lb
3	03400104, 03400123	4.5	9.9
5	All other variants	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	8.8
4		6.5	14.30
5		7.4	16.30
6	-	14	30.90
7	All variants	28	61.70
8	All variants	52	114.64
9A		66.5	146.6
9E/10E		46	101.40
11E		63	138.9

#### 12.1.20 Input current, fuse and cable size ratings

The input current is affected by the supply voltage and impedance.

## Typical input current

The values of typical input current are given to aid calculations for power flow and power loss.

The values of typical input current are stated for a balanced supply.

#### Maximum continuous input current

The values of maximum continuous input current are given to aid the selection of cables and fuses. These values are stated for the worst case condition with the unusual combination of stiff supply with bad balance. The value stated for the maximum continuous input current would only be seen in one of the input phases. The current in the other two phases would be significantly lower.

The values of maximum input current are stated for a supply with a 2 % negative phase-sequence imbalance and rated at the maximum supply fault current given in Table 12-13.

#### Table 12-13 Supply fault current used to calculate maximum input currents

Model	Symmetrical fault level (kA)
All	100

Safety information         Product information         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor         Optimization         N	Liadnostics .	L listing ormation
---	---------------	-----------------------

Fuses

The AC supply to the drive must be installed with suitable protection against overload and short-circuits. Table 12-14 shows the recommended fuse ratings. Failure to observe this requirement will cause risk of fire.

### Table 12-14 AC Input current and fuse ratings (200 V)

	Typical	Maximum	Maximum			F	use rating			
Mandal	input	continuous	overload input		IEC			UL / USA		
Model	current	input current	current	Nominal	Maximum	0	Nominal	Maximum	01	
	Α	A	Α	Α	Α	Class	Α	Α	Class	
03200066	8.2	10.4	15.8	16			20			
03200080	9.9	12.6	20.9	20	25	gG	20	25	CC Lor T*	
03200110	14	17	25	20	25	уG	0.5	25	CC, J or T*	
03200127	16	20	34	25			25			
04200180	17	20	30	25	25 25 25 25		25	25		
04200250	23	28	41	32	32	gG	30	30	CC, J or T*	
05200300	24	31	52	40	40	gG	40	40	CC, J or T*	
06200500	42	48	64	63	60	~0	60	60	CC, J or T*	
06200580	49	56	85	63	63	gG	60	60		
07200750	58	67	109	80	80		80	80		
07200940	73	84	135	100	100	gG	100	100	CC, J or T*	
07201170	91	105	149	125	125		125	125		
08201490	123	137	213	000	000	- D	200	200	110.1	
08201800	149	166	243	200	200	gR	225	225	HSJ	
09202160	172	205	270	250	250	gR	250	250		
09202660	228	260	319	315	5 315		300	300	HSJ	
10203250	277	305	421	400	400	~D	400	400		
10203600	333	361	494	450	450	gR	450	450	HSJ	

#### Table 12-15 AC Input current and fuse ratings (400 V)

		Maximum	Maximum			Fu	se rating			
Model	Typical input current	continuous	overload		IEC			UL / USA		
woder		input current	input current	Nominal	Maximum	0	Nominal	Maximum	01	
	Α	Α	А	Α	Α	Class	Α	Α	Class	
03400034	5	5	7							
03400045	6	7	9	10	10		10	10		
03400062	8	9	13			~0				
03400077	11	13	21			gG			CC, J or T*	
03400104	12	13	20	20	20		20	20		
03400123	14	16	25							
04400185	17	19	30	25	25	- 0	25	25	00 1	
04400240	22	24	35	32	32	gG	30	30	CC, J or T*	
05400300	26	29	52	40	40	gG	35	35	CC, J or T*	
06400380	32	36	67				40			
06400480	41	46	80	63	63	gG	50	60	CC, J or T*	
06400630	54	60	90				60			
07400790	67	74	124	400	100		80	80	CC, J or T*	
07400940	80	88	145	100	100	gG	100	100		
07401120	96	105	188	125	125		125	125		
08401550	137	155	267	050	050	- D	005	225	HSJ	
08401840	164	177	303	250	250	gR	225	225	нээ	
09402210	211	232	306	245	245	۳D	300	300		
09402660	245	267	359	315	315	gR	350	350	HSJ	
10403200	306	332	445	400	400	۳D	400	400		
10403610	370	397	523	450	450	gR	450	450	HSJ	
11404370	424	449	579	500	500					
11404870	455	492	613	500	500	gR	600	600	HSJ	
11405070	502	539	752	630	630	1				

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Orthonization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Discussion	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information
					p =					P			

	Typical	Maximum	Maximum			Fu	use rating		
Model	input	continuous input	overload input		IEC			UL / USA	
Wodei	current	current	current	Nominal	Maximum	Class	Nominal	Maximum	Class
	Α	Α	А	Α	Α	Class	Α	Α	Class
05500039	4	4	7	10			10	10	
05500061	6	7	9	20		gG	10	10	CC, J or T*
05500100	9	11	15	20			20	20	
06500120	12	13	22	20			20		
06500170	17	19	33	32	40		25	30	
06500220	22	24	41	40		~	30		CC, J or T*
06500270	26	29	50	50		gG	35		00, 3011
06500340	33	37	63	50	63		40	50	
06500430	41	47	76	63			50		
07500530	41	45	75	50	50	gG	50	50	CC, J or T*
07500730	57	62	94	80	80	уG	80	80	00, 3011
08500860	74	83	121	125	125	۵D	100	100	HSJ
08501080	92	104	165	160	160	gR	150	150	ПОЈ
09501250	145	166	190	150	150	gR	150	150	HSJ
09501500	145	166	221	200	200	уĸ	175	175	пор
10502000	177	197	266	250	250	gR	250	250	HSJ
11502480	240	265	327						
11502880	285	310	395	400	400	gR	400	400	HSJ
11503150	313	338	473						

#### Table 12-16 AC Input current and fuse ratings (575 V)

Table 12-17 AC Input current and fuse ratings (690 V)

	Typical	Maximum	Maximum			Fuse ra	iting			
Model	input	continuous input	overload input		IEC		UL / USA			
wodei	current	current	current	Nominal	Maximum	Class	Nominal	Maximum	Class	
	Α	Α	Α	Α	А	Class	Α	А	Class	
07600230	18	20	32	25			25			
07600300	23	26	41	32	50		30	50		
07600360	28	31	49	40	50		35	50 	CC, J	
07600460	36	39	65	50	1	gG _	50		or T*	
07600520	40	44	75	50	80		50			
07600730	57	62	92	80	- 00		80	- 00		
08600860	74	83	121	125	125	gR	100	100	HSJ	
08601080	92	104	165	160	160	- yr	150	150	- 133	
09601250	124	149	194	150	150	aP	150	150	HSJ	
09601550	145	171	226	200	200	gR	200	200	100	
10601720	180	202	268	225	225	gR	250	250	HSJ	
10601970	202	225	313	250	250	gR	250	250	- 133	
11602250	225	256	379							
11602750	217	302	425	400	400	gR	400	400	HSJ	
11603050	298	329	465							

\* These fuses are fast acting.

#### NOTE

Ensure cables used suit local wiring regulations.



The following nominal cable sizes are only a guide. The mounting and grouping of cables affects their current-carrying capacity, in some cases smaller cables may be acceptable but in other cases a larger cable is required to avoid excessive temperature or voltage drop. Refer to local wiring regulations for the correct size of cables.

Table 12-18Cable ratings (200V)

			Cable siz mn	• •				Cable s A	ize (UL) WG	
Model		Input		Output			In	put	Output	
	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum
03200066	1.5			1.5			14		14	
03200080	1.5	4	B2	1.5	4	B2	14	10	14	10
03200110	4	4	02	4	- 4	62	12	10	12	
03200127				4			12		12	
04200180	6	8	B2	6	8	B2	10	8	10	8
04200250	8	0	DZ	8	0	DZ	8	0	8	0
05200300	10	10	B2	10	10	B2	8	8	8	8
06200500	16	25	B2	16	25	B2	4	3	4	3
06200580	25	25	DZ	25	25	52	3	5	3	3
07200750	35			35			2		2	
07200940	00	70	B2	00	70	B2	1	1/0	1	1/0
07201170	70			70			1/0		1/0	
08201490	95	2 x 70	B2	95	2 x 70	B2	3/0	2 x 1	3/0	2 x 1
08201800	2 x 70	2 × 10	DE	2 x 70	2 × 10	DE	2 x 1	2.7.1	2 x 1	2.7.1
09202160	2 x 70	2 x 185	B1	2 x 95	2 x 150	B2	2 x 2/0	2 x 500	2 x 2/0	2 x 350
09202660	2 x 95	2 % 100		2 x 120	2 % 100	52	2 x 4/0	2 × 000	2 x 4/0	2 x 000
10203250	2 x 120	2 x 185	B1	2 x 120	2 x 150	С	2 x 250	2 x 500	2 x 250	2 x 350
10203600	2 x 150	2 1 100	С	2 x 120	2 1 100	<u> </u>	2 x 300	2 × 000	2 x 300	2 x 000

## Table 12-19 Cable ratings (400 V)

			Cable size	· · ·					ize (UL)	
			mm	2				A	NG	
Model		Input			Output		Inj	put	Output	
	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum
03400034							18		18	
03400045	1.5			1.5			16		16	
03400062		4	B2		- 4	B2		10		10
03400077		-	DZ				14	10	14	10
03400104	2.5			2.5						
03400123							12		12	
04400185	4	6	B2	4	6	B2	10	8	10	8
04400240	6	0	DZ	6	0	DZ	8	0	8	0
05400300	6	6	B2	6	6	B2	8	8	8	8
06400380	10			10			6		6	
06400480	16	25	B2	16	25	B2	4	3	4	3
06400630	25			25			3		3	
07400790	35			35			1		1	
07400940	50	70	B2	50	70	B2	2	1/0	2	1/0
07401120	70			70			1/0		1/0	
08401550	2 x 50	2 x 70	B2	2 x 50	2 x 70	B2	2 x 1	2 x 1/0	2 x 1	2 x 1/0
08401840	2 x 70	2 × 10	DZ	2 x 70	2 × 10	DZ	2 x 1/0	2 X 1/0	2 x 1/0	2 X 1/0
09402210	2 x 70	2 x 185	B1	2 x 95	2 x 150	B2	2 x 3/0	2 x 500	2 x 2/0	2 x 350
09402660	2 x 95	2 × 105	ы	2 x 120	2 X 150	DZ	2 x 4/0	2 × 500	2 x 4/0	2 × 330
10403200	2 x 120	2 x 185	С	2 x 120	2 x 150	С	2 x 300	2 x 500	2 x 250	2 x 350
10403610	2 x 150	2 X 100	0	2 x 150		0	2 x 350	2 × 000	2 x 300	2 × 000
11404370				2 x 185	2 x 185		4 x	3/0		
11404870 11405070	4 x	( 95	с	2 x 240	2 x 240	С	4 x	4/0	2 x	400

Safety information         Product information         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor         Optimization	NV Media Card Buildin Operation Automa	5	Diagnostics UL listing information
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Table 12-20 Cable ratings (575 V)

			Cable size	• •					ize (UL)	
			mm	2				A	NG	
Model		Input			Output		In	put	Output	
	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum
05500039	0.75			0.75			16		16	
05500061	1	1.5	B2	1	1.5	B2	14	16	14	16
05500100	1.5			1.5			14		14	
06500120	2.5			2.5			14		14	
06500170	4		B2	4	25		10	3	10	
06500220	6	25		6		B2	10		10	3
06500270	10		BZ			BZ	8	- 3	8	- 3
06500340	10			10			6		6	1
06500430	16						6		6	-
07500530	16	25	B2	16	25	B2	4	3	4	3
07500730	25	- 20	D2	25	20	D2	3	- S	3	- 3
08500860	35	50	B2	35	50	B2	1	1	1	1
08501080	50	50	D2	50	50	D2	I	I	I	I
09501250	2 x 70	2 x 185	B2	2 x 35	2 x 150	B2	2 x 1	2 x 500	2 x 3	2 x 350
09501500	2 X 70	2 X 100	D2	2 x 50	2 X 150	DZ	2 X I	2 X 500	2 x 1	2 X 300
10502000	2 x 70	2 x 185	B2	2 x 70	2 x 150	B2	2 x 2/0	2 x 500	2 x 2/0	2 x 350
11502480	2 >	c 70		2 :	k 70			2 x	3/0	
11502880	2 >	( 95	С	2 :	k 95	С		2 x	4/0	
11503150	2 x	120		2 x	120			2 x	250	

#### Table 12-21 Cable ratings (690 V)

			Cable siz mn				Cable size (UL) AWG					
Model		Input		Output			In	put	Output			
	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum		
07600230					- 25	B2	8		8			
07600300	10		B2	10			6	3	6	3		
07600360		25					6		6			
07600460	16	25		16		D2	4		4			
07600520	16			16			4		4			
07600730	25			25			3		3			
08600860	50	70	B2	50	70	B2	2	1/0	2	1/0		
08601080	70	70		70	70	D2	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0		
09601250	2 x 50	2 x 185	B2	2 x 35	2 x 150	B2	2 x 1	2 x 500	2 x 3	2 x 350		
09601550	2 x 70	2 X 100	D2	2 x 50	2 X 150	D2	2 x 1/0	2 X 500	2 x 1	2 X 350		
10601720	2 x 70	2 x 185	B2	0 v 70	2 x 150	B2	2 x 2/0	2 x 500	2 x 1/0	0 x 250		
10601970	2 x 95	2 X 100	D2	2 x 70	2 X 150	D2	2 x 3/0	2 X 500	2 x 2/0	2 x 350		
11602250	2 >	k 70		2)	k 70			2 x 3	/0			
11602750	2.	( ) E	С	2.	, OF	С		2 x 4	/0			
11603050	2)	k 95		2)	k 95			2 x 2	50			

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	opumization	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

## 12.1.21 Protective ground cable ratings

## Table 12-22 Protective ground cable ratings

Input phase conductor size	Minimum ground conductor size
≤ 10 mm <sup>2</sup>	Either 10 mm <sup>2</sup> or two conductors of the same cross-sectional area as the input phase conductor (an additional ground connection is provided on sizes 3, 4 and 5 for this purpose).
> 10 mm <sup>2</sup> and $\leq$ 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	The same cross-sectional area as the input phase conductor
> 16 mm <sup>2</sup> and $\leq$ 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	16 mm <sup>2</sup>
> 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	Half of the cross-sectional area of the input phase conductor

## 12.1.22 Maximum motor cable lengths

### Table 12-23 Maximum motor cable lengths (200 V drives)

			200 V Nominal A	C supply voltage				
		Maximum pe	rmissible motor cabl	e length for each of	the following swite	ching frequencies		
Model	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz	
03200066			65 m (210 ft)					
03200080		1	00 m (330 ft)			50 m (165 ft)	37 m (120 f	
03200110		130 m (425 f	t)	100 m (330 ft)	75 m (245 ft)	50 m (105 h)	57 111 (1201	
03200127	200 m	(660 ft)	150 m (490 ft)	100 m (330 m)				
04200180	200 m	(660 ft)	150 m (490 ft)	100 m (330 ft)	75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)	37 m (120 f	
04200250	200 m		130 m (490 m)	100 m (550 m)	75 111 (245 11)	50 III (105 II)	57 111 (1201	
05200300	200 m (660 ft)		150 m (490 ft)	100 m (330 ft)	75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)	37 m (120 f	
06200500	200 m	(660 ft)	150  m (400  ft)	100 m (220 ft)	75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)	37 m (120 f	
06200580	200 111	(660 ft)	150 m (490 ft)	100 m (330 ft)	75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)	37 111 (1201	
07200750					93 m (305 ft)			
07200940	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m (614 ft)	125 m (410 ft)		62 m (203 ft)	46 m (151 f	
07201170								
08201490	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m (614 ft)	125 m (410 ft)	93 m (305 ft)	62 m (203 ft)	46 m (151 f	
08201800	230 m	(02011)	107 11 (014 11)	123 m (410 m)	33 m (303 h)	02 III (203 II)	40 11 (1011	
09202160	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m (614 ft)	125 m (410 ft)	93 m (305 ft)	62 m (203 ft)	46 m (151 f	
09202660	230 m	(020 10)		120 m (410 h)	000 11 (000 11)	02 m (200 h)	40 11 (1011	
10203250	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m (614 ft)	125 m (410 ft)	93 m (305 ft)	62 m (203 ft)	46 m (151 f	
10203600	200111			120 m (+10 m)	50 m (000 m)	32 m (200 m)	10 11 (101 1	

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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#### Table 12-24 Maximum motor cable lengths (400 V drives)

			400 V Nominal AC s	supply voltage			
		Maximum permi	ssible motor cable	length for each of	the following swi	tching frequencies	S
Model	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
03400034		•	65 m (210 ft)	•	•		
03400045		100 r	m (330 ft)			1	
03400062		130 m (425 ft)				50 m (165 ft)	37 m (120 ft)
03400077				100 m (330 ft)	75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ll)	37 III (120 II)
03400104	200 m	(660 ft)	150 m (490 ft)	100 111 (330 11)			
03400123							
04400185	200 m	(660 ft)	150 m (490 ft)	100 m (330 ft)	75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)	37 m (120 ft)
04400240	200 111	(000 II)	150 11 (490 11)	100 111 (330 11)	75 III (245 II)	50 III (105 II)	37 III (120 II)
05400300	200 m	(660 ft)	150 m (490 ft)	100 m (330 ft)	75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)	37 m (120 ft)
06400380							
06400480	200 m	(660 ft)	150 m (490 ft)	100 m (330 ft)	75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)	37 m (120 ft)
06400630	-						
07400790							
07400940	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m (614 ft)	125 m (410 ft)	93 m (305 ft)	62 m (203 ft)	46 m (151 ft)
07401120							
08401550	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m (614 ft)	125 m (410 ft)	93 m (305 ft)	62 m (203 ft)	46 m (151 ft)
08401840	230 11	(02011)	107 111 (014 11)	125 11 (410 11)	95 m (505 m)	02 III (203 II)	40 111 (131 11)
09402210	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m (614 ft)	125 m (410 ft)	93 m (305 ft)	62 m (203 ft)	46 m (151 ft)
09402660	230 11	(02011)	107 111 (014 11)	125 11 (410 11)	95 m (505 m)	02 III (203 II)	40 111 (131 11)
10403200	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m (614 ft)	125 m (410 ft)	93 m (305 ft)	62 m (203 ft)	46 m (151 ft)
10403610	230 11			120 11 (410 11)	55 m (505 m)		40 m (101 h)
11404370							
11404870	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m (614 ft)	125 m (410 ft)	93 m (305 ft)		
11405070	]						

Table 12-25 Maximum motor cable lengths (575 V drives)

			575 V Nominal AC s	upply voltage				
		Maximum perm	issible motor cable	length for each of	the following swi	tching frequencies	S	
Model	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz	
05500039		4						
05500061	200 m	(660 ft)	150 m (490 ft)	100 m (330 ft)	75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)	37 m (120 f	
05500100								
06500120								
06500170								
06500220	200 m	200 m (660 ft)		100 m (330 ft)	75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)	27 m (120 f	
06500270	200 111			100 III (330 II)	75 m (245 ft)	50 III (105 II)	37 m (120 f	
06500340								
06500430								
07500530	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m (614 ft)	125 m (410 ft)	93 m (305 ft)	62 m (203 ft)	46 m (151 f	
07500730	250 111	(820 11)	107 111 (014 11)	125111 (41011)	95 m (305 m)	02 III (203 II)	40 11 (151 1	
08500860	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m (614 ft)	125 m (410 ft)	93 m (305 ft)	62 m (203 ft)	46 m (151 f	
08501080	250 11	(820 11)	187 111 (014 11)	125111 (41011)	93 III (305 II)		40 11 (151 1	
09501250	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m (614 ft)	125 m (410 ft)	93 m (305 ft)	62 m (203 ft)	46 m (151 f	
09501500	250 11	(02011)	107 111 (014 11)	123 111 (410 11)	93 III (303 II)			
10502000	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m (614 ft)	125 m (410 ft)	93 m (305 ft)	62 m (203 ft)	46 m (151 f	
11502480		250 m (820 ft)						
11502880	250 m							
11503150	1							

Optimization			5		J		-				Diagnostics	UL listing information
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#### Table 12-26 Maximum motor cable lengths (690 V drives)

	690 V Nominal AC supply voltage											
	Maximum permissible motor cable length for each of the following switching frequencies											
Model	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz					
07600230												
07600300		250 m (820 ft)										
07600360	250 m			125 m (410 ft)	02 m (205 ft)	62 m (202 ft)	46 m (151 ft)					
07600460	250 11			125 m (410 ft)	93 m (305 ft)	62 m (203 ft)	40 111 (151 11)					
07600520												
07600730												
08600860	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m (614 ft)	125 m (410 ft)	93 m (305 ft)	62 m (203 ft)	46 m (151 ft)					
08601080	250 11	(02011)	107 111 (014 11)	125 111 (410 11)	95 m (303 m)	02 111 (203 11)	40 111 (131 11)					
09601250	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m (614 ft)	125 m (410 ft)	93 m (305 ft)	62 m (203 ft)	46 m (151 ft)					
09601550	250 11	(820 11)	187 111 (014 11)	125111 (41011)	93 III (303 II)	02 III (203 II)	40 m (151 h)					
10601720	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m (614 ft)	125 m (410 ft)	93 m (305 ft)	62 m (203 ft)	46 m (151 ft)					
10601970	250 11	250 m (820 ft)		125111 (41011)	93 III (303 II)	02 III (203 II)	40 m (151 h)					
11602250												
11602750	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m (614 ft)									
11603050	1											

• Cable lengths in excess of the specified values may be used only when special techniques are adopted; refer to the supplier of the drive.

The default switching frequency is 3 kHz for Open-loop and RFC-A and 6 kHz for RFC-S mode.

The maximum cable length is reduced from that shown in Table 12-25 and Table 12-26 if high capacitance or reduced diameter motor cables are used. For further information, refer to section 4.9.2 *High-capacitance / reduced diameter cables* on page 93.

#### 12.1.23 Torque settings

Table 12-27 Drive control and relay terminal data

Model	Connection type	Torque setting
All	Plug-in terminal block	0.5 N m (0.4 lb ft)

#### Table 12-28 Drive power terminal data

H300 frame	AC and mot	or terminals	DC ter	minals	Ground t	erminals	
size	Recommended	Maximum	Recommended	Maximum	Recommended	Maximum	
3 and 4	Plug-in terminal block		Т20 То	rx (M4)	T20 Torx (M4) / M4 Nut (7 mm AF)		
5 anu 4	0.7 N m (0.5 lb ft)	0.8 N m (0.6 lb ft)	2.0 N m (1.4 lb ft)	2.5 N m (1.8 lb ft)	2.0 N m (1.4 lb ft)	2.5 N m (1.8 lb ft)	
5	Plug-in terminal block		T20 Torx (M4) / M4 Nut (7 mm AF)		M5 Nut (8 mm AF)		
U	1.5 N m (1.1 lb ft)	1.8 N m (1.3 lb ft)	1.5 N m (1.1 lb ft)	2.5 N m (1.8 lb ft)	2.0 N m (1.4 lb ft)	5.0 N m (3.7 lb ft)	
6	M6 Nut (10 mm AF)		M6 Nut (10 mm AF)		M6 Nut (10 mm AF)		
0	6.0 N m (4.4 lb ft)	8.0 N m (6.0 lb ft)	6.0 N m (4.4 lb ft)	8.0 N m (6.0 lb ft)	6.0 N m (4.4 lb ft)	8.0 N m (6.0 lb ft)	
7	M8 Nut (1	3 mm AF)	M8 Nut (13 mm AF)		M8 Nut (13 mm AF)		
	12 N m (8.8 lb ft)	14 N m (10.0 lb ft)	12 N m (8.8 lb ft)	14 N m (10.0 lb ft)	12 N m (8.8 lb ft)	14 N m (10.0 lb ft)	
8 to 11	M10 Nut (1	17 mm AF)	M10 Nut (*	17 mm AF)	M10 Nut (17 mm AF)		
	15 N m (11.1 lb ft)	20 N m (14.8 lb ft)	15 N m (11.1 lb ft)	20 N m (14.8 lb ft)	15 N m (11.1 lb ft)	20 N m (14.8 lb ft)	

Safety information         Product information         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor         Optimization	NV Media Card         Building Automation         Advanced parameters         Technical data         Diagnostics         UL listin information
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Model size	Terminal block description	Max cable size				
All	11 way control connectors	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (16 AWG)				
	2 way relay connector	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (12 AWG)				
3	6 way AC power connector	$6 \text{ mm}^2$ (10 AWC)				
4		1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (16 AWG)				
5	3 way AC power connector	8 mm <sup>2</sup> (8 AWG)				
	3 way motor connector					
6						
7						
8	2 way low voltage power 24 V supply connector	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (16 AWG)				
9A/9E						
10E/11E						

Safety information         Product information         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor         Optimization         NV Media Ca Operation	rd Building Advanced Technical Automation parameters data Diagnostics UL listing information
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## 12.1.24 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

This is a summary of the EMC performance of the drive. For full details, refer to the *EMC Data Sheet* which can be obtained from the supplier of the drive.

#### Table 12-30 Immunity compliance

Standard	Type of immunity	Test specification	Application	Level
IEC61000-4-2 EN61000-4-2	Electrostatic discharge	6 kV contact discharge 8 kV air discharge	Module enclosure	Level 3 (industrial)
IEC61000-4-3 EN61000-4-3	Radio frequency radiated field	10 V/m prior to modulation 80 - 1000 MHz 80 % AM (1 kHz) modulation	Module enclosure	Level 3 (industrial)
IEC61000-4-4	Fast transient	5/50 ns 2 kV transient at 5 kHz repetition frequency via coupling clamp	Control lines	Level 4 (industrial harsh)
EN61000-4-4	burst	5/50 ns 2 kV transient at 5 kHz repetition frequency by direct injection	Power lines	Level 3 (industrial)
		Common mode 4 kV 1.2/50 µs waveshape	AC supply lines: line to ground	Level 4
IEC61000-4-5 EN61000-4-5	Surges	Differential mode 2 kV 1.2/50 μs waveshape	AC supply lines: line to line	Level 3
		Lines to ground	Signal ports to ground <sup>1</sup>	Level 2
IEC61000-4-6 EN61000-4-6	Conducted radio frequency	10V prior to modulation 0.15 - 80 MHz 80 % AM (1 kHz) modulation	Control and power lines	Level 3 (industrial)
IEC61000-4-11 EN61000-4-11	Voltage dips and interruptions	-30 % 10 ms +60 % 100 ms -60 % 1 s <-95 % 5 s	AC power ports	
IEC61000-6-1 EN61000-6- 1:2007		ity standard for the mercial and light - onment		Complies
IEC61000-6-2 EN61000-6- 2:2005	Generic immun industrial enviro	ity standard for the onment		Complies
IEC61800-3 EN61800- 3:2004	Product standa speed power de (immunity requi		Meets immunit requirements for second enviror	or first and

<sup>1</sup> See section 4.11.7 Variations in the EMC wiring on page 102 for control ports for possible requirements regarding grounding and external surge protection

#### Emission

The drive contains an in-built filter for basic emission control. An additional optional external filter provides further reduction of emission. The requirements of the following standards are met, depending on the motor cable length and switching frequency.

 Table 12-31
 Size 3 emission compliance (200 V drives)

Motor cable	Switching Frequency (kHz)									
length (m)	gth (m) 2 3		4	6	8	12	16			
Using internal filter:										
0 – 2		C3		C4						
Using internal filter and ferrite ring (2 turns):										
0 – 10		C3			C4					
10-20		C3		C4						
Using externa	l filter:									
0 – 20	C1	C1	C2	C2	C2	C2				
20 – 100	C2	C2	C3	C3	C3	C3				

Table 12-32 Size 3 emission compliance (400 V drives)

Motor cable	Switching Frequency (kHz)									
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12	16			
Using internal filter:										
0 – 5		C3 C4								
Using internal	filter and f	errite rin	g (2 turn	s):						
0 – 10			C3			С	4			
Using externa	l filter:									
0 – 20	C1	C1	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2			
20 – 100	C2	C2 C2 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3								

#### Table 12-33 Size 4 emission compliance (200 V drives)

Motorcable	Switching Frequency (kHz)										
length (m)	th (m) 2 3			6	8	12	16				
Using internal filter:											
0 – 2		C3 C4									
Using internal	filter and	ferrite rin	g (2 turn:	s):							
0 – 4	C3	3			C4						
Using externa	al filter:										
0 – 20	C1	C1	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2				
20 – 100	C2	C2	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3				

Table 12-34 Size 4 emission compliance (400 V drives)

Motorcable	Switching Frequency (kHz)										
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12	16				
Using internal filter:											
0-4	C3 C4										
Using internal	filter and	ferrite rin	g (2 turn	s):							
0 – 10	C	3			C4						
Using externa	l filter:										
0 – 20	C1	C1	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2				
20 – 100	C2	C2	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3				

Table 12-35 Size 5 emission compliance (200 V drives)

Motor cable		Switching Frequency (kHz)									
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12	16				
Using internal	filter:										
0 – 2		C3	C4								
Using inter	nal filter a	I filter and ferrite ring (1 turn – no advantage to 2 turns):									
0 – 2			C3			С	4				
0 – 5		C3	C4								
0 – 7		C3	C4								
0 – 10	C3			C4	1						
Using externa	l filter:	filter:									
0 – 20	C1	C1	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2				
20 – 100	C2	C2	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3				

	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Table 12-36 Size 5 emission compliance (400 V drives)

Motor cable		Switching Frequency (kHz)										
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12	16					
Using internal filter:												
0 – 4		C3 C4										
0 – 10	C3	C4										
No advantage to using ferrite ring												
Using external filter:												
0 – 20	C1	C1	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2					
20 – 100	C2	C2	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3					

Table 12-37 Size 5 emission compliance (575 V drives)

Motor cable		Sw	itching	Frequer	icy (kHz	)	
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12	16
Using internal	filter:						
-	C4						
Using internal	filter and	ferrite rin	g (2 turn	s):			
0 – 4		C3			С	4	
0 – 2			C3			C	4
Using externa	l filter:						
0 – 20	C1	C1	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2
20 – 100	C2	C2	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3

Table 12-38 Size 6 emission compliance (200 V drives)

Motor cable		S	witching	Freque	ncy (kHz	z)			
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12	16		
Using internal	filter:								
0 – 2	C3		C4						
Using internal	filter and	ferrite ring (1 turn – no advantage to 2 turns):							
0 – 2			C	4					
0 – 5		C3			С	4			
0 – 7	С	3		C4					
0 – 10	C3		C4						
Using externa	I filter:								
0 – 20	C1	C1	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2		
20 – 100	C2	C2	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3		

Table 12-39 Size 6 emission compliance (400 V drives)

Motor cable		SI	witching	Freque	ncy (kHz	<u>z)</u>					
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12	16				
Using internal	filter:	ter:									
0 – 4		C3 C4									
0 – 10	C3	C4									
No advantage	e to using	to using ferrite ring									
Using externa	l filter:	ïlter:									
0 – 20	C1	C1	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2				
20 – 100	C2	C2	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3				

Table 12-40 Size 6 emission compliance (575 V drives)

Motor cable		S	witching	Frequer	ncy (kHz	)					
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12	16				
Using internal	filter:	Iter:									
-	C4	74									
Using internal filter and ferrite ring (2 turns):											
0-4		C3			C4	4					
0 – 2			C3			C4					
Using externa	I filter:	filter:									
0 – 20	C1	C1	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2				
20 – 100	C2	C2	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3				

### Table 12-41 Size 7 emission compliance (200 V drives)

Motor cable	Switching Frequency (kHz)									
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12	16			
Using internal filter:										
0 – 100	C4	C4	C4	C4	C4	C4	C4			
Using external filter:										
0 – 20	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2			
20 – 100	C2	C2	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3			

#### Table 12-42 Size 7 emission compliance (400 V drives)

Motor cable	Switching Frequency (kHz)									
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12	16			
Using internal filter:										
0 – 100	C4	C4	C4	C4	C4	C4	C4			
Using external filter:										
0 – 20	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2			
20 – 100	C2	C2	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3			

## Table 12-43 Size 7 emission compliance (575 and 690 V drives)

Motor cable	Switching Frequency (kHz)									
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12	16			
Using internal filter:										
0 – 100	C4	C4	C4	C4	C4	C4	C4			
Using external filter:										
0 – 20	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2			
20 – 100	C2	C2	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3			

## Table 12-44 Size 8 emission compliance (200 V drives)

Motor cable	Switching Frequency (kHz)									
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12	16			
Using internal filter:										
0 – 10	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3			
Using external filter:										
0 – 20	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2			
20 – 100	C2	C2	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3			

Safety information	Product on information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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#### Table 12-45 Size 8 emission compliance (400 V drives)

Motor cable	Switching Frequency (kHz)									
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12	16			
Using internal filter:										
0 – 10	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3			
Using external filter	Using external filter:									
0 – 20	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2			
20 – 100	C2	C2	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3			

#### Table 12-46 Size 8 emission compliance (575 V and 690 V drives)

Motor cable	Switching Frequency (kHz)									
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12	16			
Using internal filter:										
0 – 100	C4	C4	C4	C4	C4	C4	C4			
Using external filter	•									
0 – 20	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2			
20 – 100	C2	C2	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3			

#### Table 12-47 Size 9E and 10E emission compliance (all voltages)

Motor cable	Switching Frequency (kHz)									
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12	16			
Using internal filter:										
0 – 100	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3			
Using external filter	Using external filter:									
0 – 20	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2			
20 – 100	C2	C2	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3			

#### Table 12-48 Size 11 emission compliance (all voltages)

Motor cable	Switching Frequency (kHz)									
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8					
Using internal filter:										
0 – 50	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3					
100	C3	C3	C3	C3	C4					
Using external filte	r:									
20	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2					
100	C2	C2	C3	C3	C3					

#### Key (shown in decreasing order of permitted emission level):

E2R EN 61800-3 second environment, restricted distribution (Additional measures may be required to prevent interference)

- E2U EN 61800-3 second environment, unrestricted distribution
- L Industrial generic standard EN 61000-6-4 EN 61800-3 first environment restricted distribution (The following caution is required by EN 61800-3)



This is a product of the restricted distribution class according to IEC 61800-3. In a residential environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be CAUTION required to take adequate measures.

#### R Residential generic standard EN 61000-6-3 EN 61800-3 first environment unrestricted distribution

EN 61800-3 defines the following:

- The first environment is one that includes residential premises. It also includes establishments directly connected without intermediate transformers to a low-voltage power supply network which supplies buildings used for residential purposes.
- The second environment is one that includes all establishments other than those directly connected to a low-voltage power supply network which supplies buildings used for residential purposes.
- Restricted distribution is defined as a mode of sales distribution in which the manufacturer restricts the supply of equipment to

suppliers, customers or users who separately or jointly have technical competence in the EMC requirements of the application of drives.

#### EN 61800-3:2004+A1:2012

The 2004 revision of the standard uses different terminology to align the requirements of the standard better with the EC EMC Directive.

Power drive systems are categorized C1 to C4:

Category	Definition	Corresponding code used above
C1	Intended for use in the first or second environments	R
C2	Not a plug-in or movable device, and intended for use in the first environment only when installed by a professional, or in the second environment	I
C3	Intended for use in the second environment, not the first environment	E2U
C4	Intended for use in the second environment in a system rated at over 400 A, or in a complex system	E2R

Note that category 4 is more restrictive than E2R, since the rated current of the PDS must exceed 400 A or the supply voltage exceed 1000 V, for the complete PDS.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor		Operation	Automation	parameters	data	- 3	information

# 12.2 Optional external EMC filters

Table 12-49 EMC filter cross reference

Model	CT part number				
200 V					
03200066 to 03200127	4200-3230				
04200180 to 04200250	4200-0272				
05200300	4200-0312				
06200500 to 06200580	4200-2300				
07200750 to 07201170	4200-1132				
08201490 to 08201800	4200-1972				
09202160 to 09202660 (9A)	4200-3021				
09202160 to 09202660 (9E)	4200-4460				
10203250 to 10203600	4200-4460				
400 V					
03400034 to 03400123	4200-3480				
04400185 to 04400240	4200-0252				
05400300	4200-0402				
06400380 to 06400630	4200-4800				
07400790 to 07401120	4200-1132				
08401550 to 08401840	4200-1972				
09402210 to 09402660 (9A)	4200-3021				
09402210 to 09402660 (9E)	4200-4460				
10403200 to 10403610	4200-4460				
11404370 to 11405070	4200-0400				
575 V					
05500039 to 05500100	4200-0122				
06500120 to 06500430	4200-3690				
07500530 to 07500730	4200-0672				
08500860 to 08501080	4200-1662				
09501250 to 09501500 (9A)	4200-1660				
09501250 to 09501500 (9E)	4200-2210				
10502000	4200-2210				
11502480 to 11503150	4200-0690				
690 V					
07600230 to 07600730	4200-0672				
08600860 to 08601080	4200-1662				
09601250 to 09601550 (9A)	4200-1660				
09601250 to 09601550 (9E)	4200-2210				
10601720 to 10601970	4200-2210				
11602250 to 11603050	4200-0690				

Safety information         Product information         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor	Optimization N	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 12.2.1 EMC filter ratings

## Table 12-50 Optional external EMC filter details

	-	mum	Voltage	e rating			sipation at	Ground lea	akage															
	continuo	us current				<u> </u>				gg										rated o	current	<b>Balanced supply</b>		Discharge
CT part number	@ 40 °C (104 °F)	@ 50 °C (122 °F)	IEC	UL	IP rating	@ 40 °C (104 °F)	@ 50 °C (122 °F)	phase-to-phase and phase-to-ground	Worst case	resistors														
	Α	Α	v	v		w	w	mA	mA	MΩ														
4200-3230	20	18.5	250	300		20	17	2.4	60															
4200-0272	27	24.8	250	300		33	28	6.8	137															
4200-0312	31	28.5	250	300		20	17	2.0	80															
4200-2300	55	51	250	300		41	35	4.2	69															
4200-3480	16	15	528	600	20	13	11	10.7	151	1.68														
4200-0252	25	23	528	600	20	28	24	11.1	182	1.00														
4200-0402	40	36.8	528	600		47	40	18.7	197															
4200-4800	63	58	528	600		54	46	11.2	183															
4200-0122	12	11	760	600	1																			
4200-3690	42	39	760	600		45	39	12	234															

## 12.2.2 Overall EMC filter dimensions

Table 12-51 Optional external EMC filter dimensions

			Dimens	ion (mm)			Weight		
CT part number	I	Н		W	I	D		igin	
	mm	inch	mm	inch	mm	inch	kg	lb	
4200-3230	426	16.77	83	3.27	41	1.61	1.9	4.20	
4200-0272	437	17.20	123	4.84	60	2.36	4.0	8.82	
4200-0312	437	17.20	143	5.63	60	2.36	5.5	12.13	
4200-2300	434	17.09	210	8.27	60	2.36	6.5	14.30	
4200-3480	426	16.77	83	3.27	41	1.61	2.0	4.40	
4200-0252	437	17.20	123	4.84	60	2.36	4.1	9.04	
4200-0402	437	17.20	143	5.63	60	2.36	5.5	12.13	
4200-4800	434	17.09	210	8.27	60	2.36	6.7	14.80	
4200-0122	437	17.20	143	5.63	60	2.36	5.5	12.13	
4200-3690	434	17.09	210	8.27	60	2.36	7.0	15.40	
4200-1132	270	10.63	90	3.54	205	5.9	6.0	13.20	
4200-0672	270	10.63	90	3.54	205	5.9	6.2	13.70	
4200-1972	300	11.81	120	4.72	170	6.69	9.6	21.10	
4200-1662	270	10.63	90	3.54	205	8.07	9.4	20.70	
4200-3021	339	13.34	230	9.06	120	4.72	11	24.25	
4200-4460	105	4.13	360	14.2	245	9.65	12	26.50	
4200-0400	135	5.32	386	15.2	260	10.2	14.7	32.41	
4200-1660	360	14.7	245	9.65	105	4.13	5.2	11.46	
4200-2210	105	4.13	360	14.2	245	9.65	10.3	22.71	
4200-0690	135	5.32	386	15.2	260	10.2	16.75	36.90	

Safety information         Product information         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor         Optimization         NV Media Card Operation         Building Automation         Advanced parameters         Toch date	Diagnostics	listing frmation
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## 12.2.3 EMC filter torque settings

 Table 12-52
 Optional external EMC Filter terminal data

CT part		Power connections		Ground connections			
number	Bar hole diameter	Max cable size	Max torque	Ground stud size	Max torque		
4200-1132		50 mm <sup>2</sup>	8.0 N m				
4200-0672		(1/0 AWG)	(6.0lb ft)	M10	18 N m		
4200-1972		95 mm <sup>2</sup>	20 N m	WI TO	(13.3 lb ft)		
4200-1662		(3/0 AWG)	(14.8 lb ft)				
4200-0122			2.3 N m (1.7 lb ft)				
4200-0252	_	16 mm <sup>2</sup>	-	140	4.8 N m		
4200-0272	_	(6 AWG)	1.8 N m	M6	(2.8 lb ft)		
4200-0312	N/A		(1.4 lb ft)				
4200-0402							
4200-3230		4 mm <sup>2</sup> (12 AWG)	0.8 N m (0.59 lb ft)	M5	3.0 N m		
4200-3480		4 mm <sup>2</sup> (12 AWG)	0.8 N m (0.59 lb ft)	M5	(2.2 lb ft)		
4200-2300		40 2	2.3 N m		4.8 N m		
4200-4800		16 mm <sup>2</sup> (6 AWG)	(1.70 lb ft)	M6	(2.8 lb ft)		
4200-3690		(0 AWG)			(2.01011)		
4200-3021	10.8 mm						
4200-4460	11 mm			M10	18 N m		
4200-1660	10.8 mm	N/A	30 N m (22.1 lb ft)	IVITO	(13.3 lb ft)		
4200-2210	11 mm	IN/A	50 N III (22.1 ID II)				
4200-0400	10.5 mm			M12	25 N m		
4200-0690	10.5 mm			IVI I Z	(18.4 lb ft)		

Safety informationProduct informationMechanical installationElectrical installationGetting startedBasic parametersRunning the motorOptimizationNV Media Card OperationBuilding AutomationAdvanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing nformation
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#### 13 **Diagnostics**

The keypad display on the drive gives various information about the status of the drive. The keypad display provides information on the following categories:

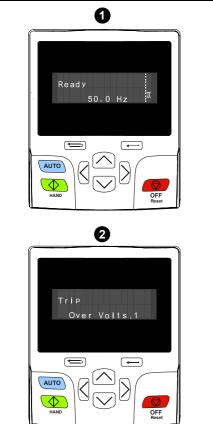
- Trip indications
- Alarm indications
- Status indications



Users must not attempt to repair a drive if it is faulty, nor carry out fault diagnosis other than through the use of the diagnostic features described in this chapter. If a drive is faulty, it must be returned to an authorized WARNING Control Techniques distributor for repair.

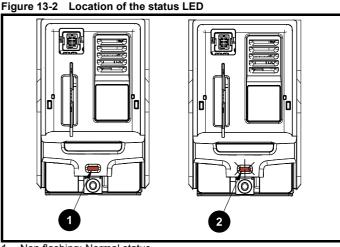
#### 13.1 Status modes (Keypad and LED status)

#### Figure 13-1 Keypad status modes





- Drive Heathy status 1.
- Trip status 2.
- 3 Alarm status



- Non flashing: Normal status 1.
- 2. Flashing: Trip status

#### 13.2 Trip indications

The output of the drive is disabled under any trip condition so that the drive stops controlling the motor. If the motor is running when the trip occurs it will coast to a stop.

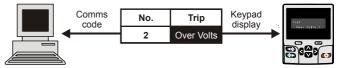
During a trip condition, where a KI-Keypad is being used, the upper row of the display indicates that a trip has occurred and the lower row of the keypad display will display the trip string. Some trips have a sub-trip number to provide additional information about the trip. If a trip has a sub-trip number, the sub-trip number is flashed alternately with the trip string unless there is space on the second row for both the trip string and the sub-trip number in which case both the trip string and sub-trip information is displayed separated by a decimal place.

The back-light of the KI-Keypad display will also flash during a trip condition. If a display is not being used, the drive LED Status indicator will flash with 0.5 s duty cycle if the drive has tripped. Refer to Figure 13-2.

Trips are listed alphabetically in Table 13-3 based on the trip indication shown on the drive display. Alternatively, the drive status can be read in Pr 10.001 'Drive Heathy' using communication protocols. The most recent trip can be read in Pr 10.020 providing a trip number. It must be noted that the hardware trips (HF01 to HF20) do not have trip numbers. The trip number must be checked in Table 13-4 to identify the specific trip.

#### Example

- 1. Trip code 2 is read from Pr 10.020 via serial communications.
- 2. Checking Table 13-3 shows Trip 2 is an Over Volts trip.



- 3. Look up Over Volts in Table 13-3.
- 4. Perform checks detailed under Diagnosis.

Safety information         Product information         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor         Optimization	NV Media Card         Building         Advanced         Technical         Diagnostics         UL listing           Operation         Automation         parameters         data         Diagnostics         UL listing	n n
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## 13.3 Identifying a trip / trip source

Some trips only contain a trip string whereas some other trips have a trip string along with a sub-trip number which provides the user with additional information about the trip.

A trip can be generated from a control system or from a power system. The sub-trip number associated with the trips listed in Table 13-1 is in the form xxyzz and used to identify the source of the trip.

Table 13-1	Trips associated with xxyzz sub-trip number
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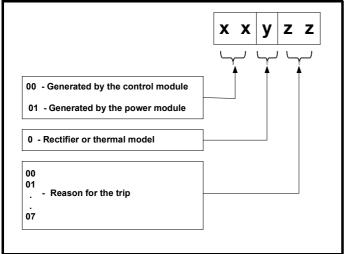
Over Volts	OHt dc bus
OI ac	Phase Loss
OI Brake	Power Comms
PSU	OI Snubber
OHt Inverter	Temp Feedback
OHt Power	Power Data
OHt Control	

The digits xx are 00 for a trip generated by the control system. For a single drive (not part of a multi-power module drive), if the trip is related to the power system then xx will have a value of 01, when displayed the leading zeros are suppressed.

The y digit is used to identify the location of a trip which is generated by a rectifier module connected to a power module (if xx is non zero). For a control system trip (xx is zero), the y digit, where relevant is defined for each trip. If not relevant, the y digit will have a value of zero.

The zz digits give the reason for the trip and are defined in each trip description.

Figure 13-3	Key to sub-trip number



For example, if the drive has tripped and the lower line of the display shows 'OHt Control.2', with the help Table 13-2 below the trip can be interpreted as; an over temperature has been detected; the trip was generated by fault in the control module, the control board thermistor 2 over temperature.

#### Table 13-2 Sub-trip identification

Source	хх	у	ZZ	Description
Control system	00	0	01	Control board thermistor 1 over temperature
Control system	00	0	02	Control board thermistor 2 over temperature
Control system	00	0	03	Control board thermistor 3 over temperature

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	optimization	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	Diagnootioo	information

## 13.4 Trips, Sub-trip numbers

Trip	cations									
	Diagnosis									
An Input 1 Loss	Analog input 1 current loss									
	An Input 1 Loss trip indicates that a current loss was detected in current mode on Analog input 1 (Terminal 5, 6). In 4-20 mA and 20-4 mA modes loss of input is detected if the current falls below 3 mA.									
	Recommended actions:									
28	<ul> <li>Check control wiring is correct</li> <li>Check control wiring is undamaged</li> </ul>									
	<ul> <li>Check the Analog Input 1 Mode (07.007)</li> <li>Current signal is present and greater than 3 mA</li> </ul>									
An Input 2 Loss	Analog input 2 current loss									
An input 2 2033	An Input 2 Loss indicates that a current loss was detected in current mode on Analog input 2 (Terminal 7). In 4-20 mA and									
	20-4 mA modes loss of input is detected if the current falls below 3 mA.									
	Recommended actions:									
29	Check control wiring is correct									
20	Check control wiring is undamaged     Check the Analog (mut 2 Made (07 011))									
	<ul> <li>Check the Analog Input 2 Mode (07.011)</li> <li>Current signal is present and greater than 3 mA</li> </ul>									
An Output Calib	Analog output calibration failed									
An Output Callb	The zero offset calibration of one or both of the analogue outputs has failed. This indicates that the drive hardware has									
	failed or a voltage is applied to the output via a low impedance, possibly due to a wiring error. The failed output can be									
	identified by the sub-trip number.									
	Sub-trip Reason									
219	1 Output 1 failed (Terminal 9)									
215	2 Output 2 failed (Terminal 10)									
	Recommended actions:									
	Check the wiring associated with analog outputs									
	• Remove all the wiring that is connected to analog outputs and perform a re-calibration by power cycling the drive.									
	If trip persists replace the drive									
App Menu Changed										
	The <i>App Menu Changed</i> trip indicates that the customization table for an application menu has changed. The menu that has been changed can be identified by the sub-trip number.									
	Sub-trip Reason									
	1 Menu 18									
	2 Menu 19									
217	2 Menu 19 3 Menu 20									
217	3 Menu 20 If more than one menu has changed the lowest menu has priority. Drive user parameters must be saved to prevent this trip									
217	3       Menu 20         If more than one menu has changed the lowest menu has priority. Drive user parameters must be saved to prevent this trip on the next power-up.									
217	3 Menu 20 If more than one menu has changed the lowest menu has priority. Drive user parameters must be saved to prevent this trip									
217	3       Menu 20         If more than one menu has changed the lowest menu has priority. Drive user parameters must be saved to prevent this trip on the next power-up.									
217 Autotune 1	3       Menu 20         If more than one menu has changed the lowest menu has priority. Drive user parameters must be saved to prevent this trip on the next power-up.         Recommended actions:									
	3       Menu 20         If more than one menu has changed the lowest menu has priority. Drive user parameters must be saved to prevent this trip on the next power-up.         Recommended actions:         • Reset the trip and perform a parameter save to accept the new settings									
	3       Menu 20         If more than one menu has changed the lowest menu has priority. Drive user parameters must be saved to prevent this trip on the next power-up.         Recommended actions:         • Reset the trip and perform a parameter save to accept the new settings         Position feedback did not change or required speed could not be reached									
	3       Menu 20         If more than one menu has changed the lowest menu has priority. Drive user parameters must be saved to prevent this trip on the next power-up.         Recommended actions:         • Reset the trip and perform a parameter save to accept the new settings         Position feedback did not change or required speed could not be reached         The drive has tripped during an autotune. The cause of the trip can be identified from the sub-trip number.         Sub-trip       Reason									
	3       Menu 20         If more than one menu has changed the lowest menu has priority. Drive user parameters must be saved to prevent this trip on the next power-up.         Recommended actions:         • Reset the trip and perform a parameter save to accept the new settings         Position feedback did not change or required speed could not be reached         The drive has tripped during an autotune. The cause of the trip can be identified from the sub-trip number.         Sub-trip       Reason         1       The position feedback did not change when position feedback is being used during rotating autotune.									
Autotune 1	3       Menu 20         If more than one menu has changed the lowest menu has priority. Drive user parameters must be saved to prevent this trip on the next power-up.         Recommended actions:         • Reset the trip and perform a parameter save to accept the new settings         Position feedback did not change or required speed could not be reached         The drive has tripped during an autotune. The cause of the trip can be identified from the sub-trip number.         Sub-trip       Reason									
	3       Menu 20         If more than one menu has changed the lowest menu has priority. Drive user parameters must be saved to prevent this trip on the next power-up.         Recommended actions:         • Reset the trip and perform a parameter save to accept the new settings         Position feedback did not change or required speed could not be reached         The drive has tripped during an autotune. The cause of the trip can be identified from the sub-trip number.         Sub-trip       Reason         1       The position feedback did not change when position feedback is being used during rotating autotune.									
Autotune 1	3       Menu 20         If more than one menu has changed the lowest menu has priority. Drive user parameters must be saved to prevent this trip on the next power-up.         Recommended actions:         • Reset the trip and perform a parameter save to accept the new settings         Position feedback did not change or required speed could not be reached         The drive has tripped during an autotune. The cause of the trip can be identified from the sub-trip number.         Sub-trip       Reason         1       The position feedback did not change when position feedback is being used during rotating autotune.         2       The motor did not reach the required speed during rotating autotune or mechanical load measurement.									
Autotune 1	3       Menu 20         If more than one menu has changed the lowest menu has priority. Drive user parameters must be saved to prevent this trip on the next power-up.         Recommended actions:         • Reset the trip and perform a parameter save to accept the new settings         Position feedback did not change or required speed could not be reached         The drive has tripped during an autotune. The cause of the trip can be identified from the sub-trip number.         Sub-trip       Reason         1       The position feedback did not change when position feedback is being used during rotating autotune.         2       The motor did not reach the required speed during rotating autotune or mechanical load measurement.         Recommended actions:       • Ensure the motor is free to turn i.e. mechanical brake was released									
Autotune 1	3       Menu 20         If more than one menu has changed the lowest menu has priority. Drive user parameters must be saved to prevent this trip on the next power-up.         Recommended actions:         • Reset the trip and perform a parameter save to accept the new settings         Position feedback did not change or required speed could not be reached         The drive has tripped during an autotune. The cause of the trip can be identified from the sub-trip number.         Sub-trip       Reason         1       The position feedback did not change when position feedback is being used during rotating autotune.         2       The motor did not reach the required speed during rotating autotune or mechanical load measurement.         Recommended actions:									

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	s UL listing information
	Trip						[	Diagnosis					
Aut	otune 2	Posit	Position feedback direction incorrect										
		The d	The drive has tripped during a rotating autotune. The cause of the trip can be identified from the associated sub-trip number										
		S	Sub-trip Reason										
			1 The position feedback direction is incorrect when position feedback is being used during a rotating autotune										
			A SINCOS encoder with comms is being used for position feedback and the comms position is rotating in the opposite direction to the sine wave based position										
	12		<sup>2</sup> in the opposite direction to the sine wave based position.										
		Reco	Recommended actions:										
			heck moto		•								
			heck feed		0	is correct							
Aut	otune 3					the param	eter range	or commutati	on signal	s changed	l in wror	na directio	n
Aut						-	-	anical load me	-	-		-	
						-trip numbe							
		S	ub-trip					Reaso	n				
			1	Measur	ed inertia	has excee	ded the para	meter range c	luring a m	echanical I	oad mea	surement	
			2			-	-	e wrong directi	-	-	autotune		
	13		3	The me	chanical le	oad test ha	s been unal	ple to identify t	he motor	inertia			
	15	Reco	mmended	action	s for sub-	trip 2:							
			Recommended actions for sub-trip 2:     Check motor cable wiring is correct										
		• C	<ul> <li>Check feedback device U,V and W commutation signal wiring is correct</li> </ul>										
			Recommended actions for sub-trip 3:										
			<ul> <li>Increase the test level.</li> <li>If the test was carried out at standstill repeat the test with the motor rotating within the recommended speed range.</li> </ul>										
Aut	otune 7								-		coomine		Tunge.
			Motor number of poles / position feedback resolution set incorrectly An Autotune 7 trip is initiated during a rotating autotune, if the motor poles or the position feedback resolution have been										
		set up	set up incorrectly where position feedback is being used.										
	17	Reco	Recommended actions:										
			•		er revolution for feedback device mber of poles in Pr <b>05.011</b>								
Autotu	ne Stoppe				•	ompletion							
Autotu							autotune te	st. because ei	ther the di	rive enable	or the dr	rive run wer	re removed.
		_	The drive was prevented from completing an autotune test, because either the drive enable or the drive run were removed. <b>Recommended actions:</b>										
	18		<ul> <li>Check the drive enable signal (Terminal 29) was active during the autotune</li> </ul>										
			<ul> <li>Check the run command was active in Pr 08.005 during autotune</li> </ul>										
Brake	R Too Ho	Braki	ng resisto	or overlo	oad timed	out (l <sup>2</sup> t)							
								oad has timed					
								r Rated Powel Brake R Too F					
			mulator (10	-		,	0.001). 1110				on Bran	ing i toolotoi	monna
	19	Reco	mmended	action	s:								
						-		nd Pr <b>10.061</b> a					
								and the braki		r software	overload	protection	is not
Card	Access		equired, se edia Card					to disable the t	uip.				
Joant						at the drive	was unable	to access the	NV Media	a Card. If th	e trip oc	curs durina	the data
		transf	er to the c	ard then	the file be	eing written	may be cor	rupted. If the t	rip occurs	when the	data bein	ig transferre	ed to the
								meter file is tra					-
	185		rive down a				-volatile me	mory, and so t	ne origina	i paramete	IS CALL DE		y powering
1			mmended		-								
						lled / locate	ed correctly						
1		• R	eplace the	e NV Me	dia Card								

Safety Produ information information		Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
Trip						[	Diagnosis						
Card Boot	The	Menu 0 pa	rameter	<sup>.</sup> modifica	tion canno	ot be saved	to the NV Me	edia Card					
177	and I the n subs <b>Reco</b> • E	The Card Boot trip will occur if a write to a Menu 0 parameter has been initiated via the keypad by exiting edit mode and Pr <b>11.042</b> is set for auto or boot mode, but the necessary boot file has not been created on the NV Media Card to take the new parameter value. This occurs when Pr <b>11.042</b> is changed to Auto (3) or Boot (4) mode, but the drive is not subsequently reset. <b>Recommended actions:</b> Ensure that Pr <b>11.042</b> is correctly set, and then reset the drive to create the necessary file on the NV Media Card Re-attempt the parameter write to the Menu 0 parameter											
Card Busy			-					option mo	odule				
178	The alrea <b>Reco</b>	NV Media Card cannot be accessed as it is being accessed by an option module The Card Busy trip indicates that an attempt has been made to access a file on NV Media Card, but the NV Media Card is already being accessed by an option module. No data is transferred. Recommended actions: Wait for the option module to finish accessing the NV Media Card and re-attempt the required function											
Card Compa						-				4			
188	A con the N Reco	<ul> <li>NV Media Card file/data is different to the one in the drive</li> <li>A compare has been carried out between a file on the NV Media Card, a Card Compare trip is initiated if the parameters on the NV Media Card are different to the drive.</li> <li>Recommended actions: <ul> <li>Set Pr mm.000 to 0 and reset the trip</li> <li>Check to ensure the correct data block on the NV Media Card has been used for the compare.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>											
Card Data Ex	ists NV N	ledia Card	l data lo	cation alr	eady cont	ains data							
	The	Card Data dy contains	<i>Exists</i> tri s data. T	p indicates he data sh	s that an at	tempt has be	een made to s ne card first to			edia Card	l in a data b	lock which	
179	Reco	ommended	action	s:									
		Erase the d Vrite data t											
Card Drive M						ble with cu	rrent drive m	ode					
187	differ Medi Reco • E • C	ent from th a Card to t ommended Ensure the Clear the va	le currer he drive d action destinati alue in P	it drive mo if the oper s: ion drive s r <b>mm.000</b>	de. This tri ating mode upports the and reset t	p is also pro e in the data e drive opera the drive	if the drive mo duced if an at block is outsi	tempt is m de the allo the parame	ade to trar wed range eter file.	nsfer para	ameters fror	m a NV	
					0	is the same	as the source	e paramete	er file				
Card Erro	The d the d (if it e	ata structu exists) and	trip indic re on the create tl	ates that a e card. Res he correct	an attempt setting this folder strue	trip will cau cture. On an	ade to access se the drive to SD card, whil . The following	erase the st this trip	<mcdf> is still pres</mcdf>	folder fro ent, miss	m the NV m	nedia card ries will be	
	S	ub-trip					Reaso	on					
182		1				structure is r	not present						
		2			corrupted. in the <mc< td=""><th>CDF\&gt; folder</th><th>have the sam</th><td>ne file iden</td><td>tification n</td><td>umber.</td><th></th><th></th></mc<>	CDF\> folder	have the sam	ne file iden	tification n	umber.			
	• E	<ul> <li>3 Two or more files in the <mcdf\> folder have the same file identification number.</mcdf\></li> <li>Recommended actions:</li> <li>Erase all the data block and re-attempt the process</li> <li>Ensure the card is located correctly</li> </ul>											
Card End		Replace the		uia Caro									
Card Full	The enou Reco • [	gh space le ommended	ip indica eft on the <b>I action</b> ta block	e card. <b>s:</b> or the enti	re NV Med	as been ma lia Card to c	de to create a reate space	data block	con a NV I	Media Ca	ard, but ther	e is not	

Safety Product information	Mechanical Electrical origination installation Started Basic parameters motor Optimization Optization Optimiz
Trip	Diagnosis
Card No Data	NV Media Card data not found
183	The Card No Data trip indicates that an attempt has been made to access non-existent file or block on a NV Media Card. No data is transferred. Recommended actions:
	Ensure data block number is correct
Card Option	NV Media Card trip; option modules installed are different between source drive and destination drive
180	<ul> <li>The <i>Card Option</i> trip indicates that parameter data or default difference data is being transferred from a NV Media Card to the drive, but the option module categories are different between source and destination drives. This trip does not stop the data transfer, but is a warning that the data for the option modules that are different will be set to the default values and not the values from the card. This trip also applies if a compare is attempted between the data block and the drive.</li> <li>Recommended actions: <ul> <li>Ensure the correct option modules are installed.</li> <li>Ensure the option modules are in the same option module slot as the parameter set stored.</li> <li>Press the red reset button to acknowledge that the parameters for one or more of the option modules installed will be at their default values</li> <li>This trip can be suppressed by setting Pr mm.000 to 9666 and resetting the drive.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Card Product	NV Media Card data blocks are not compatible with the drive derivative
	If <i>Drive Derivative</i> ( <b>11.028</b> ) or <i>Product Type</i> ( <b>11.063</b> ) are different between the source and target drives then this trip is initiated either at power-up or when the card is accessed. It will have one of the following sub-trip numbers:
	Sub-trip Reason
	1 If <i>Drive Derivative</i> ( <b>11.028</b> ) is different between the source and target drives, this trip is initiated either at power-up or when the SD Card is accessed. Data is still transferred, since this is a warning trip; the trip can be suppressed by entering code 9666 in parameter xx.000, and resetting the drive (this applies the warning suppression flag to the card).
175	If Product Type (11.063) is different between the source and target drives or if corruption is detected in the parameter file, this trip is initiated either at power-up or when the SD Card is accessed. This trip can be reset but no data are transferred in either direction between the drive and the card.
	A Unidrive SP parameter value was found that has no equivalent parameter on the destination drive. Data is still transferred, since this is a warning trip; the trip can be suppressed by entering code 9666 in Pr <b>xx.000</b> , and resetting the drive (this applies the warning suppression flag to the card).
	<ul> <li>Recommended actions:</li> <li>Use a different NV Media Card</li> <li>This trip can be suppressed by setting Pr mm.000 to 9666 and resetting the drive</li> </ul>
Card Rating	NV Media Card Trip; The voltage and / or current rating of the source and destination drives are different
186	The Card Rating trip indicates that parameter data is being transferred from a NV Media Card to the drive, but the current and / or voltage ratings are different between source and destination drives. This trip also applies if a compare (using Pr mm.000 set to 8yyy) is attempted between the data block on a NV Media Card and the drive. The Card Rating trip does not stop the data transfer but is a warning that rating specific parameters with the RA attribute may not be transferred to the destination drive. <b>Recommended actions:</b> • Reset the drive to clear the trip
	<ul> <li>Ensure that the drive rating dependent parameters have transferred correctly</li> <li>This trip can be suppressed by setting Pr mm.000 to 9666 and resetting the drive.</li> </ul>
Card Read Only	NV Media Card has the Read Only bit set
	The Card Read Only trip indicates that an attempt has been made to modify a read-only NV Media Card or a read-only data block. A NV Media Card is read-only if the read-only flag has been set.
	Recommended actions:
181	<ul> <li>Clear the read only flag by setting Pr mm.000 to 9777 and reset the drive. This will clear the read-only flag for all data blocks in the NV Media Card</li> <li>This trip can be suppressed by setting Pr mm.000 to 9666 and resetting the drive.</li> </ul>
Card Slot	NV Media Card Trip; Option module application program transfer has failed
174	The <i>Card Slot</i> trip is initiated, if the transfer of an option module application program to or from an application module failed because the option module does not respond correctly. If this happens this trip is produced with the sub-trip indicating the option module slot number. <b>Recommended actions:</b>
	Ensure the source / destination option module is installed on the correct slot

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information		
	Trip						[	Diagnosis							
Confi	iguration	The r	number o	f power	modules i	nstalled is	different f	rom the mod	ules expe	cted					
	111	stored Reco • E • E • S This t define of ext Reco	d. The su mmende nsure tha nsure all nsure tha et Pr 11.0 rip is also ed by Nur ernal rec mmende	b-trip value d action at all the p the powe at the value 035 to 0 t o initiated onber Of F tifiers that ad action	ue indicate s: power modules ue in Pr <b>11</b> o disable t if the num eectifiers E t should be s:	s the numb ules are co have powe <b>071</b> is set he trip if it i ber of exte xpected (1 e connecte	per of power prrectly connered up correct to the numb s not require rnal rectifier 1.096). If this	ectly er of power m ed s connected to s is the reason	ected. odules cor o each pov	nnected ver module	e is less t	han the num	nber		
								ted ( <b>11.096</b> ) is	s correct.						
Cont	rol Word	Trip i	nitiated f	rom the	Control V	/ord (06.04	2)								
	35	(Pr 06 Reco • C • D Bit 12	e <i>Control Word</i> trip is initiated by setting bit 12 on the control word in Pr <b>06.042</b> when the control word is enabled <b>r 06.043</b> = On). <b>commended actions:</b> Check the value of Pr <b>06.042</b> . Disable the control word in <i>Control Word Enable</i> (Pr <b>06.043</b> ) 12 of the control word set to a one causes the drive to trip on Control Word nen the control word is enabled, the trip can only be cleared by setting bit 12 to zero												
Curre	ent Offset	Curre	urrent feedback offset error												
	225	error Su Reco • E	The current feedback offset is too large to be trimmed correctly. The sub-trip relates to the output phase for which the offset error has been detected.           Sub-trip         Phase           1         U           2         V           3         W   Recommended actions: Ensure that there is no possibility of current flowing in the output phases of the drive when the drive is not enabled												
Data (	Changing														
	97	A use enabl mode will ca or trai drive <b>Reco</b> Ensur • Lu • C • T	<ul> <li>Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive</li> <li>Drive parameters are being changed</li> <li>A user action or a file system write is active that is changing the drive parameters and the drive has been commanded to enable, i.e. <i>Drive Active</i> (10.002) = 1. The user actions that change drive parameters are loading defaults, changing drive mode, or transferring data from an NV memory card or a position feedback device to the drive. The file system actions that will cause this trip to be initiated if the drive is enabled during the transfer are writing a parameter or macro file to the drive, or transferring a derivative or user program to the drive. It should be noted that none of these actions can be started if the drive is active, and so the trip only occurs if the action is started and then the drive is enabled.</li> <li>Recommended actions:</li> <li>Ensure the drive is not enabled when one of he following is being carried out:</li> <li>Loading defaults</li> <li>Changing drive mode</li> <li>Transferring data from NV Media Card or position feedback device</li> </ul>												
Deriv	vative ID		ransferrin		-	tifier ass	ciated with	derivative in	nage whic	h custom	izes the	drive			
	247	There given	e is a prob by the su <b>b-trip</b> 1	olem with ub-trip as There sh	the identifi follows:	er associa lerivative i	ed with deri	Reason	vhich custo	omizes the			r the trip is		
						0	n changed.								

Safety         Product         Mechanical         Electrical         Getting         Basic         Running the parameters         Optimization         NV Media Card         Building         Advanced         Technical         Diagnet	gnostics UL listing information
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Trip		Diagnosis	
Derivative Image	Derivative In	nage error	
	The <i>Derivativ</i> the reason fo	<i>re Image</i> trip indicates that an error has been detected in the d r the trip.	erivative image. The sub-trip number indicates
	Sub-trip	Reason	Comments
	1 to 52	An error has been detected in the derivative image, contact the supplier of the drive.	
	61	The option module fitted in slot 1 is not allowed with the derivative image	
	62	The option module fitted in slot 2 is not allowed with the derivative image	Occurs when the drive powers-up or the image is programmed. The image tasks
	63	The option module fitted in slot 3 is not allowed with the derivative image	will not run.
	64	The option module fitted in slot 4 is not allowed with the derivative image	
248	70	An option module that is required by the derivative image is not fitted in any slot	
	71	An option module specifically required to be fitted in slot 1 not present	Coours when the drive newers up or the
	72	An option module specifically required to be fitted in slot 2 not present	Occurs when the drive powers-up or the image is programmed. The image tasks will not run.
	73	An option module specifically required to be fitted in slot 3 not present	
	74		
	80 to 81	An error has been detected in the derivative image, contact the supplier of the drive.	
	Recommend	led action:	
	Contact the s	upplier of the drive	
Destination		parameters are writing to the same destination parameter	
199		ion trip indicates that destination output parameters of two or n ve are writing to the same parameter.	nore logic functions (Menus 5, 7, 8, 9, 12 or 14)
155	Recommend	led actions:	
		m.000 to 'Destinations' or 12001 and check all visible paramet	ers in all menus for parameter write conflicts
Drive Size	-	recognition: Unrecognized drive size	
	The Drive Siz connected.	ze trip indicates that the control PCB has not recognized the dr	ive size of the power circuit to which it is
224	Recommend	led action:	
		ne drive is programmed to the latest firmware version e fault - return drive to supplier	

SafetyProductMechanicalElectricalGettingBasicRunning the motorOptimizationNV Media CardBuildingAdvancedinformationinstallationinstallationstartedparametersmotorOptimizationDifferenceAutomationparameters	Technical data		Diagnostic	UL listing information
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Trip		Diagnosis									
EEPROM Fail	Default para	meters have been loaded									
	The EEPRON	<i>A Fail</i> trip indicates that default parameters have been loaded. The exact cause/reason of the trip can be n the sub-trip number.									
	Sub-trip	Reason									
	1	The most significant digit of the internal parameter database version number has changed									
		The CRC's applied to the parameter data stored in internal non-volatile memory indicate that a valid set									
	2	of parameters cannot be loaded									
	3	The drive mode restored from internal non-volatile memory is outside the allowed range for the product or the derivative image does not allow the previous drive mode									
	4	The drive derivative image has changed									
	5	The power stage hardware has changed									
	6	The internal I/O hardware has changed									
	7	The position feedback interface hardware has changed									
	8	The control board hardware has changed									
31	9 The checksum on the non-parameter area of the EEPROM has failed										
31											
	If the last ban If one of these parameters w	The drive holds two banks of user save parameters and two banks of power down save parameters in non-volatile memory. If the last bank of either set of parameters that was saved is corrupted a User Save or Power Down Save trip is produced. If one of these trips occurs the parameters values that were last saved successfully are used. It can take some time to save parameters when requested by the user and if the power is removed from the drive during this process it is possible to corrupt the data in the non-volatile memory.									
	conditions giv data that has	of user save parameters or both banks of power down save parameters are corrupted or one of the other ven in the table above occurs EEPROM Fail.xxx trip is produced. If this trip occurs it is not possible to use the been saved previously, and so the drive will be in lowest allowed drive mode with default parameters. The trip eset if Pr <b>mm.000</b> (mm.000) is set to 10, 11, 1233 or 1244 or if <i>Load Defaults</i> (11.043) is set to a non-zero									
	Recommend	led actions:									
	Default th	e drive and perform a reset									
	Allow suff	ficient time to perform a save before the supply to the drive is removed									
		rsists - return drive to supplier									
Encoder 9		dback is selected from a option module slot which does not have a feedback option module installed									
	The Encoder	9 trip indicates that position feedback source selected in Pr 03.026 is not valid									
197	Recommend	led actions:									
101	Check the	e setting of Pr <b>03.026</b>									
	Ensure th	at the option slot selected in Pr 03.026 has a feedback option module installed									
External Trip	An External	trip is initiated									
		<i>Trip</i> has occurred. The cause of the trip can be identified from the sub trip number displayed after the trip string. ow. An external trip can also be initiated by writing a value of 6 in Pr <b>10.038</b> .									
	Sub-trip	Reason									
	1	External Trip Mode (08.010) = 1 or 3 and Safe Torque Off input 1 is low									
	2	External Trip Mode (08.010) = 2 or 3 and Safe Torque Off input 2 is low									
	3	External Trip (10.032) = 1									
6											
	Recommend										
		e Safe Torque Off signal voltage on terminal 29 equals to 24 V									
		e value of Pr <b>08.009</b> which indicates the digital state of terminal 29, equates to 'on'.									
		I trip detection of the Safe Torque Off input is not required, set Pr <b>08.010</b> to Off (0).									
		Check the value of Pr <b>10.032</b> . Select 'Destinations' (or enter 12001) in Pr <b>mm.000</b> and check for a parameter controlling Pr <b>10.032</b> .									
		r <b>10.032</b> or Pr <b>10.038</b> (= 6) is not being controlled by serial comms									
HF01		sing error: CPU address error									
	-	b indicates that a CPU address error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has									
	failed.										
	Recommend	led actions:									
		e fault – Contact the supplier of the drive									
1	· i ai uwal e										

Safety Product information	Mechanical installationElectrical startedGetting parametersBasic 
Trip	Diagnosis
HF02	Data processing error: DMAC address error
	The <i>HF02</i> trip indicates that a DMAC address error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed.  Recommended actions:
	Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive
HF03	Data processing error: Illegal instruction         The HF03 trip indicates that an illegal instruction has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed.         Recommended actions:         • Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive
HF04	Data processing error: Illegal slot instruction
	The <i>HF04</i> trip indicates that an illegal slot instruction has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed.  Recommended actions:  Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive
HF05	Data processing error: Undefined exception
	The <i>HF05</i> trip indicates that an undefined exception error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the driv has failed.  Recommended actions:  Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive
HF06	Data processing error: Reserved exception
	The <i>HF06</i> trip indicates that a reserved exception error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. <b>Recommended actions:</b>
	Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive
HF07	Data processing error: Watchdog failure
	<ul> <li>The <i>HF07</i> trip indicates that a watchdog failure has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has faile</li> <li><b>Recommended actions:</b></li> <li>Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive</li> </ul>
HF08	Data processing error: CPU Interrupt crash
	The <i>HF08</i> trip indicates that a CPU interrupt crash has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed.  Recommended actions:  Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive
HF09	Data processing error: Free store overflow
	The <i>HF09</i> trip indicates that a free store overflow has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed.  Recommended actions:  Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive
HF10	Data processing error: Parameter routing system error
	The <i>HF10</i> trip indicates that a Parameter routing system error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed.  Recommended actions:  Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive
HF11	Data processing error: Access to EEPROM failed
	The <i>HF11</i> trip indicates that access to the drive EEPROM has failed. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed.  Recommended actions:
	Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive

Safety information	Product information	Mechan installat		ectrical tallation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
	Trip							[	Diagnosis					
ŀ	HF12	Da	ata pro	cessi	ng error:	Main pro	gram stac	k overflow	-					
									r flow has occ ive has failed.		stack can	be identi	ified by the s	sub-trip
			Sub-tr	rip			Stack							
			1	В	ackgrou	nd tasks								
			2	Т	imed tas	ks								
			3	N	lain syst	em interru	pts							
		R	comm	nondo	d action									
			Recommended actions:     Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive											
	HF13	Da	Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: Firmware incompatible with hardware											
•			-		-		-			ne hardwar	e. This tric	indicate	s that the co	ontrol PCI
			The <i>HF13</i> trip indicates that the drive firmware is not compatible with the hardware. This trip indicates that the control PCI on the drive has failed. The sub-trip number gives the actual ID code of the control board hardware.											
		Re	comm	nende	d actions	s:								
		•	Re-p	rogran	n the driv	e with the	latest vers	ion of the dr	ive firmware					
		•	<ul> <li>Re-program the drive with the latest version of the drive firmware</li> <li>Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive</li> </ul>											
ŀ	HF14		<b>Data processing error: CPU register bank error</b> The <i>HF14</i> trip indicates that a CPU register bank error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive											
					ndicates	that a CP	J register l	bank error ha	as occurred. T	his trip ind	icates that	the cont	trol PCB on t	the drive
			has failed.											
		Re	Recommended actions:											
		•	Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: CPU divide error											
	HF15		Data processing error: CPU divide error The <i>HF15</i> trip indicates that a CPU divide error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has											
			led.	5 trip II	ndicates	that a CP	J divide er	ror has occu	rred. This trip	indicates t	hat the co	ntrol PCE	3 on the driv	e nas
				andor	d action									
							upplior of	the drive						
	HF16	· D:				RTOS er	supplier of	life unve						
•			-		-			as occurred	This trip indic	ates that th	ne control	PCB on t	he drive has	failed
			The <i>HF16</i> trip indicates that a RTOS error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. <b>Recommended actions:</b>											
							supplier of	the drive						
	HF17	Da							board is out	of specific	ation			
					-				trol board log			on. This	trip indicates	s that the
						e has faile			0		•		·	
		Re	comm	nende	d actions	5:								
		•	Hard	ware f	ault – Co	ntact the	supplier of	the drive						
ŀ	HF18	Da	ata pro	cessir	ng error:	Internal	flash mem	ory has fail	ed					
			<b>Data processing error: Internal flash memory has failed</b> The <i>HF18</i> trip indicates that the internal flash memory has failed when writing option module parameter data. The reason for the trip can be identified by the sub-trip number.											
		S	Sub-tri	р	-		Reas	son						
			1	Op	tion mod	ule initializ	ation time	d out						
			2	Pro	grammir	ng error wl	nile writing	menu in flas	h					
			3				-	up menus fa						
			4					lication men						
			5			-		ained in flash						
			6		-	-		contained in						
			Incorrect common application menu 18 CRC contained in flash     Incorrect common application menu 19 CRC contained in flash											
			8											
									contained in t					
		Re			d actions									
		•					upplier of t							
ŀ	HF19				-			firmware h		foiled				
								on the drive	firmware has	ialie0.				
		Re			d actions									
		•		-	n the driv		upplier of t	he drive						
		•	i iaiù	walel	auit - C0	naut the S								

Safety information	Product information		Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	iagnostics	UL listing information	
1	rip						[	Diagnosis						
H	F20	Data p	rocessin	g error:	ASIC is r	ot compa	tible with t	ne hardware						
		from th <b>Recon</b>	ne sub-trip nmended	o numbe I actions	r. s:	BIC versior		patible with the	e drive firm	ware. The	ASIC versic	on can be	identified	
HF23	to HF25		are fault											
		Recon	nmended	l actions	s:									
		• Ha	ardware fa	ault - Co	ntact the s	upplier of t	he drive							
I/O O	verload	Digital	l output o	overload	1									
		the lim	iit. A trip is	s initiate	d if one or	more of th	current draw e following o output is 10		iser supply	or from the	e digital out	out has e	xceeded	
	26	• Th		ed maxi	mum outpu		1 and 2 is 10 3 and +24 V o		0 mA					
	<ul> <li>Check total loads on digital outputs</li> <li>Check control wiring is correct</li> <li>Check output wiring is undamaged</li> <li>Check output wiring is not suitable.</li> </ul>													
Indu	ctance	This tr	rip occur	s in RFC	C-S mode	when the	drive has d	etected that	the motor	inductand	ces are not	suitable.		
		being a saturat If the ir (No-loa	This trip occurs in RFC-S mode when the drive has detected that the motor inductances are not suitable for the operation being attempted. The trip is either caused because the ratio or difference between Ld and Lq is too small or because the saturation characteristic of the motor cannot be measured. If the inductance ratio or difference is too small this is because one of the following conditions is true: (No-load Lq (05.072)- Ld (05.024)) / Ld (05.024) < 0.1 (No-load Lq (05.072) - Ld (05.024)) < (K / Full Scale Current Kc (11.061))H											
		where:	:											
		Drive	Rated v	oltage (*	11.033)	к								
		200 V		• •		0.00	073							
		400 V	/			0.0	146							
		575 V	/			0.0	174							
		690 V	690 V 0.0209											
		measu applied (11.06	If the saturation characteristic of the motor cannot be measured this is because when the flux in the motor is changed the measured value of Ld does change sufficiently due to saturation to be measured. When half of <i>Rated Current</i> (05.007) is applied in the d axis of the motor in each direction the inductance must fall change at least (K / (2 x <i>Full Scale Current Kc</i> (11.061))) H. The specific reasons for each of the sub-trips and recommended actions are given in the table below.											
		Quilt 4												
	8	Sub-t		ason	nco ratio c	r difference	e is too sma	III when the dr	ive has he	on startad	in consortos	e modo		
			The					nnot be meas						
		2		sorless				ninot be meas		the unver				
		3	mot or ir feeo relia	or flux d nductano dback is	uring a sta ce differend being use o the meas	tionary aut ce is too sr d the meas	o-tune in RF nall when ca sured value	III when an att FC-S mode. TI arrying out a p for <i>Position Fe</i> 024) and <i>No-</i>	his trip is al hasing tes eedback P	so produce t on starting hase Angle	ed when the g in RFC-S r e (03.025) m	inductan mode. If p ay not be	ce ratio position	
		4	is in	nitiated if	the chang	e cannot b	e detected	ted by the cha when an atter perform a pha	npt is made	e to perforr	n a stationa	ry auto-tu		
		<ul> <li>En</li> <li>Recon</li> <li>En</li> <li>Recon</li> <li>No</li> </ul>	when position feedback is being used, or to perform a phasing test on starting in RFC-S mode.         Recommended actions for sub-trip 1:         • Ensure that RFC Low Speed Mode (05.064) is set to Non-salient (1), Current (2) or Current No test (3).         Recommended Actions For Sub-trip 2:         • Ensure that RFC Low Speed Mode (05.064) is set to Non-salient (1), Current (2) or Current No test (3).         Recommended actions for sub-trip 2:         • Ensure that RFC Low Speed Mode (05.064) is set to Non-salient (1), Current (2) or Current No test (3).         Recommended actions for sub-trip 3:         • None. The trip acts as a warning.											
		• Sta	ationary a	utotune	•	sible. Perf		nal movement on feedback de	•		on signals o	r absolute	e positior	

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information		
	Trip		Diagnosis												
Inter	-connect	Multi	-power m	odule d	rive interc	onnection	cable erro	r							
	103	be no	ted that th	is trip is	also initiate	ed if the co	mmunicatio	detected the f n fails either w communicatin	hen a rect	ifier signals					
Keyp	ad Mode	Keyp	eypad has been removed when the drive is receiving the speed reference from the keypad												
			the <i>Keypad Mode</i> trip indicates that the drive is in keypad mode [ <i>Reference Selector</i> ( <b>01.014</b> ) = 4 or 6 or M2 reference elector ( <b>21.003</b> = 4 or 6 if motor map 2 is selected] and the keypad has been removed or disconnected from the drive.												
	34 Recommended actions:														
		<ul> <li>Re-install keypad and reset</li> <li>Change <i>Reference Selector</i> (01.014) to select the reference from another source</li> </ul>													
Moto	r Too Hot	Outp	ut current	overloa	ad timed o	out (l <sup>2</sup> t)									
		const	ant (Pr <b>04</b> .	<b>015</b> ). Pr		splays the	motor tempe	d based on th erature as a p							
		Reco	mmended	l action	s:										
	20	• C • If ra • T	Check the load on the motor has not changed												
				•	nal for nois ited curren		0								

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
	Trip						[	Diagnosis						
Nam	ne Plate	Elect	ronic name	eplate t	ransfer h	as failed								
						an electronio d from the s		e transfer betv ber.	ween the d	Irive and th	e motor ha	is failed. T	he exact	
			Sub-trip				Descripti	on						
			1	N	ot enough	memory sp	ace to com	plete the trans	sfer					
			2 Communication with encoder failed											
			3 The transfer has failed											
	176	4 The checksum of the stored object has failed												
			Recommended actions:											
		• V a • V ir • C	<ul> <li>Ensure that the device encoder memory has at least 128 bytes to store the nameplate data</li> <li>When writing the motor object (xx.000 = 11000), ensure that the device encoder memory has at least 256 bytes to store all the nameplate data.</li> <li>When transferring between option module and encoder, ensure that the option slot has a feedback option module installed.</li> <li>Check if the encoder has been initialized, <i>Position Feedback Initialized</i> (03.076).</li> <li>Verify the encoder wiring.</li> </ul>											
OH	t Brake		ing IGBT o											
	101	The C therm	OHt Brake on al model.	over-ten	nperature	trip indicate	s that braki	ng IGBT over-	temperatu	re has bee	n detected	based on	software	
			mmended											
	Control		heck brakir rol stage o	U U		s greater th	an or equal	to the minimu	im resistan	nce value				
Ont	Control	This	-	I trip inc	licates that		stage over-t	emperature ha	as been de	etected. Fro	om the sub-	-trip 'xxyzz	z', the	
			Source		ХХ	У	ZZ			Descript	ion			
		Co	ontrol syste	m	00	0	01	Control board	d thermisto	or 1 over te	mperature			
		Co	ontrol syste	m	00	0	02	Control board	d thermisto	or 2 over te	mperature			
	23	Co	ontrol syste	m	00	0	03	I/O board the	ermistor ov	er tempera	iture			
	20	• C • C • C • Ir • R	mmended check enclo check enclo check enclo ncrease ver Reduce the check ambie	sure / d sure ve sure do ntilation drive sw	rive fans a ntilation p or filters		tioning corr	ectly						

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation		Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
· · ·	Trip						D	iagnosis						
OHt	dc bus	DC b	ous over ten	nperatu	ire									
		inclui outpu this p the n C It is a	des a therma at current an parameter re notor does n <b>Source</b> ontrol system	al protect d DC bu eaches 1 ot stop i m	ction syst us ripple. 00 % the in 10 sec xx 00	em to prote The estima n an <i>OHt de</i> onds the dr <u>y</u> 2 module sys	ct the DC bu ted tempera c bus trip is i ve trips imm zz 00 etem for DC	emperature b is component ture is display nitiated. The o ediately. DC bus the bus over-temp age of trip is i	es within th yed as a p drive will a ermal mode	e drive. Th ercentage ttempt to s Descrip el gives trip	is include of the trip top the m otion with sub ed from w	es the effects level in Pr ( otor before ) -trip 0	s of the 07.035. If tripping. If wer stage.	
			Source		xx	у	ZZ			Descrip	tion			
		С	ontrol syster											
	27	• () • () • F	<ul> <li>Recommended actions:</li> <li>Check the AC supply voltage balance and levels</li> <li>Check DC bus ripple level</li> <li>Reduce duty cycle</li> <li>Reduce motor load</li> <li>Check the output current stability. If unstable; Check the motor map settings with motor nameplate (Pr 05.006, Pr 05.007, Pr 05.008, Pr 05.009, Pr 05.010, Pr 05.011) – (All Modes)</li> <li>Disable slip compensation (Pr 05.027 = 0) – (Open loop)</li> <li>Disable dynamic V to F operation (Pr 05.013 = 0) - (Open loop)</li> <li>Select fixed boost (Pr 05.014 = Fixed) – (Open loop)</li> <li>Select high stability space vector modulation (Pr 05.020 = 1) – (Open loop)</li> <li>Disconnect the load and complete a rotating autotune (Pr 05.012) – (RFC-A, RFC-S)</li> <li>Reduce speed loop gains (Pr 03.010, Pr 03.011, Pr 03.012) – (RFC-A, RFC-S)</li> <li>Add a speed feedback filter value (Pr 03.042) – (RFC-A, RFC-S)</li> <li>Add a current demand filter (Pr 04.012) – (RFC-A, RFC-S)</li> <li>Check encoder signals for noise with an oscilloscope (RFC-A, RFC-S)</li> </ul>										010,	
OHt	Inverter	Inve	rter over ter				- (RFC-A, R al model	10-3)						
		This	trip indicates	s that an	n IGBT jui	nction over-	temperature	has been de xxyzz as giv		ed on a firr Descripti		ermal model	. The sub-	
		C	ontrol syster	n	00	<b>,</b> 1	00		Inve	erter therma				
					00	3	00					el		
	21	Recc         •       F         •       F         •       F         •       F         •       F         •       F         •       F         •       F         •       F         •       F         •       F         •       F         •       C         •       E	Recommended actions with sub-trip 100:         • Reduce the selected drive switching frequency         • Ensure Auto-switching Frequency Change Disable (05.035) is set to Off         • Reduce duty cycle         • Increase acceleration / deceleration rates         • Reduce motor load											
			Reduce the b			o-uip 300:								

Safety Product information information			Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimiza	ation N		edia Card eration	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
Trip							Dia	gno	osis						
OHt Power	Pow	er stage o	over tem	perature											
	is inc boar	dicating the	e over-te nd a mult	emperature ti-module	tage over-te e. The therm type drive (i.	nsitor nu	mberir	ng is	differer	nt for a sing	gle module	type driv	e (i.e. no p	oarallel	
		Source		хх	У		ZZ				Des	cription			
	F	Power syst	em	01	0		ZZ		Thermis	stor locatio	n defined l	by zz in th	ie power b	oard	
	F	Power syst	em	01	Rectifier nu	mber	ZZ		Thermis	stor locatio	n defined l	by zz in th	e rectifier		
	Mult	i-module	type sys	stem:											
		Source		xx		У		ZZ				Descript	ion		
	Pov	wer system	n pow	er module	e number	0		01	Up	hase pow	er device				
	Pov	wer system	ו pow	er module	e number	0		02	Vp	hase pow	er device				
	Pov	wer system	ו pow	er module	e number	0		03	W	phase pov	ver device				
22	Pov	ver system	n pow	er module	e number	0		04	Re	ctifier					
	Pov	ver system	n pow	er module	e number	0		05	Ge	neral pow	er system				
	Pov	ver system	n pow	er module	e number	0		00	Bra	aking IGB1	Г				
		that the p	ower mo	odule that	has caused	the trip	cannot	t be	identifie	ed except f	or the brak	ing IGBT	temperati	ure	
	• () • F • () • 1 • F • F • E • F • () • ()	Force the I Check enc Check enc Check enc Reduce the Reduce the Reduce du Decrease a Reduce me Check the Jse a drive	losure / neatsink losure vo losure d entilatior e drive s ty cycle accelera btor load derating e with lan	drive fans fans to ru entilation p oor filters n witching fr tion / dece l tables an rger currer	requency eleration rate d confirm th nt / power ra	im spee es e drive i iting	d		sized fo	or the appl	ication.				
OI ac			-		rent detecte urrent has e		d VM I	יוסח			IAX This to	in cannot	he reset i	until 10 e	
		the trip wa		•		xceeue					IAA. 11115 (I	ip cannot	De lesel		
	s	ource	xx		у	zz					Descriptio	'n			
		Control	00		0										
	s	ystem	00				Instant	tanc		ar_current f	trip when th	ne measu	red a c cu	irrent	
		Power system	Powe modu numb	le	0	()()					RENT[MAX				
3	Rec	ommende	d action	ns:	•										
	· / ·   · ( · ( · ( · ( · ( · (	Acceleration f seen dur Check for s Check inte Check feer Check feer Check feer s motor ca Reduce the	on/decele ing auto short circ grity of t dback de dback de dback sig able leng e values	eration rat -tune redu cuit on the he motor i evice wirin evice mech gnals are f th within li in the spe	e is too shou ice the volta output cabl insulation us g hanical coup free from no imits for the eed loop gain the been com	ge boos ing ing an ii oling ise frame s n param	nsulatio ize eters -	(Pr	03.010,		<b>3.012</b> ) or (	Pr <b>03.01</b> 3	s, <b>03.014</b> , 1	03.015)	

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic paramet	0	Optimizati	on	/ Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
1	Trip							Dia	gnosis					
OI	Brake	Braki	ing IGBT	over cur	rent de	etected: sho	ort circuit	protec	tion for th	ne braking	IGBT acti	vated		
				•		over currer eset until 10				•	or braking l	GBT pro	tection has	been
		s	ource	XX		У	ZZ				Descriptio	on		
	4		Power system	Pow modu numb	le	0	00	Brak	ing IGBT ir	nstantaneo	us over-cu	rrent trip		
		• c	mmende heck brak heck brak heck brak	e resisto ing resis	r wiring tor valu	ie is greater	than or eq	ual to	the minimu	ım resistan	ice value			
0	)l dc					etected fro			-	-				
						e short circui detectedT								elow
			Sou	rce			xx			У		ZZ		
	109		Control	system			00			0		00		
			Power	system		Power mo	dule numb	er		0		00		
		• D	mmende Pisconnect	the moto		e at the drive	e end and c	heck t	he motor a	and cable in	nsulation w	vith an ins	sulation test	er
OI S	nubber	Snub	ber over-	current	detecte	əd								
						hat an over- the sub-trip		dition	has been	detected in	the rectifi	er snubbe	er circuit. Th	e reason
		s	ource	xx		У	zz				Descript	ion		
			Power system	01		Rectifier number*	00	Recti	fier snubbe	er over-curi	rent trip de	tected.		
	92		a parallel ted the fa		odule s	system the r	ectifier num	ıber w	ill be one a	as it is not p	possible to	determir	ne which rec	tifier has
		Reco	mmende	d actions	s:									
						Iter is install					uitalainan fua			
			heck for s			gth does no 1balance	t exceed th	e max	dimum for s	selected sw	vitching fre	quency		
		• C	heck the	motor an	d motor	ce such as r r cable insul r sinusoidal f	ation with a			er				
Optior	n Disable					nowledge d		e mod	e change	over				
		Durin	g drive mo m betwee	ode chan	geover	option mod s and the dr	ules must a	acknov	vledge that	t they have				
	215	• R	mmende leset the t	rip	place th	ne option mo	odule							

Safety information	Product information	Mechanica installation		Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
· ·	Trip							Diagnosis					
Out Ph	nase Loss	Outp	out phase	loss det	ected			-					
		Note	that if Re	verse Out	put Phase	Sequence	e (05.042) =	been detected 1 the physical cal output phas	output pha	•	versed, a	ind so sub-t	rip 3 refers
		Sı	ıb-trip				Reason						
	00		1					en drive enab					
	98		2					en drive enab					
			3	· · ·				nen drive enab					
			4	C	utput pha	se loss del	tected when	the drive is ru	nning				
				ed action: tor and dri		ctions							
							s Detection	Enable (06.059	9) = 0				
Ove	r Speed				,		d threshold	,	,				
	7	direc Spee then In RI Spee The Over weal <b>Rec</b> • 0 • 1 The <i>Spee</i>	tion an O ed Threshi equal to 1 FC-A and ed trip will above des rspeed trip kening. Se ommende Check the Reduce th f an SSI e above des ed.1 trip. T	ver Speed old in Pr <b>0</b> 1.2 x the v RFC-S me be produce control set of the control set of	trip is pro <b>3.008</b> in e alue set in odes if an ced when elates to a trip 1. Thi High Spe <b>5:</b> Controller being use elates to a sed if the	oduced. In leither direct on Pr 01.006 SSI encode the encode a standard of sis is caused ed Mode (( driven by a <i>Proportion</i> ed set Pr 03 a standard of	RFC-A and tion an Over 5. ler is being u er passes the over speed f d if the spee 05.022) for c nother part <i>al Gain</i> (03.1 <b>3.047</b> to 1 Over Speed llowed to ex	eeds the thres RFC-S mode, Speed trip is p used and P1 S rough the bour rip, however ir d is allowed to letails. of the system 010) to reduce trip, however i ceed the safe	if the Spee produced. SI Increme ndary betw n RFC-S m exceed th the speed n RFC-S r	ed Feedbac If Pr 03.00 ental Mode reen its ma node it is p le safe leve I overshoo node it is p	ck (03.00 8 is set t (03.047 iximum p ossible to el in RFC t (RFC-A possible f	2) exceeds o 0.0 the th ) is set to O loosition and o produce a C-S mode w ., RFC-S mode to produce a	the Over reshold is ff, an Over zero. n ith flux odes only) an <i>Over</i>
Ove	er Volts	DC b	ous voltag	ge has ex	ceeded t	he peak le	vel or maxi	mum continue	ous level	for 15 sec	onds		
				•			-	s exceeded the Id varies depe					own below.
		Vo	ltage rati	ng VI	M_DC_VC	DLTAGE[M	AX] VM	_DC_VOLTAG	GE_SET[M	AX]			
			200		4	415		410	)				
			400		8	330		815					
			575		ć	990		970	)				
			690		1	190		117	5				
		<u></u>	trip Ident	lification									
	2	S	ource	XX		У				2Z			
		S	ontrol /stem	00		0	VM_DC_VC	neous trip whe DLTAGE[MAX].		_			
			ontrol /stem	00				layed trip indic DLTAGE_SET[I		the DC bu	s voltage	is above	
		•   • [ • (	ncrease d Decrease Check nor Check for	the brakin ninal AC s supply dis	n ramp (F g resistor supply leve sturbances	el	uld cause the	he minimum va e DC bus to ris					

											<u>.</u>
· ·	Trip				D	iagnosis					
Pha	se Loss	Supply phas	e loss								
		directly from t detected usin loss is also de tripping unles	ates that the drive he supply where the g this method the etected by monitori s bit 2 of <i>Action Or</i> s voltage the xx parts	he drive has drive trips in ing the ripple n Trip Detect	a thyristor ba nmediately and e in the DC but tion (10.037) is	se charge sy d the xx part s voltage in w	stem (Frame of the sub-trip hich case the	size 7 an o is set to e drive atte	id above 01. In a empts to	e). If phase le Il sizes of dr o stop the dri	oss is ive phase ive before
		Source	xx	У			ZZ				
		Control system	00	0	00: Phase lo	ss detected f	rom DC bus r	ripple			
		Power system (1)	Power module number	Rectifier number (2)	00: Phase lo	ss detected o	lirectly from t	he supply			
	32	phase supply (2) For a para	e loss detection c in <i>Input Phase Lo</i> Illel power-module	ss Detectior	n Mode (06.04	7).	·				-
		detected the f									
		Recommend	not occur in reger	i mode.							
		<ul> <li>Check the</li> <li>Check the</li> <li>Check the</li> <li>Check the</li> <li>Reduce the</li> <li>Reduce the</li> <li>Disable the</li> </ul>	AC supply voltag DC bus ripple leve output current sta ne duty cycle ne motor load ne phase loss dete mechanical resor	vel with an is ability ection, set Pi	solated oscillo: r <b>06.047</b> to 2.						
Phas	ing error		s that the phase								
	0	This indicates Angle (21.020	that the phase off ) if the second mo motor correctly.	fset angle in	Position Feed	dback Phase		, ,			
		Recommend	-								
		Check the	e encoder wiring.	for noise wit	h an oscilloso						
	198	<ul> <li>Check the</li> <li>Check en</li> <li>Perform a Feedback</li> <li>Spurious Over Spe</li> </ul>	coder mechanical an auto-tune to me ( Phase Angle (03) Phasing Error trips ed Threshold (03) control is being us	asure the ei .025). s can somet 008) to a va	ncoder phase imes be seen lue greater tha	angle or mar in very dynar an zero.	nic applicatio	ons. This t	rip can I	be disabled	by setting
	198	<ul> <li>Check the</li> <li>Check en</li> <li>Perform a Feedback</li> <li>Spurious Over Spe</li> <li>If sensorless</li> </ul>	coder mechanical an auto-tune to me <i>c Phase Angle</i> (03.) Phasing Error trips <i>ed Threshold</i> (03.) control is being us bl.	asure the ei .025). s can somet 008) to a va	ncoder phase imes be seen lue greater tha	angle or mar in very dynar an zero.	nic applicatio	ons. This t	rip can I	be disabled	by setting
	198	Check the     Check en     Check en     Perform a <i>Feedback</i> Spurious <i>Over Spe</i> If sensorless without contro <b>Recommend</b> Ensure th	coder mechanical an auto-tune to me <i>c Phase Angle</i> (03.) Phasing Error trips <i>ed Threshold</i> (03.) control is being us bl.	asure the en .025). s can somet 008) to a va ed this indic	ncoder phase imes be seen lue greater tha ates that signi	angle or mar in very dynar an zero. fficant instabi	nic applicatio	ons. This t	rip can I	be disabled	by setting
	198 r Comms	<ul> <li>Check the</li> <li>Check en</li> <li>Perform a Feedback</li> <li>Spurious Over Spe</li> <li>If sensorless</li> <li>without contro</li> <li>Recommend</li> <li>Ensure th</li> <li>Reduce th</li> </ul>	coder mechanical an auto-tune to me ( <i>Phase Angle</i> (03.) Phasing Error trips <i>ed Threshold</i> (03.) control is being us ). <b>ed actions:</b> at the motor parar	asure the el .025). s can somet 008) to a va ed this indic meters are s r gains.	ncoder phase imes be seen lue greater tha ates that signi	angle or mar in very dynar an zero. ificant instabi /.	nic applicatio lity has occur	ons. This t	rip can l	be disabled	by setting
		Check the     Check en     Check en     Perform a <i>Feedback</i> Spurious <i>Over Spe</i> If sensorless     without contro <b>Recommend</b> Ensure th     Reduce tt <b>A Power Corr</b>	coder mechanical an auto-tune to me <i>Chase Angle</i> (03. Phasing Error trips <i>ed Threshold</i> (03.0 control is being us bl. <b>ed actions:</b> at the motor parar ne speed controlle	asure the el .025). s can somet 008) to a va ed this indic meters are s r gains. s a communica	ncoder phase imes be seen lue greater tha cates that signi et-up correctly nications pro	angle or mar in very dynar an zero. ificant instabi /. blem within	nic applicatio lity has occur <b>the power s</b>	ons. This t rred and th <b>cystem of</b>	rip can b he moto	oe disabled r has accele	by setting erated
		<ul> <li>Check the</li> <li>Check en</li> <li>Perform a Feedback</li> <li>Spurious Over Spe</li> <li>If sensorless of without controc</li> <li>Recommend</li> <li>Ensure th</li> <li>Reduce ti</li> <li>A Power Corr be identified to</li> <li>Type of drive</li> </ul>	coder mechanical an auto-tune to me ( <i>Phase Angle</i> (03.) Phasing Error trips <i>ed Threshold</i> (03.) control is being us ol. <b>ed actions:</b> at the motor parar he speed controlle <b>nms trip indicates</b> by the sub-trip num	asure the en .025). s can somet .008) to a va ed this indic meters are s r gains. <b>s a commu</b> a communica hber.	ncoder phase imes be seen lue greater tha cates that signi et-up correctly nications pro	angle or mar in very dynar an zero. ificant instabi /. blem within	nic applicatio lity has occur <b>the power s</b>	ons. This t rred and th <b>cystem of</b>	rip can b he moto	oe disabled r has accele	by setting erated
		<ul> <li>Check the</li> <li>Check en</li> <li>Perform a Feedback</li> <li>Spurious Over Spe</li> <li>If sensorless without contro</li> <li>Recommend</li> <li>Ensure th</li> <li>Reduce ti</li> <li>A Power Corr</li> <li>be identified to</li> <li>Type of</li> </ul>	coder mechanical an auto-tune to me <i>Chase Angle</i> (03. Phasing Error trips <i>ed Threshold</i> (03. control is being us bl. <b>ed actions:</b> at the motor parar ne speed controlle <b>nms trip indicates</b> and the sub-trip num	asure the el .025). s can somet 008) to a va ed this indic meters are s r gains. <b>s a commu</b> a communica	ncoder phase imes be seen lue greater tha cates that signi et-up correctly nications pro	angle or mar in very dynar an zero. ificant instabi /. <b>blem within</b>	nic applicatio lity has occur <b>the power s</b> ower system zz	ons. This t rred and th <b>system of</b> of the driv	rip can b he moto <b>the dri</b> /e. The r	ve ve ve	by setting erated ne trip can
	r Comms	<ul> <li>Check the</li> <li>Check en</li> <li>Perform a Feedback</li> <li>Spurious Over Spe</li> <li>If sensorless a without control</li> <li>Recommend</li> <li>Ensure th</li> <li>Reduce tt</li> <li>A Power Corr</li> <li>be identified to</li> <li>Type of drive</li> <li>Control system</li> </ul>	coder mechanical an auto-tune to me <i>Chase Angle</i> (03. Phasing Error trips <i>ed Threshold</i> (03. control is being us bl. <b>ed actions:</b> at the motor parame speed controlle <b>nms trip indicates</b> by the sub-trip num <b>xx</b> Power module number el power-module sy	asure the el .025). s can somet 008) to a va ed this indic meters are s r gains. <b>s a commu</b> a communica bber. <b>y</b> Rectifier number*	ncoder phase imes be seen lue greater tha ates that signi- nications problem ations problem 00: Excessiv	angle or mar in very dynar an zero. ificant instabi /. blem within n within the p e communica	nic applicatio lity has occur <b>the power s</b> ower system <b>zz</b> itions errors o	ons. This t rred and th system of of the driv detected t	rip can b he moto the driv re. The r by the re	ve r has accele ve reason for th actifier modu	by setting erated ne trip can

	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Trip					Diagnosis
Power Data	Power system	m configurati	on data e	rror	
	The Power Da	ata trip indicate	es that the	re is an erro	r in the configuration data stored in the power system.
	Source	XX	У	zz	Description
	Control system	00	0	02	There is no data table to be uploaded to the control board
	Control system	00	0	03	The power system data table is bigger than the space available i the control pod to store it.
	Control system	00	0	04	The size of the table given in the table is incorrect.
	Control system	00	0	05	Table CRC error.
220	Control system	00	0	06	The version number of the generator software that produced the table is too low. i.e. a table from a newer generator is required that includes features that have been added to the table that may not be present.
	Power system	Power module number	0	00	The power data table used internally by the power module has a error. (For a multi-power module drive this indicates any error wit the code tables in the power system).
	Power system	Power module number	0	01	The power data table that is uploaded to the control system on power up has an error.
	Power system	Power module number	0	02	The power data table used internally by the power module does not match the hardware identification of the power module.
			I		
	Recommend				
		e fault – Contac	t the supp	olier of the d	ive
Power Down Save	Power down		ndiaataa t	hat an arrar	has been detected in the newer down cave heremeters equal in new
	volatile memo	•	nuicates	nat an enor	has been detected in the power down save parameters saved in nor
37	Recommend	5			
	Perform a	a 1001 save in	Pr <b>mm.00</b>	0 to ensure	that the trip doesn't occur the next time the drive is powered up.
PSU		er supply faul			
	The PSU trip	indicates that	one or mo	re internal p	ower supply rails are outside limits or overloaded.
	Source	XX	У		Description
	Control system	00	0	Internal p	ower supply overload
	oyotom				
5	Power system	Power module number	Rectifier number*	Rectifier	internal power supply overload
5	Power system	module number I power-modul	number*		internal power supply overload
5	Power system *For a paralle	module number I power-modul fault.	number*		
5	*For a paralle detected the f <b>Recommend</b> • Remove a	module number I power-modul fault. ed actions: any option mod encoder conne	number* e system dules and ction and	the rectifier r perform a re perform a re	number will be zero as it is not possible to determine which rectifier h eset
5 PSU 24V	Power system *For a paralle detected the f <b>Recommend</b> • Remove a • Remove a • Hardware	module number I power-modul fault. ed actions: any option mod encoder conne	number* e system dules and ction and e drive – r	the rectifier r perform a re perform a re eturn the dri	number will be zero as it is not possible to determine which rectifier h
	Power system *For a paralle detected the f <b>Recommend</b> • Remove a • Remove a • Hardware <b>24V internal</b> The total user	module number I power-modul fault. ed actions: any option mod encoder conne e fault within the power supply	number* e system dules and ction and e drive – r <b>overloac</b> ve and op	the rectifier r perform a re perform a re eturn the dri	number will be zero as it is not possible to determine which rectifier h eset eset ve to the supplier s has exceeded the internal 24 V power supply limit. The user load
	Power system *For a paralle detected the f <b>Recommend</b> • Remove a • Remove a • Hardware <b>24V internal</b> The total user	module number I power-modul fault. ed actions: any option mod encoder conne e fault within the power supply r load of the dri e drive digital of	number* e system dules and ction and e drive – r <b>overloac</b> ve and op	the rectifier r perform a re perform a re eturn the dri	number will be zero as it is not possible to determine which rectifier h eset eset ve to the supplier s has exceeded the internal 24 V power supply limit. The user load

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technica data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
<b></b>	Trip						[	Diagnosis					
Rating	Mismatcl	n Powe	er stage re	cognitic	on: Multi ı	nodule vo	Itage or cu	rrent rating m	ismatch				
	223	This t voltaç <b>Reco</b> • E	trip is only ge or curre ommended	applicab ent rating: d action: all modu	le to modu s within th ules in a m	ilar drives e same mu julti-modula	that are con ilti-module d ar drive syst	e rating or curre nected in para Irive system is em are of the s	llel. A mixi not allowe	ture of pow ed and will	/er modu cause a	ules with diffe Rating Misn	erent natch trip.
Rectif	ier Set-up	A rec	tifier has	not bee	n set-up o	orrectly in	n a multi-po	wer module s	system.				
	94	Reco	ctifier has n ommended Check the i	action:		·	nulti-power	module syster	n.				
Re	served	Rese	erved trips										
104 16 17	01 95 102 4 - 108 51-168 70-173 222 28-246	These progr	•	oers are	reserved t	rip number	s for future	use. These trip	os should r	not be use	d by the	user applica	tion
Res	istance	Meas	sured resis	stance h	as excee	ded the pa	rameter rai	nge					
		involv highe <i>Curre</i> meas then the d	ving measu er than the ent Kc (11.0 surement n sub-trip 3 i	uring mol maximur 061), whe nade by f is applied er charac	tor stator r m value th ere VFS is the drive th d. During t cteristics to	esistance f at can be u the full sc nen sub-tri ne stator re provide th	has failed. T used in the c ale DC bus o 1 is applie esistance se	otor stator resis he maximum f control algorith voltage then th d, or if it is bec ction of auto-tu ation necessar	for the stat ms. If the his trip is ir cause the p uning an a	or resistant value excentitiated. If t parameter additional te	ce parar eds (VF he value has bee est is per	meters is ger S / v2) / <i>Full</i> is the result n changed b formed to m	nerally <i>Scale</i> t of a by the user beasured
			Sub	o-trip				R	eason				ר ר
				1	N	leasured s	tator resista	ince exceeded	the allowe	ed range			-
			;	2	It	was not p	ossible to m	easure the inv	erter char	acteristic			-
	33		:	3			esistance as allowed ra	ssociated with nge	the preser	ntly selecte	ed motor	map	
		• C p • C • C • C • C • C	Presently se Check the r Check the in Check the r Check the r Ensure the	the value elected m notor cal notor cal notor pha notor pha stator rea	e that has notor map ole / conne of the moto ase to pha ase to pha sistance o	ections or stator wi se resistar se resistar f the motor	nding using ace at the dr ace at the m falls within	ator resistance an insulation t ive terminals otor terminals the range of th ify the output o	ester ne drive mo	odel			he
Slot A	App Menu		ication me		tomizatio	n conflict	error						
	216	The S and 2	Slot App M	enu trip i b-trip nur	indicates t nber indic	hat more th	nan one opti	ion slot has red has been allow				blication men	us 18, 19
		1	Ensure that										
		C     C     P     C	Check that i cresently se Check the r Check the ri Check the r Check the r Che	the value elected n notor cal notor pha notor pha stator re: boost m e motor enu Cus lenu trip i bo-trip nur d actions	e that has notor map ole / conne of the moto ase to pha ase to pha asistance o loode (Pr 0 tomizatio indicates t mber indic s:	ections or stator wi se resistar se resistar f the motor <b>5.014</b> = Fix <b>n conflict</b> hat more th	nding using nce at the dr nce at the m falls within ed) and ver error nan one opti	an insulation t ive terminals otor terminals the range of th ify the output o	ester le drive mo current war	odel veforms wi	th an os	cilloscope	

Safety         Product         Mechanical         Electrical         Getting         Basic         Running the parameters         Optimization         NV Media Card         Building         Advanced         Technical         Diagnostics         UL listing
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Trip		Diagnosis
SlotX Different	Option modu	Ile in option slot X has changed
	The SlotX Diff	<i>ferent</i> trip indicates that the option module in option slot X on the drive is a different type to that installed when vere last saved on the drive. The reason for the trip can be identified by the sub-trip number.
	Sub-trip	Reason
	1	No module was installed previously
	2	A module with the same identifier is installed, but the set-up menu for this option slot has been changed, and so default parameters have been loaded for this menu.
204 209	3	A module with the same identifier is installed, but the applications menu for this option slot has been changed, and so default parameters have been loaded for this menu.
214	4	A module with the same identifier is installed, but the set-up and applications menu for this option slot have been changed, and so default parameters have been loaded for these menus.
	>99	Shows the identifier of the module previously installed.
	Recommend	ed actions:
	Confirm the	ne power, ensure the correct option modules are installed in the correct option slots and re-apply the power. hat the currently installed option module is correct, ensure option module parameters are set correctly and a user save in Pr <b>mm.000.</b>
SlotX Error	Option modu	le in option slot X has detected a fault
202		or trip indicates that the option module in option slot X on the drive has detected an error. The reason for the
202 207		dentified by the sub-trip number.
212	Recommend	
SlotX HF		ant Option Module User Guide for details of the trip
	•	ule X hardware fault Trip indicates that the option module in option slot X on the drive has indicated a hardware fault. The possible
		trip can be identified by the sub-trip number.
	Sub-trip	Reason
	1 T	he module category cannot be identified
	2 A	Il the required customized menu table information has not been supplied or the tables supplied are corrupt
	3 T	here is insufficient memory available to allocate the comms buffers for this module
	4 T	he module has not indicated that it is running correctly during drive power-up
200	5 N	Iodule has been removed after power-up or it has stopped working
205	6 T	he module has not indicated that it has stopped accessing drive parameters during a drive mode change
210	7 T	he module has failed to acknowledge that a request has been made to reset the drive processor
	8 T	he drive failed to correctly read the menu table from the module during drive power up
	9 T	he drive failed to upload menu tables from the module and timed out (5 s)
	10 N	Ienu table CRC invalid
	Recommend	led actions:
		e option module is installed correctly
	Replace t	the option module
	Replace t	
SlotX Not Fitted		ale in option slot X has been removed
	power up.	t Fitted trip indicates that the option module in option slot X on the drive has been removed since the last
203 208	Recommend	ed actions:
208 213		e option module is installed correctly.
		the option module. n that the removed option module is no longer required perform a save function in Pr <b>mm.000</b> .
SlotX Watchdog		ale watchdog function service error
		atchdog trip indicates that the option module installed in Slot X has started the option watchdog function and
201 206		service the watchdog correctly.
211	Recommend	
	<ul> <li>Replace t</li> </ul>	the option module

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
-	Trip						[	Diagnosis					
So	ft Start	Soft s	start relay	failed to	o close, s	oft start m	nonitor faile	d					
		The S	Soft Start tri	ip indica	tes that th	e soft star	t relay in the	drive failed to	close or th	ne soft star	t monitor	ing circuit ha	as failed.
:	226	Reco	mmended	actions	s:								
		• н	ardware fa	ult – Co	ntact the	supplier of	the drive						
Sto	red HF	Hard	ware trip h	nas occi	urred dur	ing last po	ower down						
								-HF19) has oc	curred and	the drive	has beer	n power cycl	ed. The
	221	sub-tr	rip number	identifie	s the HF 1	rip i.e. sto	red HF.17.						
		Reco	mmended	actions	s:								
					<b>n.000</b> and	press rese	et to clear the	e trip					
Sub-a	rray RAM		allocation										
		paran	neter RAM he highest	than is a	allowed. T	he RAM a	llocation is c	derivative ima hecked in ord calculated as	er of result	ing sub-tri	o number	s, and so th	e failure
			Paramete	r size	Val	ue			eter type		Value		
			1 bit		10				atile		0		
			8 bit		20				save		100		
			16 bit 32 bit		30			Power-d	own save		200		
			64 bit		50								
	00 <del>7</del>		01.01	•	00								
	227			Si	ıb-array			Menus		Value	<b>`</b>	1	
		Appl	ications me		ib-array			18-20		1	•		
			vative imag					29		2			
		User	program i	mage				30		3			
		Optio	on slot 1 se	et-up				15		4			
			on slot 1 ap		าร			25		5			
			on slot 2 se					16		6		-	
		-	on slot 2 ap	-	าร			26 17		7		-	
			on slot 3 se on slot 3 ap		26			27		8			
								21		0			
Temp	Feedback		hal thermis			41			<b>T</b> I2 - 41				In 41n . n
			ip number.		indicates	that an in	ternal thermi	stor has failed	. The therr	nistor loca	tion can	be identified	by the
		s	Source		XX		У			:	zz		
			ontrol							ontrol bo			
			board		00		00			ontrol bo 3: I/O boa			
:	218	Pow	er system	Powe	r module r	number	0	systen		ture feedb 1, 22 and	ack provi	ded via pow	er
		Pow	er system	Powe	r module i	number	Rectifier nun	nber* Always	s zero				
		* For	-		odule sys	tem the rea	ctifier numbe	r will be one a		possible to	determir	ne which rec	tifier has
			mmended		5:								
			ardware fa			supplier of	the drive						
Th Br	rake Res		e resistor										
		The 7 overh preve	Th Brake Releats. If the ent this trip.	es is init braking	iated, If ha resistor is	ardware ba		resistor therm must be disab					
	10		mmended										
		• C	heck brake heck braki heck braki	ng resist	tor value i		han or equal	to the minimu	ım resistan	ce value			

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical Electric installation		Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
	Trip					[	liagnosis					
Th She	ort Circuit	Motor thern	nistor sho	rt circuit								
							o an analogue f the trip can					back
		Sub-trip					Reas	on				
	05	3	-	<del>g Input 3 Μ</del> an 50 Ω.	ode (07.01	5) = 7 and th	e resistance	of the ther	mistor conr	nected to	analog inpi	ut 3 is
	25	4				•	23) = 1 and the set than 50 $\Omega$		ce of the th	nermistor	connected	to the
			ermistor co		tor							
The	rmistor	Motor thern	nistor over	-temperat	ure							
			5 on the en	coder term	inal (15 wa		nnected to te nnector) has i					
		Sub-trip					Reas	on				
	•	3	Trip ini	tiated from	analog inp	out 3						
	24	4	Trip ini	tiated from	P1 position	n feedback i	nterface					
		Check the second s	notor tempe	erature vel (07.048	)							
Und	defined	Drive has tr										
		The Undefin	ed trip indic	cates that th	ne power sy	vstem has a	enerated but	did not ider	ntify the trip	o the pow	/er system.	The cause
	110	of the trip is	unknown.			,						
	110	of the trip is <b>Recommen</b>	ded action			_			.,			
	-	of the trip is <b>Recommen</b> • Hardwar	<b>ded action</b> re fault – re	turn the dri		upplier			- ,	-		
	110 Ser 24V	of the trip is Recommen • Hardwar User 24 V s	ded action e fault – re upply is no	turn the dri ot present	on contro	upplier I terminals	(1,2)			ne Three	hold Select	(06.067) -
	er 24V	of the trip is Recommen • Hardwar User 24 V s	ded action re fault – re upply is no trip is initia	turn the dri ot present ited, if <i>User</i>	on contro Supply Se	upplier I terminals elect (Pr 06.0	(1,2) (72) is set to 7			ge Thresi	hold Select	(06.067) =
	-	of the trip is <b>Recommen</b> • Hardwar <b>User 24 V s</b> A User 24 V	ded action e fault – re upply is no trip is initia er 24 V sup	turn the dri ot present ited, if <i>User</i> oply is prese	on contro Supply Se	upplier I terminals elect (Pr 06.0	(1,2) (72) is set to 7			ge Thresi	hold Select	(06.067) =

Safety information         Product information         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor	Optimization NV Media Card Operation	Building Advanced Automation parameters	Technical data Diagnost	UL listing information
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Trip		Diag	nosis
User Program	On board us	ser program error	
	The User Pro		ted in the onboard user program image. The reason for the trip
	Sub-trip	Reason	Comments
	1	Divide by zero	
	2	Undefined trip	
	3	Attempted fast parameter access set-up with non-existent parameter	
	4	Attempted access to non-existent parameter	
	5	Attempted write to read-only parameter	
	6	Attempted and over-range write	
	7	Attempted read from write-only parameter	
	30	The image has failed because either its CRC is incorrect, or there are less than 6 bytes in	Occurs when the drive powers-up or the image is programmed. The image tasks will not run
	31	The image requires more RAM for heap and stack than can be provided by the drive.	As 30
	32	The image requires an OS function call that is higher than the maximum allowed	As 30
	33	The ID code within the image is not valid	As 30
	40	The timed task has not completed in time and has been suspended	
249	41	Undefined function called, i.e. a function in the host system vector table that has not been	As 40
	52	Customized menu table CRC check failed	As 30
	53	Customized menu table changed	Occurs when the drive powers-up or the image is programmed and the table has changed. Defaults are loaded for the derivative menu and the trip will keep occurring until drive parameters are saved.
	61	The option module installed in slot 1 is not allowed with the derivative image	As 30
	62	The option module installed in slot 2 is not allowed with the derivative image	As 30
	63	The option module installed in slot 3 is not allowed with the derivative image	As 30
	64	The option module installed in slot 4 is not allowed with the derivative image	As 30
	70	An option module that is required by the derivative image is not installed in any slot.	As 30
	71	An option module specifically required to be installed in slot 1 not present	As 30
	72	An option module specifically required to be installed in slot 2 not present	As 30
	73	An option module specifically required to be installed in slot 3 not present	As 30
	74	An option module specifically required to be installed in slot 4 not present	As 30
	80	Image is not compatible with the control board	Initiated from within the image code
	81	Image is not compatible with the control board serial number	As 80
User Prog Trip	Trip generat	ed by an onboard user program	
			n using a function call which defines the sub-trip number.
96	Recommend	ded actions:	
		e user program	

Distinction						Optimization	-	5			Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Trip	Diagnosis					
User Save	User Save error / not completed					
	The User Save trip indicates that an error has been detected in the user save parameters saved in non-volatile memory. For example, following a user save command, If the power to the drive was removed when the user parameters were being saved.					
36	Recommended actions:					
	<ul> <li>Perform a user save in Pr mm.000 to ensure that the trip doesn't occur the next time the drive is powered up.</li> <li>Ensure that the drive has enough time to complete the save before removing the power to the drive.</li> </ul>					
User Trip	User generated trip					
44.00	These trips are not generated by the drive and are to be used by the user to trip the drive through an application program.					
41 -89 112 -159	Recommended actions:					
112 -155	Check the user program					
Watchdog	Control word watchdog has timed out					
	The Watchdog trip indicates that the control word has been enabled and has timed out					
	Recommended actions:					
30	Once Pr <b>06.042</b> bit 14 has been changed from 0 to 1 to enable the watchdog, this must be repeated every 1s or a Watchdog trip will be initiated. The watchdog is disabled when the trip occurs and must be re-enabled if required when the trip is reset.					

Safety information         Product information         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started         Basic parameters         Running the motor         Optimization         NV Mec Oper	dia Card Building Advanced parameters data Diagnostics UL listing information
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Table 13-4 Serial communications look up table

No	Trip	No	Trip	No	Trip
1	Reserved 001	93	Inductor Too Hot	197	Encoder 9
2	Over Volts	94	Rectifier Set-Up	198	Phasing Error
3	OI ac	95	Reserved 95	199	Destination
4	OI Brake	96	User Prog Trip	200	Slot1 HF
5	PSU	97	Data Changing	201	Slot1 Watchdog
6	External Trip	98	Out Phase Loss	202	Slot1 Error
7	Over Speed	99	CAM	203	Slot1 Not installed
8	Inductance	100	Reset	204	Slot1 Different
9	PSU 24	101	OHt Brake	205	Slot2 HF
10	Th Brake Res	102	Reserved 102	206	Slot2 Watchdog
11	Autotune 1	103	Inter-connect	207	Slot2 Error
12	Autotune 2	104 - 108	Reserved 104 - 108	208	Slot2 Not installed
13	Autotune 3	109	OI dc	209	Slot2 Different
14	Autotune 4	110	Undefined	210	Slot3 HF
15	Autotune 5	111	Configuration	211	Slot3 Watchdog
16	Autotune 6	112 - 159	User Trip 112 - 159	212	Slot3 Error
17	Autotune 7	160	Island	213	Slot3 Not installed
18	Autotune Stopped	161 - 168	Reserved 161 - 168	214	Slot3 Different
19	Brake R Too Hot	169	Voltage Range	215	Option Disable
20	Motor Too Hot	170 - 173	Reserved 170 - 173	216	Slot App Menu
21	OHt Inverter	174	Card Slot	217	App Menu Changed
22	OHt Power	175	Card Product	218	Temp Feedback
23	OHt Control	176	Name Plate	219	An Output Calib
24	Thermistor	177	Card Boot	220	Power Data
25	Th Short Circuit	178	Card Busy	221	Stored HF
26	I/O Overload	179	Card Data Exists	222	Reserved 222
27	OHt dc bus	180	Card Option	223	Rating Mismatch
28	An Input Loss 1	181	Card Read Only	224	Drive Size
29	An Input Loss 2	182	Card Error	225	Current Offset
30	Watchdog	183	Card No Data	226	Soft Start
31	EEPROM Fail	184	Card Full	227	Sub-array RAM
32	Phase Loss	185	Card Access	228 - 246	Reserved 228 - 246
33	Resistance	186	Card Rating	247	Derivative ID
34	Keypad Mode	187	Card Drive Mode	248	Derivative Image
35	Control Word	188	Card Compare	249	User Program
36	User Save	189	Encoder 1	250	Slot4 HF
37	Power Down Save	190	Encoder 2	251	Slot4 Watchdog
38	Low Load	191	Encoder 3	252	Slot4 Error
39	Line Sync	192	Encoder 4	253	Slot4 Not installed
40 -89	User Trip 40 - 89	193	Encoder 5	254	Slot4 Different
90	Power Comms	194	Encoder 6	255	Reset Logs
91	User 24V	195	Encoder 7		
92	OI Snubber	196	Encoder 8		

Safety         Product         Mechanical         Electrical         Getting         Basic         Running the motor         Optimization         NV Media Card         Building         Advanced         Technical         Diagnostics         UL I
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The trips can be grouped into the following categories. It should be noted that a trip can only occur when the drive is not tripped or is already tripped but with a trip with a lower priority number.

#### Table 13-5 Trip categories

Priority	Category	Trips	Comments
1	Internal faults	HF01, HF02, HF03, HF04, HF05, HF06, HF07, HF08, HF09, HF10, HF11, HF12, HF13, HF14, HF15, HF16, HF17, HF18, HF19, HF20	These indicate internal problems and cannot be reset. All drive features are inactive after any of these trips occur. If a KI-Keypad is installed it will show the trip, but the keypad will not function.
1	Stored HF trip	{Stored HF}	This trip cannot be cleared unless 1299 is entered into <i>Parameter</i> ( <b>mm.000</b> ) and a reset is initiated.
2	Non-resettable trips	Trip numbers 218 to 247, {Slot1 HF}, {Slot2 HF}, {Slot3 HF} or {Slot4 HF}	These trips cannot be reset.
3	Volatile memory failure	{EEPROM Fail}	This can only be reset if Parameter <b>mm.000</b> is set to 1233 or 1244, or if <i>Load Defaults</i> (11.043) is set to a non-zero value.
3	Internal 24 V power supply	{PSU 24}	
4	NV Media Card trips	Trip numbers 174, 175 and 177 to 188	These trips are priority 5 during power-up.
5	Trips with extended reset times	{OI ac}, {OI Brake} and {OI dc}	These trips cannot be reset until 10 s after the trip was initiated.
5	5 Phase loss and d.c. link {Phase Loss} and power circuit protection {Oht dc bus}		The drive will attempt to stop the motor before tripping if a {Phase Loss}. 000 trip occurs unless this feature has been disabled (see <i>Action On Trip</i> <i>Detection</i> (10.037). The drive will always attempt to stop the motor before tripping if an {Oht dc bus} occurs.
5	Standard trips	All other trips	

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 13.5 Internal / Hardware trips

Trips {HF01} to {HF20} are internal faults that do not have trip numbers. If one of these trips occurs, the main drive processor has detected an irrecoverable error. All drive functions are stopped and the trip message will be displayed on the drive keypad. If a non permanent trip occurs this may be reset by power cycling the drive. On power up after it has been power cycled the drive will trip on Stored HF. Enter 1299 in **mm.000** to clear the Stored HF trip.

# 13.6 Alarm indications

In any mode, an alarm is an indication given on the display by alternating the alarm string with the drive status string on the first row and showing the alarm symbol in the last character in the first row. If an action is not taken to eliminate any alarm except "Auto Tune and Limit Switch" the drive may eventually trip. Alarms are not displayed when a parameter is being edited, but the user will still see the alarm character on the upper row.

#### Table 13-6 Alarm indications

Alarm string	Description
Motor Overload	<i>Motor Protection Accumulator</i> (04.019) in the drive has reached 75.0 % of the value at which the drive will trip and the load on the drive is >100 %.
Drive Overload	Drive over temperature. <i>Percentage Of Drive</i> <i>Thermal Trip Level</i> (07.036) in the drive is greater than 90 %.
Auto Tune	The autotune procedure has been initialized and an autotune in progress.

## 13.7 Status indications

#### Table 13-7 Status indications

Upper row string	Description	Drive output stage
Inhibit	The drive is inhibited and cannot be run. The Safe Torque Off signal is not applied to Safe Torque Off terminals or Pr <b>06.015</b> is set to 0	Disabled
Ready	The drive is ready to run. The drive enable is active, but the drive inverter is not active because the final drive run is not active	Disabled
Stop	The drive is stopped / holding zero speed.	Enabled
Run	The drive is active and running	Enabled
Supply Loss	Supply loss condition has been detected	Enabled
Deceleration	The motor is being decelerated to zero speed / frequency because the final drive run has been deactivated.	Enabled
dc injection	The drive is applying dc injection braking	Enabled
Trip	The drive has tripped and no longer controlling the motor. The trip code appears in the lower display	Disabled
Under Voltage	The drive is in the under voltage state either in low voltage or high voltage mode	Disabled
Heat	The motor pre-heat functions inactive	Enabled
Phasing	The drive is performing a 'phasing test on enable'.	Enabled

Table 13-8 Option module and NV Media Card and other status

indications at power-up

indications at power-up					
First row string	Second row string	Status			
Booting	Parameters	Parameters are being loaded			
Drive parameters are being loaded from a NV Media Card					
Booting	User Program	User program being loaded			
User progra	m is being loaded fror	n a NV Media Card to the drive			
Booting	Option Program	User program being loaded			
User program is being loaded from a NV Media Card to the option module in slot X					
Writing To	NV Card	Data being written to NV Media Card			
	•	ia Card to ensure that its copy of the se the drive is in Auto or Boot mode			
Waiting For	Power System	Waiting for power stage			
The drive is after power-	0 1	sor in the power stage to respond			
Waiting For	options	Waiting for an option module			
The drive is	waiting for the Option	s Modules to respond after power-up			
Uploading From	Options	Loading parameter database			
held by the of an application	drive because an option of the provident	to update the parameter database on module has changed or because ested changes to the parameter constre between the drive an option			

structure. This may involve data transfer between the drive an option modules. During this period 'Uploading From Options' is displayed

# 13.8 Programming error indications

Following are the error message displayed on the drive keypad when an error occurs during programming of drive firmware.

#### Table 13-9 Programming error indications

Error String	Reason	Solution
Error 1	There is not enough drive memory requested by all the option modules.	Power down drive and remove some of the option modules until the message disappears.
Error 2	At least one option module did not acknowledge the reset request.	Power cycle drive
Error 3	The boot loader failed to erase the processor flash	Power cycle drive and try again. If problem persists, return drive
Error 4	The boot loader failed to program the processor flash	Power cycle drive and try again. If problem persists, return drive
Error 5	One option module did not initialize correctly. Option module did not set Ready to Run flag.	Remove faulty option module.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Building Automation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 13.9 Displaying the trip history

The drive retains a log of the last ten trips that have occurred. *Trip 0* (10.020) to *Trip 9* (10.029) store the most recent 10 trips that have occurred where *Trip 0* (10.020) is the most recent and *Trip 9* (10.029) is the oldest. When a new trip occurs it is written to *Trip 0* (10.020) and all the other trips move down the log, with oldest being lost. The date and time when each trip occurs are also stored in the date and time log, i.e. *Trip 0 Date* (10.041) to *Trip 9 Time* (10.060). The date and time are taken from *Date* (06.016) and *Time* (06.017). The date / time source can be selected with *Date / Time Selector* (06.019). Some trips have sub-trip numbers which give more detail about the reason for the trip. If a trip has a sub-trip number its value is stored in the sub-trip log, i.e. *Trip 0 Sub-trip Number* (10.070) to *Trip 9 Sub-trip Number* (10.079). If the trip does not have a sub-trip number then zero is stored in the sub-trip log.

If any parameter between Pr **10.020** and Pr **10.029** inclusive is read by serial communication, then the trip number in Table 13-3 is the value transmitted.

#### NOTE

The trip logs can be reset by writing a vale of 255 in Pr 10.038.

# 13.10 Behaviour of the drive when tripped

If the drive trips, the output of the drive is disabled so the load coasts to a stop. If any trip occurs the following read only parameters are frozen until the trip is cleared. This is to help in diagnose the cause of the trip.

Parameter	Description
01.001	Frequency / speed reference
01.002	Pre-skip filter reference
01.003	Pre-ramp reference
02.001	Post-ramp reference
03.001	Final speed ref
03.002	Speed feedback
03.003	Speed error
03.004	Speed controller output
04.001	Current magnitude
04.002	Active current
04.017	Reactive current
05.001	Output frequency
05.002	Output voltage
05.003	Power
05.005	DC bus voltage
07.001	Analog input 1
07.002	Analog input 2

If the parameters are not required to be frozen then this can be disabled by setting bit 4 of Pr **10.037**.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media Card	Building	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor		Operation	Automation	parameters	data		information

# 14 UL listing information

### 14.1 UL file reference

All products covered by this Guide are UL Listed to both Canadian and US requirements. The UL file reference is: NMMS/7.E171230. Products that incorporate the Safe Torque Off function have been investigated by UL. The UL file reference is: FSPC.E171230.

#### 14.2 Option modules, kits and accessories

All Option Modules, Control Pods and Installation Kits supplied by Emerson Industrial Automation for use with these drives are UL Listed.

#### 14.3 Enclosure ratings

Drives are UL Open Type as supplied.

Drives fitted with a conduit box are UL Type 1.

Drives that are capable of through-hole mounting are UL Type 12 when installed with the high-IP insert (where provided), and the Type 12 sealing kit to prevent ingress of dust and water.

Remote Keypads are UL Type 12.

#### 14.4 Mounting

Drives can be mounted directly onto a vertical surface. This is known as 'surface' or 'standard' mounting. Refer to section 3.5.1 *Surface mounting* on page 33 for further information.

Drives can be installed side by side with recommended spacing between them. This is known as 'bookcase' mounting. Refer to section 3.6 *Enclosure for standard drives* on page 47 for further information.

Drives fitted with a conduit box can be mounted directly onto a wall or other vertical surface without additional protection. Suitable conduit boxes are available from Emerson Industrial Automation.

Some drives may be through-hole mounted. Mounting brackets and sealing kits are available from Emerson Industrial Automation. Refer to section 3.5.2 *Through-panel mounting* on page 40 for further information.

Remote Keypads can be mounted on the outside of a UL Type 12 enclosure. A sealing and mounting kit is provided with the keypad.

#### 14.5 Environment

Drives must be installed in a Pollution Degree 2 environment or better (dry, non-conductive pollution only). All drives are capable of delivering full rated output current at surrounding air temperatures up to 40 °C.

Drives may be operated in surrounding air temperatures up to 50 °C or 55 °C at de-rated current, depending on the model number. Refer to section 12.1.1 *Power and current ratings (Derating for switching frequency and temperature)* on page 257.

#### 14.6 Electrical Installation

#### TERMINAL TORQUE

Terminals must be tightened to the rated torque as specified in the Installation Instructions. Refer to section 3.12.2 *Terminal sizes and torque settings* on page 65 for further information.

#### WIRING TERMINALS

Drives must be installed using cables rated for 75 °C operation, copper wire only.

UL Listed closed-loop connectors sized according to the field wiring shall be used for all field wiring connections. Refer to section 3.12.2 *Terminal sizes and torque settings* on page 65 for further information.

#### BRANCH CIRCUIT PROTECTION

The fuses and circuit breakers required for branch circuit protection are contained in the Installation Instructions. Refer to section 12.1.20 *Input current, fuse and cable size ratings* on page 269

OPENING OF BRANCH CIRCUIT

Opening of the branch-circuit protective device may be an indication that a fault has been interrupted. To reduce the risk of fire or electric shock, the equipment should be examined and replaced if damaged. If burnout of the current element of an overload relay occurs, the complete overload relay must be replaced.

Integral solid state short circuit protection does not provide branch circuit protection. Branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the National Electrical Code and any additional local "codes".

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Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the		NV Media Card	Buildina	Advanced	Technical		UL listina
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information	information	installation	installation	atartad	parametora	motor	Optimization	Operation	Automotion	paramatara	data	Diagnostics	information
information	Information	installation	Installation	started	parameters	motor	-	Operation	Automation	parameters	data	-	information

### 14.7 Motor overload protection and thermal memory retention

current limit entered as percentage) and the motor rated current parameter (entered in amperes).

All drives incorporate internal overload protection for the motor load that does not require the use of an external or remote overload protection device. The protection level is adjustable and the method of adjustment is provided in section 8.2 *Motor thermal protection* on page 158. Maximum current overload is dependent on the values entered into the current limit parameters (motoring current limit, regenerative current limit and symmetrical

The duration of the overload is dependent on motor thermal time constant. The time constant is programmable. The default overload protection is set such that the product is capable of 150 % of the current value entered into the motor rated current parameter for 60 seconds.

The drives are provided with user terminals that can be connected to a motor thermistor to protect the motor from high temperature, in the event of a motor cooling fan failure.

The method of adjustment of the overload protection is provided in the Installation Instructions shipped with the product.

All models are provided with thermal memory retention.

### 14.8 Electrical supply

The drives are suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 100,000 RMS Symmetrical Amperes, at rated voltage when protected by fuses as specified in the Installation Instructions.

Some smaller drives are suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 10,000 RMS Symmetrical Amperes, at rated voltage when protected by circuit breakers as specified in the Installation Instructions.

#### 14.9 External Class 2 supply

The external power supply used to power the 24 V control circuit shall be marked: "UL Class 2". The power supply voltage shall not exceed 24 Vdc.

#### 14.10 Requirement for Transient Surge Suppression

This requirement applies to drives with rated input voltage = 575 V, Frame Size 7 only.

TRANSIENT SURGE SUPPRESSION SHALL BE INSTALLED ON THE LINE SIDE OF THIS EQUIPMENT AND SHALL BE RATED 575 Vac (PHASE TO GROUND), 575 Vac (PHASE TO PHASE), SUITABLE FOR OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY III, AND SHALL PROVIDE PROTECTION FOR A RATED IMPULSE VOLTAGE TO WITHSTAND VOLTAGE PEAK OF 6 kV AND A CLAMPING VOLTAGE OF MAXIMUM 2400 V.

#### 14.11 Group Installation and Modular Drive Systems

Drives with DC+ and DC- supply connections, with 230 V or 480 V supply voltage rating, are UL approved for use in modular drive systems as inverters when supplied by the converter sections: Mentor MP25A, 45A, 75A, 105A, 155A or 210A range manufactured by Emerson Industrial Automation.

Alternatively, the inverters may be supplied by converters from the HVAC Drive-H300 range manufactured by Emerson Industrial Automation.

In these applications the inverters are required to be additionally protected by supplemental fuses.

Drives have not been evaluated for other Group Installation applications, for example where a single inverter is wired directly to two or more motors. In these applications, additional thermal overload protection is needed. Contact Emerson Industrial Automation for further details.

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0V common	
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